



## Crystal structure of 2-cyano-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)acetamide. Corrigendum

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The address of one of the authors in the paper by Subhadramma *et al.* [*Acta Cryst.* (2015), **E71**, o455–o456] is corrected.

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In the paper by Subhadramma *et al.* (2015), the address of the first author, Shivanna Subhadramma, was given incorrectly. The correct address should be 'Department of Physics, Dr M. G. R. Educational and Research Institute University, Maduravoyal, Chennai, India', and is also given above.

### References

Subhadramma, S., Siddaraju, B. P., Naveen, C., Saravanan, J. & Gayathri, D. (2015). *Acta Cryst.* **E71**, o455–o456.



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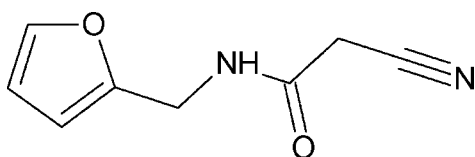
In the title compound, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, the acetamide unit is inclined to the furan ring by 76.7 (1)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by N—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds, generating C(4) chains along [100]. The carbonyl O atom is a bifurcated acceptor and an R<sub>2</sub><sup>1</sup>(6) ring is formed.

**Keywords:** crystal structure; furan; acetamide; cyano; bifurcated hydrogen bonding.

**CCDC reference:** 1404031

### 1. Related literature

For examples of biological properties of furan derivatives, see: Anupam *et al.* (2011). For the biological activities of some heterocyclic derivatives containing the acetamide moiety, see: Fallah-Tafti *et al.* (2011); Shams *et al.* (2011). For a related acetamide structure, see: Jasinski *et al.* (2013). For the crystal structure of similar compound, 2-cyano-*N*-furfuryl-3-(2-furyl)acrylamide, see: Pomés Hernández *et al.* (1996).



### 2. Experimental

#### 2.1. Crystal data

C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	$V = 825.06 (14) \text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 164.16$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 4.8093 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.9495 (16) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$c = 11.4969 (11) \text{ \AA}$	$0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 93.482 (3)^\circ$	

#### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	7302 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2004)	1455 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.946$ , $T_{\max} = 0.986$	1175 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

#### 2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	109 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.14 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1455 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.13 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N1-H1\cdots O2^i$	0.86	1.99	2.846 (1)	175
$C7-H7A\cdots O2^i$	0.97	2.55	3.395 (2)	145

Symmetry code: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL2014/7 and PLATON.

### Acknowledgements

We thank Dr Babu Varghese for the XRD data collection at the Sophisticated Analytical Instrument Facility (SAIF), Indian Institute of Technology, Madras.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5145).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of 2-cyano-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)acetamide

Shivanna Subhadramma, Budanur Papaiah Siddaraju, Chandra Naveen, Janardhanan Saravanan and Dasararaju Gayathri

### S1. Structural commentary

Furan derivatives are gaining importance for their wide pharmacological activities like antibacterial, antitumor, anti-inflammatory, antifungal, and analgesic (Anupam *et al.*, 2011). Acetamide derivatives have been shown to possess various biological properties, and recently, the synthesis and biological activities of some heterocyclic derivatives containing the acetamide moiety have been reported (Fallah-Tafti *et al.*, 2011; Shams *et al.*, 2011). In continuation of our work on the synthesis of acetamide derivatives (Jasinski *et al.*, 2013), we report herein on the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

The title molecule, Fig. 1, is *Z*-shaped. The furan ring (O1/C1—C4) is nearly perpendicular with the mean plane of the acetamide group (O2/N1/C6/C7) with a dihedral angle of 76.7 (1)°. The acetonitrile moiety is inclined to the mean plane of the acetamide group by 54 (6)°. The bond lengths and angles are close to those reported for a very similar structure, 2-cyano-*N*-furfuryl-3-(2-furyl)acrylamide (Pomés Hernández *et al.*, 1996).

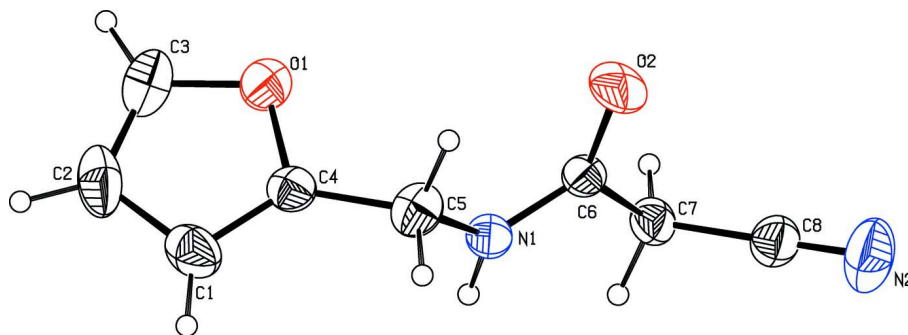
The crystal packing is stabilized by N—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1 and Fig. 2). Atoms N1 and C7 act as donors to a bifurcated acceptor O-atom, O2, generating C(4) chains along the *a*-axis and, as a consequence, an  $R_2^1(6)$  ring is formed.

