# organic compounds

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# (3R,4S)-3,4,8-Trihydroxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahvdronaphthalen-1-one monohvdrate from Embellisia eureka

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.096; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.5.

In the title hydrate,  $C_{10}H_{10}O_4 \cdot H_2O$ , the six-membered aliphatic ring that is fused to the benzene ring has a sofa shape, with the hydroxy group in the 3-position (that represents the sofa back) of the aliphatic ring occupying a quasi-axial position. The hydroxy group of the aromatic ring is hydrogen-bond donor to the carbonyl O atom; other O-H...O hydrogen bonds link the organic molecules and the water molecules into a three-dimensional network.

#### **Related literature**

For the isolation of the title compound from other fungi, see: Borgschulte et al. (1991); Iwasaki et al. (1972); Trisuwan et al. (2008). The absolute configuration was assumed from published assignments, see: Trisuwan et al. (2008).



#### **Experimental**

#### Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_{10}O_4 \cdot H_2O$  $V = 968.65 (13) \text{ Å}^3$  $M_r = 212.20$ Z = 4Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation a = 4.6430 (4) Å  $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^$ b = 14.3904 (11) Å T = 293 Kc = 14.4976 (10) Å  $0.31 \times 0.28 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker APEX DUO diffractometer 6331 measured reflections 1320 independent reflections

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	independent and constrained
S = 0.99	refinement
1320 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
156 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
5 restraints	

916 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.063$ 

Table 1			
Hydrogen-bond g	geometry	(Å,	°).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
O1−H1···O2	0.84 (1)	1.87 (3)	2.590 (3)	143 (3)
$O1 - H1 \cdots O1w^{1}$	0.84(1)	2.27 (3)	2.829 (3)	124 (3)
O3−H2···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (1)	2.15 (3)	2.924 (3)	153 (5)
$O4-H3\cdots O1w^{iii}$	0.85 (1)	1.82 (1)	2.657 (3)	170 (4)
$O1w - H4 \cdots O2$	0.84 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.805 (3)	167 (4)
$O1w-H5\cdots O4^{iv}$	0.85 (1)	1.88 (1)	2.726 (3)	177 (3)
Symmetry codes: (i	) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}, -z+1;$ (ii)	$-x+1, y+\frac{1}{2}, -$	$-z + \frac{3}{2};$ (iii)

 $-x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + 2, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + 2, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2010); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2010); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: X-SEED (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5544).

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# supporting information

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# (3*R*,4*S*)-3,4,8-Trihydroxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-one monohydrate from *Embellisia eureka*

# Tarik Ouchbani, Hafid Zouihri, El Mokhtar Essassi, Peter Proksch and Seik Weng Ng

## S1. Comment

3,4-Dihydro-3,4,8-trihydroxy-1[2*H*]-naphthalenone is a secondary metabolite produced by several endophytic fungi,e.g., *Hypoxylon mammatum* (Borgschulte *et al.*, 1991), *Nigrospora* sp. (Trisuwan *et al.*, 2008) and *Pyrichularia orayzae* (Iwasaki *et al.*, 1972). The compound was isolated from *Embellisia eureka* in this study; the compound was found to crystallize as a monohydrate (Scheme I). In the hydrate,  $C_{10}H_{10}O_4H_2O$ , the six-membered aliphatic ring that is fused to the benzene ring has a soft shape. The C-3 atom represents the sofa back. The hydroxy group of the aliphatic ring occupies a quasi-axial position (Fig. 1). The hydroxy group of the aromatic ring is hydrogen-bond donor to the carbonyl O atom; other O—H···O hydrogen bonds link the organic molecule and water molecule to form a 3D network (Table 1).

## S2. Experimental

#### **Fungal extraction**

The fungal strain, *Embellisia eureka*, was identified by PCR. About 250 ml of ethyl acetate was added into each culture material of the fungus in an Erlenmeyer flask. The ethyl acetate phase was then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted in 90% aqueous methanol and further extracted with *n*-hexane to remove fatty acids and other non-polar constituents. The remaining 90% methanol phase was evaporated under reduced pressure to yield 3.0 g of crude product.

#### Isolation protocol of 3,4-dihydro-3,4,8-trihydroxy-1[2H]-naphthalenone

The 90% methanol extract was submitted to vacuum liquid chromatography on a column packed with silica as the stationary phase,. The resulting fraction was submitted two successive fractionations on a Sephadex column packed with Sephadex LH-20 as stationary phase. The mobile phase was the 100% methanol. This gave 113.4 mg of a material that was purified by using the semi-preparative HPLC to give 7.0 mg of the pure compound. Crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a methanol: water (9:1) solution of the compound.

#### **S3. Refinement**

The aromatic and methylene H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C–H 0.93-0.97 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with U(H) set to 1.2U(C). The hydroxy and water H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map, and were refined with a distance restraint of  $0.84\pm0.01$  Å; their temperature factors were refined.

The (0 1 1) reflection was omitted owing to bad disagreement.

The absolute configuration was assumed from published assignments (Trisuwan *et al.*, 2008); 892 Friedel pairs were merged.



