

Poly[[hexa- μ -aqua-diaquabis(μ_4 -dihydrogen benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylato)magnesiumdisodium] dihydrate]

Dan Zhao,* Peng Liang, Yan-Feng Li, Sen Qiu and Jun-Ran Ren

Department of Physics and Chemistry, Henan Polytechnic University, Jiaozuo, Henan 454000, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: iamzd1996@163.com

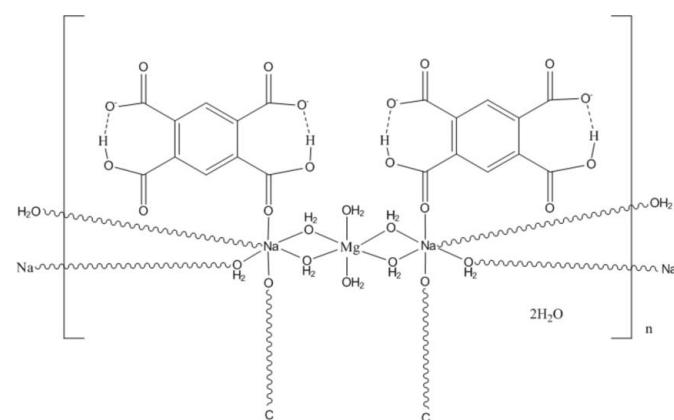
Received 20 April 2012; accepted 30 May 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.089; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.8.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\{[\text{MgNa}_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_8)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$, contains one octahedrally coordinated Mg^{II} atom (site symmetry $2/m$), one octahedrally coordinated Na^I atom (site symmetry 2) and one half of the dihydrogen benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylate (btec) ligand, the second half of the ligand being generated by a twofold rotation axis. The basic framework of the title compound features infinite $(-\text{Na}-\text{Na}-\text{Mg}-)_n$ chains along $[10\bar{1}]$ with the metal cations bridged by the coordinating water molecules. The chains are isolated from each other by μ_4 -bridging btec ligands, which form intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds to uncoordinated water molecules and the coordinated water molecules of a neighbouring chain. In each btec ligand, there are also intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For structures based on the H_4btec ligand, see: Gong & Zhang (2011); Liu *et al.* (2009, 2010); Zhang *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{MgNa}_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_4\text{O}_8)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$V = 1502.3 (5)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 754.71$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $C2/m$	$\text{Mo } K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.3335 (13)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.20\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 20.155 (4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 296\text{ K}$
$c = 10.4450 (18)\text{ \AA}$	$0.20 \times 0.05 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 103.325 (3)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	4088 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	1440 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.961$, $T_{\max} = 0.990$	1272 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	122 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.089$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.08$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1440 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O3—H3 \cdots O2	1.06	1.35	2.3827 (17)	163
O5—H5 \cdots O7	0.90	1.83	2.7313 (14)	173
O6—H6 \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.90	1.97	2.8519 (15)	167
O7—H7 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.86	1.91	2.7699 (14)	173
O8—H8 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	1.94	2.7779 (14)	172
O9—H9 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.85	1.91	2.7559 (14)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (iii) $-x, y, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: EZ2296).

References

- Bruker (2008). *APEX2* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Gong, X. Y. & Zhang, L. (2011). *Acta Cryst. E67*, m736.
- Liu, H. K., Tsao, T. H., Lin, C. H. & Zima, V. (2010). *CrystEngComm*, **12**, 1044–1047.
- Liu, H. K., Tsao, T. H., Zhang, Y. T. & Lin, C. H. (2009). *CrystEngComm*, **11**, 1462–1468.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
- Zhang, D. J., Song, T. Y., Zhang, P., Shi, J., Wang, Y., Wang, L., Ma, K. R., Yin, W. R., Zhao, J., Fan, Y. & Xu, J. N. (2007). *Inorg. Chem. Commun.* **10**, 876–879.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m902 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812024634]

Poly[[hexa- μ -aqua-diaquabis(μ_4 -dihydrogen benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylato)magnesiumdisodium] dihydrate]

