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(R)-3,3-Diethyl-1-(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)piperidin-2-oneOscar Romero,^a Johana Ramírez,^a Joel L. Terán,^a Marcos Flores-Alamo^b and Jorge R. Juárez^{a*}^aCentro de Química, Instituto de Ciencias, Benemérita Universidad Autónoma de Puebla, 72570, Puebla, Pue., Mexico, and ^bFacultad de Química, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, 04510, D.F., Mexico

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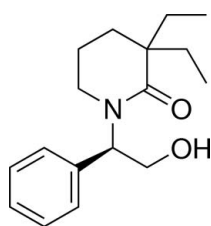
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 130$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.4.

In the title compound $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2$, the piperidin-2-one ring adopts an envelope conformation with the C atom in the 5-position as the flap. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, building a infinite chain along the b -axis direction. $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions further stabilize the crystal packing.

Related literature

For background to the synthesis of piperidines, see: Angle & Breitenbucher (1995); Micouin *et al.* (1994); Deslongchamps *et al.* (1975). For ring conformation analysis, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_2$
 $M_r = 275.38$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 7.5380$ (3) Å
 $b = 12.6705$ (6) Å
 $c = 7.9255$ (4) Å
 $\beta = 91.776$ (4)°

$V = 756.61$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 130$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.28 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Atlas Gemini diffractometer
 Absorption correction: analytical (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.978$, $T_{\max} = 0.99$
 5226 measured reflections
 1552 independent reflections
 1381 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$
 $S = 1.06$
 1552 reflections
 185 parameters
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C12–C17 ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H1O}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.80 (4)	1.95 (4)	2.745 (3)	170 (4)
$\text{C4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.96	2.96	3.723 (3)	137

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* publication routines (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5939).

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supporting information

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(R)-3,3-Diethyl-1-(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)piperidin-2-one

Oscar Romero, Johana Ramírez, Joel L. Terán, Marcos Flores-Alamo and Jorge R. Juárez

S1. Comment

The development of new methods for the enantioselective synthesis of piperidine derivatives by introduction of substituents at carbon positions of the heterocycle constitutes an area of current interest (Angle & Breitenbucher, 1995). In the context of the enantioselective synthesis of 3-substituted piperidines, the enolate alkylation of the amide carbonyl of lactams derived from phenylglycinol with alkyl halides takes place with high diastereoselectivity to ultimately give enantiopure 3-alkylpiperidines in good yields. Although numerous methods have been developed for the α -alkylation, the double α -substitution in amides has been rarely studied (Micouin *et al.*, 1994; Deslongchamps *et al.*, 1975).

In the title compound $C_{17}H_{25}NO_2$, the six membered ring N1/C1/C2/C3/C4/C5 shows an envelope conformation on C(4) with puckering parameters (Cremer & Pople, 1975) $Q = 0.496$ (3) Å, $\theta_2 = 58.3$ (3)°, $\varphi_2 = 240.7$ (4)°, $q_2 = 0.422$ (3) Å and $q_3 = 0.261$ (3) Å. The N(1) atom in the piperidone moiety shows a planar conformation (r.m.s. deviation of N1, C1, C5 and C10 = 0.002 Å). The quiral centre on C(10) shows an *R* absolute configuration with $[\alpha]_D = -92$. Crystal packing is stabilized by hydrogen bond interactions [O(2)—H(10)⋯O(1)], building an infinite chain along *b* direction and an intermolecular C(4)—H(4A)⋯ π interactions making a one-dimensional chain along *a* axis. Two intramolecular interactions, C8—(H8B)⋯O(1) and C(10)—H10⋯O(1) are also observed.

