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## (E)-4-Amino-N'-(5-bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide monohydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 291 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In t the title compound,  $C_{14}H_{12}BrN_3O_2$ .  $H_2O$ , the conformation of the C-N double bond in the hydrazide Schiff base molecule is E. The dihedral angle between the benzene rings is 48.01 (11) °. An intramolecular O-H···N hydrogen bond makes an S(6) ring motif. In the crystal, molecules are linked through  $N-H\cdots O$  (bifurcated acceptor) and  $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, forming two-dimensional networks lying parallel to (100).

### **Related literature**

For the coordination chemistry of Schiff base and hydrazone derivatives, see: Kucukguzel et al. (2006); Karthikeyan et al. (2006). For 4-aminobenzohydrazide-derived Schiff base structures, see: Xu (2012); Shi & Li (2012); Bakir & Green (2002). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen et al. (1987). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein et al. (1995).



‡ Present address: Structural Dynamics of (Bio)Chemical Systems, Max Planck Institute for Biophysical Chemistry, Am Fassberg 11, 37077 Göttingen, Germany.



### Crystal data

C H BrN O H O	V = 1408.64.(18)
M = 352.19	V = 1400.04 (10) Z = 4
Monoclinic. $P2_1/c$	Z = 1 Mo K radiation
a = 15.8435 (11)  Å	$\mu = 2.93 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 7.1718 (6) Å	T = 291  K
c = 12.6462 (8) Å	$0.32 \times 0.26 \times 0.22$
$\beta = 101.391 \ (3)^{\circ}$	

### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  $T_{\min} = 0.454, T_{\max} = 0.565$ 

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	190 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.077$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.27 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
3138 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.49 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

(18)  $Å^3$ 

 $\times$  0.22 mm

11798 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$ 

3138 independent reflections

2543 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots \mathbf{A}$
O2−H2 <i>O</i> ···N3	0.93	1.84	2.660 (2)	145
$N2-H2N\cdotsO1W^{i}$	0.90	1.93	2.823 (2)	171
$N1 - H2N1 \cdots O1W^{ii}$	0.89	2.57	3.276 (3)	137
$O1W - H2W1 \cdots O1$	0.90	1.77	2.653 (2)	167

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2450).

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# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2120 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812025950]

(E)-4-Amino-N'-(5-bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide monohydrate

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### S1. Comment

Schiff bases are one of the most prevalent mixed-donor ligands in the field of coordination chemistry. They play an important role in the development of coordination chemistry related to catalysis and magnetism, and supramolecular architectures (Karthikeyan *et al.*, 2006; Kucukguzel *et al.*, 2006). Structures of Schiff bases derived from substituted 4-aminobenzohydrazide have been reported earlier (Xu, 2012; Shi & Li, 2012; Bakir & Green, 2002). In order to explore the structure of the new Schiff base derivatives, the title compound was prepared and characterized crystallographically.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, Fig. 1, comprises a molecule of the title hydrazide Schiff base and a water molecule of crystallization. The hydrazide Schiff base shows an *E* conformation around the C=N double bond. The bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable to those reported for related structures (Xu, 2012; Shi & Li, 2012; Bakir & Green, 2002). An intramolecular O—H…N hydrogen bond makes an *S*(*6*) ring motif (Table 1; Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The dihedral angle between the benzene rings is 48.01 (11)Å.

In the crystal, molecules are linked through N—H…O [bifurcated acceptor] and O—H…O hydrogen bonds forming twodimensional networks lying parallel to (100) [Table 1 and Fig. 2].

### **S2. Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized by adding 1 mmol of methyl 4-aminobenzoate to a solution of 5-Bromosalicylaldehyde (1 mmol) in methanol (30 ml). The mixture was refluxed with stirring for 50 min and after cooling to room temperature a light-yellow precipitate was filtered and washed with diethylether and dried in air. Light-yellow prismatic crystals of the title compound, suitable for *X*-ray structure analysis, were recrystallized from ethanol by slow evaporation of the solvents at room temperature over several days.

### S3. Refinement

The N- and O-bound H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and were constrained to ride on the parent atom with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)$  and  $1.5U_{eq}(O)$ . The C-bound H atoms were included in calculated positions and treated by the riding model approximation: C—H = 0.93 Å with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .



## Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure of the title compound, showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom numbering. The dashed lines show the intramolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonds (see Table 1 for details).



Figure 2

A view along the *b* axis of crystal packing of the title compound, showing the linking of molecules through N—H···O and O—H···O hydrogen bonds (dashed lines; see Table 1 for details; only the NH H atom is shown).

(E)-4-Amino-N'-(5-bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{12}BrN_3O_2 \cdot H_2O$	F(000) = 712
$M_r = 352.19$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.661 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 2225 reflections
a = 15.8435 (11)  Å	$\theta = 2.5 - 27.5^{\circ}$
b = 7.1718 (6) Å	$\mu = 2.93 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 12.6462 (8) Å	T = 291  K
$\beta = 101.391 \ (3)^{\circ}$	Prism, white
$V = 1408.64 (18) Å^3$	$0.32 \times 0.26 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector	11798 measured reflections
diffractometer	3138 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2543 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.031$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{max} = 27.3^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.6^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -20 \rightarrow 20$
( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{min} = 0.454, T_{max} = 0.565$	$l = -9 \rightarrow 16$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.077$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H-atom parameters constrained
3138 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0361P)^2 + 0.4505P]$
190 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.27$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.49$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	-0.256908 (14)	0.19559 (3)	0.351278 (19)	0.04528 (10)	
01	0.27754 (10)	0.3064 (2)	0.77430 (12)	0.0463 (4)	
02	0.02746 (10)	0.1315 (3)	0.74256 (12)	0.0490 (4)	
H2O	0.0786	0.1768	0.7273	0.073*	
O1W	0.20712 (12)	0.0602 (3)	0.88744 (12)	0.0555 (5)	
H1W1	0.1801	-0.0294	0.8452	0.083*	
H2W1	0.2246	0.1388	0.8402	0.083*	
N1	0.61249 (13)	0.3236 (4)	0.5692 (2)	0.0675 (7)	
H1N1	0.6101	0.3120	0.4985	0.081*	
H2N1	0.6429	0.4174	0.6041	0.081*	
N2	0.21269 (10)	0.3032 (2)	0.59806 (14)	0.0322 (4)	
H2N	0.2133	0.3342	0.5294	0.039*	
N3	0.13313 (11)	0.2630 (2)	0.62093 (15)	0.0321 (4)	
C1	0.36621 (12)	0.3254 (3)	0.64417 (16)	0.0297 (4)	
C2	0.38195 (13)	0.2378 (3)	0.55174 (17)	0.0344 (5)	
H2	0.3372	0.1774	0.5059	0.041*	

