

## N-(2-Chloro-5-nitrophenyl)-N'-(3-chloropropionyl)thiourea

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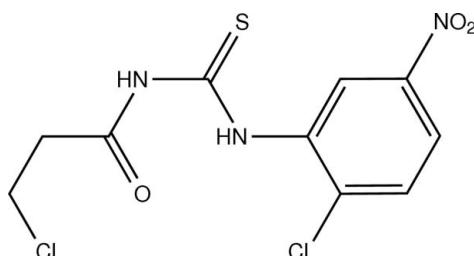
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.036;  $wR$  factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$ , adopts a *trans-cis* conformation with respect to the position of chloropropionyl and chloronitrobenzene groups respectively, against the thiono about their C–N bonds. The conformation is stabilized by an intramolecular N–H···O hydrogen bond. In the crystal, there is a short Cl···Cl contact with a distance of 3.386 (13)  $\text{\AA}$ .

### Related literature

For related structures, see: Othman *et al.* (2010); Yamin *et al.* (2011); Yamin & Othman (2011); Yusof *et al.*, (2011).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 322.16$   
Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

$a = 21.764(6)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 5.2284(13)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 24.134(6)\text{ \AA}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker 2000)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.902$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.919$

12266 measured reflections  
2460 independent reflections  
2116 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$   
 $S = 1.05$   
2460 reflections

172 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N2—H2···O1	0.86	1.87	2.596 (2)	142

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2651).

### References

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# supporting information

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## N-(2-Chloro-5-nitrophenyl)-N'-(3-chloropropionyl)thiourea

**Bohari M. Yamin, Siti K. C. Soh and Siti Fairus M. Yusoff**

### S1. Comment

The synthesis of halogenoalkylthiourea will enable to further synthesized thiourea derivatives making use of the C-Cl functionality. N-(4-chlorobutanoyl)-N'-phenylthiourea (Yamin *et al.*, 2011), N-(4-chlorobutanoyl)-N'-(2-fluorophenyl)-thiourea (Yusof *et al.*, 2011) and N-(4-bromobutanoyl)-N'-phenylthiourea (Yamin *et al.*, 2011) are some examples that have been reported so far. The title compound is similar to N-(3-chloropropionyl)-N'-phenylthiourea (Othman *et al.* 2010) except the presence of chlorine atom and nitro group at the ortho and meta-position of the phenyl ring, respectively.

The whole molecule is not planar (Fig. 1) because of the dihedral angle of 9.35 (8) $^{\circ}$  between benzene ring, C5-C10, and S1/O1/N1/N2/C2/C3/C4/C5/C9/C10 fragments. Both fragments are each planar with maximum deviation of 0.066 (2) $\text{\AA}$  for C10 atom from the least square plane of the benzene fragment. The molecule maintains trans-cis configuration with respect to the position of chloropropionyl and chloronitrophenyl against the thiono group about N1-C4 and N2-C4 bonds, respectively.

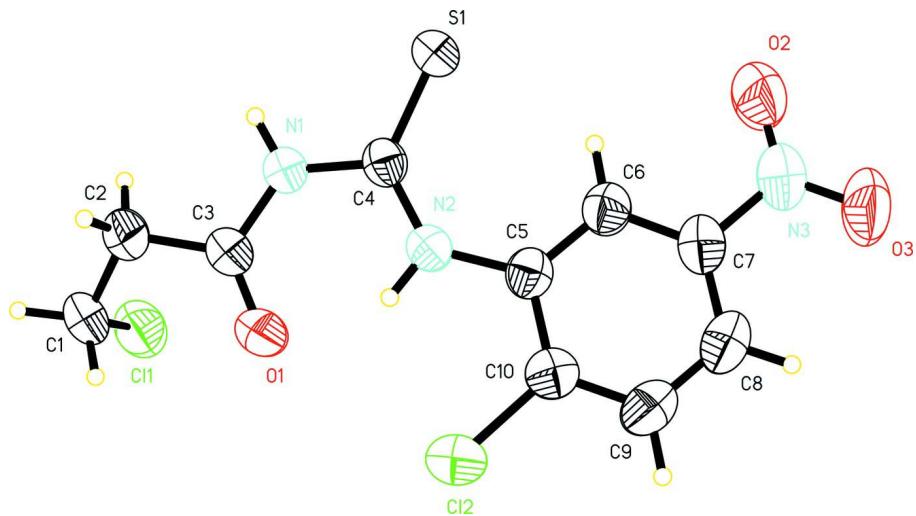
There is intrahydrogen bond N2-H2 $\cdots$ O1 forming pseudo six-membered ring [N2-C4-N1-C3-O1 $\cdots$ H2]. In the crystal packing, the molecules are linked by N1-H1 $\cdots$ S1 intermolecular hydrogen bond (symmetry codes as in Table 1) to form centrosymmetric dimers and arranged along ac face (Fig. 2). There is also Cl2-Cl2 interaction with the contact distance of 3.386 (13)  $\text{\AA}$ .