S2. Experimental

The title compound, $C_{17}H_{25}NO_2$, was obtained dissolving (*R*)-(-)-1-(2'-hydroxy-1'-phenylethyl)piperidin-2-one (0.29 g, 1.32 mmol) in THF anhydrous and added 4.0 equiv. HMPA and 4.5 equiv. *s*-BuLi. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and 3 equiv. of Iodoethane was added at -78 °C, the mixture was stirred for 2.5 h. Finally, the mixture was treated with a saturated solution of NH_4Cl (4.0 ml), extracted with ethyl acetate (3x20 ml) and purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , AcOEt: Petroleum ether; 6:4). Yield 80%. White crystals. $[\alpha]_D = -92$ (*c* 1.5, CH_2Cl_2). IR (KBr) 1615 cm^{-1} . p.f. = 89–91 °C, 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (p.p.m.), *J*(Hz): 0.88 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.5, 7.2 Hz), 0.96 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.5, 7.2 Hz), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.89 (m, 1H), 3.14 (m, 1H), 3.32 (br, 1H-OH), 4.02–4.20 (dd, 2H, *J* = 5.1, 11.1 Hz), 5.89 (dd 1H, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 7.32 (m, 5H). ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$), 8.9, 8.9, 20.5, 28.4, 31.9, 32.2, 44.0, 46.2, 58.5, 61.8, 127.5–128.5, 137.1, 177.1.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were found in a difference map. The H atom bonded to O2 was freely refined. H atoms bonded to C atoms were placed in geometrical idealized positions and refined as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ or $U_{eq}(H) = 1.5 U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl groups. The absolute configuration of the chiral centre could not be determined and was set according to the starting material.

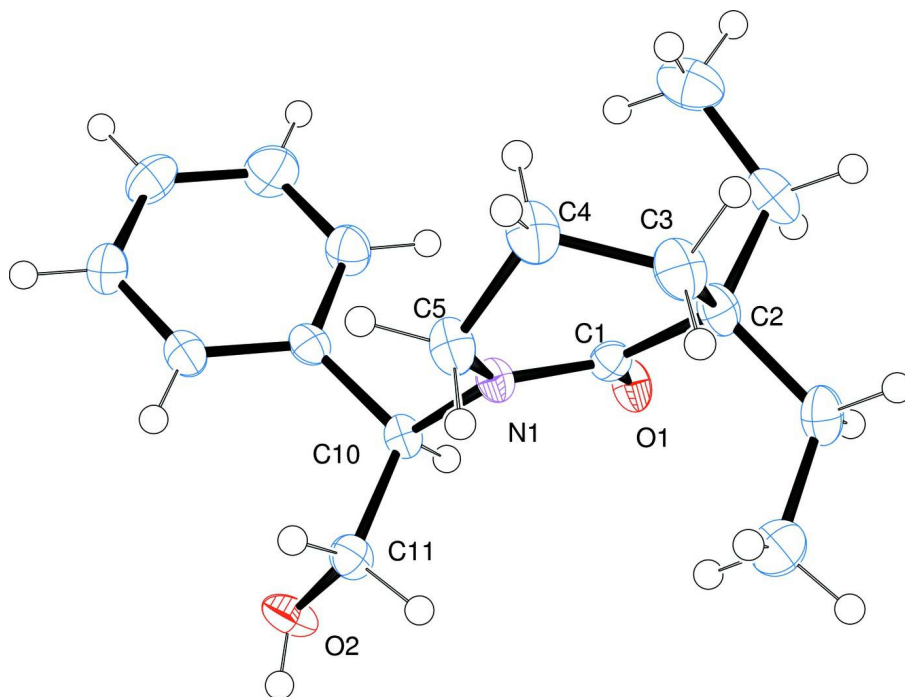


Figure 1

The molecular structure of title compound, with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

(R)-3,3-Diethyl-1-(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)piperidin-2-one

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{25}NO_2$

$M_r = 275.38$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

$a = 7.5380(3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 12.6705(6) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 7.9255(4) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 91.776(4)^\circ$

$V = 756.61(6) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 300$

$D_x = 1.209 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3593 reflections

$\theta = 3.7\text{--}26.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 130 \text{ K}$

Plate, colorless

$0.35 \times 0.28 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Atlas Gemini diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.4685 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: analytical