C3	0.46277 (15)	0.2394 (3)	0.5272 (2)	0.0425 (5)	
Н3	0.4721	0.1783	0.4657	0.051*	
C4	0.53040 (14)	0.3309 (3)	0.5931 (2)	0.0428 (6)	
C5	0.51473 (13)	0.4213 (4)	0.6841 (2)	0.0475 (6)	
Н5	0.5592	0.4855	0.7283	0.057*	
C6	0.43430 (13)	0.4174 (3)	0.70993 (17)	0.0384 (5)	
H6	0.4254	0.4771	0.7721	0.046*	
C7	0.28256 (13)	0.3116 (3)	0.67866 (16)	0.0304 (4)	
C8	0.06943 (13)	0.2690 (3)	0.54186 (17)	0.0321 (4)	
H7	0.0781	0.3071	0.4745	0.039*	
C9	-0.01679 (12)	0.2173 (3)	0.55511 (16)	0.0284 (4)	
C10	-0.03425 (13)	0.1483 (3)	0.65254 (17)	0.0328 (4)	
C11	-0.11712 (13)	0.0932 (3)	0.65825 (17)	0.0369 (5)	
H11	-0.1282	0.0459	0.7226	0.044*	
C12	-0.18330 (12)	0.1076 (3)	0.56950 (17)	0.0352 (5)	
H12	-0.2389	0.0715	0.5740	0.042*	
C13	-0.16619 (12)	0.1761 (3)	0.47410 (17)	0.0317 (4)	
C14	-0.08416 (13)	0.2293 (3)	0.46589 (17)	0.0304 (4)	
H14	-0.0737	0.2735	0.4005	0.037*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.03422 (13)	0.04959 (16)	0.04628 (16)	-0.00074 (10)	-0.00607 (10)	-0.00069 (10)
01	0.0456 (9)	0.0669 (12)	0.0280 (8)	-0.0112 (8)	0.0110 (7)	-0.0009(7)
O2	0.0392 (8)	0.0719 (12)	0.0331 (8)	-0.0078 (8)	0.0005 (6)	0.0088 (8)
O1W	0.0755 (12)	0.0603 (12)	0.0319 (9)	-0.0168 (9)	0.0136 (8)	-0.0011 (8)
N1	0.0289 (10)	0.0796 (18)	0.0962 (19)	0.0066 (10)	0.0174 (11)	0.0289 (14)
N2	0.0246 (8)	0.0455 (11)	0.0279 (9)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0084 (7)	0.0004 (7)
N3	0.0251 (8)	0.0364 (9)	0.0369 (10)	-0.0046 (7)	0.0109 (7)	-0.0024 (7)
C1	0.0260 (9)	0.0326 (11)	0.0294 (10)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0029 (8)	0.0037 (8)
C2	0.0288 (10)	0.0368 (12)	0.0368 (12)	-0.0025 (8)	0.0047 (9)	-0.0015 (9)
C3	0.0394 (12)	0.0462 (13)	0.0447 (14)	0.0069 (10)	0.0156 (10)	0.0046 (10)
C4	0.0267 (10)	0.0430 (13)	0.0593 (15)	0.0052 (9)	0.0101 (10)	0.0219 (11)
C5	0.0277 (11)	0.0473 (14)	0.0599 (16)	-0.0101 (10)	-0.0096 (10)	0.0089 (12)
C6	0.0363 (11)	0.0407 (12)	0.0347 (12)	-0.0045 (9)	-0.0014 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
C7	0.0301 (10)	0.0335 (11)	0.0274 (10)	-0.0026 (8)	0.0049 (8)	0.0004 (8)
C8	0.0294 (10)	0.0361 (11)	0.0326 (11)	-0.0005 (8)	0.0104 (8)	-0.0012 (8)
C9	0.0259 (9)	0.0288 (10)	0.0317 (11)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0086 (8)	-0.0016 (8)
C10	0.0320 (10)	0.0372 (11)	0.0287 (10)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0051 (8)	-0.0008(8)
C11	0.0362 (11)	0.0447 (13)	0.0327 (11)	-0.0062 (10)	0.0135 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C12	0.0267 (10)	0.0376 (12)	0.0427 (12)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0105 (8)	-0.0052 (10)
C13	0.0267 (9)	0.0319 (11)	0.0347 (11)	0.0006 (8)	0.0021 (8)	-0.0060 (8)
C14	0.0312 (10)	0.0318 (11)	0.0290 (11)	-0.0002 (8)	0.0077 (8)	-0.0003 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