Dan Zhao, Peng Liang, Yan-Feng Li, Sen Qiu and Jun-Ran Ren

S1. Comment

In recent years, much attention has been paid to coordination polymer materials based on covalent interactions or supramolecular contacts, and huge numbers of novel compounds with interesting structures and topologies have been reported. As part of this research benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylate (btec) can be used as a ligand to form various supramolecular architectures with its four rigid carboxyl groups (Gong *et al.*, 2011; Liu *et al.*, 2009; Liu *et al.*, 2010; Zhang *et al.*, 2007). In order to enrich this family of compounds, we used the hydrothermal method to synthesise the title compound, a new sodium(I)-magnesium(II) complex, that is, $\text{Na}_2\text{Mg}(\text{btec})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8 \cdot 2(\text{H}_2\text{O})$, where btec = benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylate, and we determined its structure by single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

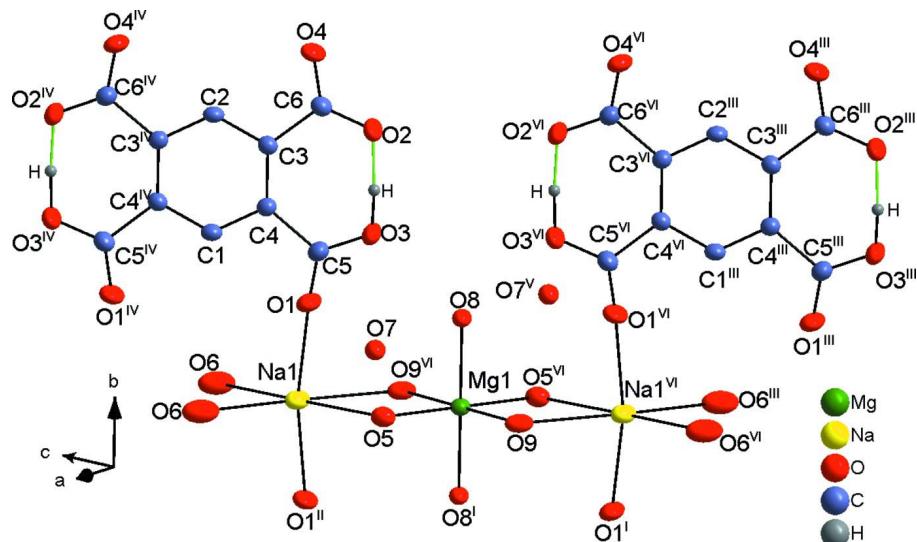
As shown in Fig. 1, the asymmetric unit of the title compound contains one octahedrally coordinated magnesium atom, one octahedrally coordinated sodium atom and half a benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylate (btec) ligand. Each btec ligands contains two intramolecular O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds, with the H atoms bonded to atoms O3 and O2, and connects two Na atoms in a μ_2 -manner. Each Na atom is coordinated by two *cis* carboxylate oxygen atoms from two btec ligands and by four water molecules, while each Mg is coordinated by six water molecules. The Na—O bond distances range from 2.2669 (12) to 2.6146 (18) Å, while the Mg—O bond lengths are slightly longer ranging from 2.0301 (14) to 2.1008 (14) Å. Furthermore, NaO_6 octahedra and MgO_6 octahedra are connected *via* coordinated water molecules to form a one-dimensional infinite ($-\text{Na}-\text{Na}-\text{Mg}-$)_n chain, as shown in Fig. 2. O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds link the coordinated and uncoordinated water molecules to neighbouring btec ligands (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

