

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

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Ethyl (2*E*)-2-cyano-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-acrylateP. A. Suchetan,<sup>a</sup> B. S. Palakshamurthy,<sup>b</sup> N. R. Mohan,<sup>c</sup> S. Madan Kumar,<sup>d</sup> N. K. Lokanath<sup>d</sup> and S. Sreenivasa<sup>c\*</sup>

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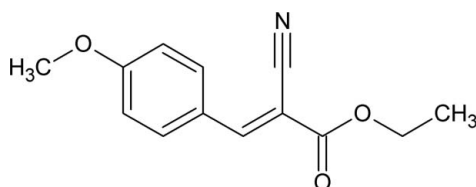
Received 27 September 2013; accepted 30 September 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.067;  $wR$  factor = 0.201; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.4.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3$ , the conformation across the  $\text{C}=\text{C}$  bond is synperiplanar, the torsion angle of the segment  $\text{C}(\text{ring})-\text{C}=\text{C}-\text{C}(\text{N})$  being  $3.2$  (5)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked into inversion dimers, arranged in a zigzag pattern, through two  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions generating  $R_2^2(10)$  and  $R_2^2(14)$  motifs. These dimers are arranged in a zigzag pattern in the crystal structure. The molecules are further linked along the  $c$  axis through weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions, and weak  $\pi\cdots\pi$  interactions [centroid-centroid separation =  $3.9986$  (17) Å] are also observed.

## Related literature

For use of the title compound in the synthesis of prop-2-enoylamides, see: Santos *et al.* (2004). For use of the title compound in the synthesis of prop-2-enoates, see: Sousa *et al.* (2006). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3$   
 $M_r = 231.24$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 8.4889$  (12) Å  
 $b = 8.3552$  (16) Å  
 $c = 17.143$  (3) Å  
 $\beta = 91.294$  (11)°  
 $V = 1215.6$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.74$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.40 \times 0.33 \times 0.27$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 4798 measured reflections  
 1937 independent reflections  
 1354 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.069$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.201$   
 $S = 1.02$   
 1937 reflections  
 156 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg is the centroid of the C1–C6 benzene ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.54	3.414 (3)	157
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.59	3.475 (3)	159
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{Cg}^{\text{ii}}$	0.97	2.90	3.803 (3)	156

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: APEX2 and SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT-Plus and XPREP; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors acknowledge the IOE X-ray diffractometer Facility, University of Mysore, Mysore, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5355).

## References

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2013). E69, o1610 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813026871]

**Ethyl (2E)-2-cyano-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acrylate**

**P. A. Suchetan, B. S. Palakshamurthy, N. R. Mohan, S. Madan Kumar, N. K. Lokanath and S. Sreenivasa**

**S1. Comment**

Ethyl (2E)-2-cyano-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acrylate is an important starting material for the synthesis of biologically and pharmacologically important 2-propenoylamides (Santos *et al.*, 2004) and 2-propenoates (Sousa *et al.*, 2006). Keeping this in mind, the title compound was synthesized.

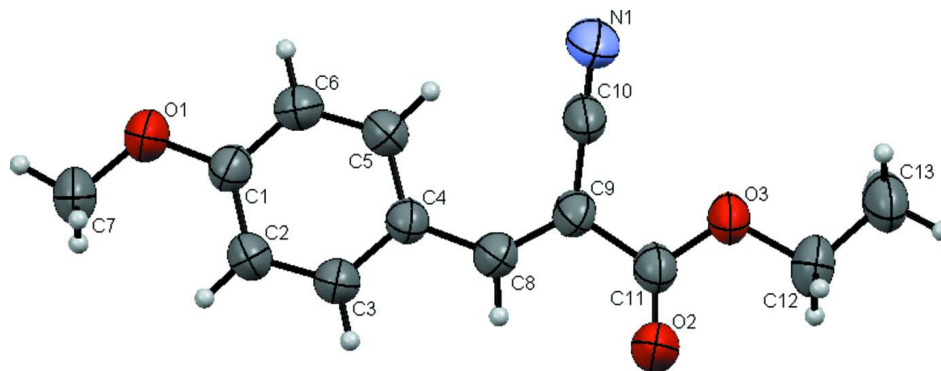
In the title compound, C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>, the conformation across the C=C bond is *syn*-periplanar (Fig.1), the C4—C8—C9—C10 torsion angle being 3.2 (5)°. The molecules are linked into inversion dimers (Fig.2) through C3—H3⋯O2 and C8—H8⋯O2 interactions, generating *R*<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>(10) and *R*<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>(14) ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). These dimers are arranged in a zigzag pattern in the crystal structure (Fig.3). The molecules are further linked along the *c* axis through weak C12—H12A⋯Cg interactions (Fig.4), and weak Cg⋯Cg interactions (centroid⋯centroid separation = 3.9986 (17) Å) are also observed (Fig.5).

