# organic compounds

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## 1-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5dione

#### Muhammad Sirajuddin,<sup>a</sup> Saqib Ali<sup>a</sup> and M. Nawaz Tahir<sup>b\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Physics, University of Sargodha, Sargodha, Pakistan Correspondence e-mail: dmntahir\_uos@yahoo.com

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8.

In the title compound,  $C_{11}H_9NO_3$ , the dihedral angle between the methoxybenzene and 1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione rings is 75.60 (10)°. The C atom of the methoxy group is close to coplanar with its attached ring [deviation = 0.208 (2) Å]. In the crystal, weak aromatic  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking [centroid–centroid separation = 3.8563 (13) Å] occurs between inversion-related pairs of benzene rings.

#### **Related literature**

For a related structure, see: Carroll et al., (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>

 $M_r=203.19$ 

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	
a = 12.7018 (15)  Å	
b = 10.2689 (12) Å	
c = 7.4695 (8) Å	
$\beta = 101.067 \ (7)^{\circ}$	
$V = 956.16 (19) \text{ Å}^3$	

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD	7388 measured reflections
diffractometer	1887 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1267 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.030$
$T_{\min} = 0.969, \ T_{\max} = 0.977$	

#### Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.041 & 137 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.112 & H-\text{atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.01 & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} &= 0.11 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ 1887 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} &= -0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Z = 4

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 296 K

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6853).

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# supporting information

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## 1-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione

### Muhammad Sirajuddin, Saqib Ali and M. Nawaz Tahir

#### S1. Comment

The title compound (I), (Fig. 1) is present as a fragment of the crystal structure of 4-(2-methoxyphenyl)-4-azatricyclo-[5.2.1.0<sup>2,6</sup>]dec-8-ene-3,5-dione (Carroll *et al.*, 2011).

In (I) the methoxybenzene A (C1—C7/O1) and 1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione B (C8—C11/N1/O2/O3) are close to planar with r.m.s. deviation of 0.0461 and 0.0201 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between A/B is 78.22 (5)°.

#### S2. Experimental

Equimolar quantities of 2-methoxyaniline and furan-2,5-dione (maleic anhydride) were stirred in acetic acid for 2 h. The solution was kept at room temperature which afforded light yellow prisms after two days.

#### **S3. Refinement**

Twin was found in the data with twin matrix [1, 0, 0.653: 0, -1, 0: 0, 0, -1]. Using the standard techniques, the twin was removed with Basf = 0.07458.

The H-atoms were positioned geometrically (C–H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C)$ , where x = 1.5 for methyl and x = 1.2 for other H-atoms.



Figure 1

View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

F(000) = 424

 $\theta = 1.6 - 26.0^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.030$ 

 $h = -12 \rightarrow 15$ 

 $k = -12 \longrightarrow 9$  $l = -9 \longrightarrow 9$ 

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.412 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$ 

Prism, light yellow

 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$ 

7388 measured reflections

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 26.0^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 1.9^\circ$ 

1887 independent reflections

1267 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1267 reflections

#### 1-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-2,5-dione

#### Crystal data

C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>  $M_r = 203.19$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 12.7018 (15) Å b = 10.2689 (12) Å c = 7.4695 (8) Å  $\beta = 101.067$  (7)° V = 956.16 (19) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 8.00 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)  $T_{\min} = 0.969, T_{\max} = 0.977$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Least-squares matrix: full map  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from  $wR(F^2) = 0.112$ neighbouring sites S = 1.01H-atom parameters constrained 1887 reflections  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.051P)^2 + 0.1053P]$ 137 parameters where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ 0 restraints  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods  $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.20496 (11)	0.44118 (13)	-0.18267 (18)	0.0604 (4)

