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2-(3,4-Difluorophenyl)-1H-benzimidazole

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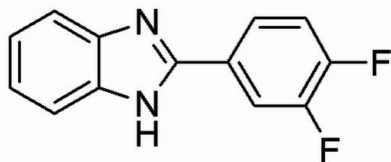
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å;
 R factor = 0.059; wR factor = 0.156; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_8\text{F}_2\text{N}_2$, the dihedral angle between the benzimidazole ring system and the difluoro-substituted benzene ring is $30.0(1)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds, forming chains along [010]. In addition, weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ hydrogen bonds connect chains into a two-dimensional network parallel to (001). A weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interaction is observed between an H atom of the benzimidazole ring system and the π system of the difluoro-substituted benzene ring.

Related literature

For the therapeutic and medicinal properties of benzimidazole derivatives, see: Chimirri *et al.* (1991); Ishihara *et al.* (1994); Kubo *et al.* (1993). For related structures, see: Rashid *et al.* (2007); Jayamoorthy *et al.* (2012); Yoon *et al.* (2012); Fathima *et al.* (2013).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_8\text{F}_2\text{N}_2$	$V = 2028.2(7)$ Å ³
$M_r = 230.21$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.7195(17)$ Å	$\mu = 0.12$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 9.9454(19)$ Å	$T = 100$ K
$c = 23.389(4)$ Å	$0.18 \times 0.16 \times 0.16$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD detector diffractometer	13072 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1998)	2209 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.982$, $T_{\max} = 0.984$	1558 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.067$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$	154 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.156$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.01$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.47$ e Å ⁻³
2209 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 C_g is the centroid of the ring C9–C13 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N2}^{\text{i}}$	0.88	2.04	2.874 (3)	158
$\text{C13}-\text{H13}\cdots\text{F2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.51	3.379 (3)	153
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{Cg}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.89	3.529 (3)	125

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$; (iii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *CAMERON* (Watkin *et al.*, 1996); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5659).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1689 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813028559]

2-(3,4-Difluorophenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole

M. S. Krishnamurthy, Nikhath Fathima, H. Nagarajaiah and Noor Shahina Begum

S1. Comment

Benzimidazole is a bicyclic heterocycle system consisting of two nitrogen atoms and fused phenyl ring. It shows wide variety of pharmacological activities such as antihypertensive (Kubo *et al.*, 1993), anti-HIV (Chimirri *et al.*, 1991), antiulcer (Ishihara *et al.*, 1994). The bond lengths and bond angles of the benzimidazole moiety in the title compound are in good agreement with those observed in other benzimidazole derivatives (Jayamoorthy *et al.*, 2012; Yoon *et al.*, 2012).

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The dihedral angle between the benzimidazole ring system and difluoro-substituted benzene ring is 30.0 (1)°. This value is slightly larger than for the benzene ring with a trifluoromethoxy substituent at the *para* position (Fathima *et al.*, 2013), and slightly smaller for a ring with a fluorine atom at the *para* position (Rashid *et al.*, 2007). In the crystal, molecules are linked by intermolecular N1—H1[⋯]N2ⁱ and C9—H9[⋯]F2ⁱⁱ hydrogen bonds (see Table 1 for symmetry codes). The former interaction forms extended chains parallel to the *b*-axis and the latter results in one-dimensional chains along the *a*-axis (Fig. 2). Overall a two-dimensional network parallel to (001) is formed. In addition, a weak C—H[⋯] π interaction of the type C3—H3A[⋯]Cg (Cg being the centroid of the ring C9—C13 ring) is observed (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by refluxing 3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (20 mmol, 0.28 g) and *o*-phenyldiamine (20 mmol, 0.22 g) in benzene (3.0 ml) for 6hrs on a water bath. The reaction mixture was cooled. The solid separated, was filtered and dried (Yield; 0.34 g (75%) and M.P. 533 K). Yellow crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound in ethyl acetate.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined in a riding-model approximation with C—H = 0.93 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N/C})$.