#### Figure 1

Thermal ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of  $C_{10}H_{10}O_4H_2O$  at the 70% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

#### (3R,4S)-3,4,8-Trihydroxy-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-one monohydrate

Crystal data	
$C_{10}H_{10}O_4 H_2O$ $M_r = 212.20$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab a = 4.6430 (4)  Å b = 14.3904 (11)  Å c = 14.4976 (10)  Å $V = 968.65 (13) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4	F(000) = 448 $D_x = 1.455 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 1057 reflections $\theta = 2.8-21.8^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293  K Prism, brown $0.31 \times 0.28 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker APEX DUO diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω scans	6331 measured reflections 1320 independent reflections 916 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.063$ $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.8^{\circ}$

$h = -6 \rightarrow 5$	1
$k = -18 \rightarrow 17$	

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$  $wR(F^2) = 0.096$ S = 0.991320 reflections 156 parameters 5 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

#### $=-18 \rightarrow 18$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0507P)^2]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Fractional	atomic c	coordinates	and	isotropic of	r equivale	ent iso	otropic	displ	lacement	parameters	$(A^2)$	)
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	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.5051 (5)	0.75199 (14)	0.74392 (14)	0.0280 (6)	
02	0.1740 (5)	0.83227 (14)	0.62424 (12)	0.0281 (5)	
03	0.1933 (5)	1.08380 (14)	0.69719 (15)	0.0262 (5)	
04	-0.0651 (5)	1.10191 (16)	0.87414 (16)	0.0318 (5)	
O1w	0.0565 (5)	0.82560 (15)	0.43458 (14)	0.0268 (5)	
C1	0.1862 (7)	0.8812 (2)	0.77911 (18)	0.0198 (6)	
C2	0.3877 (7)	0.81217 (18)	0.80514 (18)	0.0226 (7)	
C3	0.4788 (7)	0.8053 (2)	0.89602 (18)	0.0270 (7)	
H3A	0.6084	0.7592	0.9134	0.032*	
C4	0.3753 (7)	0.8673 (2)	0.96024 (19)	0.0278 (8)	
H4A	0.4351	0.8622	1.0213	0.033*	
C5	0.1843 (7)	0.9371 (2)	0.9362 (2)	0.0247 (7)	
H5A	0.1202	0.9787	0.9809	0.030*	
C6	0.0881 (7)	0.94556 (19)	0.8461 (2)	0.0211 (6)	
C7	-0.1173 (7)	1.02214 (19)	0.8181 (2)	0.0244 (7)	
H7	-0.3147	1.0008	0.8293	0.029*	
C8	-0.0888(7)	1.0480 (2)	0.7169 (2)	0.0235 (7)	
H8	-0.2352	1.0942	0.7004	0.028*	
C9	-0.1250 (6)	0.96220 (19)	0.6583 (2)	0.0236 (7)	
H9A	-0.3192	0.9385	0.6658	0.028*	
H9B	-0.0993	0.9786	0.5940	0.028*	
C10	0.0858 (6)	0.88749 (19)	0.68341 (18)	0.0193 (6)	
H1	0.439 (8)	0.761 (2)	0.6908 (13)	0.049 (12)*	
H2	0.228 (12)	1.1339 (18)	0.725 (3)	0.103 (19)*	
H3	-0.228 (4)	1.118 (3)	0.895 (2)	0.061 (13)*	
H4	0.071 (10)	0.821 (2)	0.4923 (8)	0.060 (13)*	
Н5	0.212 (4)	0.848 (2)	0.414 (2)	0.039 (11)*	