# supporting information

02	0.08846 (11)	0.44793 (14)	0.1941 (2)	0.0692 (5)
O3	0.28200 (11)	0.79126 (14)	0.0549 (2)	0.0724 (5)
N1	0.20700 (11)	0.59539 (14)	0.11254 (19)	0.0438 (4)
C1	0.29485 (14)	0.51130 (17)	0.1042 (3)	0.0447 (4)
C2	0.29351 (15)	0.43286 (17)	-0.0476 (3)	0.0476 (5)
C3	0.38002 (18)	0.35292 (19)	-0.0525 (3)	0.0619 (6)
Н3	0.3800	0.2986	-0.1522	0.074*
C4	0.46654 (18)	0.3536 (2)	0.0903 (4)	0.0708 (7)
H4	0.5250	0.3001	0.0854	0.085*
C5	0.46810 (18)	0.4312 (2)	0.2383 (3)	0.0698 (7)
Н5	0.5271	0.4308	0.3338	0.084*
C6	0.38151 (16)	0.5103 (2)	0.2455 (3)	0.0577 (5)
H6	0.3818	0.5633	0.3465	0.069*
C7	0.2079 (2)	0.3746 (2)	-0.3493 (3)	0.0789 (7)
H7A	0.2684	0.4044	-0.3978	0.118*
H7B	0.1430	0.3920	-0.4355	0.118*
H7C	0.2142	0.2827	-0.3267	0.118*
C8	0.11142 (15)	0.55756 (19)	0.1598 (2)	0.0478 (5)
C9	0.04849 (15)	0.6775 (2)	0.1639 (3)	0.0556 (5)
H9	-0.0208	0.6816	0.1871	0.067*
C10	0.10532 (15)	0.7772 (2)	0.1297 (3)	0.0560 (5)
H10	0.0840	0.8639	0.1280	0.067*
C11	0.20922 (15)	0.72958 (18)	0.0941 (2)	0.0489 (5)

### Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0631 (9)	0.0606 (9)	0.0594 (9)	0.0035 (7)	0.0164 (7)	-0.0146 (7)
O2	0.0603 (9)	0.0562 (9)	0.0953 (12)	-0.0116 (7)	0.0252 (8)	0.0111 (8)
O3	0.0643 (9)	0.0516 (9)	0.1068 (12)	-0.0081 (8)	0.0303 (9)	0.0103 (8)
N1	0.0435 (8)	0.0362 (8)	0.0552 (9)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0183 (7)	-0.0045 (7)
C1	0.0419 (10)	0.0386 (10)	0.0578 (12)	0.0002 (8)	0.0198 (9)	0.0032 (8)
C2	0.0498 (11)	0.0381 (10)	0.0600 (12)	0.0010 (9)	0.0232 (10)	0.0045 (8)
C3	0.0695 (14)	0.0451 (12)	0.0814 (15)	0.0089 (11)	0.0403 (13)	0.0056 (10)
C4	0.0571 (14)	0.0572 (15)	0.107 (2)	0.0192 (11)	0.0393 (14)	0.0293 (14)
C5	0.0532 (13)	0.0739 (16)	0.0824 (17)	0.0082 (12)	0.0137 (12)	0.0250 (14)
C6	0.0539 (12)	0.0576 (13)	0.0621 (13)	-0.0011 (10)	0.0125 (10)	0.0076 (10)
C7	0.0974 (18)	0.0750 (16)	0.0687 (15)	-0.0085 (14)	0.0271 (13)	-0.0231 (12)
C8	0.0437 (11)	0.0507 (12)	0.0504 (11)	-0.0071 (9)	0.0129 (9)	-0.0012 (9)
С9	0.0436 (10)	0.0657 (14)	0.0598 (12)	0.0055 (10)	0.0155 (9)	-0.0050 (10)
C10	0.0547 (12)	0.0471 (12)	0.0665 (13)	0.0090 (10)	0.0123 (10)	-0.0067 (9)
C11	0.0497 (11)	0.0431 (11)	0.0546 (11)	-0.0018 (9)	0.0121 (9)	-0.0012 (9)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01C2	1.362 (2)	С4—Н4	0.9300
O1—C7	1.426 (2)	C5—C6	1.377 (3)
O2—C8	1.203 (2)	С5—Н5	0.9300