### S2. Experimental

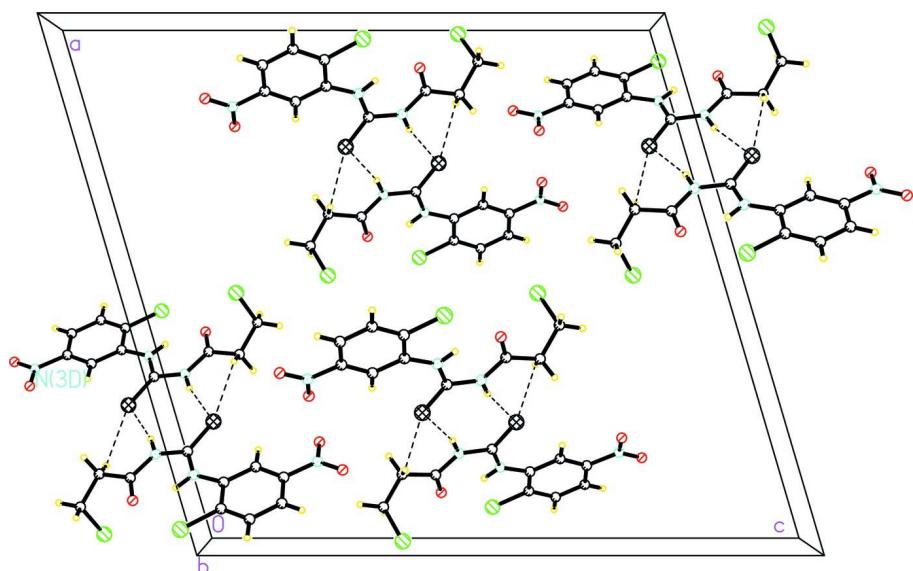
1-chloro-4-nitrobenzene (1.57g, 0.01mol) was added into 30 ml acetone containing 3-chloropropionyl isothiocyanate (1.49g, 0.01mol). The mixture was refluxed for 2 hours. The solution was filtered and left to evaporate at room temperature. The white precipitate obtained after a few days, was washed with water and cold ethanol. The colourless crystals were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol.

### S3. Refinement

After location in the difference map, the H-atoms attached to the C and N atoms were fixed geometrically at ideal positions and allowed to ride on the parent atoms with C—H = 0.93–0.97  $\text{\AA}$ , N—H = 0.86  $\text{\AA}$  and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C or N})$ .

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I) with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of (I) in the unit cell viewed down *b* axis. The dashed lines indicate intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

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#### Crystal data

$C_{10}H_9Cl_2N_3O_3S$   
 $M_r = 322.16$   
 Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 21.764 (6) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 5.2284 (13) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 24.134 (6) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 106.388 (8)^\circ$   
 $V = 2634.6 (12) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$   
 $F(000) = 1312$   
 $D_x = 1.624 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 $\mu = 0.66 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$   
 Block, colorless  
 $0.38 \times 0.36 \times 0.27 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 83.66 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker 2000)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.902$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.919$