(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.978$, $T_{\max} = 0.99$

5226 measured reflections

1552 independent reflections

1381 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.7^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -7 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$
 $S = 1.06$
 1552 reflections
 185 parameters
 1 restraint
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0844P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.8432 (2)	0.61989 (14)	0.4209 (2)	0.0257 (4)
C10	0.9135 (3)	0.4297 (2)	0.2824 (3)	0.0194 (5)
H10	0.9956	0.4778	0.3421	0.023*
O2	1.1120 (2)	0.29608 (16)	0.3809 (3)	0.0308 (5)
C12	0.9617 (3)	0.4306 (2)	0.0986 (3)	0.0209 (5)
C1	0.7126 (3)	0.56610 (19)	0.3767 (3)	0.0201 (5)
N1	0.7335 (3)	0.47186 (16)	0.3024 (3)	0.0193 (5)
C11	0.9290 (3)	0.3223 (2)	0.3708 (3)	0.0231 (5)
H11A	0.8814	0.3263	0.483	0.028*
H11B	0.8632	0.2691	0.3068	0.028*
C13	0.9956 (4)	0.3401 (2)	0.0065 (4)	0.0293 (6)
H13	0.9863	0.2743	0.0576	0.035*
C8	0.5095 (4)	0.7194 (2)	0.3363 (4)	0.0325 (7)
H8A	0.3996	0.7502	0.3735	0.039*
H8B	0.606	0.7618	0.3835	0.039*
C14	1.0431 (4)	0.3466 (3)	-0.1603 (3)	0.0335 (7)
H14	1.0637	0.2852	-0.2209	0.04*
C5	0.5857 (3)	0.4055 (2)	0.2393 (3)	0.0264 (6)
H5A	0.5552	0.355	0.3257	0.032*
H5B	0.6227	0.3664	0.1413	0.032*
C2	0.5257 (3)	0.6069 (2)	0.4118 (3)	0.0253 (6)
C15	1.0601 (4)	0.4429 (3)	-0.2370 (3)	0.0336 (7)
H15	1.0942	0.4472	-0.3486	0.04*
C17	0.9776 (4)	0.5275 (2)	0.0182 (4)	0.0305 (6)

