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5,5-Dimethyl-2,2-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3diazinane

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.107; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the molecule of the title compound, $C_{16}H_{20}N_4$, the 1,3diazinane ring adopts a chair conformation and the dihedral angle formed by the pyridine rings is $78.64 (8)^{\circ}$. The molecular conformation is stabilized by an intramolecular C-H···N hydrogen bond, forming an S(6) ring motif. In the crystal, centrosymmetrically related molecules are linked into dimers by pairs of N-H···N hydrogen bonds, generating rings of $R_2^2(10)$ graph-set motif.

Related literature

For the structures of related hexahydropyrimidines, see: Al-Resayes (2009); Song et al. (2010); Jayaratna & Norman (2010); Fun & Kia (2008). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen et al. (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

β

$C_{16}H_{20}N_4$	$\gamma = 109.658 \ (2)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 268.36$	V = 748.33 (11) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Z = 2
a = 8.5535 (7) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 8.7124 (8) Å	$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 11.7241 (10) Å	T = 298 K
$\alpha = 109.824 \ (2)^{\circ}$	$0.48 \times 0.42 \times 0.39 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 96.444 \ (2)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS: Bruker, 2000) $T_{\min} = 0.966, T_{\max} = 0.972$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	independent and constrained
S = 1.05	refinement
2794 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.15 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
191 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

8514 measured reflections 2794 independent reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.016$

2422 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N4 - H4A \cdots N2^{i}$ $C4 - H4B \cdots N2$	0.882 (15) 0.93	2.469 (15) 2.55	3.2048 (14) 3.187 (2)	141.3 (13) 126

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL, PARST (Nardelli, 1995) and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2740).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1786 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812021629]

5,5-Dimethyl-2,2-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3-diazinane

Ismail Warad, Afaf Alruwaili, Saud I. Al-Resayes, M. Iqbal Choudhary and Sammer Yousuf

S1. Comment

Condensation of 1,3-diamines with aldehydes and ketones is a well documented reaction for two potential products, classical Schiff bases and hexahydropyrimidine compounds (Al-Resayes, 2009; Song *et al.*, 2010; Jayaratna, & Norman, 2010; Fun & Kia, 2008). Both of these products are extensively utilized as polydentate ligands to synthesize metal coordination complexes. The title compound was obtained during our attempt to synthesize novel ligands in order to study the coordination chemistry of targeted metals.

In the structure of the title compound (Fig. 1), the two pyridine (N1/C1–C5 and N2/C7–C11) rings are *equatorially* and *axially* orientated, respectively, with a dihedral angle of 78.64 (8)° between them. The six membered hexahydropyrimidine ring (N3/N4/C6/C12–C14) adopts a chair conformation, with puckering parameters Q = 0.5384 (14) Å, $\theta = 5.57$ (15)° and $\varphi = 179.9$ (15)°. All bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are in normal range. The molecular conformation is stabilized by a C4—H4B···N2 intramolecular hydrogen bond (Table 1). In the crystal structure, centrosymmetrically related molecules dimerize *via* pairs of N4—H4A···N2 intermolecular hydrogen bonds, generating rings of $R^2_2(10)$ graph-set motif (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A solution of 2-dipyridlketone (0.5 g, 2.9 mmol) in anhydrous ethanol (15 mL) was mixed with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3propanediamine (0.22 mL, 3.0 mmoL) and allowed to reflux for about six hours. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the title compound was precipitated by the addition of 50 mL of ice cool distilled water. The precipitates were filtered off, washed three times with 20 mL of distilled water, recrystallized in ethanol and allowed to stand at room temperature. After three days, colourless crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray data collection were obtained (0.63 g, yield 87%). All chemicals were purchased from Acros.

S3. Refinement

H Atoms on methyl, methylene and methine were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.96 Å, 0.97 Å and 0.93 Å respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl H atoms. N-bound H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically (N–H = 0.87 (15)–0.88 (15) Å). A rotating group model was applied to the methyl groups.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 30% probability level. Dashed line indicates the intramolecular hydrogen bond. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds are omitted for clarity.



Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *a* axis. Only hydrogen atoms involved in hydrogen bonding (dashed lines) are shown.

5,5-Dimethyl-2,2-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3-diazinane

Crystal data	
$C_{16}H_{20}N_4$	Z = 2
$M_r = 268.36$	F(000) = 288
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.191 {\rm ~Mg~m^{-3}}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.5535 (7) Å	Cell parameters from 3809 reflections
b = 8.7124 (8) Å	$\theta = 2.6 - 28.3^{\circ}$
c = 11.7241(10) Å	$\mu = 0.07 \; \mathrm{mm^{-1}}$
$\alpha = 109.824(2)^{\circ}$	T = 298 K
$\beta = 96.444 \ (2)^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
$\gamma = 109.658 (2)^{\circ}$	$0.48 \times 0.42 \times 0.39 \text{ mm}$
V = 748.33 (11) Å ³	
Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector	Absorption correction: multi-scan
diffractometer	(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$T_{\rm min} = 0.966, T_{\rm max} = 0.972$
Graphite monochromator	8514 measured reflections
ωscan	2794 independent reflections
	2422 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\rm int} = 0.016$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\rm min} = 1.9^{\circ}$	$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$	

Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.05	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
2794 reflections	and constrained refinement
191 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0507P)^2 + 0.1284P]$
0 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

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* 7 * 9 *

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C11	0.53455 (18)	0.13749 (17)	0.40084 (12)	0.0495 (3)	
H11A	0.5215	0.1325	0.4774	0.059*	
C12	0.30105 (16)	0.30123 (17)	0.07347 (11)	0.0452 (3)	
H12A	0.2747	0.1844	0.0745	0.054*	
H12B	0.2666	0.2844	-0.0131	0.054*	
C13	0.19391 (16)	0.38596 (18)	0.14765 (12)	0.0482 (3)	
C14	0.26589 (16)	0.42847 (18)	0.28538 (12)	0.0481 (3)	
H14A	0.2074	0.4911	0.3369	0.058*	
H14B	0.2444	0.3183	0.2962	0.058*	
C15	0.0071 (2)	0.2539 (2)	0.10458 (17)	0.0744 (5)	
H15A	0.0000	0.1476	0.1154	0.112*	
H15B	-0.0376	0.2248	0.0176	0.112*	
H15C	-0.0588	0.3060	0.1535	0.112*	
C16	0.2069 (2)	0.5537 (2)	0.12841 (15)	0.0634 (4)	
H16A	0.1669	0.5240	0.0407	0.095*	
H16B	0.3243	0.6381	0.1585	0.095*	
H16C	0.1376	0.6048	0.1739	0.095*	
H4A	0.4891 (17)	0.5588 (17)	0.4059 (14)	0.049 (4)*	
H3A	0.5166 (18)	0.502 (2)	0.1080 (13)	0.051 (4)*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0570 (7)	0.0547 (7)	0.0576 (7)	0.0107 (6)	0.0113 (6)	0.0271 (6)
N2	0.0578 (6)	0.0430 (6)	0.0357 (5)	0.0239 (5)	0.0133 (5)	0.0164 (4)
N3	0.0465 (6)	0.0455 (6)	0.0314 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0093 (4)	0.0156 (4)
N4	0.0509 (6)	0.0441 (6)	0.0308 (5)	0.0250 (5)	0.0112 (4)	0.0130 (4)
C1	0.0675 (10)	0.0612 (9)	0.0758 (11)	0.0059 (8)	0.0196 (9)	0.0294 (8)
C2	0.0477 (8)	0.0607 (10)	0.0834 (12)	0.0063 (7)	0.0121 (8)	0.0102 (9)
C3	0.0560 (10)	0.0700 (10)	0.0780 (11)	0.0142 (8)	-0.0112 (8)	0.0177 (9)
C4	0.0582 (9)	0.0594 (9)	0.0599 (9)	0.0138 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0246 (7)
C5	0.0463 (7)	0.0389 (6)	0.0384 (6)	0.0190 (5)	0.0105 (5)	0.0115 (5)
C6	0.0440 (6)	0.0386 (6)	0.0294 (6)	0.0187 (5)	0.0099 (5)	0.0120 (5)
C7	0.0383 (6)	0.0380 (6)	0.0328 (6)	0.0158 (5)	0.0078 (5)	0.0116 (5)
C8	0.0555 (8)	0.0464 (7)	0.0395 (6)	0.0249 (6)	0.0171 (6)	0.0140 (5)
C9	0.0697 (9)	0.0459 (7)	0.0539 (8)	0.0322 (7)	0.0197 (7)	0.0126 (6)
C10	0.0636 (9)	0.0413 (7)	0.0568 (8)	0.0246 (6)	0.0116 (6)	0.0208 (6)
C11	0.0623 (8)	0.0482 (7)	0.0434 (7)	0.0245 (6)	0.0138 (6)	0.0223 (6)
C12	0.0490 (7)	0.0460 (7)	0.0341 (6)	0.0176 (6)	0.0044 (5)	0.0123 (5)
C13	0.0436 (7)	0.0511 (7)	0.0481 (7)	0.0204 (6)	0.0081 (6)	0.0175 (6)
C14	0.0508 (7)	0.0547 (8)	0.0476 (7)	0.0277 (6)	0.0208 (6)	0.0216 (6)
C15	0.0485 (9)	0.0805 (11)	0.0793 (11)	0.0187 (8)	0.0106 (8)	0.0238 (9)
C16	0.0696 (10)	0.0649 (9)	0.0607 (9)	0.0374 (8)	0.0055 (7)	0.0241 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1-C5	1.3256 (17)	С8—С9	1.3771 (18)
N1-C1	1.3339 (19)	C8—H8A	0.9300