# supporting information

O3—C11	1.202 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9300
N1—C8	1.383 (2)	С7—Н7А	0.9600
N1 C11	1 296 (2)	C7 H7P	0.0600
	1.380 (2)		0.9000
NI-CI	1.422 (2)	С/—Н/С	0.9600
C1—C6	1.371 (3)	C8—C9	1.471 (3)
C1—C2	1.388 (3)	C9—C10	1.307 (3)
C2-C3	1 378 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
$C_{2}$ $C_{4}$	1,277(2)	C10 C11	1 470 (3)
	1.377 (3)		1.479 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—C5	1.360 (3)		
C2-01-C7	117.40 (17)	С1—С6—Н6	119.9
C8-N1-C11	109.89 (15)	С5—С6—Н6	110.0
$C_{0}$ N1 $C_{1}$	105.05(15)		100.5
	123.12(13)		109.5
CII—NI—CI	124.64 (15)	OI - C - H/B	109.5
C6—C1—C2	120.45 (18)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C6-C1-N1	119.44 (17)	O1—C7—H7C	109.5
C2-C1-N1	120.10(17)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
01 - C2 - C3	124 53 (18)	H7B—C7—H7C	109 5
01  02  03	116 50 (16)	$O_2 C_8 N_1$	105.28 (18)
$C_2 = C_1$	110.39(10)	$O_2 = C_3 = N_1$	123.26(10)
C3-C2-C1	118.9 (2)	02-08-09	128.61 (18)
C4—C3—C2	119.9 (2)	N1—C8—C9	106.09 (16)
С4—С3—Н3	120.1	C10—C9—C8	109.24 (17)
С2—С3—Н3	120.1	С10—С9—Н9	125.4
C5—C4—C3	121 2 (2)	С8—С9—Н9	125.4
$C_5 - C_4 - H_4$	119.4	C9-C10-C11	108.73(17)
$C_2 = C_4 = H_4$	110.4		106.75 (17)
C3—C4—H4	119.4	C9-C10-H10	125.0
C4—C5—C6	119.4 (2)	C11—C10—H10	125.6
C4—C5—H5	120.3	O3—C11—N1	125.41 (17)
С6—С5—Н5	120.3	O3—C11—C10	128.60 (18)
C1—C6—C5	120.3 (2)	N1-C11-C10	105.98 (16)
C9 N1 C1 C(	100.8 (2)	N1 C1 C( C5	170 07 (17)
	-100.8(2)		-1/8.8/(1/)
CII-NI-CI-C6	71.7 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.3(3)
C8—N1—C1—C2	80.5 (2)	C11—N1—C8—O2	-176.12 (18)
C11—N1—C1—C2	-107.0 (2)	C1—N1—C8—O2	-2.7(3)
C7—O1—C2—C3	-8.0(3)	C11—N1—C8—C9	2.25 (19)
C7 - 01 - C2 - C1	172 00 (17)	C1-N1-C8-C9	175 70 (16)
$C_{1}$ $C_{1}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{1}$	-170, 12, (16)	$O_2 C_8 C_9 C_{10}$	175.70(10)
$C_0 = C_1 = C_2 = O_1$	1/9.12(10)	02 - 03 - 03 - 010	175.7(2)
N1 - C1 - C2 - O1	-0.4(2)	NI	-2.6 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.9 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.9 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.59 (15)	C8—N1—C11—O3	179.57 (19)
O1—C2—C3—C4	178.86 (17)	C1—N1—C11—O3	6.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (3)	C8—N1—C11—C10	-1.15 (19)
$C_{2}-C_{3}-C_{4}-C_{5}$	07(3)	C1 - N1 - C11 - C10	-174 64 (16)
$C_2 C_3 C_4 C_5 C_6$	0.1(3)	$C_0  C_{10}  C_{11}  C_{12}  C_{13}  C_{1$	1787(10)
	0.1 (3)		1/0./(2)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.1(3)	C9—C10—C11—N1	-0.5 (2)