### S2. Synthesis and crystallization

An equimolar mixture of furfuryl amine and ethyl cyano acetate were mixed in a conical flask and the mixture was heated under microwave irradiation at 700 W for 3 min with an interval of 20 seconds each time. The mixture was then poured to a beaker and cooled giving a solid whose size reduced, washed with ethanol. It was recrystallized from an acetone/water mixture (7:3), yielding colourless block-like crystals on slow evaporation of the solvent.

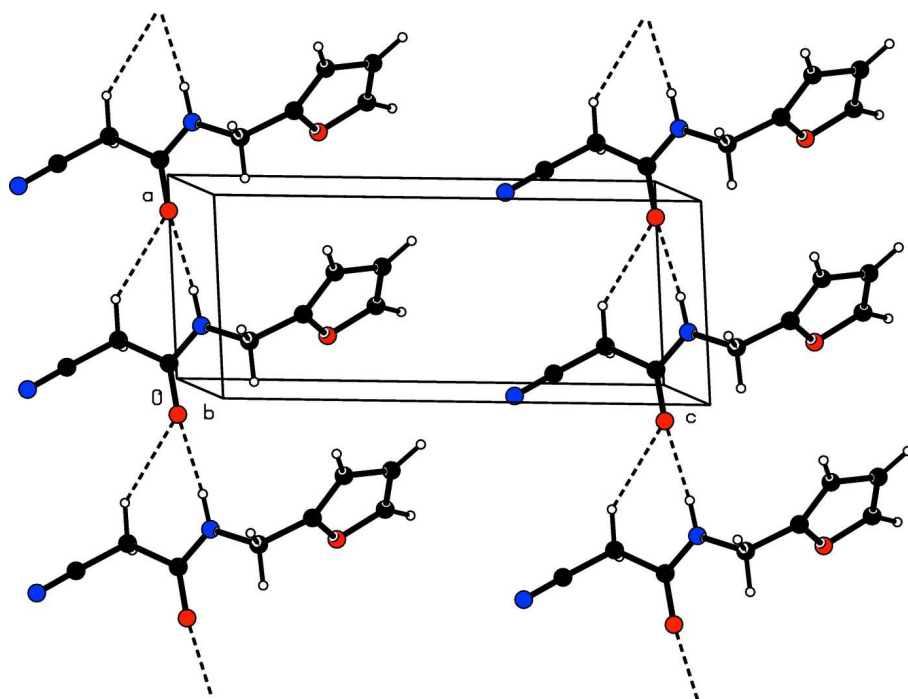
### S3. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The NH and C-bound H atoms were included in calculated positions and refined using a riding model: N—H = 0.86 Å, C—H = 0.93 - 0.97 Å with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N,C})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



**Figure 2**

A view along the *b* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

## 2-Cyano-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)acetamide

### Crystal data

$C_8H_8N_2O_2$

$M_r = 164.16$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$a = 4.8093(4) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 14.9495(16) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 11.4969(11) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 93.482(3)^\circ$

$V = 825.06(14) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 344$

$D_x = 1.322 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1455 reflections

$\theta = 2.2\text{--}25.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker APEXII CCD  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 8.0216 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scan  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2004)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.946$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.986$