# supporting information

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0361 (14)	0.0245 (12)	0.0236 (11)	0.0091 (10)	-0.0056 (11)	-0.0015 (10)
O2	0.0319 (12)	0.0308 (11)	0.0215 (10)	0.0076 (11)	-0.0046 (10)	-0.0056 (9)
O3	0.0207 (11)	0.0228 (12)	0.0351 (12)	-0.0052 (10)	0.0051 (10)	-0.0006 (10)
O4	0.0180 (11)	0.0354 (13)	0.0420 (13)	0.0034 (11)	0.0007 (11)	-0.0182 (11)
O1w	0.0195 (12)	0.0378 (13)	0.0231 (11)	-0.0054 (11)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0044 (10)
C1	0.0176 (15)	0.0199 (14)	0.0220 (14)	-0.0065 (12)	0.0019 (12)	0.0013 (12)
C2	0.0261 (17)	0.0187 (15)	0.0229 (14)	-0.0045 (13)	-0.0005 (13)	-0.0019 (12)
C3	0.034 (2)	0.0230 (16)	0.0243 (15)	-0.0021 (14)	-0.0067 (14)	0.0071 (14)
C4	0.034 (2)	0.0321 (17)	0.0175 (14)	-0.0094 (15)	-0.0003 (14)	0.0024 (13)
C5	0.0224 (16)	0.0282 (17)	0.0235 (15)	-0.0068 (14)	0.0066 (14)	-0.0030 (13)
C6	0.0153 (14)	0.0246 (15)	0.0234 (15)	-0.0070 (13)	0.0052 (13)	-0.0015 (12)
C7	0.0173 (16)	0.0263 (16)	0.0298 (16)	-0.0011 (13)	0.0007 (14)	-0.0069 (14)
C8	0.0157 (14)	0.0209 (15)	0.0340 (16)	0.0029 (13)	0.0003 (13)	0.0015 (13)
C9	0.0158 (16)	0.0299 (16)	0.0252 (16)	0.0005 (13)	-0.0031 (13)	-0.0006 (13)
C10	0.0155 (14)	0.0215 (14)	0.0211 (13)	-0.0048 (13)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0016 (12)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C2	1.355 (3)	С3—НЗА	0.9300
01—H1	0.840 (10)	C4—C5	1.384 (4)
O2—C10	1.239 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O3—C8	1.436 (4)	C5—C6	1.386 (4)
O3—H2	0.841 (10)	С5—Н5А	0.9300
O4—C7	1.427 (3)	C6—C7	1.513 (4)
O4—H3	0.846 (10)	C7—C8	1.520 (4)
O1w—H4	0.842 (10)	С7—Н7	0.9800
O1w—H5	0.846 (10)	C8—C9	1.508 (4)
C1—C6	1.417 (4)	C8—H8	0.9800
C1—C2	1.416 (4)	C9—C10	1.498 (4)
C1—C10	1.466 (4)	С9—Н9А	0.9700
С2—С3	1.387 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C3—C4	1.377 (4)		
C2—O1—H1	111 (3)	O4—C7—C6	109.1 (2)
С8—О3—Н2	113 (4)	O4—C7—C8	109.7 (2)
С7—О4—Н3	106 (3)	C6—C7—C8	112.5 (3)
H4—O1w—H5	109 (4)	O4—C7—H7	108.5
C6—C1—C2	119.2 (2)	С6—С7—Н7	108.5
C6-C1-C10	120.4 (3)	С8—С7—Н7	108.5
C2-C1-C10	120.3 (2)	O3—C8—C9	106.4 (2)
O1—C2—C3	117.0 (3)	O3—C8—C7	111.0 (2)
O1—C2—C1	122.7 (2)	C9—C8—C7	109.5 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.3 (3)	O3—C8—H8	109.9
C4—C3—C2	119.3 (3)	С9—С8—Н8	109.9
С4—С3—НЗА	120.3	С7—С8—Н8	109.9

С2—С3—НЗА	120.3	C10—C9—C8	112.2 (2)
C3—C4—C5	121.6 (3)	С10—С9—Н9А	109.2
C3—C4—H4A	119.2	С8—С9—Н9А	109.2
С5—С4—Н4А	119.2	С10—С9—Н9В	109.2
C4—C5—C6	120.5 (3)	C8—C9—H9B	109.2
С4—С5—Н5А	119.8	H9A—C9—H9B	107.9
С6—С5—Н5А	119.8	O2—C10—C1	120.7 (3)
C5—C6—C1	119.0 (3)	O2—C10—C9	120.5 (2)
C5—C6—C7	121.3 (3)	C1—C10—C9	118.8 (3)
C1—C6—C7	119.6 (3)		
C6-C1-C2-O1	-175.8 (3)	C1—C6—C7—O4	-148.4 (3)
C10-C1-C2-O1	2.8 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C8	153.2 (3)
C6-C1-C2-C3	2.6 (4)	C1—C6—C7—C8	-26.4 (4)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-178.9 (3)	O4—C7—C8—O3	59.1 (3)
O1—C2—C3—C4	177.3 (3)	C6—C7—C8—O3	-62.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.2 (4)	O4—C7—C8—C9	176.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (5)	C6—C7—C8—C9	54.7 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (5)	O3—C8—C9—C10	63.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.5 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-56.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.1 (3)	C6-C1-C10-O2	178.9 (3)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-2.2 (4)	C2-C1-C10-O2	0.4 (4)
C10—C1—C6—C5	179.2 (3)	C6-C1-C10-C9	-0.8 (4)
C2-C1-C6-C7	177.4 (3)	C2-C1-C10-C9	-179.3 (3)
C10—C1—C6—C7	-1.1 (4)	C8—C9—C10—O2	-149.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7—O4	31.2 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C1	30.4 (3)

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H··· $A$
01—H1…O2	0.84 (1)	1.87 (3)	2.590 (3)	143 (3)
$O1$ — $H1$ ··· $O1w^i$	0.84 (1)	2.27 (3)	2.829 (3)	124 (3)
O3—H2…O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (1)	2.15 (3)	2.924 (3)	153 (5)
O4—H3···O1w <sup>iii</sup>	0.85 (1)	1.82(1)	2.657 (3)	170 (4)
O1 <i>w</i> —H4···O2	0.84(1)	1.98 (1)	2.805 (3)	167 (4)
O1 <i>w</i> —H5…O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85 (1)	1.88 (1)	2.726 (3)	177 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1; (ii) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2; (iii) -x-1/2, -y+2, z+1/2; (iv) -x+1/2, -y+2, z-1/2.