

catena-Poly[[[diaquacopper(II)]- μ -quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylato- κ^3 N,O²⁻:O³⁻] monohydrate]

Qiao-Hua Xia, Zhong-Fu Guo, Li Liu, Zhi-kun Wang and Bing Li*

College of Sciences, Zhejiang A&F University, Lin'an, Hangzhou, Zhejiang 311300, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: libingzjfc@163.com

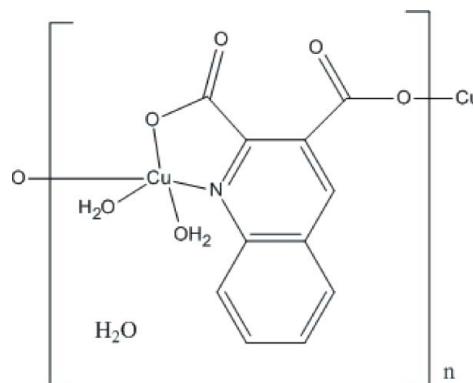
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.104; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.5.

In the title compound, $\{[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_5\text{NO}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$, the Cu^{II} ion is five-coordinated by two O atoms and one N atom of two symmetry-related quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylate ligands, and two water molecules. The water molecules occupy basal and apical positions of the square-pyramidal coordination polyhedron. Each quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylate dianion bridges two adjacent Cu^{II} ions, forming a polymeric chain along [010]. The chains are further connected via $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen-bonding interactions and quinoline ring $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid distance = 3.725 (4) \AA], generating a three-dimensional structure. Lattice water molecules participate in the crystal structure via $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For background to complexes based on quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, see: Li & Liu (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_5\text{NO}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\gamma = 116.03 (3)^\circ$
$M_r = 332.76$	$V = 607.7 (2)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 7.0284 (14)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 7.5836 (15)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.83\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.276 (3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 104.74 (3)^\circ$	$0.43 \times 0.34 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 91.19 (3)^\circ$	

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer	5813 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995)	2696 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.763$, $T_{\max} = 0.854$	2382 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.73\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.10$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.74\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2696 reflections	
199 parameters	
10 restraints	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
OW1-H1 \cdots OW3 ⁱ	0.81 (2)	2.11 (2)	2.916 (4)	177 (4)
OW1-H2 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.81 (2)	2.15 (2)	2.944 (3)	166 (5)
OW2-H3 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.87 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.962 (3)	163 (4)
OW2-H4 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89 (2)	2.29 (2)	3.174 (3)	178 (4)
OW3-H5 \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.82 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.775 (4)	170 (5)
OW3-H6 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.80 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.909 (3)	169 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iv) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BH2454).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m1395 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812043206]

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S1. Comment

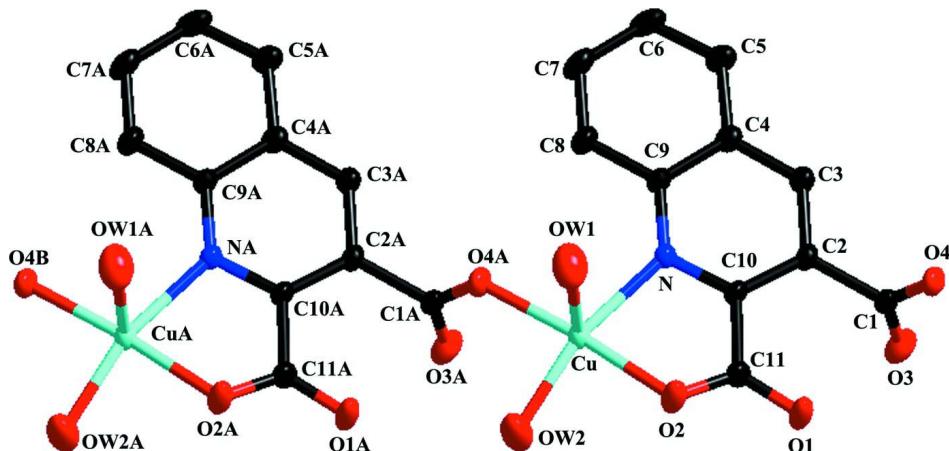
The asymmetric unit of the title complex contains one Cu^{II} ion, one quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylate dianion, two coordinated water molecules and one lattice water molecule (Fig. 1). The Cu^{II} ion is five-coordinated within a square-pyramidal [CuNO₄] coordination geometry. Five coordination arises from two O atoms and one N atom belonging to two 2,3-quinolinedicarboxylate ligands (Li & Liu, 2010), and two water molecules. The Cu—O bond lengths vary from 1.9403 (19) to 2.320 (3) Å, and the Cu—N distance is 2.096 (2) Å. Each Cu^{II} ion interacts with adjacent Cu^{II} via the bridging mode of the dianion, forming a one-dimensional framework. The resulting chains are further connected through O—H···O hydrogen bonding interactions between the O atoms of quinoline-2,3-dicarboxylate dianion, coordinated water molecules and one lattice water molecule [O···O separations in the range 2.775 (4)–3.174 (3) Å]. Additionally, π – π [3.725 (4) Å] interactions between quinoline rings are involved in the formation of the three-dimensional supramolecular structure (Fig. 2). The shortest Cu···Cu separation along the polymeric chain is 7.5836 (2) Å.

