

Diaquatetrakis(1*H*-imidazole- κ N³)-magnesium dichloride

M. Kayalvizhi,^a G. Vasuki,^{a*} Kamel Kaabi^b and Cherif Ben Nasr^b

^aDepartment of Physics, Kunthavai Naachiar Government Arts College (W) (Autonomous), Thanjavur-7, India, and ^bLaboratoire de Chimie des Matériaux, Faculté des Sciences de Bizerte, 7021 Zarzouna, Tunisia
Correspondence e-mail: vasuki.arasi@yahoo.com

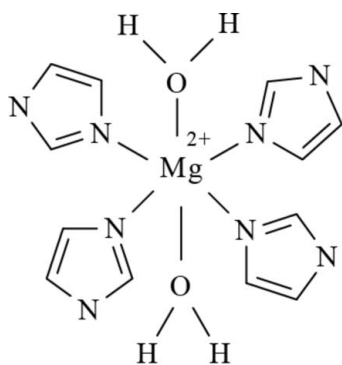
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.025; wR factor = 0.068; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

In the title compound, $[\text{Mg}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}_2)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\text{Cl}_2$, the Mg^{II} cation lies on a crystallographic inversion centre and is coordinated by two water molecules and four N-atom donors from monodentate imidazole ligands, giving a slightly distorted octahedral stereochemistry. In the crystal, water $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ and imidazole $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds give rise to a three-dimensional structure.

Related literature

For a similar structure, see: Reiss *et al.* (2011).



2Cl⁻

Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Mg}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}_2)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\text{Cl}_2$
 $M_r = 403.57$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 12.3826$ (6) Å

$b = 11.0048$ (4) Å
 $c = 14.4485$ (6) Å
 $\beta = 107.037$ (1)°
 $V = 1882.47$ (14) Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.40$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1999)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.889$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.924$

8496 measured reflections
1854 independent reflections
1695 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.068$
 $S = 1.05$
1854 reflections
132 parameters
4 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Mg1—N1	2.2281 (10)	Mg1—O1	2.0923 (9)
Mg1—N3	2.1611 (10)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1W \cdots Cl1 ⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.30 (1)	3.1361 (9)	172 (2)
O1—H2W \cdots Cl1	0.84 (1)	2.30 (1)	3.1337 (10)	176 (2)
N2—H2A \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.47 (1)	3.3165 (12)	160 (2)
N4—H4A \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.43 (1)	3.2585 (13)	155 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $x, -y+1, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x+\frac{1}{2}, -y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+1$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2271).

References

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Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m481 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813021478]

Diaquatetrakis(1*H*-imidazole- κ N³)magnesium dichloride

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S1. Comment

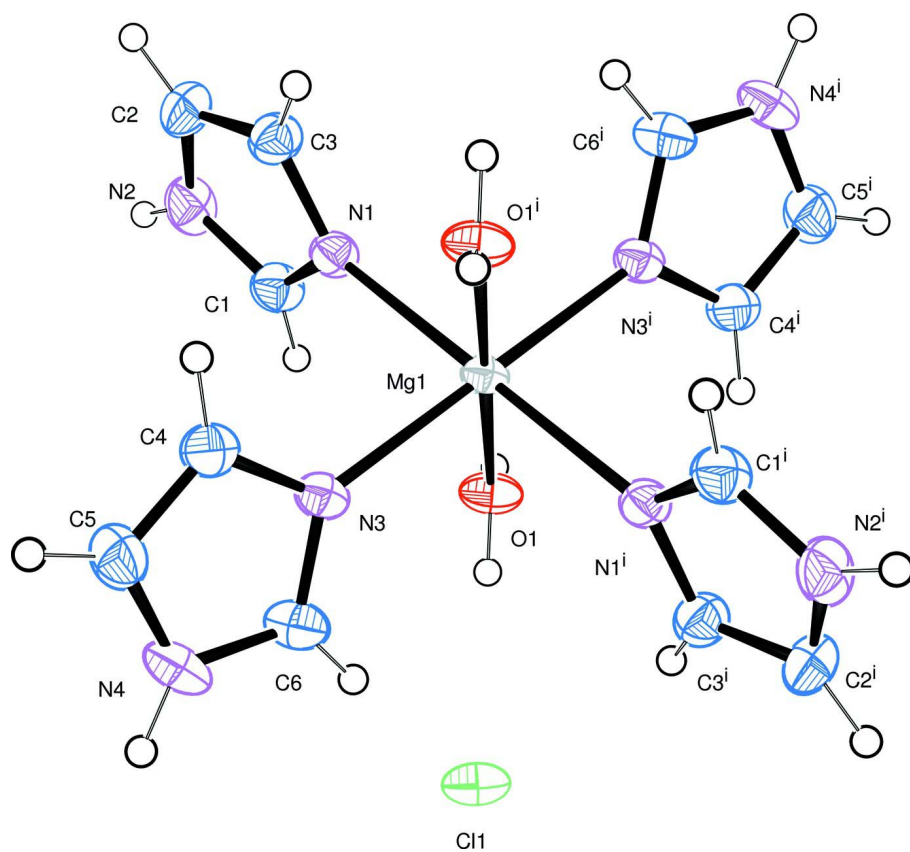
In the title compound, $[\text{Mg}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}_2)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot 2\text{Cl}$, the Mg^{II} cation lies on a crystallographic inversion centre and is coordinated by two water molecules and four *N*-atom donors from monodentate imidazole ligands, (Fig. 1), giving a slightly distorted octahedral geometry (Table 1). In the crystal, O—H \cdots Cl and N—H \cdots Cl hydrogen bonds between both the aqua ligands and the imidazole ligands and the chloride counter-anions (Table 2) generate a three-dimensional structure (Fig. 2). These water–chloride hydrogen-bonding interactions are in the typical range as observed in the redetermined structure of diaquatetrakis(dimethylformamide- κ O)magnesium dichloride (Reiss *et al.*, 2011).