	1 902 (2)	C3 C4	1 386 (4)
01  C7	1.902(2) 1.228(2)	$C_3 = C_4$	0.0300
01 - 07	1.228(2) 1.352(3)	$C_3 = 115$	1.384(4)
02 - 010	0.0276	$C_{4}$	1.364 (4)
02-1120	0.9270	$C_{5}$ $H_{5}$	0.0200
O1W H2W1	0.0095	С5—Н5	0.9300
$V_1 = 112 \text{ W} 1$	1,202,(2)	$C_0 = 10$	1 457 (2)
NI HINI	0.8015	C8 H7	0.9300
NI H2NI	0.8913	$C_0 = C_1 A$	1 304 (3)
N2 C7	1.350(3)	$C_{9}$ $C_{14}$	1.394(3) 1 405 (3)
N2 N3	1.330(3) 1.378(2)	$C_{10} = C_{10}$	1.387 (3)
N2 H2N	0.8085	C10-C11	1.387(3)
$N_2 = C_8$	0.8985 1 273 (3)	C11_H11	0.0300
13-6	1.273(3) 1.202(3)	C12 C13	1 378 (3)
C1 - C2	1.392(3)	C12—C13 C12—H12	0.9300
C1 - C7	1.372(3) 1 478(3)	C12 - 1112 C13 - C14	1 378 (3)
$C_{2}$	1.478 (3)	C13-C14 C14-H14	0.9300
C2H2	0.9300		0.7500
02—112	0.9300		
С10—О2—Н2О	108.0	С1—С6—Н6	119.6
H1W1-01W-H2W1	103.2	O1—C7—N2	122.64 (19)
C4—N1—H1N1	111.3	O1—C7—C1	121.92 (19)
C4—N1—H2N1	107.5	N2—C7—C1	115.44 (18)
H1N1—N1—H2N1	118.5	N3—C8—C9	121.11 (19)
C7—N2—N3	119.90 (17)	N3—C8—H7	119.4
C7—N2—H2N	123.7	С9—С8—Н7	119.4
N3—N2—H2N	116.1	C14—C9—C10	118.67 (18)
C8—N3—N2	116.35 (17)	C14—C9—C8	118.45 (18)
C6—C1—C2	118.00 (19)	C10—C9—C8	122.82 (18)
C6—C1—C7	119.32 (19)	O2—C10—C11	117.74 (19)
C2—C1—C7	122.52 (18)	O2—C10—C9	122.36 (18)
C3—C2—C1	121.0 (2)	C11—C10—C9	119.90 (19)
C3—C2—H2	119.5	C12-C11-C10	120.8 (2)
C1—C2—H2	119.5	C12—C11—H11	119.6
C2—C3—C4	120.8 (2)	C10-C11-H11	119.6
С2—С3—Н3	119.6	C13—C12—C11	119.30 (18)
C4—C3—H3	119.6	C13—C12—H12	120.3
C5—C4—C3	118.5 (2)	C11—C12—H12	120.3
C5—C4—N1	121.8 (2)	C12—C13—C14	121.08 (19)
C3—C4—N1	119.7 (3)	C12—C13—Br1	119.59 (15)
C6—C5—C4	120.9 (2)	C14—C13—Br1	119.33 (16)
С6—С5—Н5	119.5	C13—C14—C9	120.29 (19)
С4—С5—Н5	119.5	C13—C14—H14	119.9
C5—C6—C1	120.8 (2)	C9—C14—H14	119.9
С5—С6—Н6	119.6		

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	175.72 (19)  1.2 (3)  -174.1 (2)  -1.1 (3)  -0.2 (3)  177.1 (2)  1.3 (3)  -176.0 (2)  -1.2 (4)  -0.1 (3)  175.3 (2)  -8.8 (3)	$\begin{array}{c} N2 - N3 - C8 - C9 \\ N3 - C8 - C9 - C14 \\ N3 - C8 - C9 - C10 \\ C14 - C9 - C10 - O2 \\ C8 - C9 - C10 - O2 \\ C14 - C9 - C10 - C11 \\ C8 - C9 - C10 - C11 \\ O2 - C10 - C11 - C12 \\ C9 - C10 - C11 - C12 \\ C10 - C11 - C12 - C13 \\ C11 - C12 - C13 - C14 \\ C11 - C12 - C13 - Br1 \end{array}$	175.98 (18)  179.08 (19)  -3.7 (3)  179.73 (19)  2.5 (3)  0.3 (3)  -176.9 (2)  179.6 (2)  -0.9 (3)  0.6 (3)  0.3 (3)  179.78 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.2 (4)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-0.9 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.1 (3)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.6 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	175.3 (2)	C11-C12-C13-C14	0.3 (3)
N3—N2—C7—O1	-8.8 (3)	C11—C12—C13—Br1	179.78 (16)
N3—N2—C7—C1	170.52 (17)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.9 (3)
C6—C1—C7—O1	-30.2 (3)	Br1—C13—C14—C9	179.60 (15)
C2-C1-C7-O1 C6-C1-C7-N2 C2-C1-C7-N2	145.0 (2) 150.5 (2) -34.3 (3)	C10—C9—C14—C13 C8—C9—C14—C13	0.6 (3) 177.93 (19)

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
0.93	1.84	2.660 (2)	145
0.90	1.93	2.823 (2)	171
0.89	2.57	3.276 (3)	137
0.90	1.77	2.653 (2)	167
	<i>D</i> —H 0.93 0.90 0.89 0.90	D—H         H···A           0.93         1.84           0.90         1.93           0.89         2.57           0.90         1.77	DHH…AD…A0.931.842.660 (2)0.901.932.823 (2)0.892.573.276 (3)0.901.772.653 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y+1/2, z-1/2; (ii) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2.