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2,2'-[(1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2,5-diyl)bis-(sulfanediyl)]diacetonitrile

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 150 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.074; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.8.

In the title compound, $C_6H_4N_4S_3$, the 1,3,4-thiadiazole ring is essentially planar, with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.001 Å. The two N-C-S-C torsion angles in the molecule are -23.41 (15) and 0.62 (14)°. One acetonitrile group is above the plane of the 1,3,4-thiadiazole ring and the other is below it, indicating *syn* and *anti* orientations. In the crystal, C-H···N hydrogen bonds link the molecules into ribbons along [010].

Related literature

For the broad spectrum of biological activities of thiadiazolecontaining compounds, see: Padmavathi *et al.* (2009); Karegoudar *et al.* (2008); Wei *et al.* (2009); Gupta *et al.* (2009); Pattanayak *et al.* (2009); Cressier *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data $C_6H_4N_4S_3$ $M_r = 228.34$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

a = 8.5305 (7) Åb = 14.2102 (11) Åc = 7.8803 (6) Å $\beta = 104.3810 \ (11)^{\circ}$ $V = 925.32 \ (13) \ \text{Å}^3$ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Data collection

.

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)
$T_{\min} = 0.82, \ T_{\max} = 0.96$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ 118 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.074$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.05 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.56$ e Å $^{-3}$ 2450 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.24$ e Å $^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C3-H3A\cdots N1^{i}$ $C5-H5B\cdots N3^{ii}$	0.99 0.99	2.60 2.35	3.407 (2) 3.267 (2)	139 153
Summatry and as (i)	x y 1 =	1. (ii) x y	1 - 1	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2013* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5363).

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organic compounds

 $\mu = 0.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.24 \times 0.08 \times 0.06 \; \text{mm}$

16625 measured reflections

2450 independent reflections

2155 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 150 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.040$

supporting information

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2,2'-[(1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2,5-diyl)bis(sulfanediyl)]diacetonitrile

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S1. Comment

Thiadiazole acts as a constrained pharmacophore. It is the core structure of several medicinal drugs such as acetazolamide, atibeprone, tebuthiuron and methazolamide. In addition, thiadiazole containing compounds have a wide spectrum of biological activities such as antimicrobial (Padmavathi *et al.*, 2009), antiinflammatory (Karegoudar *et al.*, 2008), anticancer (Wei *et al.*, 2009), anticonvulsant (Gupta *et al.*, 2009), antidepressant (Pattanayak *et al.*, 2009), and antioxidant (Cressier *et al.*, 2009). Based on such facts, the title compound has been synthesized in our lab as a precurser for further study.

The 1,3,4-thiadiazole ring (S1/N1/N2/C1/C2) of the title compound, (I, Fig. 1), is essentially planar [r.m.s deviation = 0.001 Å]. The N1–C1–S2–C3 and N2–C2–S3–C5 torsion angles in (I) are 23.41 (15) and -0.62 (14)°, respectively. The two acetonitrile groups [$-C3(H_2)$ –C4 \equiv N3 and $-C5(H_2)$ –C6 \equiv N4] of (I) are above and below the plane of the 1,3,4-thia-diazole ring, indicating *syn*- and *anti*- orientations, respectively.

In the crystal, molecules are linked by intermolecular C—H…N hydrogen bonds to form ribbons along the *b*-axis (Table 1, Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A mixture of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione (150 mg, 1 mmol), chloroacetonitrile (149 mg, 2 mmol), sodium acetate (36 mg, 0.5 mmol) in 30 ml e thanol was refluxed for 4 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature to afford the solid product which was filtered off under vacuum, dried and recrystallized from ethanol. Pure single crystals were prepared by slow evaporation of an ethanolic solution of the title compound in air over 24 h. M·P. 396 K.

S3. Refinement

The methylene H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined by using a riding model with C—H = 0.99 Å and, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{iso}(C)$.



Figure 1

Perspective view of the title molecule with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



Figure 2

The hydrogen bonding (dashed lines) viewed along the *b*-axis of the title compound. [Symmetry code: (b) 1 + x, $\frac{1}{2} - y$, $\frac{1}{2} + z$].

2,2'-[(1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2,5-diyl)bis(sulfanediyl)]diacetonitrile

Crystal data	
$C_6H_4N_4S_3$	$V = 925.32 (13) Å^3$
$M_r = 228.34$	Z = 4
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	F(000) = 464
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$D_{\rm x} = 1.639 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
a = 8.5305 (7) Å	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
b = 14.2102 (11) Å	Cell parameters from 9961 reflections
c = 7.8803 (6) Å	$\theta = 2.9 - 29.1^{\circ}$
$\beta = 104.3810 \ (11)^{\circ}$	$\mu = 0.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 150 KColumn, pale gold

Data collection

Dura concerion	
Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	16625 measured reflections 2450 independent reflections 2155 reflections with $L > 2\sigma(L)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.040$
Detector resolution: 8.3660 pixels mm ⁻¹ φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.5^{\circ}$ $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$k = -19 \longrightarrow 19$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.82, \ T_{\max} = 0.96$	
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.074$	$W = 1/[\hat{\Sigma}^2(FO^2) + (0.0348P)^2 + 0.4414P]$ Where
S = 1.05	$P = (FO^2 + 2FC^2)/3$
2450 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
118 parameters	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.56 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$