**S2. Experimental**

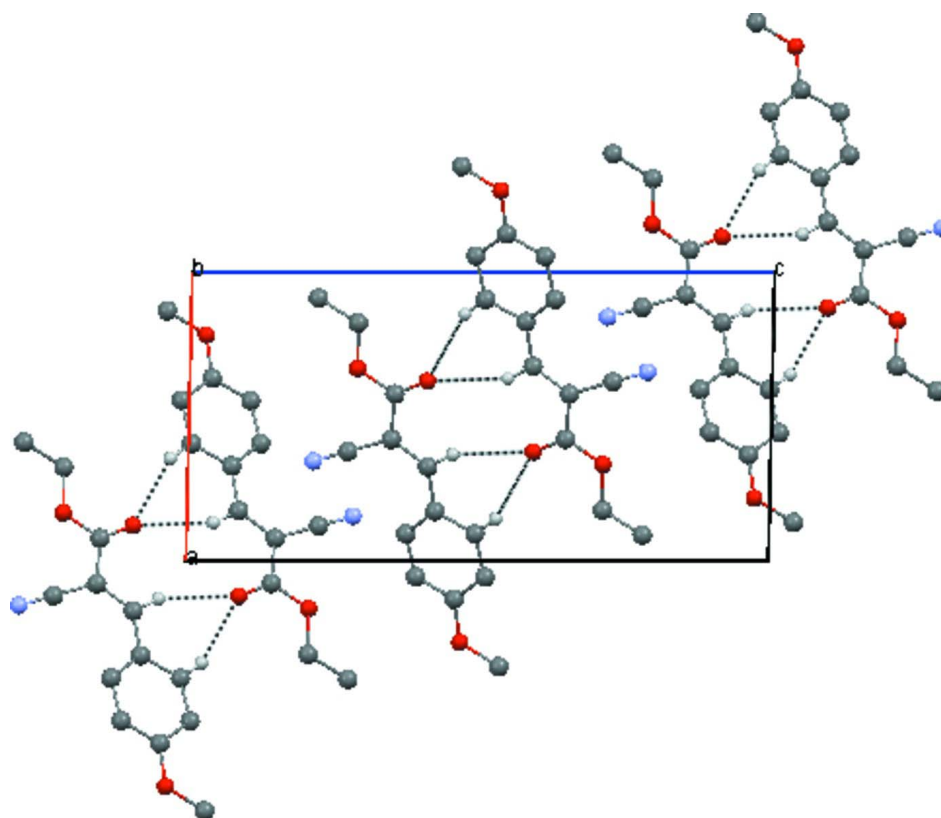
A mixture of tetra-*n*-butylammonium bromide (TBAB) (3.47 g, 10 mmol), palladium acetate (0.060 g, 0.27 mmol), triphenylphosphine (2.97 g, 11 mmol), 1-bromo-4-methoxybenzene (1 g, 5.4 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.12 g, 8.1 mmol) were dissolved in 10 ml of DMF in a three-necked round bottom flask and the reaction mixture was heated to 120 °C under nitrogen atmosphere with constant stirring for 10–15 minutes until a yellowish brown solution was obtained. Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate (0.81 g, 6.4 mmol) was added to the solution and the reaction mixture was heated to 120 °C for 10 h, cooled and filtered under vacuum to obtain the crude compound. This was further purified by column chromatography using petroleum ether: ethyl acetate (7:3) as eluent (*R*<sub>f</sub> value = 0.69), to yield pale green colored crystals.