N2—C7	1.3354 (15)	C9—C10	1.374 (2)
N2—C11	1.3406 (16)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
N3—C6	1.4549 (14)	C10—C11	1.3721 (19)
N3—C12	1.4601 (16)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.878 (15)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N4—C14	1.4627 (16)	C12—C13	1.5296 (18)
N4—C6	1.4751 (14)	C12—H12A	0.9700
N4—H4A	0.883 (15)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.367 (3)	C13—C15	1.5230 (19)
C1—H1B	0.9300	C13—C16	1.5231 (19)
C2—C3	1.362 (3)	C13—C14	1.5301 (18)
C2—H2B	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.373 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9700
С3—Н3В	0.9300	С15—Н15А	0.9600
C4—C5	1.3847 (19)	С15—Н15В	0.9600
C4—H4B	0.9300	С15—Н15С	0.9600
C5—C6	1.5345 (16)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C6—C7	1.5428 (16)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C7—C8	1.3883 (16)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C5—N1—C1	117.63 (13)	С8—С9—Н9А	120.3
C7—N2—C11	117.43 (11)	C11—C10—C9	117.89 (12)
C6—N3—C12	113.05 (9)	C11—C10—H10A	121.1
C6—N3—H3A	107.0 (9)	C9-C10-H10A	121.1
C12—N3—H3A	110.8 (9)	N2-C11-C10	124.11 (12)
C14—N4—C6	112.88 (9)	N2—C11—H11A	117.9
C14—N4—H4A	109.5 (9)	C10-C11-H11A	117.9
C6—N4—H4A	107.7 (9)	N3—C12—C13	114.99 (10)
N1—C1—C2	124.19 (16)	N3—C12—H12A	108.5
N1—C1—H1B	117.9	C13—C12—H12A	108.5
C2—C1—H1B	117.9	N3—C12—H12B	108.5
C3—C2—C1	117.92 (15)	C13—C12—H12B	108.5
С3—С2—Н2В	121.0	H12A—C12—H12B	107.5
C1—C2—H2B	121.0	C15—C13—C16	109.87 (12)
C2—C3—C4	119.16 (16)	C15—C13—C12	109.76 (11)
С2—С3—Н3В	120.4	C16—C13—C12	109.97 (11)
С4—С3—Н3В	120.4	C15—C13—C14	109.29 (12)
C3—C4—C5	119.43 (15)	C16—C13—C14	111.33 (11)
C3—C4—H4B	120.3	C12—C13—C14	106.57 (10)
C5—C4—H4B	120.3	N4—C14—C13	111.30 (10)
N1—C5—C4	121.67 (13)	N4—C14—H14A	109.4
N1—C5—C6	116.42 (11)	C13—C14—H14A	109.4
C4—C5—C6	121.82 (12)	N4—C14—H14B	109.4
N3—C6—N4	111.25 (9)	C13—C14—H14B	109.4
N3—C6—C5	109.18 (9)	H14A—C14—H14B	108.0
N4—C6—C5	105.31 (9)	C13—C15—H15A	109.5
N3—C6—C7	108.16 (9)	C13—C15—H15B	109.5
N4—C6—C7	113.60 (9)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5

C5—C6—C7	109.24 (9)	C13—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—C8	122.12 (11)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—C6	116.56 (10)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	121.24 (10)	C13—C16—H16A	109.5
C9—C8—C7	119.09 (12)	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
С9—С8—Н8А	120.5	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
С7—С8—Н8А	120.5	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
С10—С9—С8	119.35 (12)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
С10—С9—Н9А	120.3	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C5—N1—C1—C2	-0.5 (3)	C11—N2—C7—C6	-176.83 (10)
N1—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (3)	N3—C6—C7—N2	-151.87 (10)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (3)	N4—C6—C7—N2	-27.85 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N2	89.39 (12)
C1—N1—C5—C4	0.4 (2)	N3—C6—C7—C8	31.27 (15)
C1—N1—C5—C6	177.15 (12)	N4—C6—C7—C8	155.30 (11)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-0.1 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-87.47 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-176.63 (13)	N2-C7-C8-C9	0.47 (19)
C12—N3—C6—N4	-51.01 (13)	C6—C7—C8—C9	177.15 (11)
C12—N3—C6—C5	-166.81 (9)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.6 (2)
C12—N3—C6—C7	74.41 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.2 (2)
C14—N4—C6—N3	55.48 (13)	C7—N2—C11—C10	-0.4 (2)
C14—N4—C6—C5	173.65 (9)	C9—C10—C11—N2	0.3 (2)
C14—N4—C6—C7	-66.85 (12)	C6—N3—C12—C13	52.20 (14)
N1-C5-C6-N3	29.03 (14)	N3—C12—C13—C15	-170.46 (11)
C4—C5—C6—N3	-154.24 (12)	N3—C12—C13—C16	68.56 (14)
N1-C5-C6-N4	-90.52 (12)	N3—C12—C13—C14	-52.23 (14)
C4—C5—C6—N4	86.21 (14)	C6—N4—C14—C13	-58.94 (13)
N1-C5-C6-C7	147.13 (11)	C15—C13—C14—N4	173.16 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-36.15 (15)	C16—C13—C14—N4	-65.29 (14)
C11—N2—C7—C8	0.00 (18)	C12—C13—C14—N4	54.62 (13)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline \text{N4} & H4A \cdots \text{N2}^{i} \\ \text{C4} & H4B \cdots \text{N2} \end{array} $	0.882 (15)	2.469 (15)	3.2048 (14)	141.3 (13)
	0.93	2.55	3.187 (2)	126

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.