12266 measured reflections  
 2460 independent reflections  
 2116 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$   
 $h = -26 \rightarrow 26$   
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$   
 $l = -29 \rightarrow 29$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$   
 $S = 1.05$   
 2460 reflections  
 172 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0496P)^2 + 1.9444P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.01680 (3)	0.29301 (14)	-0.16862 (3)	0.0761 (2)
Cl2	0.05486 (3)	1.21922 (11)	-0.00637 (3)	0.05899 (18)
S1	0.23748 (3)	0.45825 (11)	0.07394 (2)	0.05376 (18)
O1	0.09544 (9)	0.7795 (4)	-0.08527 (7)	0.0804 (6)
O2	0.20313 (12)	0.6949 (5)	0.24336 (8)	0.0984 (7)
O3	0.15801 (11)	1.0096 (4)	0.27253 (8)	0.0953 (7)
N1	0.17678 (8)	0.5279 (3)	-0.03529 (7)	0.0463 (4)
H1	0.2031	0.4119	-0.0396	0.056*
N2	0.14400 (8)	0.7943 (3)	0.02607 (7)	0.0493 (4)
H2	0.1213	0.8542	-0.0064	0.059*
N3	0.17078 (11)	0.8880 (5)	0.23452 (9)	0.0698 (6)
C1	0.07531 (12)	0.4940 (5)	-0.18585 (9)	0.0621 (6)
H1A	0.0817	0.4399	-0.2223	0.075*
H1B	0.0599	0.6690	-0.1902	0.075*
C2	0.13788 (11)	0.4820 (5)	-0.13939 (9)	0.0643 (6)
H2A	0.1709	0.5636	-0.1531	0.077*
H2B	0.1499	0.3045	-0.1310	0.077*
C3	0.13382 (11)	0.6119 (5)	-0.08498 (9)	0.0549 (5)
C4	0.18352 (9)	0.6053 (4)	0.02127 (8)	0.0423 (4)

C5	0.13280 (9)	0.9128 (4)	0.07449 (8)	0.0446 (4)
C6	0.15981 (10)	0.8404 (4)	0.13142 (9)	0.0522 (5)
H6	0.1885	0.7046	0.1404	0.063*
C7	0.14349 (11)	0.9724 (4)	0.17438 (9)	0.0542 (5)
C8	0.10111 (12)	1.1733 (5)	0.16383 (11)	0.0633 (6)
H8	0.0910	1.2581	0.1940	0.076*
C9	0.07415 (11)	1.2451 (5)	0.10774 (11)	0.0623 (6)
H9	0.0452	1.3802	0.0994	0.075*
C10	0.08968 (9)	1.1184 (4)	0.06386 (9)	0.0488 (5)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0769 (4)	0.0880 (5)	0.0603 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	0.0144 (3)	0.0036 (3)
Cl2	0.0538 (3)	0.0559 (3)	0.0650 (4)	0.0055 (2)	0.0129 (3)	0.0085 (3)
S1	0.0527 (3)	0.0642 (4)	0.0402 (3)	0.0126 (2)	0.0063 (2)	0.0008 (2)
O1	0.0931 (13)	0.0910 (13)	0.0459 (9)	0.0442 (11)	0.0013 (8)	-0.0009 (9)
O2	0.1354 (19)	0.1033 (17)	0.0538 (11)	0.0309 (15)	0.0222 (11)	0.0075 (11)
O3	0.1274 (18)	0.1121 (16)	0.0543 (11)	0.0061 (13)	0.0387 (11)	-0.0152 (11)
N1	0.0480 (9)	0.0518 (10)	0.0379 (8)	0.0064 (7)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
N2	0.0559 (10)	0.0499 (10)	0.0389 (9)	0.0100 (8)	0.0082 (7)	0.0002 (7)
N3	0.0830 (14)	0.0789 (14)	0.0504 (11)	-0.0075 (12)	0.0233 (10)	-0.0064 (11)
C1	0.0694 (14)	0.0764 (16)	0.0370 (10)	0.0101 (12)	0.0092 (10)	0.0061 (10)
C2	0.0597 (13)	0.0895 (18)	0.0401 (11)	0.0143 (12)	0.0080 (10)	-0.0035 (11)
C3	0.0560 (12)	0.0647 (13)	0.0405 (11)	0.0111 (11)	0.0077 (9)	0.0017 (10)
C4	0.0429 (10)	0.0446 (10)	0.0386 (10)	-0.0046 (8)	0.0104 (8)	-0.0011 (8)
C5	0.0450 (10)	0.0430 (11)	0.0462 (11)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0133 (8)	-0.0055 (9)
C6	0.0551 (12)	0.0519 (12)	0.0499 (12)	-0.0007 (10)	0.0156 (9)	-0.0052 (9)
C7	0.0585 (12)	0.0588 (13)	0.0471 (11)	-0.0104 (10)	0.0177 (10)	-0.0072 (10)
C8	0.0682 (15)	0.0651 (15)	0.0640 (15)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0306 (12)	-0.0160 (12)
C9	0.0588 (13)	0.0592 (14)	0.0733 (16)	0.0069 (11)	0.0257 (12)	-0.0086 (12)
C10	0.0430 (10)	0.0474 (11)	0.0555 (12)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0128 (9)	-0.0013 (9)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

