## Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## 6-Chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylamino)-1,3,5trimethylborazine

Mark A. Rodriguez ${ }^{\text {a* }}$ and Theodore T. Borek ${ }^{\text {b }}$

${ }^{\text {ap PO }}$ Box 5800, MS 1411, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque NM 87185-1411, USA, and ${ }^{\text {b }}$ PO Box 5800, MS 0892, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM 87185-0892, USA
Correspondence e-mail: marodri@sandia.gov

Received 15 January 2013; accepted 23 January 2013
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=193 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.040 ; w R$ factor $=0.110 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=15.8$.

The borazine ring of the title molecule, $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~B}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{5}$, shows a mild distortion from a planar to a flattened boat conformation. Steric effects due to the methyl and dimethylamine substituents appear to be the cause of this distortion.

## Related literature

The borazine ring in 2,4,6-tris(dimethylamino)-1,3,5-trimethylborazine (Rodriguez \& Borek, 2006) shows a greater distortion from planarity towards a boat conformation compared to the title compound. For the synthesis, see: Beachley \& Durkin (1974).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~B}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{5}$
$M_{r}=243.17$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=8.493(3) \AA$
$b=10.285$ (3) $\AA$
$c=15.247$ (5) $\AA$
$\beta=94.512(4)^{\circ}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.935, T_{\text {max }}=0.962$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040 \quad 152$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.110 \quad \mathrm{H}$-atom parameters constrained
$S=1.03$
2397 reflections
$V=1327.8(7) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.27 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=193 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

9381 measured reflections 2397 independent reflections 1757 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.037$

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: XSHELL (Bruker, 2000); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94 A L85000.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5576).

## References

Beachley, O. T. Jr \& Durkin, T. R. (1974). Inorg. Chem. 13, 1768-1770. Bruker (2000). XSHELL. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA. Bruker (2005). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Rodriguez, M. A. \& Borek, T. T. (2006). Acta Cryst. E62, o3341-o3343.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o309 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813002420]

## 6-Chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylamino)-1,3,5-trimethylborazine

## Mark A. Rodriguez and Theodore T. Borek

## S1. Comment

2,4-Bis(dimethylamino)-6-chloro-1,3,5-trimethylborazine (I) is a low melting point solid white material that has not been previously reported. Fig. 1 shows this molecule as an atomic displacement ellipsoid plot. All bond lengths for the dimethylamine (DMA) ligands, $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N}$ bonds, and $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bond are consistent with expected values. The heterogeneous nature of the ligands bound to the Boron atoms (one Cl and two DMA molecules) along with the steric nature of the DMA ligands with proximity to methyl groups bound to the nitrogen atoms of the borazine ring creates conditions in the molecule that drive the borazine ring away from a purely planar configuration. By defining the planar portion of the ring via the atoms $\mathrm{N} 1 / \mathrm{N} 2 / \mathrm{B} 2 / \mathrm{B} 3$ and comparing the rotation of the DMA ligands away from the plane of the ring, dihedral angles may be obtained. For the case of the DMA ligand labeled with the N4 nitrogen (B2/N4/C4/C5 plane) the dihedral angle is $39.20(7)^{\circ}$ rotated out of borazine plane; the DMA ligand labeled with the N5 nitrogen (B3/N5/C6/C7 plane) has a dihedral angle of $37.25(7)^{\circ}$, however it is rotated in the opposite direction. Fig. 2 shows an edge-on view of the molecule which better illustrates the dihedral rotation of the DMA molecules. Fig. 2 also serves to illustrate that the counter-rotations of the DMA molecules results in the C5 and C6 methyl groups being closer in proximity to the DMAbracketed C3 methyl when compared to their respective DMA methyl counterparts residing above (in terms of the molecule orientation in the figure) the borazine plane (i.e. C4 and C7). The proximity of C5 and C6 methyl groups to C3 forces the C 3 methyl to deviate, out of the plane of the borazine ring (N1/N2/B3/B2) by $16.5(1)^{\circ}(\mathrm{B} 2 / \mathrm{B} 3 / \mathrm{N} 3 / \mathrm{C} 3)$. Figure 2 also illustrates that the Cl 1 atom shifts slightly out of the borazine plane. This angular devation of the Cl 1 atom is $6.38(8)^{\circ}(\mathrm{N} 2 / \mathrm{B} 1 / \mathrm{N} 1 / \mathrm{Cl} 1)$ and the net result is a boat-type borazine configuration. The reduced severity of the Cl 1 deviation from planar is likely due to the absence of bracketing DMA molecules. Instead, Cl 1 is bracketed by methyl groups C 1 and C 2 .
Figure 3 and 4 shows the packing arrangement in (I). Figure 3 illustrates the layering of the four molecules of (I) within the unit cell. Based on the long interaction distances between the terminal chlorine and the methyl hydrogen atoms of neighboring molecules, there does not appear to be significant hydrogren bonding interactions within this structure, and packing appears to be dictated by Van der Waals interactions. Figure 4 serves to illustrate the symmetry operators of the $2_{1}$ screw-axis and c-glide plane to replicate the molecule spatially along the $b$ axis direction of the unit cell. In this figure, several molecules were removed for clarity.

## S2. Experimental

Compound (1) was obtained using a modification of the published procedure of Beachley and Durkin (1974). One equivalent of 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-trimethylborazine was reacted with 4 equivalents of anhydrous dimethylamine in anhydrous diethyl ether at room temperature. After stirring the reaction mixture overnight, the solution was filtered to remove precipitated dimethylammonium hydrochloride, and the solvent was removed using vacuum techniques. This product was then recrystallized from anhydrous hexanes, and then vacuum distilled (bp 355K at 270 mTorr ). The liquid
distillate slowly crystallized upon standing at room temperature resulting in a low melting point white solid with individual crystals displaying sufficient quality and size for single crystal structure analysis. The product purity was determined by nuclear magnetic resonance $(1 H, 11 \mathrm{~B}, 13 \mathrm{C})$ and by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry.

## S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.98 \AA$ and included in the refinement in a riding-motion approximation with $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=1.5 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$.


## Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with 50\% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.


## Figure 2

Side-view of molecule (I) to illustrate DMA rotations and boat-type borazine conform. H atoms have been removed for clarity. See text for details.


Figure 3
Packing diagram for (I) showing relative orientation of molecules in unit cell. H atoms have been removed for clarity.


Figure 4
The effect of $2_{1}$ screw-axis and c-glide plane symmetry elements which dictate molecule replication along the $b$ axis. For clarity purposes H atoms have been removed as well as extra molecules.

## 6-Chloro-2,4-bis(dimethylamino)-1,3,5-trimethylborazine

## Crystal data

## $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~B}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{5}$

$M_{r}=243.17$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=8.493(3) \AA$
$b=10.285$ (3) $\AA$
$c=15.247$ (5) $\AA$
$\beta=94.512(4)^{\circ}$
$V=1327.8(7) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

## Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator
$F(000)=520$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.216 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 200 reflections
$\theta=2.4-28.0^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.27 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=193 \mathrm{~K}$
Irregular, colorless
$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