H17	0.9552	0.5892	0.0774	0.037*
C3	0.3739 (3)	0.5360 (3)	0.3417 (4)	0.0313 (6)
H3A	0.3361	0.4894	0.4307	0.038*
H3B	0.2736	0.5803	0.3088	0.038*
C6	0.5155 (4)	0.6160 (2)	0.6049 (3)	0.0297 (6)
H6A	0.5983	0.67	0.6438	0.036*
H6B	0.3972	0.6394	0.632	0.036*
C4	0.4252 (3)	0.4704 (3)	0.1921 (4)	0.0315 (6)
H4A	0.3276	0.4244	0.1581	0.038*
H4B	0.4511	0.5161	0.0979	0.038*
C16	1.0257 (4)	0.5336 (3)	-0.1465 (4)	0.0386 (7)
H16	1.0354	0.5992	-0.198	0.046*
C9	0.5120 (5)	0.7282 (3)	0.1467 (4)	0.0435 (8)
H9A	0.5013	0.8009	0.1143	0.065*
H9B	0.4147	0.6888	0.0975	0.065*
H9C	0.6218	0.7003	0.1075	0.065*
C7	0.5558 (5)	0.5153 (3)	0.7018 (4)	0.0397 (7)
H7A	0.5463	0.5282	0.8205	0.06*
H7B	0.6741	0.4923	0.6791	0.06*
H7C	0.4726	0.4615	0.6671	0.06*
H10	1.120 (5)	0.249 (3)	0.448 (5)	0.041 (10)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0195 (9)	0.0215 (9)	0.0361 (9)	-0.0021 (8)	0.0025 (7)	-0.0075 (8)
C10	0.0156 (11)	0.0178 (12)	0.0249 (12)	-0.0015 (11)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0026 (10)
O2	0.0233 (10)	0.0281 (11)	0.0410 (11)	0.0065 (8)	0.0035 (8)	0.0138 (9)
C12	0.0132 (10)	0.0231 (13)	0.0264 (12)	0.0017 (11)	-0.0011 (9)	-0.0001 (11)
C1	0.0220 (12)	0.0193 (12)	0.0191 (10)	-0.0027 (11)	0.0022 (9)	0.0019 (10)
N1	0.0150 (10)	0.0189 (10)	0.0241 (10)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0010 (8)	-0.0023 (8)
C11	0.0199 (12)	0.0237 (13)	0.0261 (12)	0.0015 (11)	0.0057 (9)	0.0023 (10)
C13	0.0348 (14)	0.0236 (14)	0.0296 (13)	0.0064 (13)	0.0032 (10)	0.0003 (12)
C8	0.0245 (14)	0.0235 (14)	0.0494 (18)	0.0044 (12)	0.0018 (12)	0.0016 (13)
C14	0.0383 (16)	0.0343 (16)	0.0280 (14)	0.0090 (14)	0.0039 (12)	-0.0061 (13)
C5	0.0186 (12)	0.0239 (13)	0.0366 (14)	-0.0026 (11)	-0.0005 (10)	-0.0079 (11)
C2	0.0196 (12)	0.0232 (13)	0.0334 (13)	0.0009 (11)	0.0061 (10)	-0.0010 (11)
C15	0.0328 (14)	0.0463 (18)	0.0221 (12)	-0.0049 (14)	0.0062 (10)	0.0002 (12)
C17	0.0358 (15)	0.0225 (14)	0.0335 (14)	-0.0033 (13)	0.0060 (11)	0.0001 (12)
C3	0.0152 (11)	0.0356 (16)	0.0431 (15)	-0.0001 (12)	0.0035 (10)	-0.0032 (13)
C6	0.0262 (13)	0.0282 (14)	0.0353 (14)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0106 (10)	-0.0054 (12)
C4	0.0174 (12)	0.0350 (15)	0.0420 (15)	-0.0029 (12)	-0.0017 (11)	-0.0084 (13)
C16	0.0516 (19)	0.0298 (16)	0.0347 (15)	-0.0089 (15)	0.0054 (13)	0.0070 (13)
C9	0.0451 (19)	0.0331 (17)	0.0517 (19)	0.0011 (15)	-0.0065 (14)	0.0105 (14)
C7	0.0446 (17)	0.0420 (18)	0.0330 (15)	0.0031 (16)	0.0104 (13)	0.0049 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.239 (3)	C5—H5A	0.97
C10—N1	1.471 (3)	C5—H5B	0.97
C10—C12	1.513 (3)	C2—C6	1.540 (3)
C10—C11	1.534 (3)	C2—C3	1.544 (4)
C10—H10	0.98	C15—C16	1.384 (5)
O2—C11	1.419 (3)	C15—H15	0.93
O2—H10	0.80 (4)	C17—C16	1.368 (4)
C12—C13	1.387 (4)	C17—H17	0.93
C12—C17	1.390 (4)	C3—C4	1.508 (4)
C1—N1	1.343 (3)	C3—H3A	0.97
C1—C2	1.534 (3)	C3—H3B	0.97
N1—C5	1.471 (3)	C6—C7	1.515 (4)
C11—H11A	0.97	C6—H6A	0.97
C11—H11B	0.97	C6—H6B	0.97
C13—C14	1.383 (4)	C4—H4A	0.97
C13—H13	0.93	C4—H4B	0.97
C8—C9	1.508 (5)	C16—H16	0.93
C8—C2	1.550 (4)	C9—H9A	0.96
C8—H8A	0.97	C9—H9B	0.96
C8—H8B	0.97	C9—H9C	0.96
C14—C15	1.371 (5)	C7—H7A	0.96
C14—H14	0.93	C7—H7B	0.96
C5—C4	1.500 (4)	C7—H7C	0.96
N1—C10—C12	110.53 (18)	C1—C2—C8	107.6 (2)
N1—C10—C11	109.28 (19)	C6—C2—C8	108.0 (2)
C12—C10—C11	115.4 (2)	C3—C2—C8	110.3 (2)
N1—C10—H10	107.1	C14—C15—C16	119.2 (2)
C12—C10—H10	107.1	C14—C15—H15	120.4
C11—C10—H10	107.1	C16—C15—H15	120.4
C11—O2—H10	105 (3)	C16—C17—C12	121.1 (3)
C13—C12—C17	118.0 (2)	C16—C17—H17	119.4
C13—C12—C10	123.7 (2)	C12—C17—H17	119.4
C17—C12—C10	118.3 (2)	C4—C3—C2	113.4 (2)
O1—C1—N1	120.7 (2)	C4—C3—H3A	108.9
O1—C1—C2	119.3 (2)	C2—C3—H3A	108.9
N1—C1—C2	120.0 (2)	C4—C3—H3B	108.9
C1—N1—C10	119.4 (2)	C2—C3—H3B	108.9
C1—N1—C5	124.0 (2)	H3A—C3—H3B	107.7
C10—N1—C5	116.61 (19)	C7—C6—C2	115.2 (2)
O2—C11—C10	107.05 (19)	C7—C6—H6A	108.5
O2—C11—H11A	110.3	C2—C6—H6A	108.5
C10—C11—H11A	110.3	C7—C6—H6B	108.5
O2—C11—H11B	110.3	C2—C6—H6B	108.5
C10—C11—H11B	110.3	H6A—C6—H6B	107.5
H11A—C11—H11B	108.6	C5—C4—C3	109.3 (2)