Cl1—C1	1.788 (3)	C1—H1A	0.9700
Cl2—C10	1.732 (2)	C1—H1B	0.9700
S1—C4	1.656 (2)	C2—C3	1.503 (3)
O1—C3	1.209 (3)	C2—H2A	0.9700
O2—N3	1.215 (3)	C2—H2B	0.9700
O3—N3	1.211 (3)	C5—C6	1.386 (3)
N1—C3	1.368 (3)	C5—C10	1.402 (3)
N1—C4	1.391 (2)	C6—C7	1.373 (3)
N1—H1	0.8600	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C4	1.336 (3)	C7—C8	1.373 (3)
N2—C5	1.403 (2)	C8—C9	1.367 (3)
N2—H2	0.8600	C8—H8	0.9300
N3—C7	1.472 (3)	C9—C10	1.370 (3)

C1—C2	1.501 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—N1—C4	128.54 (18)	N1—C3—C2	115.24 (19)
C3—N1—H1	115.7	N2—C4—N1	114.09 (17)
C4—N1—H1	115.7	N2—C4—S1	127.65 (15)
C4—N2—C5	131.77 (17)	N1—C4—S1	118.27 (15)
C4—N2—H2	114.1	C6—C5—C10	117.74 (19)
C5—N2—H2	114.1	C6—C5—N2	125.45 (19)
O3—N3—O2	123.3 (2)	C10—C5—N2	116.79 (18)
O3—N3—C7	118.3 (2)	C7—C6—C5	118.9 (2)
O2—N3—C7	118.3 (2)	C7—C6—H6	120.5
C2—C1—Cl1	110.94 (17)	C5—C6—H6	120.5
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—C8	123.2 (2)
Cl1—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—N3	118.4 (2)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C8—C7—N3	118.4 (2)
Cl1—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C8—C7	118.1 (2)
H1A—C1—H1B	108.0	C9—C8—H8	120.9
C1—C2—C3	111.67 (19)	C7—C8—H8	120.9
C1—C2—H2A	109.3	C8—C9—C10	120.1 (2)
C3—C2—H2A	109.3	C8—C9—H9	119.9
C1—C2—H2B	109.3	C10—C9—H9	119.9
C3—C2—H2B	109.3	C9—C10—C5	121.8 (2)
H2A—C2—H2B	107.9	C9—C10—Cl2	118.31 (18)
O1—C3—N1	122.5 (2)	C5—C10—Cl2	119.85 (16)
O1—C3—C2	122.22 (19)		
Cl1—C1—C2—C3	−70.4 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N3	177.91 (19)
C4—N1—C3—O1	2.2 (4)	O3—N3—C7—C6	177.6 (2)
C4—N1—C3—C2	−178.1 (2)	O2—N3—C7—C6	−4.9 (3)
C1—C2—C3—O1	−25.3 (4)	O3—N3—C7—C8	−4.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—N1	155.0 (2)	O2—N3—C7—C8	172.7 (2)
C5—N2—C4—N1	175.19 (19)	C6—C7—C8—C9	−0.2 (4)
C5—N2—C4—S1	−4.5 (3)	N3—C7—C8—C9	−177.7 (2)
C3—N1—C4—N2	−3.1 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	−0.2 (4)
C3—N1—C4—S1	176.60 (18)	C8—C9—C10—C5	0.4 (3)
C4—N2—C5—C6	−4.7 (3)	C8—C9—C10—Cl2	−179.30 (18)
C4—N2—C5—C10	176.6 (2)	C6—C5—C10—C9	−0.2 (3)
C10—C5—C6—C7	−0.2 (3)	N2—C5—C10—C9	178.68 (19)
N2—C5—C6—C7	−178.95 (19)	C6—C5—C10—Cl2	179.49 (15)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.4 (3)	N2—C5—C10—Cl2	−1.7 (2)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···O1	0.86	1.87	2.596 (2)	142