S2. Experimental

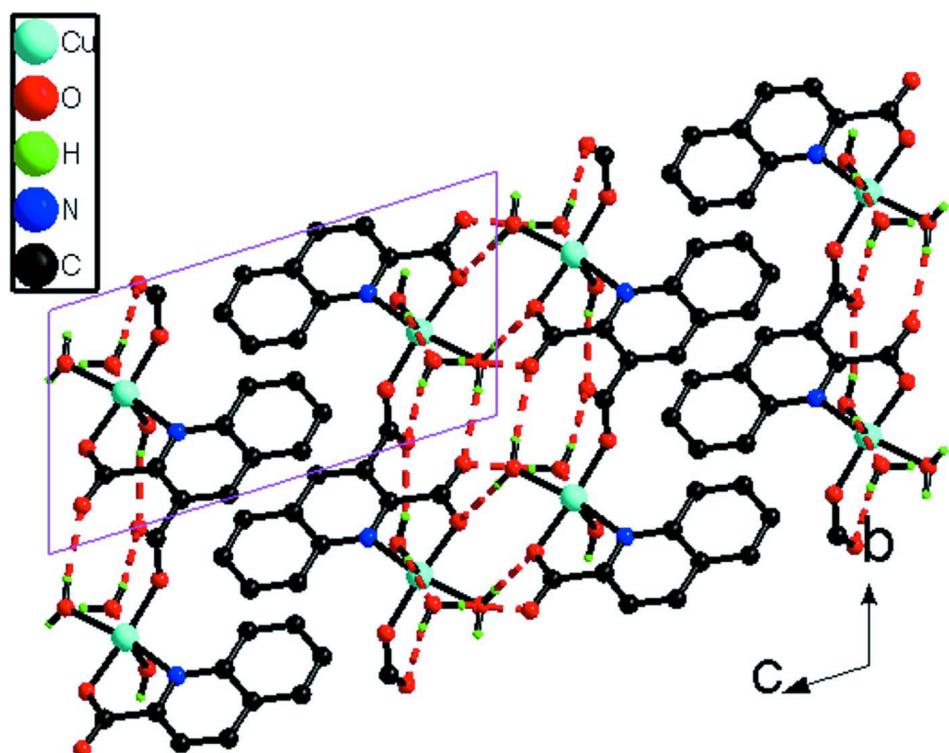
All commercially obtained reagent grade chemicals were used without further purification. A mixture of copper chloride dihydrate (0.1708 g, 1 mmol) and 2,3-quinolinedicarboxylic acid (0.2171 g, 1 mmol) was added into 20 ml of water with few drops of ammonia solution, and then stirred for 1 h. After 2 days, blue crystals of the title complex were collected by filtration, washed with distilled water, and dried in air.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms bonded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å. The H atoms of water molecules were located from a difference map and were restrained at distances O—H = 0.83 (1) Å. The separation between H atoms in the same water molecule was restrained to H···H = 1.35 (1) Å. Cu and OW2 atoms were restrained to have similar displacement parameters (*SIMU* restraint; Sheldrick, 2008). Isotropic displacement parameters for H atoms were calculated as $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier C})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier O})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title complex, with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. Symmetry codes: (A) $x, -1 + y, z$; (B) $x, -2 + y, z$.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing diagram for the title compound. All atoms are shown as isotropic spheres of arbitrary size. H atoms bonded to C atoms are omitted for clarity. The H-bonding interactions are shown as red dashed lines.