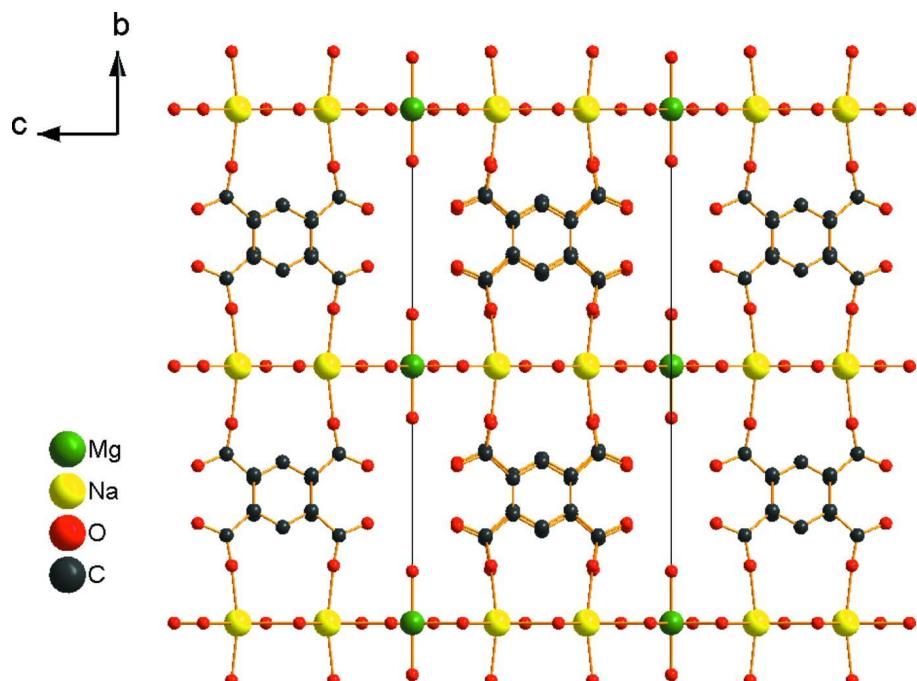
A mixture of 1,2,4,5-benzene-tetracarboxylic (0.2 g), Na_2CO_3 (0.1 g), MgO (0.05 g) and H_2O (15 ml) was heated at 448 K for 7 d in a sealed 25 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel vessel under autogenous pressure. After cooling to room temperature at a rate of 5 C h⁻¹, colourless prismatic crystals were obtained in low yield.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms of C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined with a riding model, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The water H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps, and then refined with a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

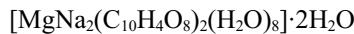
A view of the title compound showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity, except for intramolecular hydrogen bonding H atoms in the btec ligands (indicated as pea green lines). [Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x, -y, z$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z - 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, y, -z + 1$; (v) $x - 1, y, z$; (vi) $-x, y, -z$].

**Figure 2**

View of the crystal structure of the title compound along the a -axis.

Poly[[hexa- μ -aqua-diaquabis(μ_4 -dihydrogen benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylato)magnesium(II)]disodium dihydrate]

Crystal data



$M_r = 754.71$

Monoclinic, $C2/m$

Hall symbol: -C 2y

$a = 7.3335$ (13) Å

$b = 20.155$ (4) Å

$c = 10.4450$ (18) Å

$\beta = 103.325$ (3)°

$V = 1502.3$ (5) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 780$

$D_x = 1.668$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2031 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.8$ °

$\mu = 0.20$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Prism, colourless

0.20 × 0.05 × 0.05 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 83.33 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.961$, $T_{\max} = 0.990$

4088 measured reflections

1440 independent reflections

1272 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0$ °

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -24 \rightarrow 22$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$

$wR(F^2) = 0.089$

$S = 1.08$

1440 reflections

122 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0445P)^2 + 0.7471P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0033 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Mg1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0220 (2)