C14—C13—C12	120.7 (3)	C5—C4—H4A	109.8
C14—C13—H13	119.6	C3—C4—H4A	109.8
C12—C13—H13	119.6	C5—C4—H4B	109.8
C9—C8—C2	116.7 (2)	C3—C4—H4B	109.8
C9—C8—H8A	108.1	H4A—C4—H4B	108.3
C2—C8—H8A	108.1	C17—C16—C15	120.4 (3)
C9—C8—H8B	108.1	C17—C16—H16	119.8
C2—C8—H8B	108.1	C15—C16—H16	119.8
H8A—C8—H8B	107.3	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C15—C14—C13	120.5 (3)	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C15—C14—H14	119.7	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C13—C14—H14	119.7	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	111.6 (2)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C5—H5A	109.3	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	109.3	C6—C7—H7A	109.5
N1—C5—H5B	109.3	C6—C7—H7B	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	109.3	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	108	C6—C7—H7C	109.5
C1—C2—C6	106.26 (19)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C1—C2—C3	114.4 (2)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C6—C2—C3	110.0 (2)		
N1—C10—C12—C13	-116.5 (3)	O1—C1—C2—C3	176.7 (2)
C11—C10—C12—C13	8.1 (3)	N1—C1—C2—C3	-4.9 (3)
N1—C10—C12—C17	65.3 (3)	O1—C1—C2—C8	53.7 (3)
C11—C10—C12—C17	-170.1 (2)	N1—C1—C2—C8	-127.9 (2)
O1—C1—N1—C10	3.5 (3)	C9—C8—C2—C1	67.1 (3)
C2—C1—N1—C10	-174.9 (2)	C9—C8—C2—C6	-178.6 (2)
O1—C1—N1—C5	-177.1 (2)	C9—C8—C2—C3	-58.4 (3)
C2—C1—N1—C5	4.5 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.3 (4)
C12—C10—N1—C1	-110.0 (2)	C13—C12—C17—C16	-0.2 (4)
C11—C10—N1—C1	121.9 (2)	C10—C12—C17—C16	178.2 (3)
C12—C10—N1—C5	70.6 (3)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-25.8 (4)
C11—C10—N1—C5	-57.5 (3)	C6—C2—C3—C4	-145.3 (3)
N1—C10—C11—O2	-167.33 (19)	C8—C2—C3—C4	95.7 (3)
C12—C10—C11—O2	67.4 (3)	C1—C2—C6—C7	-56.3 (3)
C17—C12—C13—C14	-0.3 (4)	C3—C2—C6—C7	68.0 (3)
C10—C12—C13—C14	-178.5 (2)	C8—C2—C6—C7	-171.5 (2)
C12—C13—C14—C15	1.0 (5)	N1—C5—C4—C3	-55.8 (3)
C1—N1—C5—C4	26.7 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C5	55.9 (3)
C10—N1—C5—C4	-153.9 (2)	C12—C17—C16—C15	-0.1 (5)
O1—C1—C2—C6	-61.8 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.8 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C6	116.6 (2)	C1—C5—N1—C10	179.4 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C12–C17 ring.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O2—H1O···O1 ⁱ	0.80 (4)	1.95 (4)	2.745 (3)	170 (4)
C8—H8B···O1	0.97	2.55	2.874 (3)	100
C10—H10···O1	0.98	2.23	2.707 (3)	108
C4—H4A···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.96	3.723 (3)	137

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$.