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Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_5\text{NO}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 332.76$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.0284 (14)$ Å
 $b = 7.5836 (15)$ Å
 $c = 13.276 (3)$ Å
 $\alpha = 104.74 (3)^\circ$
 $\beta = 91.19 (3)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 116.03 (3)^\circ$
 $V = 607.7 (2)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 338$

$D_x = 1.818$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 5355 reflections
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}27.5^\circ$
 $\mu = 1.83$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
Block, blue
 $0.43 \times 0.34 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.763$, $T_{\max} = 0.854$

5813 measured reflections
2696 independent reflections
2382 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.104$
 $S = 1.10$
2696 reflections
199 parameters
10 restraints
0 constraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0501P)^2 + 0.4308P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.73$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.74$ e Å⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu	0.30340 (5)	0.43833 (4)	0.17117 (2)	0.02367 (13)
O1	0.2017 (5)	0.8429 (3)	0.07483 (18)	0.0454 (6)
O2	0.3062 (4)	0.6111 (3)	0.08503 (16)	0.0323 (5)
O3	-0.0584 (3)	1.0076 (3)	0.20096 (18)	0.0351 (5)
O4	0.2863 (3)	1.2456 (3)	0.24768 (16)	0.0279 (4)
OW1	0.6719 (4)	0.5956 (4)	0.2208 (2)	0.0448 (6)
H1	0.723 (7)	0.518 (5)	0.198 (4)	0.067*
H2	0.733 (7)	0.701 (4)	0.205 (4)	0.067*
OW2	0.2962 (5)	0.2398 (4)	0.0373 (2)	0.0465 (6)
H3	0.292 (7)	0.126 (5)	0.042 (4)	0.070*
H4	0.406 (6)	0.284 (6)	0.003 (4)	0.070*
OW3	-0.1618 (5)	0.3035 (4)	0.1425 (2)	0.0516 (7)
H5	-0.185 (8)	0.265 (7)	0.0779 (15)	0.077*
H6	-0.140 (8)	0.226 (6)	0.166 (3)	0.077*
N	0.2639 (3)	0.6617 (3)	0.28625 (17)	0.0193 (4)
C1	0.1293 (4)	1.0719 (4)	0.2397 (2)	0.0229 (5)
C2	0.1836 (4)	0.9435 (4)	0.2947 (2)	0.0195 (5)

C3	0.1917 (4)	0.9836 (4)	0.4014 (2)	0.0216 (5)
H3A	0.1706	1.0930	0.4396	0.026*
C4	0.2314 (4)	0.8615 (4)	0.4539 (2)	0.0208 (5)
C5	0.2409 (4)	0.8966 (4)	0.5644 (2)	0.0259 (6)
H5A	0.2254	1.0074	0.6055	0.031*
C6	0.2726 (5)	0.7685 (5)	0.6109 (2)	0.0306 (6)
H6A	0.2771	0.7918	0.6833	0.037*
C7	0.2985 (5)	0.6019 (5)	0.5502 (2)	0.0312 (6)
H7A	0.3172	0.5143	0.5827	0.037*
C8	0.2966 (5)	0.5668 (4)	0.4442 (2)	0.0277 (6)
H8A	0.3183	0.4581	0.4056	0.033*
C9	0.2620 (4)	0.6941 (4)	0.3922 (2)	0.0200 (5)
C10	0.2271 (4)	0.7826 (4)	0.2399 (2)	0.0201 (5)
C11	0.2456 (5)	0.7447 (4)	0.1240 (2)	0.0255 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu	0.0347 (2)	0.02115 (19)	0.0221 (2)	0.01646 (16)	0.00703 (14)	0.01064 (13)
O1	0.095 (2)	0.0415 (12)	0.0239 (12)	0.0488 (14)	0.0131 (12)	0.0165 (9)
O2	0.0555 (13)	0.0351 (11)	0.0250 (11)	0.0322 (11)	0.0176 (10)	0.0170 (9)
O3	0.0349 (11)	0.0418 (12)	0.0381 (13)	0.0222 (10)	0.0005 (9)	0.0186 (10)
O4	0.0396 (11)	0.0189 (9)	0.0266 (11)	0.0122 (9)	0.0022 (8)	0.0112 (8)
OW1	0.0312 (12)	0.0355 (12)	0.0668 (19)	0.0131 (11)	0.0090 (11)	0.0173 (12)
OW2	0.0751 (18)	0.0352 (12)	0.0353 (12)	0.0300 (13)	0.0176 (12)	0.0108 (8)
OW3	0.084 (2)	0.0524 (15)	0.0269 (13)	0.0385 (15)	0.0068 (13)	0.0121 (11)
N	0.0243 (10)	0.0177 (10)	0.0182 (11)	0.0109 (9)	0.0034 (8)	0.0071 (8)
C1	0.0340 (14)	0.0258 (13)	0.0168 (13)	0.0200 (12)	0.0052 (10)	0.0071 (10)
C2	0.0198 (11)	0.0191 (11)	0.0223 (13)	0.0092 (10)	0.0029 (9)	0.0099 (9)
C3	0.0235 (12)	0.0233 (12)	0.0217 (14)	0.0138 (11)	0.0042 (10)	0.0072 (10)
C4	0.0171 (11)	0.0252 (12)	0.0224 (14)	0.0100 (10)	0.0044 (9)	0.0100 (10)
C5	0.0257 (13)	0.0348 (14)	0.0221 (14)	0.0170 (12)	0.0064 (10)	0.0103 (11)
C6	0.0302 (14)	0.0482 (17)	0.0208 (14)	0.0203 (14)	0.0078 (11)	0.0176 (12)
C7	0.0339 (15)	0.0401 (16)	0.0292 (16)	0.0198 (14)	0.0044 (12)	0.0202 (13)
C8	0.0349 (14)	0.0287 (13)	0.0258 (15)	0.0176 (13)	0.0025 (11)	0.0128 (11)
C9	0.0213 (11)	0.0208 (11)	0.0198 (13)	0.0098 (10)	0.0024 (9)	0.0089 (9)
C10	0.0249 (12)	0.0202 (11)	0.0182 (13)	0.0111 (10)	0.0026 (9)	0.0090 (9)
C11	0.0378 (15)	0.0224 (12)	0.0197 (14)	0.0154 (12)	0.0053 (11)	0.0088 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Cu—O2	1.9403 (19)	C5—C6	1.365 (4)
Cu—O4 ⁱ	1.9463 (19)	C5—H5A	0.9300
Cu—OW2	1.999 (3)	C11—C10	1.511 (4)
Cu—N	2.096 (2)	C7—C8	1.362 (4)
Cu—OW1	2.320 (3)	C7—C6	1.403 (4)
O2—C11	1.264 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300
OW2—H3	0.872 (18)	C10—C2	1.413 (4)