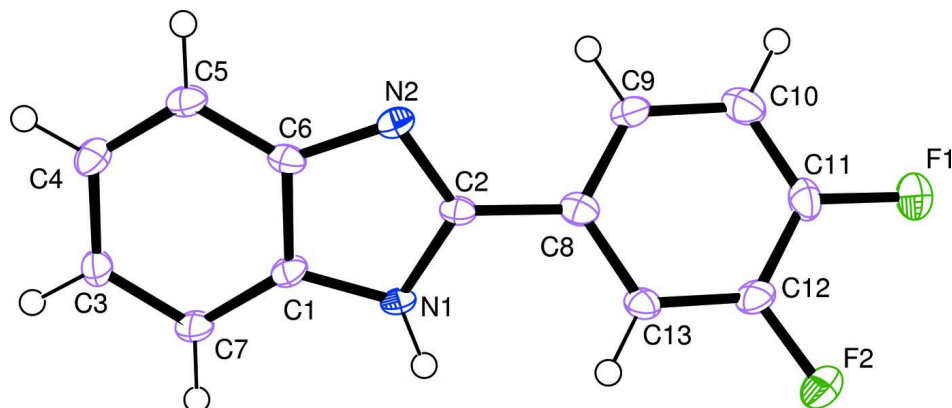


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

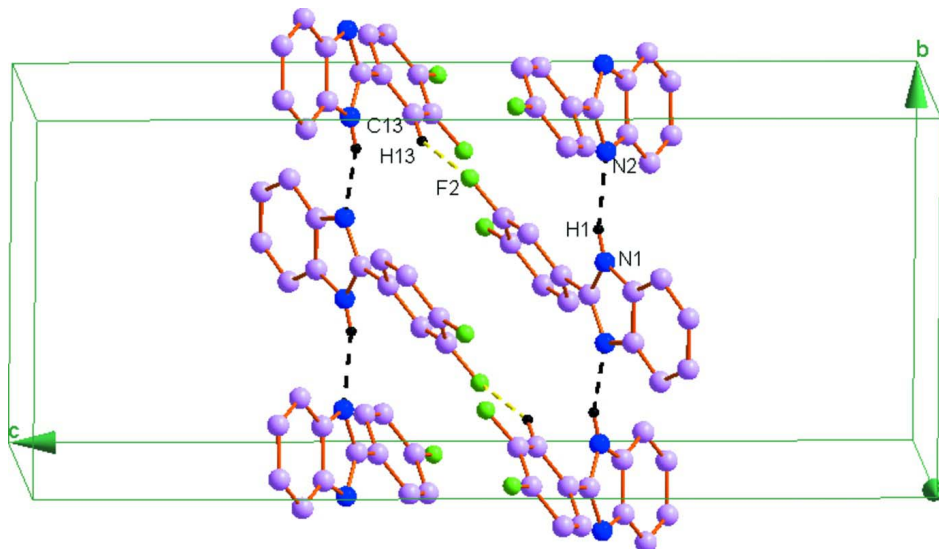


Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure showing intermolecular hydrogen bonds with dashed lines. H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds have been excluded. The atoms N2 and F2 are related by the symmetry operators $(-x+3/2, y+1/2, z)$ and $(x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1)$ respectively.

2-(3,4-Difluorophenyl)-1H-benzimidazole

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_8F_2N_2$

$M_r = 230.21$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ac\ 2ab$

$a = 8.7195\ (17)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 9.9454\ (19)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 23.389\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$V = 2028.2\ (7)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 944$

$D_x = 1.508\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2209 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.12\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100\ \text{K}$

Block, yellow

$0.18 \times 0.16 \times 0.16\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.982$, $T_{\max} = 0.984$