[^0]9381 measured reflections
2397 independent reflections
1757 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.037$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.110$
$S=1.03$
2397 reflections
152 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \theta_{\max }=25.3^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.4^{\circ} \\
& h=-10 \rightarrow 10 \\
& k=-12 \rightarrow 12 \\
& l=-17 \rightarrow 18
\end{aligned}
$$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}}{ }^{*} / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B1 | $0.6753(3)$ | $0.9822(2)$ | $-0.09252(15)$ | $0.0322(5)$ |
| B2 | $0.7277(3)$ | $0.7848(2)$ | $-0.00232(15)$ | $0.0298(5)$ |
| B3 | $0.7837(3)$ | $1.0095(2)$ | $0.06221(15)$ | $0.0302(5)$ |
| C11 | $0.61969(8)$ | $1.05390(6)$ | $-0.19852(4)$ | $0.0508(2)$ |
| N1 | $0.66654(19)$ | $0.84528(15)$ | $-0.08386(10)$ | $0.0309(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.72169(19)$ | $1.06502(15)$ | $-0.02140(10)$ | $0.0308(4)$ |
| N3 | $0.79205(19)$ | $0.86955(15)$ | $0.06702(10)$ | $0.0311(4)$ |
| N4 | $0.7296(2)$ | $0.64530(16)$ | $0.00767(12)$ | $0.0386(4)$ |
| N5 | $0.8378(2)$ | $1.09064(17)$ | $0.13484(11)$ | $0.0380(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.5793(3)$ | $0.7691(2)$ | $-0.15374(14)$ | $0.0406(5)$ |
| H1A | 0.4897 | 0.8202 | -0.1793 | $0.061^{*}$ |
| H1B | 0.5406 | 0.6885 | -0.1288 | $0.061^{*}$ |
| H1C | 0.6498 | 0.7481 | -0.1997 | $0.061^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.6864(3)$ | $1.20525(19)$ | $-0.02956(15)$ | $0.0412(5)$ |
| H2A | 0.7721 | 1.2491 | -0.0573 | $0.062^{*}$ |
| H2B | 0.6767 | 1.2422 | 0.0290 | $0.062^{*}$ |
| H2C | 0.5871 | 1.2175 | -0.0658 | $0.062^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.9084(3)$ | $0.8124(2)$ | $0.13352(14)$ | $0.0427(6)$ |
| H3A | 0.9930 | 0.8753 | 0.1483 | $0.064^{*}$ |
| H3B | 0.9532 | 0.7333 | 0.1097 | $0.064^{*}$ |
| H3C | 0.8559 | 0.7907 | 0.1866 | $0.064^{*}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C4 | $0.7744(3)$ | $0.5554(2)$ | $-0.05884(17)$ | $0.0481(6)$ |
| H4A | 0.8084 | 0.6041 | -0.1093 | $0.072^{*}$ |
| H4B | 0.6837 | 0.5005 | -0.0780 | $0.072^{*}$ |
| H4C | 0.8614 | 0.5005 | -0.0344 | $0.072^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.6986(3)$ | $0.5823(2)$ | $0.08946(17)$ | $0.0541(7)$ |
| H5A | 0.7963 | 0.5433 | 0.1160 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| H5B | 0.6189 | 0.5143 | 0.0778 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| H5C | 0.6596 | 0.6466 | 0.1299 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.8211(3)$ | $1.0560(2)$ | $0.22612(14)$ | $0.0490(6)$ |
| H6A | 0.7483 | 0.9824 | 0.2285 | $0.074^{*}$ |
| H6B | 0.7791 | 1.1305 | 0.2569 | $0.074^{*}$ |
| H6C | 0.9244 | 1.0319 | 0.2545 | $0.074^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.9317(3)$ | $1.2072(2)$ | $0.12748(16)$ | $0.0509(6)$ |
| H7A | 0.9510 | 1.2215 | 0.0657 | $0.076^{*}$ |
| H7B | 1.0328 | 1.1970 | 0.1624 | $0.076^{*}$ |
| H7C | 0.8748 | 1.2819 | 0.1493 | $0.076^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B1 | $0.0316(13)$ | $0.0337(13)$ | $0.0314(12)$ | $0.0012(10)$ | $0.0023(10)$ | $0.0042(10)$ |
| B2 | $0.0303(12)$ | $0.0281(12)$ | $0.0314(12)$ | $-0.0014(10)$ | $0.0052(9)$ | $0.0012(10)$ |
| B3 | $0.0298(13)$ | $0.0308(12)$ | $0.0304(12)$ | $-0.0014(10)$ | $0.0044(10)$ | $-0.0002(10)$ |
| C11 | $0.0710(4)$ | $0.0453(3)$ | $0.0342(3)$ | $0.0001(3)$ | $-0.0081(3)$ | $0.0116(3)$ |
| N1 | $0.0351(10)$ | $0.0279(9)$ | $0.0291(9)$ | $-0.0012(7)$ | $-0.0014(7)$ | $-0.0008(7)$ |
| N2 | $0.0379(10)$ | $0.0227(8)$ | $0.0320(9)$ | $0.0005(7)$ | $0.0032(7)$ | $0.0012(7)$ |
| N3 | $0.0348(10)$ | $0.0303(9)$ | $0.0273(9)$ | $0.0019(7)$ | $-0.0022(7)$ | $0.0037(7)$ |
| N4 | $0.0491(11)$ | $0.0273(9)$ | $0.0396(10)$ | $-0.0002(8)$ | $0.0046(8)$ | $0.0046(8)$ |
| N5 | $0.0463(11)$ | $0.0351(10)$ | $0.0328(9)$ | $-0.0062(8)$ | $0.0037(8)$ | $-0.0048(8)$ |
| C1 | $0.0465(13)$ | $0.0369(12)$ | $0.0372(12)$ | $-0.0044(10)$ | $-0.0047(10)$ | $-0.0056(10)$ |
| C2 | $0.0523(14)$ | $0.0250(11)$ | $0.0468(13)$ | $0.0051(10)$ | $0.0079(11)$ | $0.0027(10)$ |
| C3 | $0.0453(13)$ | $0.0443(13)$ | $0.0370(12)$ | $0.0047(11)$ | $-0.0070(10)$ | $0.0059(10)$ |
| C4 | $0.0518(15)$ | $0.0294(12)$ | $0.0631(16)$ | $0.0010(11)$ | $0.0034(12)$ | $-0.0060(11)$ |
| C5 | $0.0604(17)$ | $0.0430(14)$ | $0.0589(16)$ | $-0.0044(12)$ | $0.0037(13)$ | $0.0200(12)$ |
| C6 | $0.0556(15)$ | $0.0590(15)$ | $0.0318(12)$ | $-0.0033(12)$ | $-0.0009(10)$ | $-0.0053(11)$ |
| C7 | $0.0521(15)$ | $0.0469(14)$ | $0.0536(15)$ | $-0.0107(12)$ | $0.0028(12)$ | $-0.0141(12)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{B} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $1.410(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~B} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.417(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 1-\mathrm{Cl} 1$ | $1.805(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 2-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $1.443(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 2-\mathrm{N} 3$ | $1.444(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 2-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.450(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 3-\mathrm{N} 5$ | $1.433(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 3-\mathrm{N} 3$ | $1.443(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{~B} 3-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $1.457(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |


| N1-C1 | 1.474 (2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| N2-C2 | 1.476 (2) |
| N3-C3 | 1.481 (3) |
| N4-C4 | 1.446 (3) |
| N4-C5 | 1.448 (3) |
| N5-C7 | 1.449 (3) |
| N5-C6 | 1.454 (3) |
| C1-H1A | 0.9800 |
| C1-H1B | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{B} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 122.81 (19) |
| N2-B1-Cl1 | 118.66 (16) |
| N1-B1-Cl1 | 118.51 (16) |
| N4-B2-N3 | 121.51 (19) |
| N4-B2-N1 | 121.18 (19) |
| N3-B2-N1 | 117.26 (18) |
| N5-B3-N3 | 122.03 (19) |
| N5-B3-N2 | 121.31 (19) |
| N3-B3-N2 | 116.64 (18) |
| $\mathrm{B} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{B} 2$ | 119.26 (17) |
| B1-N1-C1 | 119.19 (17) |
| B2-N1-C1 | 121.17 (16) |
| $\mathrm{B} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{B} 3$ | 119.74 (17) |
| $\mathrm{B} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 118.85 (17) |
| B3-N2-C2 | 120.90 (17) |
| B3-N3-B2 | 123.44 (17) |
| B3-N3-C3 | 117.28 (17) |
| B2-N3-C3 | 117.08 (17) |
| $\mathrm{B} 2-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 124.30 (18) |
| B2-N4-C5 | 122.33 (18) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 113.18 (18) |
| B3-N5-C7 | 124.53 (18) |
| B3-N5-C6 | 123.20 (18) |
| C7-N5-C6 | 111.87 (18) |
| N1-C1-H1A | 109.5 |
| N1-C1-H1B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| N1-C1-H1C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |


| C5—H5A | 0.9800 |
| :--- | :--- |
| C5—H5B | 0.9800 |
| C5—H5C | 0.9800 |
| C6-H6A | 0.9800 |
| C6-H6B | 0.9800 |
| C6-H6C | 0.9800 |
| C7-H7A | 0.9800 |
| C7-H7B | 0.9800 |
| C7-H7C | 0.9800 |


| N2-C2-H2C | 109.5 |
| :--- | ---: |
| H2A-C2-H2C | 109.5 |
| H2B-C2-H2C | 109.5 |
| N3-C3-H3A | 109.5 |
| N3-C3-H3B | 109.5 |
| H3A-C3-H3B | 109.5 |
| N3-C3-H3C | 109.5 |
| H3A-C3-H3C | 109.5 |
| H3B-C3-H3C | 109.5 |
| N4-C4-H4A | 109.5 |
| N4-C4-H4B | 109.5 |
| H4A-C4-H4B | 109.5 |

N4-C4-H4C 109.5
$\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C} \quad 109.5$
H4B-C4-H4C 109.5
N4-C5—H5A 109.5
N4-C5—H5B 109.5

H5A-C5-H5B 109.5
N4-C5—H5C 109.5
H5A-C5—H5C 109.5
H5B-C5-H5C 109.5
N5-C6-H6A 109.5
N5-C6-H6B 109.5
H6A-C6-H6B 109.5
N5-C6-H6C 109.5
H6A-C6-H6C 109.5
H6B-C6-H6C 109.5
N5-C7-H7A 109.5
N5-C7-H7B 109.5
H7A-C7-H7B 109.5
N5-C7-H7C 109.5
H7A-C7-H7C 109.5
$\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 \mathrm{C} \quad 109.5$


[^0]:    $\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans

    Absorption correction: multi-scan
    (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
    $T_{\min }=0.935, T_{\max }=0.962$