7302 measured reflections  
 1455 independent reflections  
 1175 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$   
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 17$   
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 13$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 1455 reflections  
 109 parameters  
 0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0542P)^2 + 0.1342P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.6009 (4)	0.71318 (14)	0.26789 (17)	0.0705 (5)
H1A	0.7123	0.7616	0.2502	0.085*
C2	0.6246 (4)	0.65991 (17)	0.37051 (16)	0.0816 (6)
H2	0.7549	0.6667	0.4330	0.098*
C3	0.4271 (5)	0.59926 (15)	0.36003 (17)	0.0777 (6)
H3	0.3942	0.5558	0.4154	0.093*
C4	0.3883 (3)	0.68024 (10)	0.20223 (13)	0.0483 (4)
C5	0.2563 (3)	0.70388 (11)	0.08709 (13)	0.0575 (4)
H5A	0.0559	0.7057	0.0925	0.069*
H5B	0.3170	0.7633	0.0660	0.069*
C6	0.1307 (3)	0.59915 (10)	-0.07049 (12)	0.0443 (4)
C7	0.2372 (3)	0.54182 (11)	-0.16707 (12)	0.0506 (4)
H7A	0.4373	0.5489	-0.1694	0.061*
H7B	0.1983	0.4793	-0.1522	0.061*
C8	0.1019 (4)	0.56845 (11)	-0.27806 (15)	0.0590 (4)
N1	0.3219 (2)	0.64139 (9)	-0.00467 (10)	0.0467 (3)
H1	0.4942	0.6316	-0.0164	0.056*
N2	-0.0079 (5)	0.59089 (12)	-0.36283 (16)	0.0947 (6)
O1	0.2779 (2)	0.60909 (8)	0.25698 (10)	0.0649 (4)
O2	-0.1197 (2)	0.60352 (9)	-0.05760 (11)	0.0713 (4)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0617 (10)	0.0790 (13)	0.0714 (12)	-0.0144 (9)	0.0087 (9)	-0.0277 (10)
C2	0.0772 (13)	0.1118 (17)	0.0535 (11)	0.0191 (13)	-0.0147 (9)	-0.0260 (11)
C3	0.1019 (15)	0.0806 (14)	0.0500 (10)	0.0116 (12)	-0.0012 (10)	-0.0002 (9)
C4	0.0465 (8)	0.0503 (9)	0.0491 (8)	0.0010 (7)	0.0112 (6)	-0.0087 (7)
C5	0.0624 (10)	0.0576 (10)	0.0535 (9)	0.0132 (8)	0.0110 (7)	-0.0042 (7)
C6	0.0312 (7)	0.0565 (9)	0.0455 (8)	0.0070 (6)	0.0038 (6)	0.0080 (7)
C7	0.0404 (7)	0.0614 (10)	0.0497 (9)	0.0038 (7)	0.0004 (6)	-0.0016 (7)
C8	0.0713 (11)	0.0528 (10)	0.0526 (10)	-0.0083 (8)	0.0015 (8)	0.0013 (8)
N1	0.0339 (6)	0.0611 (8)	0.0458 (7)	0.0072 (5)	0.0079 (5)	-0.0030 (6)
N2	0.1407 (18)	0.0789 (12)	0.0611 (10)	-0.0056 (11)	-0.0226 (11)	0.0125 (9)
O1	0.0713 (8)	0.0667 (8)	0.0568 (7)	-0.0098 (6)	0.0037 (6)	0.0023 (6)
O2	0.0304 (6)	0.1024 (10)	0.0816 (9)	0.0076 (6)	0.0088 (5)	-0.0081 (7)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C1—C4	1.328 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9700
C1—C2	1.422 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C1—H1A	0.9300	C6—O2	1.2238 (16)
C2—C3	1.314 (3)	C6—N1	1.3162 (18)
C2—H2	0.9300	C6—C7	1.516 (2)
C3—O1	1.355 (2)	C7—C8	1.452 (2)
C3—H3	0.9300	C7—H7A	0.9700
C4—O1	1.3602 (19)	C7—H7B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.476 (2)	C8—N2	1.131 (2)
C5—N1	1.4579 (19)	N1—H1	0.8600
C4—C1—C2	106.51 (18)	C4—C5—H5B	108.9
C4—C1—H1A	126.7	H5A—C5—H5B	107.7
C2—C1—H1A	126.7	O2—C6—N1	124.26 (14)
C3—C2—C1	106.82 (17)	O2—C6—C7	119.83 (13)
C3—C2—H2	126.6	N1—C6—C7	115.90 (12)
C1—C2—H2	126.6	C8—C7—C6	109.59 (13)
C2—C3—O1	110.29 (18)	C8—C7—H7A	109.8
C2—C3—H3	124.9	C6—C7—H7A	109.8
O1—C3—H3	124.9	C8—C7—H7B	109.8
C1—C4—O1	109.60 (15)	C6—C7—H7B	109.8
C1—C4—C5	134.05 (17)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.2
O1—C4—C5	116.34 (13)	N2—C8—C7	178.0 (2)
N1—C5—C4	113.30 (13)	C6—N1—C5	123.31 (12)
N1—C5—H5A	108.9	C6—N1—H1	118.3
C4—C5—H5A	108.9	C5—N1—H1	118.3
N1—C5—H5B	108.9	C3—O1—C4	106.78 (14)
C4—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (2)	N1—C6—C7—C8	-125.10 (14)
C1—C2—C3—O1	0.5 (2)	O2—C6—N1—C5	-4.5 (2)

C2—C1—C4—O1	-0.39 (19)	C7—C6—N1—C5	175.82 (13)
C2—C1—C4—C5	-179.82 (17)	C4—C5—N1—C6	124.16 (16)
C1—C4—C5—N1	105.9 (2)	C2—C3—O1—C4	-0.7 (2)
O1—C4—C5—N1	-73.48 (17)	C1—C4—O1—C3	0.70 (18)
O2—C6—C7—C8	55.19 (19)	C5—C4—O1—C3	-179.76 (14)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D—H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>
N1—H1⋯O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	1.99	2.846 (1)	175
C7—H7A⋯O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.55	3.395 (2)	145

Symmetry code: (i)  $x+1, y, z$ .