Na1	0.31699 (13)	0.0000	0.32732 (8)	0.0356 (3)
O1	0.30603 (18)	0.11183 (5)	0.30357 (11)	0.0464 (3)
C1	0.5000	0.18685 (9)	0.5000	0.0233 (4)
H1	0.5000	0.1407	0.5000	0.028*
O2	0.20225 (19)	0.31210 (6)	0.17351 (10)	0.0487 (4)
C2	0.5000	0.32051 (9)	0.5000	0.0221 (4)
H2	0.5000	0.3667	0.5000	0.027*
O3	0.20002 (18)	0.19389 (6)	0.17286 (10)	0.0481 (4)
H3	0.2132	0.2456	0.1607	0.072*
C3	0.39709 (18)	0.28869 (6)	0.38857 (12)	0.0211 (3)
O4	0.31030 (15)	0.39579 (5)	0.30165 (10)	0.0339 (3)
C4	0.39692 (18)	0.21864 (6)	0.38884 (12)	0.0214 (3)
O5	0.28991 (19)	0.0000	0.08188 (14)	0.0288 (3)
H5	0.3530	0.0340	0.0564	0.043*
C5	0.2960 (2)	0.17086 (7)	0.28270 (14)	0.0283 (3)
O6	0.3317 (3)	0.0000	0.56419 (17)	0.0483 (5)
H6	0.2884	-0.0368	0.5963	0.073*
C6	0.29702 (19)	0.33570 (7)	0.28103 (13)	0.0258 (3)
O7	0.5000	0.09605 (7)	0.0000	0.0311 (3)
H7	0.4367	0.1223	-0.0590	0.047*
O8	0.0000	0.10073 (7)	0.0000	0.0322 (4)
H8	-0.0681	0.1262	-0.0560	0.048*
O9	0.0320 (2)	0.0000	-0.19461 (14)	0.0314 (4)
H9	0.0897	0.0325	-0.2191	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Mg1	0.0265 (5)	0.0161 (4)	0.0222 (5)	0.000	0.0032 (4)	0.000
Na1	0.0521 (6)	0.0188 (4)	0.0328 (5)	0.000	0.0034 (4)	0.000
O1	0.0678 (8)	0.0176 (6)	0.0428 (7)	-0.0038 (5)	-0.0098 (6)	-0.0044 (5)
C1	0.0259 (10)	0.0152 (9)	0.0275 (10)	0.000	0.0037 (8)	0.000
O2	0.0697 (8)	0.0256 (6)	0.0343 (6)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0222 (6)	0.0038 (5)
C2	0.0262 (9)	0.0136 (9)	0.0258 (10)	0.000	0.0046 (8)	0.000
O3	0.0683 (8)	0.0244 (6)	0.0350 (6)	-0.0028 (5)	-0.0224 (6)	-0.0032 (5)
C3	0.0216 (7)	0.0186 (7)	0.0225 (7)	0.0007 (5)	0.0038 (5)	0.0014 (5)
O4	0.0478 (7)	0.0177 (5)	0.0335 (6)	0.0032 (4)	0.0040 (5)	0.0050 (4)
C4	0.0215 (6)	0.0185 (7)	0.0231 (7)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0031 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
O5	0.0280 (7)	0.0221 (7)	0.0363 (8)	0.000	0.0070 (6)	0.000
C5	0.0318 (8)	0.0214 (7)	0.0282 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0000 (6)	-0.0036 (6)
O6	0.0713 (12)	0.0291 (8)	0.0533 (11)	0.000	0.0321 (9)	0.000
C6	0.0282 (7)	0.0211 (7)	0.0263 (7)	0.0011 (5)	0.0028 (6)	0.0028 (6)
O7	0.0357 (8)	0.0214 (7)	0.0304 (8)	0.000	-0.0046 (6)	0.000
O8	0.0419 (9)	0.0162 (7)	0.0299 (8)	0.000	-0.0094 (6)	0.000
O9	0.0469 (9)	0.0185 (7)	0.0324 (8)	0.000	0.0166 (7)	0.000