**S3. Refinement**

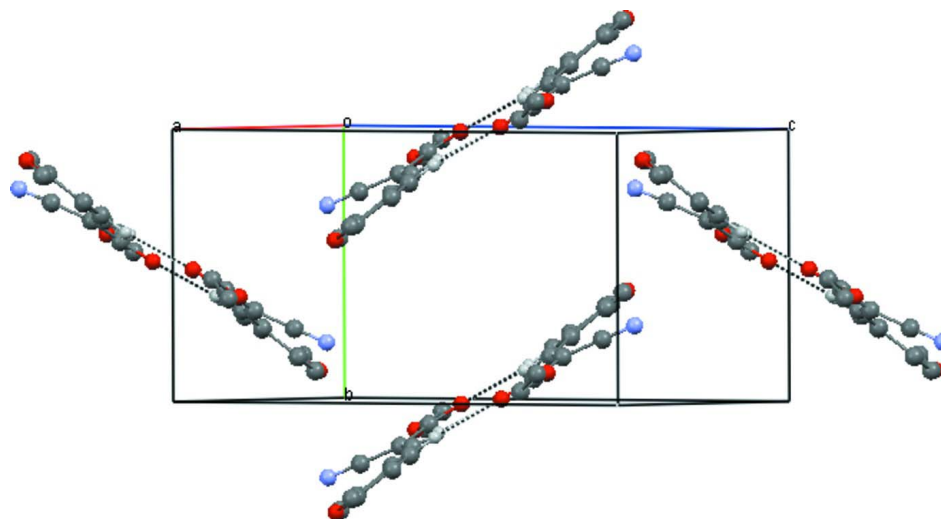
The H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2–1.5 times *U*<sub>eq</sub> of the parent atom).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

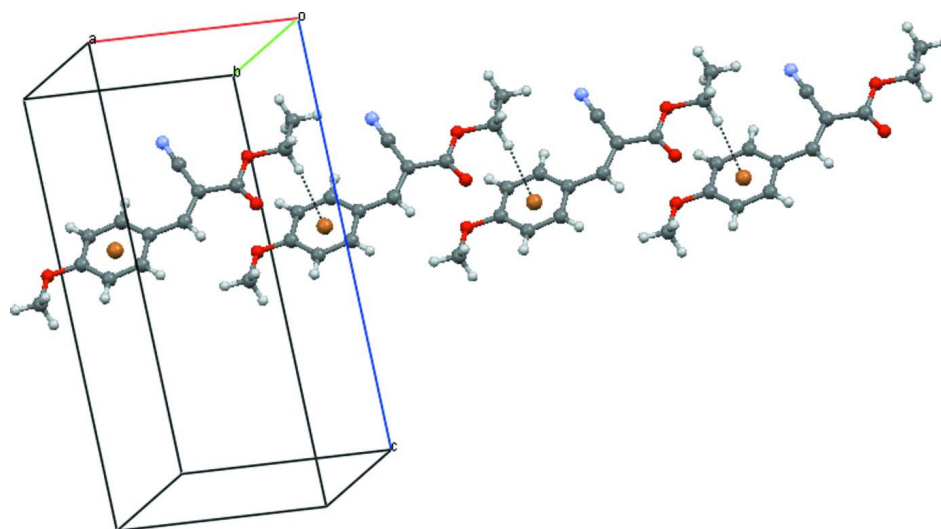
**Figure 2**

Molecular packing in the title compound displaying  $R_2^2(10)$  and  $R_2^2(14)$  rings chains. H atoms not involved in H-bonding are omitted for clarity.



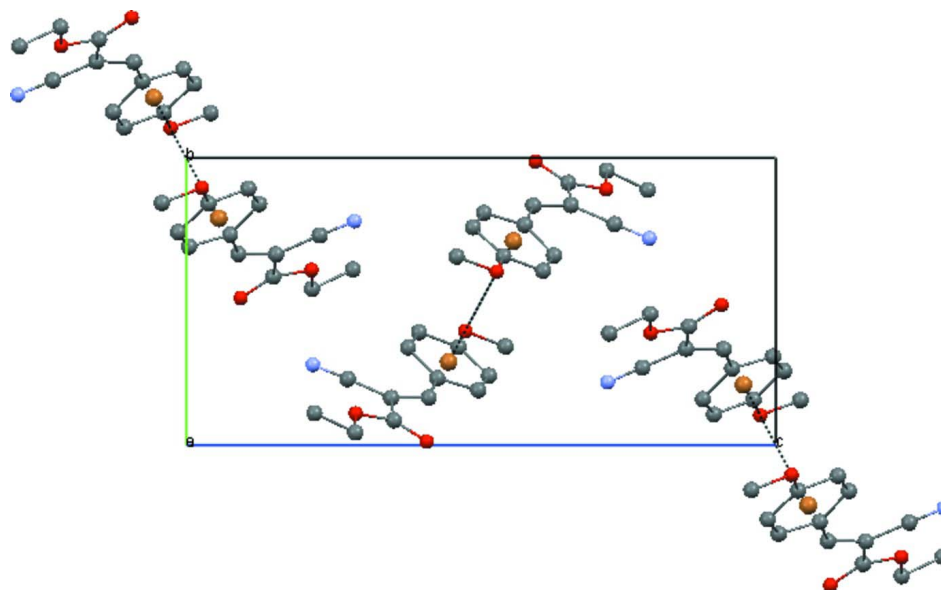
**Figure 3**

The zigzag pattern of inversion dimers viewed along  $a$ .