 $0.24 \times 0.08 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

0 restraints

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc*. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement on F^2 for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted *R*-factors *wR* and all goodnesses of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The observed criterion of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *-R*-factor-obs *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
S1	0.24557 (4)	0.24679 (2)	0.77612 (5)	0.0199 (1)	
S2	0.35261 (4)	0.45127 (3)	0.80614 (5)	0.0225 (1)	
S3	-0.02136 (4)	0.11179 (3)	0.59651 (5)	0.0217(1)	
N1	0.07063 (16)	0.38153 (9)	0.61222 (18)	0.0246 (4)	
N2	-0.01784 (15)	0.29982 (9)	0.56140 (18)	0.0232 (4)	
N3	0.31454 (18)	0.46664 (10)	0.33409 (18)	0.0286 (4)	
N4	-0.40861 (18)	0.23221 (12)	0.5806 (2)	0.0370 (5)	
C1	0.20800 (17)	0.36440 (10)	0.72254 (19)	0.0188 (4)	
C2	0.05731 (17)	0.22555 (10)	0.63639 (18)	0.0178 (4)	
C3	0.29143 (18)	0.53720 (10)	0.6312 (2)	0.0223 (4)	
C4	0.30417 (18)	0.49844 (10)	0.4636 (2)	0.0222 (4)	
C5	-0.20837 (18)	0.14204 (11)	0.4383 (2)	0.0240 (4)	
C6	-0.32061 (18)	0.19370 (11)	0.5168 (2)	0.0247 (4)	
H3A	0.17830	0.55670	0.62240	0.0270*	
H3B	0.36100	0.59370	0.65920	0.0270*	

supporting information

H5A	-0.18280	0.18080	0.34420	0.0290*
H5B	-0.26140	0.08360	0.38420	0.0290*

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0170 (2)	0.0195 (2)	0.0210 (2)	-0.0004 (1)	0.0001 (1)	0.0025 (1)
S2	0.0207 (2)	0.0212 (2)	0.0224 (2)	-0.0041 (1)	-0.0007(1)	0.0015 (1)
S3	0.0205 (2)	0.0189 (2)	0.0243 (2)	-0.0020(1)	0.0029(1)	-0.0006(1)
N1	0.0195 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0302 (7)	-0.0028 (5)	0.0006 (5)	0.0037 (5)
N2	0.0185 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0274 (7)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0012 (5)	0.0025 (5)
N3	0.0310(7)	0.0273 (7)	0.0261 (7)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0042 (6)	0.0016 (6)
N4	0.0244 (7)	0.0490 (9)	0.0352 (8)	0.0019 (7)	0.0031 (6)	-0.0032 (7)
C1	0.0195 (7)	0.0175 (6)	0.0194 (7)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0050 (5)	0.0017 (5)
C2	0.0156 (6)	0.0217 (7)	0.0164 (6)	-0.0014 (5)	0.0043 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C3	0.0232 (7)	0.0173 (7)	0.0260 (8)	0.0014 (5)	0.0051 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C4	0.0202 (7)	0.0180 (7)	0.0265 (8)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0025 (6)	0.0041 (6)
C5	0.0233 (7)	0.0272 (8)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0049 (6)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0028 (6)
C6	0.0187 (7)	0.0299 (8)	0.0215 (7)	-0.0047 (6)	-0.0026 (6)	0.0009 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C1	1.7340 (15)	N3—C4	1.140 (2)
S1—C2	1.7333 (15)	N4—C6	1.142 (2)
S2—C1	1.7538 (15)	C3—C4	1.460 (2)
S2—C3	1.8184 (15)	C5—C6	1.460 (2)
S3—C2	1.7486 (15)	С3—НЗА	0.9900
S3—C5	1.8155 (16)	С3—Н3В	0.9900
N1—N2	1.3885 (19)	C5—H5A	0.9900
N1C1	1.297 (2)	С5—Н5В	0.9900
N2—C2	1.2984 (19)		
C1—S1—C2	85.82 (7)	S3—C5—C6	112.64 (11)
C1—S2—C3	98.35 (7)	N4—C6—C5	178.33 (17)
C2—S3—C5	97.88 (7)	S2—C3—H3A	109.00
N2—N1—C1	111.85 (12)	S2—C3—H3B	109.00
N1—N2—C2	112.14 (13)	C4—C3—H3A	109.00
S1—C1—S2	121.11 (9)	C4—C3—H3B	109.00
S1—C1—N1	115.19 (11)	НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	108.00
S2—C1—N1	123.63 (11)	S3—C5—H5A	109.00
S1—C2—S3	121.93 (8)	S3—C5—H5B	109.00
S1—C2—N2	114.99 (11)	C6—C5—H5A	109.00
S3—C2—N2	123.07 (11)	C6—C5—H5B	109.00
S2—C3—C4	111.14 (10)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.00
N3—C4—C3	178.79 (16)		
C2—S1—C1—S2	-177.61 (10)	C5—S3—C2—N2	0.62 (14)
C2—S1—C1—N1	-0.51 (12)	C2—S3—C5—C6	-68.78 (12)

supporting information

C1—S1—C2—S3	179.01 (10)	C1—N1—N2—C2	0.16 (19)
C1—S1—C2—N2	0.61 (12)	N2—N1—C1—S1	0.32 (17)
C3—S2—C1—S1	153.44 (9)	N2—N1—C1—S2	177.33 (11)
C3—S2—C1—N1	-23.41 (15)	N1—N2—C2—S1	-0.57 (17)
C1—S2—C3—C4	-60.50 (12)	N1—N2—C2—S3	-178.96 (11)
C5—S3—C2—S1	-177.66 (9)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A
C3—H3A···N1 ⁱ	0.99	2.60	3.407 (2)	139
C5—H5 <i>B</i> ···N3 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.35	3.267 (2)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2.