S2. Experimental

A solution of MgCl_2 (0.2 mmol) in water (6 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of imidazole (0.8 mmol) in ethanol. After stirring for 30 min, the mixture was filtered. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by evaporating the filtrate at room temperature (yield 56%).

S3. Refinement

Carbon-bound H atoms were placed at calculated positions and treated as riding on the parent atom, with, C—H = 0.93 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The O-bound and N-bound H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing atom numbering, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level. For symmetry code (i): $-x + 1/2, -y + 3/2, -z + 1$.

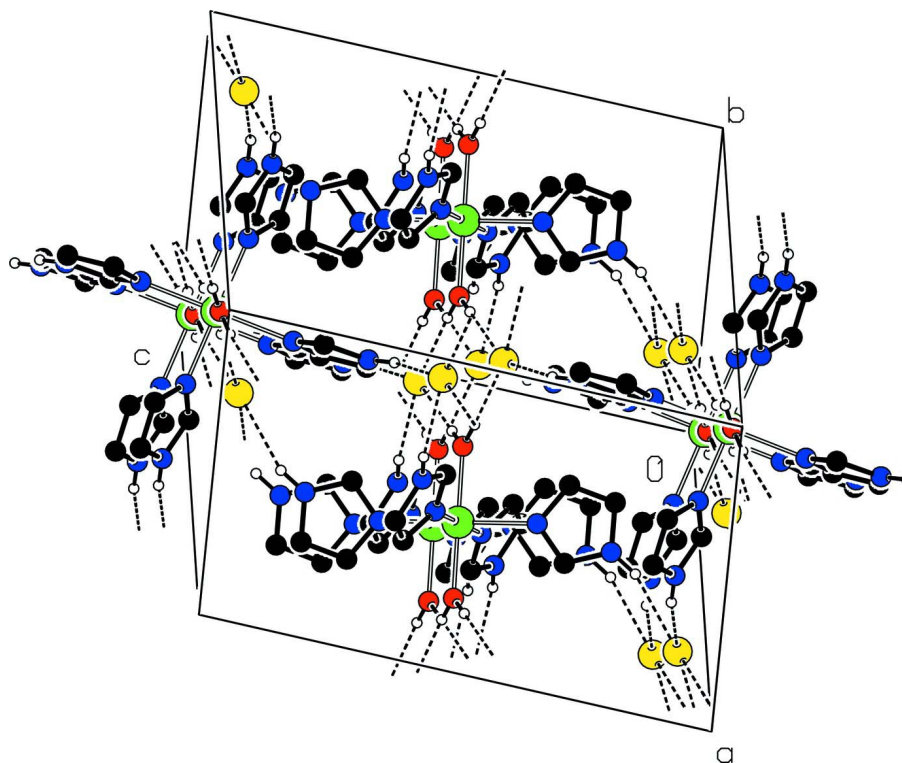


Figure 2

Crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *c* axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

Diaquatetrakis(1*H*-imidazole- κ N³)magnesium dichloride

Crystal data

[Mg(C₃H₄N₂)₄(H₂O)₂]Cl₂

M_r = 403.57

Monoclinic, *C*2/*c*

Hall symbol: -*C* 2yc

a = 12.3826 (6) Å

b = 11.0048 (4) Å

c = 14.4485 (6) Å

β = 107.037 (1)°

V = 1882.47 (14) Å³

Z = 4

F(000) = 840

D_x = 1.424 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 8496 reflections