**Figure 4**

Linking of molecules along the  $c$  axis through C—H...Cg interactions.

**Figure 5**

$\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions observed in the crystal structure. H atoms are omitted for clarity.

### Ethyl (2E)-2-cyano-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acrylate

#### Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{13}NO_3$

$M_r = 231.24$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 8.4889$  (12) Å

$b = 8.3552$  (16) Å

$c = 17.143$  (3) Å

$\beta = 91.294$  (11)°

$V = 1215.6$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 488$

Prism

$D_x = 1.264$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Melting point: 401 K

Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54178$  Å

Cell parameters from 776 reflections

$\theta = 5.2$ – $64.3$ °

$\mu = 0.74$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 296$  K

Prism, green

$0.40 \times 0.33 \times 0.27$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 1 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

4798 measured reflections

1937 independent reflections

1354 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{int} = 0.069$

$\theta_{max} = 64.3$ °,  $\theta_{min} = 5.2$ °

$h = -9 \rightarrow 3$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$

$wR(F^2) = 0.201$

$S = 1.02$

1937 reflections

156 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.124P)^2]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.012$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	1.1331 (3)	0.3418 (3)	0.46205 (14)	0.0559 (7)
C2	1.0569 (3)	0.2415 (4)	0.51365 (14)	0.0599 (7)
H2	1.1067	0.2089	0.5599	0.072*
C3	0.9066 (3)	0.1912 (4)	0.49517 (14)	0.0597 (7)
H3	0.8547	0.1266	0.5305	0.072*
C4	0.8284 (3)	0.2330 (3)	0.42574 (13)	0.0510 (7)
C5	0.9065 (3)	0.3398 (4)	0.37625 (14)	0.0593 (7)
H5	0.8566	0.3743	0.3304	0.071*
C6	1.0549 (3)	0.3931 (4)	0.39481 (14)	0.0621 (7)
H6	1.1040	0.4650	0.3618	0.074*
C7	1.3670 (3)	0.3435 (5)	0.54148 (17)	0.0817 (10)
H7A	1.3118	0.3761	0.5871	0.122*
H7B	1.4705	0.3899	0.5425	0.122*
H7C	1.3756	0.2289	0.5407	0.122*
C8	0.6735 (3)	0.1658 (3)	0.41146 (14)	0.0550 (7)
H8	0.6320	0.1138	0.4543	0.066*
C9	0.5784 (3)	0.1645 (3)	0.34770 (14)	0.0540 (7)
C10	0.6207 (3)	0.2301 (4)	0.27376 (14)	0.0639 (8)
C11	0.4219 (3)	0.0864 (4)	0.35228 (14)	0.0577 (7)
C12	0.1752 (3)	0.0439 (4)	0.28684 (17)	0.0698 (8)
H12A	0.1221	0.0730	0.3343	0.084*
H12B	0.1790	-0.0720	0.2835	0.084*
C13	0.0891 (3)	0.1113 (5)	0.21740 (18)	0.0856 (11)
H13A	0.0878	0.2259	0.2209	0.128*
H13B	-0.0171	0.0717	0.2159	0.128*
H13C	0.1413	0.0795	0.1708	0.128*
N1	0.6549 (3)	0.2803 (5)	0.21466 (14)	0.0962 (11)
O1	1.2826 (2)	0.3962 (3)	0.47346 (11)	0.0737 (7)
O2	0.3775 (2)	0.0120 (3)	0.40764 (12)	0.0812 (7)
O3	0.33402 (18)	0.1098 (3)	0.28756 (9)	0.0649 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0466 (14)	0.0676 (18)	0.0535 (13)	-0.0088 (12)	0.0015 (10)	-0.0033 (12)
C2	0.0525 (14)	0.078 (2)	0.0488 (13)	-0.0068 (13)	-0.0061 (10)	0.0058 (12)
C3	0.0525 (14)	0.0777 (19)	0.0489 (13)	-0.0081 (13)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0077 (12)
C4	0.0431 (13)	0.0640 (16)	0.0458 (12)	-0.0001 (11)	0.0003 (9)	-0.0013 (11)
C5	0.0536 (15)	0.0757 (19)	0.0486 (13)	-0.0014 (13)	-0.0028 (10)	0.0082 (12)
C6	0.0575 (15)	0.077 (2)	0.0520 (13)	-0.0105 (14)	0.0036 (11)	0.0077 (13)
C7	0.0549 (16)	0.118 (3)	0.0713 (18)	-0.0178 (17)	-0.0162 (13)	0.0095 (17)
C8	0.0470 (13)	0.0680 (18)	0.0501 (13)	0.0007 (12)	0.0017 (10)	0.0037 (11)
C9	0.0402 (13)	0.0707 (17)	0.0512 (13)	0.0026 (11)	0.0027 (10)	-0.0018 (11)
C10	0.0443 (13)	0.099 (2)	0.0477 (14)	0.0013 (14)	-0.0023 (10)	-0.0015 (14)
C11	0.0454 (13)	0.0742 (19)	0.0534 (13)	0.0030 (12)	-0.0029 (11)	-0.0020 (13)
C12	0.0458 (15)	0.079 (2)	0.0841 (18)	-0.0014 (13)	-0.0088 (13)	-0.0056 (15)
C13	0.0530 (16)	0.128 (3)	0.0748 (19)	0.0064 (17)	-0.0112 (13)	-0.0004 (19)
N1	0.0689 (16)	0.167 (3)	0.0526 (14)	-0.0126 (17)	0.0023 (11)	0.0125 (16)
O1	0.0546 (11)	0.0997 (17)	0.0665 (11)	-0.0192 (10)	-0.0074 (8)	0.0085 (11)
O2	0.0605 (12)	0.1123 (19)	0.0705 (12)	-0.0192 (11)	-0.0087 (9)	0.0250 (12)
O3	0.0449 (10)	0.0925 (16)	0.0570 (10)	-0.0033 (9)	-0.0067 (8)	0.0006 (9)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C1—O1	1.358 (3)	C7—H7C	0.9600
C1—C6	1.385 (4)	C8—C9	1.344 (3)
C1—C2	1.389 (4)	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—C3	1.374 (3)	C9—C10	1.434 (4)
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—C11	1.483 (4)
C3—C4	1.394 (3)	C10—N1	1.140 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—O2	1.203 (3)
C4—C5	1.407 (4)	C11—O3	1.337 (3)
C4—C8	1.446 (3)	C12—O3	1.456 (3)
C5—C6	1.367 (4)	C12—C13	1.493 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9700
C6—H6	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C7—O1	1.425 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C7—H7A	0.9600	C13—H13B	0.9600
C7—H7B	0.9600	C13—H13C	0.9600
O1—C1—C6	116.4 (2)	C9—C8—C4	131.9 (2)
O1—C1—C2	123.9 (2)	C9—C8—H8	114.0
C6—C1—C2	119.7 (2)	C4—C8—H8	114.0
C3—C2—C1	118.8 (2)	C8—C9—C10	123.9 (2)
C3—C2—H2	120.6	C8—C9—C11	118.9 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.6	C10—C9—C11	117.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4	122.8 (2)	N1—C10—C9	179.1 (4)
C2—C3—H3	118.6	O2—C11—O3	123.4 (2)
C4—C3—H3	118.6	O2—C11—C9	124.5 (2)