13072 measured reflections
 2209 independent reflections
 1558 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.067$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$
 $h = -11 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 29$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 1.01$
 2209 reflections
 154 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0725P)^2 + 2.7172P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.47 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.14852 (18)	0.58743 (18)	0.48006 (8)	0.0366 (5)
F2	0.38138 (19)	0.75233 (17)	0.50344 (7)	0.0341 (5)
N1	0.8188 (2)	0.5958 (2)	0.36510 (9)	0.0174 (5)
H1	0.8081	0.6819	0.3727	0.021*
N2	0.7666 (2)	0.3748 (2)	0.36264 (9)	0.0182 (5)
C1	0.9394 (3)	0.5363 (2)	0.33662 (11)	0.0177 (5)
C2	0.7191 (3)	0.4952 (2)	0.37920 (10)	0.0160 (5)
C3	1.1638 (3)	0.4987 (3)	0.28151 (11)	0.0211 (6)
H3A	1.2526	0.5311	0.2624	0.025*
C4	1.1307 (3)	0.3607 (3)	0.28051 (11)	0.0219 (6)
H4	1.1975	0.3017	0.2605	0.026*
C5	1.0038 (3)	0.3082 (3)	0.30778 (11)	0.0204 (6)
H5	0.9838	0.2143	0.3076	0.025*
C6	0.9064 (3)	0.3973 (2)	0.33543 (11)	0.0175 (5)
C7	1.0692 (3)	0.5888 (3)	0.30993 (11)	0.0212 (6)
H7	1.0918	0.6822	0.3111	0.025*

C8	0.5694 (3)	0.5218 (2)	0.40631 (11)	0.0185 (5)
C9	0.4478 (3)	0.4362 (3)	0.39494 (12)	0.0228 (6)
H9	0.4632	0.3615	0.3703	0.027*
C10	0.3033 (3)	0.4573 (3)	0.41895 (13)	0.0268 (6)
H10	0.2201	0.3988	0.4106	0.032*
C11	0.2849 (3)	0.5654 (3)	0.45506 (12)	0.0233 (6)
C12	0.4062 (3)	0.6501 (3)	0.46667 (12)	0.0216 (6)
C13	0.5477 (3)	0.6304 (2)	0.44261 (11)	0.0188 (5)
H13	0.6298	0.6902	0.4507	0.023*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0223 (9)	0.0372 (10)	0.0504 (11)	-0.0001 (7)	0.0114 (8)	-0.0089 (8)
F2	0.0312 (9)	0.0280 (9)	0.0430 (10)	0.0038 (8)	0.0066 (8)	-0.0127 (8)
N1	0.0202 (11)	0.0083 (9)	0.0236 (11)	0.0000 (8)	0.0013 (9)	-0.0010 (8)
N2	0.0216 (11)	0.0125 (10)	0.0204 (11)	0.0017 (9)	-0.0007 (9)	-0.0011 (8)
C1	0.0205 (13)	0.0122 (11)	0.0204 (13)	0.0040 (10)	-0.0022 (10)	0.0001 (10)
C2	0.0184 (12)	0.0117 (11)	0.0178 (12)	-0.0012 (10)	-0.0026 (10)	0.0017 (9)
C3	0.0179 (12)	0.0194 (13)	0.0261 (14)	0.0004 (11)	0.0063 (11)	0.0005 (11)
C4	0.0233 (13)	0.0178 (13)	0.0247 (14)	0.0055 (11)	0.0006 (11)	0.0001 (11)
C5	0.0245 (13)	0.0128 (12)	0.0240 (13)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0030 (11)	0.0002 (10)
C6	0.0185 (12)	0.0134 (12)	0.0205 (13)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0031 (10)	0.0023 (10)
C7	0.0252 (14)	0.0113 (12)	0.0270 (14)	-0.0007 (10)	0.0031 (11)	0.0012 (10)
C8	0.0206 (13)	0.0146 (12)	0.0202 (13)	-0.0004 (10)	-0.0031 (10)	0.0047 (10)
C9	0.0278 (14)	0.0150 (12)	0.0257 (14)	-0.0007 (11)	0.0017 (11)	-0.0045 (11)
C10	0.0221 (14)	0.0246 (14)	0.0337 (15)	-0.0055 (12)	-0.0037 (12)	0.0003 (12)
C11	0.0164 (13)	0.0255 (14)	0.0281 (14)	0.0026 (11)	0.0041 (11)	0.0033 (11)
C12	0.0233 (13)	0.0134 (12)	0.0280 (15)	0.0041 (10)	-0.0010 (11)	-0.0011 (10)
C13	0.0183 (13)	0.0125 (12)	0.0257 (14)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0022 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C11	1.344 (3)	C4—H4	0.9500
F2—C12	1.349 (3)	C5—C6	1.388 (4)
N1—C2	1.366 (3)	C5—H5	0.9500
N1—C1	1.378 (3)	C7—H7	0.9500
N1—H1	0.8800	C8—C9	1.386 (4)
N2—C2	1.326 (3)	C8—C13	1.386 (4)
N2—C6	1.393 (3)	C9—C10	1.396 (4)
C1—C7	1.394 (4)	C9—H9	0.9500
C1—C6	1.412 (3)	C10—C11	1.376 (4)
C2—C8	1.474 (4)	C10—H10	0.9500
C3—C7	1.388 (4)	C11—C12	1.379 (4)
C3—C4	1.403 (4)	C12—C13	1.371 (4)
C3—H3A	0.9500	C13—H13	0.9500
C4—C5	1.380 (4)		