θ = 2.1–26.0°

μ = 0.40 mm⁻¹

T = 296 K

Block, colourless

0.30 × 0.25 × 0.20 mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω and ϕ scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 1999)

T_{min} = 0.889, *T_{max}* = 0.924

8496 measured reflections

1854 independent reflections

1695 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

R_{int} = 0.026

θ_{\max} = 26.0°, θ_{\min} = 2.5°

h = -15→14

k = -13→13

l = -17→16

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$ $wR(F^2) = 0.068$ $S = 1.05$

1854 reflections

132 parameters

4 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0327P)^2 + 1.0653P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0093 (6)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.29321 (12)	0.73665 (13)	0.29376 (10)	0.0376 (3)
H1	0.3423	0.6718	0.3154	0.045*
C2	0.19291 (13)	0.87405 (14)	0.19885 (10)	0.0440 (4)
H2	0.1594	0.9221	0.1451	0.053*
C3	0.17954 (11)	0.88354 (12)	0.28794 (9)	0.0366 (3)
H3	0.1340	0.9406	0.3059	0.044*
C4	0.01955 (12)	0.63009 (13)	0.37687 (10)	0.0393 (3)
H4	-0.0098	0.7052	0.3525	0.047*
C5	-0.03394 (12)	0.52348 (14)	0.35343 (11)	0.0462 (4)
H5	-0.1058	0.5111	0.3112	0.055*
C6	0.13086 (11)	0.49423 (12)	0.45568 (11)	0.0385 (3)
H6	0.1931	0.4549	0.4967	0.046*
N1	0.24289 (8)	0.79672 (9)	0.34828 (7)	0.0298 (2)
N2	0.26524 (11)	0.78024 (12)	0.20364 (8)	0.0434 (3)
N3	0.12407 (9)	0.61208 (9)	0.44212 (7)	0.0298 (2)
N4	0.03796 (11)	0.43755 (11)	0.40368 (10)	0.0429 (3)
O1	0.37963 (8)	0.62540 (8)	0.50646 (7)	0.0355 (2)
Mg1	0.2500	0.7500	0.5000	0.02385 (15)
C11	0.41012 (3)	0.35283 (3)	0.57173 (3)	0.04135 (14)
H1W	0.4370 (11)	0.6384 (16)	0.4884 (12)	0.057 (5)*
H2A	0.2880 (16)	0.7492 (16)	0.1556 (10)	0.069 (6)*
H2W	0.3849 (15)	0.5529 (10)	0.5253 (12)	0.056 (5)*
H4A	0.0289 (15)	0.3576 (9)	0.4011 (13)	0.058 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0447 (7)	0.0340 (7)	0.0385 (7)	0.0014 (6)	0.0188 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
C2	0.0528 (8)	0.0486 (9)	0.0284 (7)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0084 (6)	0.0050 (6)
C3	0.0413 (7)	0.0359 (7)	0.0336 (7)	0.0034 (6)	0.0125 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C4	0.0389 (7)	0.0341 (7)	0.0413 (8)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0062 (6)	0.0048 (6)
C5	0.0416 (7)	0.0472 (9)	0.0460 (8)	-0.0129 (7)	0.0071 (6)	-0.0033 (7)
C6	0.0357 (7)	0.0278 (7)	0.0535 (8)	0.0005 (5)	0.0157 (6)	0.0041 (6)
N1	0.0356 (5)	0.0277 (5)	0.0288 (5)	-0.0026 (4)	0.0138 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
N2	0.0558 (7)	0.0484 (7)	0.0325 (6)	-0.0074 (6)	0.0233 (5)	-0.0088 (5)
N3	0.0326 (5)	0.0251 (5)	0.0337 (6)	-0.0023 (4)	0.0130 (4)	0.0007 (4)
N4	0.0485 (7)	0.0261 (6)	0.0594 (8)	-0.0110 (5)	0.0244 (6)	-0.0065 (5)
O1	0.0360 (5)	0.0257 (5)	0.0523 (6)	0.0056 (4)	0.0248 (4)	0.0073 (4)
Mg1	0.0275 (3)	0.0196 (3)	0.0275 (3)	-0.0003 (2)	0.0126 (2)	0.0008 (2)
Cl1	0.0432 (2)	0.0314 (2)	0.0584 (2)	0.00885 (13)	0.02879 (17)	0.01331 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N1	1.3166 (16)	C6—N3	1.3107 (17)
C1—N2	1.3347 (18)	C6—N4	1.3306 (19)
C1—H1	0.9300	C6—H6	0.9300
C2—C3	1.3491 (19)	Mg1—N1	2.2281 (10)
C2—N2	1.355 (2)	N2—H2A	0.890 (9)
C2—H2	0.9300	Mg1—N3	2.1611 (10)
C3—N1	1.3738 (17)	N4—H4A	0.887 (9)
C3—H3	0.9300	Mg1—O1	2.0923 (9)
C4—C5	1.341 (2)	O1—H1W	0.838 (9)
C4—N3	1.3741 (17)	O1—H2W	0.839 (9)
C4—H4	0.9300	Mg1—O1 ⁱ	2.0923 (9)
C5—N4	1.355 (2)	Mg1—N3 ⁱ	2.1612 (10)
C5—H5	0.9300	Mg1—N1 ⁱ	2.2281 (10)
N1—C1—N2	111.72 (13)	C6—N3—C4	104.57 (11)
N1—C1—H1	124.1	C6—N3—Mg1	129.03 (9)
N2—C1—H1	124.1	C4—N3—Mg1	126.30 (9)
C3—C2—N2	105.92 (12)	C6—N4—C5	107.41 (12)
C3—C2—H2	127.0	C6—N4—H4A	124.5 (12)
N2—C2—H2	127.0	C5—N4—H4A	128.0 (12)
C2—C3—N1	110.17 (12)	Mg1—O1—H1W	125.7 (12)
C2—C3—H3	124.9	Mg1—O1—H2W	128.6 (12)
N1—C3—H3	124.9	H1W—O1—H2W	105.6 (17)
C5—C4—N3	110.08 (13)	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—O1	179.999 (1)
C5—C4—H4	125.0	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—N3	89.19 (4)
N3—C4—H4	125.0	O1—Mg1—N3	90.81 (4)
C4—C5—N4	106.08 (12)	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—N3 ⁱ	90.81 (4)
C4—C5—H5	127.0	O1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	89.19 (4)
N4—C5—H5	127.0	N3—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	180.0