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Mg1—O8	2.0301 (14)	O2—C6	1.2691 (17)
Mg1—O8 ⁱ	2.0302 (14)	O2—H3	1.3505
Mg1—O9	2.0992 (14)	C2—C3	1.3895 (15)
Mg1—O9 ⁱ	2.0992 (14)	C2—C3 ^{iv}	1.3895 (15)
Mg1—O5 ⁱ	2.1008 (14)	C2—H2	0.9300
Mg1—O5	2.1008 (14)	O3—C5	1.2865 (17)
Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	3.6645 (10)	O3—H3	1.0579
Mg1—Na1	3.6646 (10)	C3—C4	1.4119 (18)
Na1—O1	2.2669 (12)	C3—C6	1.5225 (18)
Na1—O1 ⁱⁱ	2.2669 (12)	O4—C6	1.2301 (17)
Na1—O6	2.4515 (19)	C4—C5	1.5250 (18)
Na1—O5	2.5252 (16)	O5—H5	0.9007
Na1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.564 (2)	O6—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.564 (2)
Na1—O9 ⁱ	2.6146 (18)	O6—H6	0.9011
Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.9692 (17)	O7—H7	0.8628
O1—C5	1.2088 (18)	O8—H8	0.8481
C1—C4	1.3876 (15)	O9—Na1 ⁱ	2.6146 (17)
C1—C4 ^{iv}	1.3876 (15)	O9—H9	0.8510
C1—H1	0.9300		
O8—Mg1—O8 ⁱ	180.0	O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—Mg1	84.21 (4)
O8—Mg1—O9	90.0	O6—Na1—Mg1	144.34 (6)
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—O9	90.0	O5—Na1—Mg1	33.73 (3)
O8—Mg1—O9 ⁱ	90.0	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—Mg1	140.26 (5)
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—O9 ⁱ	90.0	O9 ⁱ —Na1—Mg1	34.15 (3)
O9—Mg1—O9 ⁱ	180.00 (8)	O1—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.68 (4)
O8—Mg1—O5 ⁱ	90.0	O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.68 (4)
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—O5 ⁱ	90.0	O6—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	38.69 (5)
O9—Mg1—O5 ⁱ	86.23 (6)	O5—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	143.24 (5)
O9 ⁱ —Mg1—O5 ⁱ	93.77 (6)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	36.70 (4)
O8—Mg1—O5	90.0	O9 ⁱ —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	148.88 (5)
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—O5	90.0	Mg1—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	176.97 (4)
O9—Mg1—O5	93.77 (6)	C5—O1—Na1	175.97 (11)
O9 ⁱ —Mg1—O5	86.23 (6)	C4—C1—C4 ^{iv}	125.01 (18)
O5 ⁱ —Mg1—O5	180.0	C4—C1—H1	117.5
O8—Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	90.0	C4 ^{iv} —C1—H1	117.5
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	90.0	C6—O2—H3	115.2
O9—Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	44.36 (4)	C3—C2—C3 ^{iv}	125.01 (17)
O9 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	135.64 (4)	C3—C2—H2	117.5
O5 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	41.87 (4)	C3 ^{iv} —C2—H2	117.5
O5—Mg1—Na1 ⁱ	138.13 (4)	C5—O3—H3	114.6
O8—Mg1—Na1	90.0	C2—C3—C4	117.42 (12)
O8 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1	90.0	C2—C3—C6	114.02 (12)
O9—Mg1—Na1	135.64 (4)	C4—C3—C6	128.56 (11)
O9 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1	44.36 (4)	C1—C4—C3	117.57 (12)
O5 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1	138.13 (4)	C1—C4—C5	113.34 (13)

O5—Mg1—Na1	41.87 (4)	C3—C4—C5	129.09 (11)
Na1 ⁱ —Mg1—Na1	180.0	Mg1—O5—Na1	104.40 (6)
O1—Na1—O1 ⁱⁱ	167.72 (7)	Mg1—O5—H5	114.8
O1—Na1—O6	95.89 (4)	Na1—O5—H5	112.0
O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—O6	95.89 (4)	O1—C5—O3	120.93 (13)
O1—Na1—O5	84.05 (4)	O1—C5—C4	119.43 (13)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—O5	84.05 (4)	O3—C5—C4	119.64 (12)
O6—Na1—O5	178.07 (7)	Na1—O6—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	104.61 (6)
O1—Na1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	93.16 (4)	Na1—O6—H6	116.0
O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	93.16 (4)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O6—H6	103.9
O6—Na1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.39 (6)	O4—C6—O2	121.94 (13)
O5—Na1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	106.54 (6)	O4—C6—C3	118.58 (12)
O1—Na1—O9 ⁱ	86.35 (4)	O2—C6—C3	119.48 (12)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—O9 ⁱ	86.35 (4)	Mg1—O8—H8	127.2
O6—Na1—O9 ⁱ	110.19 (6)	Mg1—O9—Na1 ⁱ	101.49 (6)
O5—Na1—O9 ⁱ	67.88 (5)	Mg1—O9—H9	117.8
O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O9 ⁱ	174.41 (6)	Na1 ⁱ —O9—H9	109.5
O1—Na1—Mg1	84.21 (4)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x, -y, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, y, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O3—H3···O2	1.06	1.35	2.3827 (17)	163
O5—H5···O7	0.90	1.83	2.7313 (14)	173
O6—H6···O4 ^v	0.90	1.97	2.8519 (15)	167
O7—H7···O2 ^{vi}	0.86	1.91	2.7699 (14)	173
O8—H8···O3 ^{vii}	0.85	1.94	2.7779 (14)	172
O9—H9···O4 ^{vi}	0.85	1.91	2.7559 (14)	171

Symmetry codes: (v) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1$; (vi) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$; (vii) $-x, y, -z$.