C2—N1—C1	106.7 (2)	C3—C7—C1	117.1 (2)
C2—N1—H1	126.6	C3—C7—H7	121.5
C1—N1—H1	126.6	C1—C7—H7	121.5
C2—N2—C6	105.2 (2)	C9—C8—C13	119.5 (2)
N1—C1—C7	132.4 (2)	C9—C8—C2	118.9 (2)
N1—C1—C6	105.9 (2)	C13—C8—C2	121.6 (2)
C7—C1—C6	121.6 (2)	C8—C9—C10	121.4 (2)
N2—C2—N1	113.1 (2)	C8—C9—H9	119.3
N2—C2—C8	124.4 (2)	C10—C9—H9	119.3
N1—C2—C8	122.4 (2)	C11—C10—C9	118.0 (2)
C7—C3—C4	121.2 (2)	C11—C10—H10	121.0
C7—C3—H3A	119.4	C9—C10—H10	121.0
C4—C3—H3A	119.4	F1—C11—C10	119.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	121.8 (2)	F1—C11—C12	119.5 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.1	C10—C11—C12	120.6 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.1	F2—C12—C13	120.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6	117.7 (2)	F2—C12—C11	117.6 (2)
C4—C5—H5	121.1	C13—C12—C11	121.4 (2)
C6—C5—H5	121.1	C12—C13—C8	119.1 (2)
C5—C6—N2	130.2 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.5
C5—C6—C1	120.6 (2)	C8—C13—H13	120.5
N2—C6—C1	109.1 (2)		
C2—N1—C1—C7	176.2 (3)	C6—C1—C7—C3	0.7 (4)
C2—N1—C1—C6	-0.7 (3)	N2—C2—C8—C9	-26.6 (4)
C6—N2—C2—N1	-0.5 (3)	N1—C2—C8—C9	148.7 (2)
C6—N2—C2—C8	175.3 (2)	N2—C2—C8—C13	153.6 (2)
C1—N1—C2—N2	0.7 (3)	N1—C2—C8—C13	-31.1 (4)
C1—N1—C2—C8	-175.1 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	0.5 (4)
C7—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (4)	C2—C8—C9—C10	-179.4 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.6 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.8 (4)
C4—C5—C6—N2	175.1 (2)	C9—C10—C11—F1	-178.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.6 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.4 (4)
C2—N2—C6—C5	-177.0 (3)	F1—C11—C12—F2	0.3 (4)
C2—N2—C6—C1	0.0 (3)	C10—C11—C12—F2	-178.5 (2)
N1—C1—C6—C5	177.8 (2)	F1—C11—C12—C13	179.2 (2)
C7—C1—C6—C5	0.5 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.4 (4)
N1—C1—C6—N2	0.4 (3)	F2—C12—C13—C8	178.2 (2)
C7—C1—C6—N2	-176.8 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.7 (4)
C4—C3—C7—C1	-0.8 (4)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.3 (4)
N1—C1—C7—C3	-175.7 (3)	C2—C8—C13—C12	-179.9 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cg is the centroid of the ring C9—C13 ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 \cdots N2 ⁱ	0.88	2.04	2.874 (3)	158

C13—H13...F2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.51	3.379 (3)	153
C3—H3A...Cg ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.89	3.529 (3)	125

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, z$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$; (iii) $x+1/2, y, -z+1/2$.