N3—C6—N4	111.86 (13)	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—N1 ⁱ	90.22 (4)
N3—C6—H6	124.1	O1—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	89.78 (4)
N4—C6—H6	124.1	N3—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	91.99 (4)
C1—N1—C3	104.59 (11)	N3 ⁱ —Mg1—N1 ⁱ	88.01 (4)
C1—N1—Mg1	125.70 (9)	O1 ⁱ —Mg1—N1	89.78 (4)
C3—N1—Mg1	129.45 (8)	O1—Mg1—N1	90.22 (4)
C1—N2—C2	107.60 (12)	N3—Mg1—N1	88.01 (4)
C1—N2—H2A	124.8 (12)	N3 ⁱ —Mg1—N1	91.99 (4)
C2—N2—H2A	127.5 (12)	N1 ⁱ —Mg1—N1	180.0
N2—C2—C3—N1	0.07 (16)	C4—N3—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	33.40 (11)
N3—C4—C5—N4	-0.57 (17)	C6—N3—Mg1—O1	29.08 (12)
N2—C1—N1—C3	-0.09 (15)	C4—N3—Mg1—O1	-146.60 (11)
N2—C1—N1—Mg1	174.52 (9)	C6—N3—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	-60.73 (12)
C2—C3—N1—C1	0.01 (15)	C4—N3—Mg1—N1 ⁱ	123.59 (11)
C2—C3—N1—Mg1	-174.32 (9)	C6—N3—Mg1—N1	119.27 (12)
N1—C1—N2—C2	0.13 (17)	C4—N3—Mg1—N1	-56.41 (11)
C3—C2—N2—C1	-0.12 (16)	C1—N1—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	-168.58 (11)
N4—C6—N3—C4	-0.12 (16)	C3—N1—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	4.66 (11)
N4—C6—N3—Mg1	-176.52 (9)	C1—N1—Mg1—O1	11.42 (11)
C5—C4—N3—C6	0.43 (16)	C3—N1—Mg1—O1	-175.34 (11)
C5—C4—N3—Mg1	176.96 (10)	C1—N1—Mg1—N3	-79.38 (11)
N3—C6—N4—C5	-0.23 (17)	C3—N1—Mg1—N3	93.85 (11)
C4—C5—N4—C6	0.48 (17)	C1—N1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	100.62 (11)
C6—N3—Mg1—O1 ⁱ	-150.92 (12)	C3—N1—Mg1—N3 ⁱ	-86.14 (11)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1—H1 <i>W</i> ...C11 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.30 (1)	3.1361 (9)	172 (2)
O1—H2 <i>W</i> ...C11	0.84 (1)	2.30 (1)	3.1337 (10)	176 (2)
N2—H2 <i>A</i> ...C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.47 (1)	3.3165 (12)	160 (2)
N4—H4 <i>A</i> ...C11 ^{iv}	0.89 (1)	2.43 (1)	3.2585 (13)	155 (2)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$.