OW2—H4	0.888 (18)	C6—H6A	0.9300
N—C10	1.332 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300
N—C9	1.367 (3)	OW3—H5	0.820 (19)
OW1—H1	0.813 (18)	OW3—H6	0.803 (18)
OW1—H2	0.810 (18)	C2—C3	1.365 (4)
O1—C11	1.231 (3)	C2—C1	1.517 (3)
C9—C8	1.416 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9300
C9—C4	1.430 (4)	C1—O3	1.234 (4)
C4—C3	1.403 (4)	C1—O4	1.270 (3)
C4—C5	1.418 (4)	O4—Cu ⁱⁱ	1.9463 (19)
O2—Cu—O4 ⁱ	175.29 (9)	C4—C5—H5A	119.8
O2—Cu—OW2	86.24 (10)	O1—C11—O2	125.0 (3)
O4 ⁱ —Cu—OW2	89.79 (10)	O1—C11—C10	119.1 (2)
O2—Cu—N	81.69 (8)	O2—C11—C10	115.9 (2)
O4 ⁱ —Cu—N	101.87 (8)	C8—C7—C6	120.8 (3)
OW2—Cu—N	165.40 (10)	C8—C7—H7A	119.6
O2—Cu—OW1	95.74 (10)	C6—C7—H7A	119.6
O4 ⁱ —Cu—OW1	87.18 (9)	N—C10—C2	123.3 (2)
OW2—Cu—OW1	95.84 (12)	N—C10—C11	115.7 (2)
N—Cu—OW1	93.51 (10)	C2—C10—C11	120.9 (2)
C11—O2—Cu	116.02 (17)	C5—C6—C7	120.5 (3)
Cu—OW2—H3	117 (3)	C5—C6—H6A	119.7
Cu—OW2—H4	116 (3)	C7—C6—H6A	119.7
H3—OW2—H4	101 (2)	C7—C8—C9	120.8 (3)
C10—N—C9	119.2 (2)	C7—C8—H8A	119.6
C10—N—Cu	108.84 (17)	C9—C8—H8A	119.6
C9—N—Cu	131.95 (17)	H5—OW3—H6	112 (3)
Cu—OW1—H1	112 (3)	C3—C2—C10	118.0 (2)
Cu—OW1—H2	113 (3)	C3—C2—C1	119.3 (2)
H1—OW1—H2	111 (3)	C10—C2—C1	122.7 (2)
N—C9—C8	120.9 (2)	C2—C3—C4	120.7 (2)
N—C9—C4	120.7 (2)	C2—C3—H3A	119.6
C8—C9—C4	118.4 (2)	C4—C3—H3A	119.6
C3—C4—C5	122.9 (2)	O3—C1—O4	127.4 (2)
C3—C4—C9	118.0 (2)	O3—C1—C2	118.7 (2)
C5—C4—C9	119.1 (2)	O4—C1—C2	113.6 (2)
C6—C5—C4	120.3 (3)	C1—O4—Cu ⁱⁱ	127.31 (19)
C6—C5—H5A	119.8		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

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$OW3-H5\cdots O1^v$	0.82 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.775 (4)	170 (5)
$OW3-H6\cdots O3^i$	0.80 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.909 (3)	169 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $x+1, y, z$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (v) $-x, -y+1, -z$.