C3—C4—C5	116.9 (2)	O3—C11—C9	112.1 (2)
C3—C4—C8	117.4 (2)	O3—C12—C13	107.5 (3)
C5—C4—C8	125.7 (2)	O3—C12—H12A	110.2
C6—C5—C4	120.7 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	110.2
C6—C5—H5	119.6	O3—C12—H12B	110.2
C4—C5—H5	119.6	C13—C12—H12B	110.2
C5—C6—C1	121.0 (2)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.5
C5—C6—H6	119.5	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.5	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
O1—C7—H7A	109.5	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
O1—C7—H7B	109.5	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
O1—C7—H7C	109.5	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	C1—O1—C7	117.7 (2)
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	C11—O3—C12	116.8 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-178.6 (3)	C4—C8—C9—C10	3.2 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.1 (4)	C4—C8—C9—C11	-178.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.8 (4)	C8—C9—C11—O2	-6.2 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-4.2 (4)	C10—C9—C11—O2	171.9 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C8	176.9 (2)	C8—C9—C11—O3	173.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	2.8 (4)	C10—C9—C11—O3	-8.8 (4)
C8—C4—C5—C6	-178.5 (3)	C6—C1—O1—C7	-179.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (4)	C2—C1—O1—C7	1.7 (4)
O1—C1—C6—C5	177.2 (3)	O2—C11—O3—C12	1.7 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-3.5 (4)	C9—C11—O3—C12	-177.6 (2)
C3—C4—C8—C9	-169.8 (3)	C13—C12—O3—C11	168.8 (3)
C5—C4—C8—C9	11.4 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

Cg is the centroid of the C1...C6 benzene ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C3—H3...O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.54	3.414 (3)	157
C8—H8...O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.59	3.475 (3)	159
C12—H12A...Cg <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.90	3.803 (3)	156

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ .