



Crystal structures of (*S*)-(+)-5-(3-bromo/chloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione

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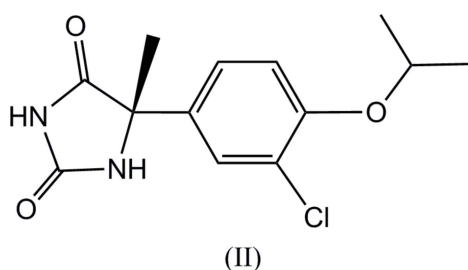
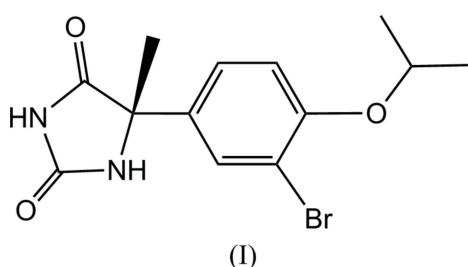
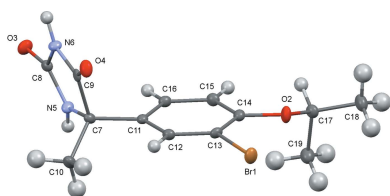
Keywords: crystal structure; hydantoin; absolute configuration; hydrogen bonding**CCDC references:** 1436066; 1439808**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

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In (*S*)-(+)-5-(3-bromo-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione, C₁₃H₁₅BrN₂O₃, (I), the hydantoin groups are connected *via* intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds, forming a terraced sheet structure. In the chloro analogue, (*S*)-(+)-5-(3-chloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione, C₁₃H₁₅ClN₂O₃, (II), the intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen-bonding network forms a flat sheet. Comparison of the crystal structures reveals that (II) is more loosely packed than (I).

1. Chemical context

In searching for a new synthetic β -selective agonist toward liver X receptors (LXR), a series of compounds having the hydantoin tail, which may act as a linker, were synthesized and examined (Matsuda *et al.*, 2015; Koura *et al.*, 2015). It has been revealed that the chirality of the hydantoin unit is crucial to the LXR activation and β selectivity (Koura *et al.*, 2016). In the present study, the absolute configuration of the (+)-hydantoin unit, which leads to pharmacological activity, has been determined definitely from anomalous-dispersion effects in diffraction measurements on crystals of the title bromo and chloro derivatives.



2. Structural commentary

The conformations of the molecules (I) and (II) are similar to one another (Figs. 1 and 2), although the inclination angles of

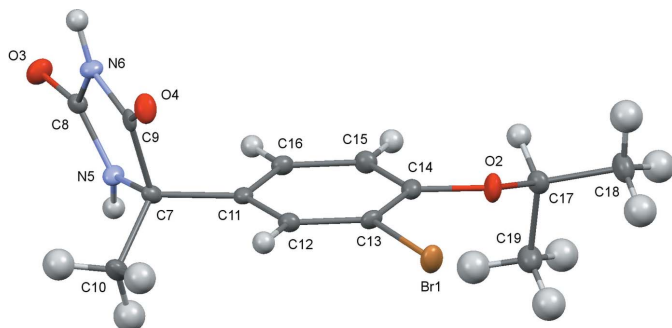


Figure 1
The molecular structure of (I), showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

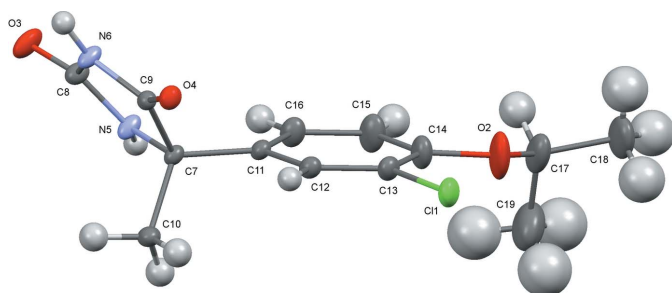


Figure 2
The molecular structure of (II), showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

the C11–C16 benzene rings to the hydantoin group around the C7–C11 bond axes differ somewhat, the N5–C7–C11–C16 torsion angles being 12.9 (3)° and –9.8 (2)° for (I) and (II), respectively. The configuration around the asymmetric carbon atom C7 of the (+)-isomer has been determined to *S* for both (I) and (II). It is worthwhile to compare the Flack parameters calculated by classical refinement (Flack, 1983) and Parsons' quotient (Parsons *et al.*, 2013) for these Br and Cl compounds which were measured with Mo *K* α radiation. These values are 0.010 (7) and 0.018 (2) for (I), and 0.010 (50) and 0.009 (8) for (II), respectively. Flack parameters with much smaller s.u. values were obtained by Parsons' method.

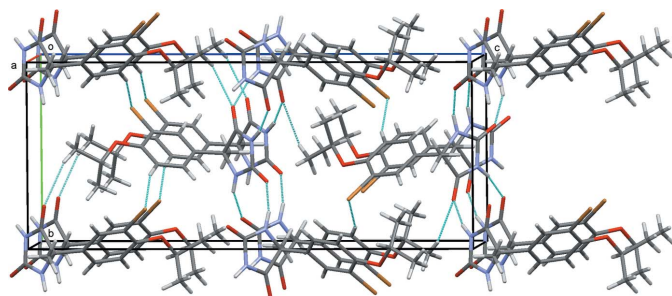


Figure 3
The crystal structure of (I), projected along *a*. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for (I).

<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
C18–H18B···O4 ⁱ	0.98	2.60	3.529 (3)	158
C15–H15···Br1 ⁱ	0.95	3.02	3.939 (2)	162
N6–H6···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	1.97	2.828 (2)	165
N5–H5···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88	2.12	2.861 (2)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$.

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for (II).

<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
N5–H5···O3 ⁱ	0.88	2.00	2.8155 (16)	154
N6–H6···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.03	2.8845 (16)	163
C12–H12···O4	0.95	2.57	3.0679 (19)	113
C12–H12···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.39	3.2294 (18)	147
C17–H17···Cl1 ^{iv}	1.00	2.83	3.831 (2)	175
C18–H18B···O4 ^{iv}	0.98	2.50	3.409 (2)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

3. Supramolecular features

The crystal structure of (I) projected along *a* is shown in Fig. 3. The hydantoin ring systems are linked by two sets of N–H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) and are arranged in zigzag fashion along the twofold screw axes at $z = 0$ and $z = \frac{1}{2}$ along *a*. Groups of four molecules are linked by these N–H···O hydrogen bonds, generating $R_4^4(20)$ ring motifs, forming terraced sheets parallel to (001) as shown schematically in Fig. 4. The 3-bromo-4-isopropoxyphenyl groups are accom-

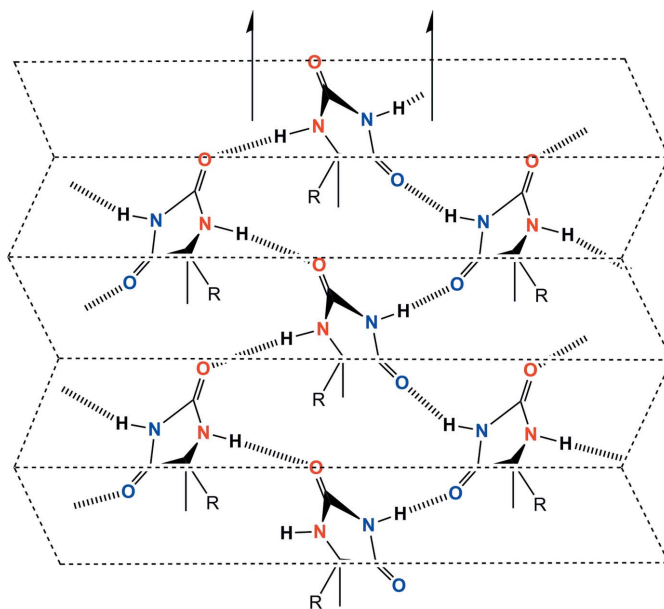


Figure 4
A schematic drawing of the N–H···O hydrogen-bonding network in (I). The arrows indicate the twofold screw axes along *a*.

Table 3
Experimental details.

	(I)	(II)
Crystal data		
Chemical formula	C ₁₃ H ₁₅ BrN ₂ O ₃	C ₁₃ H ₁₅ ClN ₂ O ₃
<i>M_r</i>	327.17	282.72
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	Orthorhombic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
Temperature (K)	90	90
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	6.1840 (3), 9.6495 (4), 23.1111 (10)	7.1397 (3), 10.0128 (4), 20.0431 (8)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1379.10 (11)	1432.85 (10)
<i>Z</i>	4	4
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α	Mo <i>K</i> α
<i>μ</i> (mm ⁻¹)	2.99	0.27
Crystal size (mm)	0.25 × 0.25 × 0.10	0.27 × 0.27 × 0.21
Data collection		
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 VENTURE	Bruker D8 VENTURE
Absorption correction	Integration (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2014)	Integration (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2014)
<i>T_{min}</i> , <i>T_{max}</i>	0.482, 0.631	0.916, 0.954
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)] reflections	31000, 3271, 3206	32943, 3425, 3350
<i>R_{int}</i>	0.028	0.023
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.659	0.660
Refinement		
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2σ(<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²), <i>S</i>	0.017, 0.047, 1.29	0.027, 0.079, 1.68
No. of reflections	3271	3425
No. of parameters	175	175
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ _{max} , Δρ _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	0.41, -0.30	0.28, -0.22
Absolute structure	Flack <i>x</i> determined using 1301 quotients [(<i>I</i> ⁺) - (<i>I</i> ⁻)] / [(<i>I</i> ⁺) + (<i>I</i> ⁻)] (Parsons <i>et al.</i> , 2013).	Flack <i>x</i> determined using 1385 quotients [(<i>I</i> ⁺) - (<i>I</i> ⁻)] / [(<i>I</i> ⁺) + (<i>I</i> ⁻)] (Parsons <i>et al.</i> , 2013)
Absolute structure parameter	0.018 (2)	0.009 (8)

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2014), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

modated between these sheets and linked by the C—H···Br and C—H···O hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional architecture.

Both (I) and (II) crystallize in space group *P*2₁2₁2₁ and the lattice constants are roughly similar for both. However, there are both similarities and significant differences in the packing modes between the two closely related molecules. The crystal structure of (II) projected along *a* is shown in Fig. 5. The hydantoin ring systems again lie approximately on planes at *z* = 0 or *z* = 1/2, and are connected by N—H···O hydrogen

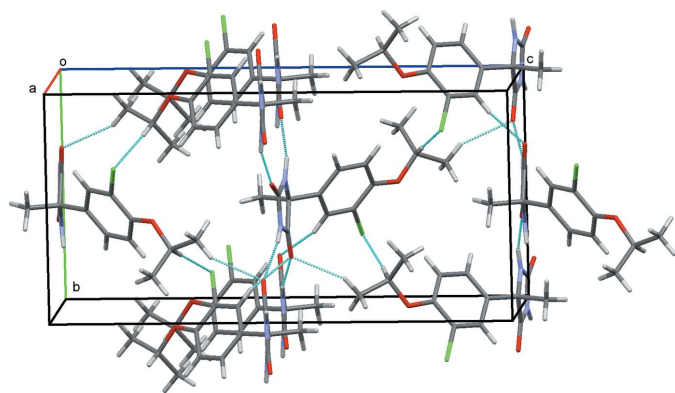


Figure 5
The crystal structure of (II), projected along *a*. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

bonds (Table 2), forming a flat sheet parallel to (001). Between these sheets 3-chloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl groups are linked by C—H···Cl and C—H···O hydrogen bonds, generating a three-dimensional structure of molecules stacked along *a*.

Comparison of the crystal structures reveals that (II) is more loosely packed than (I). There are significant differences in the van der Waals radii of the Br and Cl atoms (1.85 and 1.75 Å, respectively; Bondi, 1964) which is reflected in the C—X bond distances [C13—Br1 = 1.8945 (18) Å in (I); C13—Cl1 1.7396 (16) Å in (II)]. However, the effective volume of the molecule in (II) estimated by *V*/*Z* is larger by *ca* 4% than that for (I). This suggests that the nearly coplanar arrangement of the hydantoin groups in (II) is favorable for the formation of N—H···O hydrogen bonds as seen from Table 2, but it also results in looser molecular packing.

4. Database survey

Structures of 5-phenyl-5-alkylhydantoin derivatives have been investigated to review the relationships between the absolute configuration and optical activity. Knabe & Wunn (1980) determined the absolute configurations of 5,5-disubstituted hydantoin derivatives based on their chemical syntheses. According to this assignment, the structure of *S*-(+)-5-phenyl-5-ethylhydantoin was reported (Coquerel *et al.*, 1993). Ferron *et al.* (2006) determined the configuration of (*R*)-(-)-5-*p*-methylphenyl-5-methylhydantoin in a clathrate compound with

permethylated β -cyclodextrin based on the known absolute configuration of the host. Martin *et al.* (2011) prepared the diastereomeric salt of (*S*)-(+)-5-phenyl-5-trifluoromethylhydantoin with (+)- α -methylbenzylamine to determine the configuration based on the known absolute configuration of the chiral amine. It is noted that the *R* and *S* notation remains unchanged when CH₃ at the 5-position of the hydantoin is replaced with CF₃, although the priorities of the substituents in the sequence rule are altered. To our knowledge, the present paper is the first to report the absolute configuration of such compounds determined from anomalous-dispersion effects.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

Compounds (I) and (II) were prepared from the corresponding (+)-non-halogeno-derivatives, which were separated from a racemic mixture (Koura *et al.*, 2016). Prismatic crystals of (I) were grown from ethylacetate solution. The specific rotation, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}$, of (I) at 293 K is +79.7° ($c = 0.98$, MeOH, where c is the concentration of units gram per 100 cm⁻³).

Plate-like crystals of (II) were grown from ethylacetate solution. The specific rotation, $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}$, of (II) at 293 K is +81.4° ($c = 1.0$, MeOH).

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 3. All H atoms bound to C and N were positioned geometrically. They were refined as riding, with N–H = 0.88 Å, C–H = 0.95–0.98 Å, and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C/N})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$. The thermal

displacement ellipsoids of the non-hydrogen atoms of the isopropoxy group in (II) are larger than those in (I), suggesting some positional disorder, which was not taken into account in the refinement.

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supporting information

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Crystal structures of (S)-(+)-5-(3-bromo/chloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione

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Computing details

For both compounds, data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2014); data reduction: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2014); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

(I) (S)-(+)-5-(3-Bromo-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{15}BrN_2O_3$

$M_r = 327.17$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

$a = 6.1840$ (3) Å

$b = 9.6495$ (4) Å

$c = 23.1111$ (10) Å

$V = 1379.10$ (11) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 664$

$D_x = 1.576$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point = 480–485 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 9747 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – 27.9°

$\mu = 2.99$ mm⁻¹

$T = 90$ K

Prism, colorless

$0.25 \times 0.25 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker D8 VENTURE

diffractometer

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: integration

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2014)

$T_{\min} = 0.482$, $T_{\max} = 0.631$

31000 measured reflections

3271 independent reflections

3206 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.9^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -30 \rightarrow 30$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.017$

$wR(F^2) = 0.047$

$S = 1.29$

3271 reflections

175 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0213P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.009$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack x determined using

1301 quotients $[(I^+)-(I^-)]/[(I^+)+(I^-)]$ (Parsons *et al.*, 2013).

Absolute structure parameter: 0.018 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.51609 (3)	0.26559 (2)	0.22060 (2)	0.01790 (7)
O2	0.9092 (2)	0.43196 (15)	0.19710 (6)	0.0164 (3)
O3	0.9534 (2)	0.63884 (14)	0.53560 (6)	0.0173 (3)
O4	0.6551 (2)	0.25613 (14)	0.45199 (6)	0.0169 (3)
N5	0.7120 (3)	0.61559 (17)	0.45986 (7)	0.0125 (3)
H5	0.6885	0.7037	0.4524	0.015*
N6	0.8462 (3)	0.42583 (17)	0.49936 (6)	0.0128 (3)
H6	0.9303	0.3728	0.5206	0.015*
C7	0.6083 (3)	0.5027 (2)	0.42851 (8)	0.0114 (4)
C8	0.8471 (3)	0.5712 (2)	0.50139 (8)	0.0115 (4)
C9	0.7001 (3)	0.3769 (2)	0.46070 (8)	0.0111 (4)
C10	0.3625 (3)	0.5093 (3)	0.43412 (9)	0.0200 (5)
H10A	0.3226	0.5117	0.4751	0.030*
H10B	0.2982	0.4273	0.4159	0.030*
H10C	0.3087	0.5930	0.4149	0.030*
C11	0.6865 (3)	0.4922 (2)	0.36572 (8)	0.0112 (4)
C12	0.5853 (3)	0.4017 (2)	0.32744 (8)	0.0124 (4)
H12	0.4623	0.3504	0.3396	0.015*
C13	0.6632 (3)	0.38634 (19)	0.27186 (8)	0.0120 (4)
C14	0.8446 (4)	0.4577 (2)	0.25237 (8)	0.0129 (4)
C15	0.9471 (3)	0.5475 (2)	0.29057 (8)	0.0143 (4)
H15	1.0711	0.5978	0.2784	0.017*
C16	0.8682 (3)	0.5640 (2)	0.34672 (8)	0.0127 (4)
H16	0.9400	0.6254	0.3725	0.015*
C17	1.0475 (3)	0.5314 (2)	0.16795 (8)	0.0151 (4)
H17	1.1767	0.5521	0.1925	0.018*
C18	1.1172 (4)	0.4592 (2)	0.11306 (9)	0.0216 (5)
H18A	1.2027	0.3770	0.1229	0.032*
H18B	1.2051	0.5225	0.0897	0.032*
H18C	0.9891	0.4313	0.0910	0.032*
C19	0.9230 (4)	0.6638 (2)	0.15599 (9)	0.0219 (5)
H19A	0.7966	0.6428	0.1320	0.033*
H19B	1.0166	0.7296	0.1356	0.033*
H19C	0.8753	0.7046	0.1927	0.033*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.01843 (11)	0.02073 (11)	0.01453 (11)	-0.00651 (8)	-0.00120 (7)	-0.00500 (7)

O2	0.0215 (8)	0.0166 (7)	0.0111 (7)	-0.0051 (6)	0.0047 (6)	-0.0007 (5)
O3	0.0203 (8)	0.0145 (6)	0.0171 (7)	-0.0051 (6)	-0.0050 (6)	-0.0011 (5)
O4	0.0232 (7)	0.0104 (7)	0.0171 (7)	-0.0064 (6)	0.0049 (5)	-0.0012 (6)
N5	0.0172 (9)	0.0074 (8)	0.0129 (8)	0.0014 (7)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0007 (6)
N6	0.0138 (9)	0.0097 (8)	0.0147 (8)	0.0011 (7)	-0.0025 (7)	0.0020 (6)
C7	0.0103 (9)	0.0103 (10)	0.0138 (9)	0.0009 (8)	-0.0015 (7)	-0.0032 (8)
C8	0.0102 (9)	0.0110 (9)	0.0131 (9)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0018 (7)	0.0011 (7)
C9	0.0120 (9)	0.0125 (9)	0.0086 (8)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0053 (7)	0.0002 (7)
C10	0.0118 (10)	0.0313 (14)	0.0170 (10)	0.0040 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	-0.0040 (10)
C11	0.0117 (9)	0.0110 (9)	0.0111 (9)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0007 (7)
C12	0.0103 (9)	0.0124 (9)	0.0145 (9)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0009 (7)
C13	0.0128 (9)	0.0113 (9)	0.0120 (9)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0047 (7)	-0.0017 (7)
C14	0.0144 (10)	0.0121 (9)	0.0123 (9)	0.0014 (8)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C15	0.0127 (9)	0.0140 (9)	0.0161 (9)	-0.0028 (7)	0.0010 (7)	0.0015 (7)
C16	0.0125 (9)	0.0113 (9)	0.0144 (9)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0028 (8)	-0.0017 (7)
C17	0.0131 (10)	0.0164 (9)	0.0157 (9)	-0.0021 (8)	0.0024 (8)	0.0010 (7)
C18	0.0244 (11)	0.0216 (11)	0.0187 (10)	0.0010 (9)	0.0079 (9)	0.0008 (9)
C19	0.0263 (12)	0.0199 (11)	0.0196 (10)	0.0036 (9)	0.0032 (9)	0.0015 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C13	1.8945 (18)	C11—C12	1.392 (3)
O2—C14	1.361 (2)	C12—C13	1.380 (3)
O2—C17	1.451 (2)	C12—H12	0.9500
O3—C8	1.218 (2)	C13—C14	1.391 (3)
O4—C9	1.215 (2)	C14—C15	1.390 (3)
N5—C8	1.343 (2)	C15—C16	1.395 (3)
N5—C7	1.457 (3)	C15—H15	0.9500
N5—H5	0.8800	C16—H16	0.9500
N6—C9	1.355 (2)	C17—C18	1.510 (3)
N6—C8	1.403 (2)	C17—C19	1.518 (3)
N6—H6	0.8800	C17—H17	1.0000
C7—C10	1.527 (3)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C7—C9	1.532 (3)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C7—C11	1.533 (2)	C18—H18C	0.9800
C10—H10A	0.9800	C19—H19A	0.9800
C10—H10B	0.9800	C19—H19B	0.9800
C10—H10C	0.9800	C19—H19C	0.9800
C11—C16	1.391 (3)		
C14—O2—C17	119.19 (16)	C12—C13—C14	121.99 (17)
C8—N5—C7	112.98 (16)	C12—C13—Br1	118.72 (14)
C8—N5—H5	123.5	C14—C13—Br1	119.29 (14)
C7—N5—H5	123.5	O2—C14—C15	125.17 (19)
C9—N6—C8	111.90 (16)	O2—C14—C13	116.75 (17)
C9—N6—H6	124.1	C15—C14—C13	118.06 (17)
C8—N6—H6	124.1	C14—C15—C16	120.16 (19)
N5—C7—C10	111.38 (18)	C14—C15—H15	119.9

N5—C7—C9	100.82 (14)	C16—C15—H15	119.9
C10—C7—C9	111.14 (19)	C11—C16—C15	121.28 (18)
N5—C7—C11	112.40 (17)	C11—C16—H16	119.4
C10—C7—C11	113.38 (17)	C15—C16—H16	119.4
C9—C7—C11	106.91 (15)	O2—C17—C18	104.66 (16)
O3—C8—N5	128.94 (19)	O2—C17—C19	110.02 (17)
O3—C8—N6	124.06 (18)	C18—C17—C19	112.35 (17)
N5—C8—N6	107.00 (16)	O2—C17—H17	109.9
O4—C9—N6	126.56 (18)	C18—C17—H17	109.9
O4—C9—C7	126.47 (18)	C19—C17—H17	109.9
N6—C9—C7	106.94 (16)	C17—C18—H18A	109.5
C7—C10—H10A	109.5	C17—C18—H18B	109.5
C7—C10—H10B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	C17—C18—H18C	109.5
C7—C10—H10C	109.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	C17—C19—H19A	109.5
C16—C11—C12	118.35 (17)	C17—C19—H19B	109.5
C16—C11—C7	121.39 (17)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C12—C11—C7	120.08 (17)	C17—C19—H19C	109.5
C13—C12—C11	120.15 (18)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C13—C12—H12	119.9	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C11—C12—H12	119.9		
C8—N5—C7—C10	120.1 (2)	C10—C7—C11—C12	-44.5 (3)
C8—N5—C7—C9	2.12 (19)	C9—C7—C11—C12	78.3 (2)
C8—N5—C7—C11	-111.41 (18)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-1.0 (3)
C7—N5—C8—O3	-178.24 (19)	C7—C11—C12—C13	-176.27 (17)
C7—N5—C8—N6	1.4 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.9 (3)
C9—N6—C8—O3	174.64 (18)	C11—C12—C13—Br1	-178.41 (14)
C9—N6—C8—N5	-5.1 (2)	C17—O2—C14—C15	-20.8 (3)
C8—N6—C9—O4	-175.63 (19)	C17—O2—C14—C13	160.16 (18)
C8—N6—C9—C7	6.4 (2)	C12—C13—C14—O2	178.61 (17)
N5—C7—C9—O4	176.99 (19)	Br1—C13—C14—O2	-2.1 (2)
C10—C7—C9—O4	58.8 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.5 (3)
C11—C7—C9—O4	-65.4 (2)	Br1—C13—C14—C15	178.87 (15)
N5—C7—C9—N6	-5.00 (18)	O2—C14—C15—C16	-178.87 (18)
C10—C7—C9—N6	-123.16 (18)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.1 (3)
C11—C7—C9—N6	112.63 (17)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.7 (3)
N5—C7—C11—C16	12.9 (3)	C7—C11—C16—C15	175.87 (18)
C10—C7—C11—C16	140.4 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.2 (3)
C9—C7—C11—C16	-96.8 (2)	C14—O2—C17—C18	170.47 (16)
N5—C7—C11—C12	-171.94 (16)	C14—O2—C17—C19	-68.6 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C18—H18B \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.98	2.60	3.529 (3)	158

C15—H15⋯Br1 ⁱ	0.95	3.02	3.939 (2)	162
N6—H6⋯O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	1.97	2.828 (2)	165
N5—H5⋯O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88	2.12	2.861 (2)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (iii) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$.

(II) (S)-(+)-5-(3-Chloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl)-5-methylimidazolidine-2,4-dione

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{15}ClN_2O_3$	$D_x = 1.311 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 282.72$	Melting point = 475–477 K
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.1397 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 9929 reflections
$b = 10.0128 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.9^\circ$
$c = 20.0431 (8) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1432.85 (10) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 90 \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Plate, colorless
$F(000) = 592$	$0.27 \times 0.27 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker D8 VENTURE diffractometer	3425 independent reflections
φ and ω scans	3350 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: integration (SADABS; Bruker, 2014)	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.916, T_{\text{max}} = 0.954$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$
32943 measured reflections	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
	$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	H-atom parameters constrained
Least-squares matrix: full	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0389P)^2]$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.079$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
$S = 1.68$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3425 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
175 parameters	Absolute structure: Flack x determined using
0 restraints	1385 quotients $[(F^-)-(F)]/[(F^+)+(F)]$ (Parsons <i>et al.</i> , 2013).
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites	Absolute structure parameter: 0.009 (8)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.27670 (6)	0.69656 (4)	0.65403 (2)	0.02286 (13)
O2	0.3090 (2)	0.46523 (14)	0.73500 (6)	0.0401 (4)
O3	1.27973 (17)	0.36910 (11)	0.49720 (6)	0.0240 (3)
O4	0.88769 (16)	0.72460 (10)	0.52129 (5)	0.0149 (2)

N5	0.95990 (18)	0.37992 (12)	0.51449 (7)	0.0153 (3)
H5	0.9349	0.2942	0.5184	0.018*
N6	1.11959 (17)	0.56832 (12)	0.50854 (6)	0.0149 (3)
H6	1.2159	0.6228	0.5052	0.018*
C7	0.81752 (19)	0.48393 (14)	0.51642 (7)	0.0122 (3)
C8	1.1342 (2)	0.42885 (15)	0.50598 (8)	0.0160 (3)
C9	0.9406 (2)	0.60975 (14)	0.51672 (7)	0.0121 (3)
C10	0.7029 (2)	0.48536 (16)	0.45165 (8)	0.0178 (3)
H10A	0.7874	0.4951	0.4134	0.027*
H10B	0.6148	0.5604	0.4526	0.027*
H10C	0.6331	0.4015	0.4476	0.027*
C11	0.6927 (2)	0.47604 (15)	0.57820 (7)	0.0138 (3)
C12	0.5631 (2)	0.57769 (15)	0.58963 (7)	0.0154 (3)
H12	0.5602	0.6531	0.5609	0.018*
C13	0.4397 (2)	0.56974 (16)	0.64193 (8)	0.0176 (3)
C14	0.4386 (3)	0.46071 (18)	0.68561 (8)	0.0250 (4)
C15	0.5703 (3)	0.3610 (2)	0.67485 (9)	0.0308 (4)
H15	0.5750	0.2864	0.7041	0.037*
C16	0.6959 (2)	0.36877 (17)	0.62175 (8)	0.0219 (3)
H16	0.7849	0.2994	0.6153	0.026*
C17	0.2730 (3)	0.3480 (2)	0.77469 (9)	0.0359 (5)
H17	0.3949	0.3107	0.7907	0.043*
C18	0.1633 (3)	0.4001 (3)	0.83411 (10)	0.0452 (6)
H18A	0.2356	0.4701	0.8565	0.068*
H18B	0.1397	0.3267	0.8654	0.068*
H18C	0.0436	0.4370	0.8188	0.068*
C19	0.1706 (4)	0.2430 (3)	0.73698 (14)	0.0619 (8)
H19A	0.0587	0.2818	0.7164	0.093*
H19B	0.1336	0.1712	0.7675	0.093*
H19C	0.2522	0.2065	0.7021	0.093*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0193 (2)	0.0269 (2)	0.02235 (19)	0.00684 (16)	0.00608 (15)	-0.00032 (15)
O2	0.0438 (9)	0.0423 (8)	0.0342 (7)	0.0146 (7)	0.0254 (7)	0.0183 (6)
O3	0.0127 (5)	0.0138 (5)	0.0455 (7)	0.0033 (5)	0.0032 (6)	-0.0029 (5)
O4	0.0150 (5)	0.0099 (5)	0.0197 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0012 (4)	0.0004 (4)
N5	0.0117 (6)	0.0068 (6)	0.0276 (7)	0.0001 (5)	0.0028 (5)	0.0005 (5)
N6	0.0098 (6)	0.0087 (6)	0.0264 (6)	-0.0009 (5)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C7	0.0099 (7)	0.0097 (6)	0.0169 (7)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C8	0.0141 (7)	0.0116 (7)	0.0223 (7)	-0.0008 (6)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0003 (6)
C9	0.0119 (7)	0.0125 (7)	0.0120 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0002 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C10	0.0146 (7)	0.0214 (8)	0.0175 (7)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0018 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
C11	0.0106 (7)	0.0153 (7)	0.0156 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0010 (5)
C12	0.0144 (7)	0.0156 (7)	0.0160 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C13	0.0141 (7)	0.0192 (7)	0.0195 (7)	0.0036 (6)	0.0008 (6)	0.0007 (6)
C14	0.0263 (9)	0.0285 (9)	0.0201 (8)	0.0049 (8)	0.0087 (7)	0.0088 (7)

C15	0.0338 (10)	0.0295 (9)	0.0292 (9)	0.0090 (9)	0.0097 (8)	0.0167 (8)
C16	0.0213 (8)	0.0206 (8)	0.0238 (8)	0.0050 (7)	0.0021 (7)	0.0076 (6)
C17	0.0293 (10)	0.0476 (11)	0.0307 (9)	0.0059 (9)	0.0117 (9)	0.0219 (9)
C18	0.0439 (13)	0.0628 (15)	0.0288 (10)	0.0004 (11)	0.0148 (9)	0.0171 (10)
C19	0.0543 (17)	0.0669 (17)	0.0646 (16)	-0.0140 (14)	0.0265 (14)	-0.0055 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C13	1.7396 (16)	C11—C12	1.395 (2)
O2—C14	1.355 (2)	C12—C13	1.371 (2)
O2—C17	1.441 (2)	C12—H12	0.9500
O3—C8	1.2121 (18)	C13—C14	1.399 (2)
O4—C9	1.2139 (18)	C14—C15	1.389 (3)
N5—C8	1.3479 (19)	C15—C16	1.394 (2)
N5—C7	1.4558 (18)	C15—H15	0.9500
N5—H5	0.8800	C16—H16	0.9500
N6—C9	1.3536 (19)	C17—C19	1.487 (3)
N6—C8	1.4014 (19)	C17—C18	1.518 (3)
N6—H6	0.8800	C17—H17	1.0000
C7—C11	1.5277 (19)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C7—C10	1.535 (2)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C7—C9	1.5360 (19)	C18—H18C	0.9800
C10—H10A	0.9800	C19—H19A	0.9800
C10—H10B	0.9800	C19—H19B	0.9800
C10—H10C	0.9800	C19—H19C	0.9800
C11—C16	1.384 (2)		
C14—O2—C17	119.87 (16)	C12—C13—C14	121.82 (15)
C8—N5—C7	112.83 (12)	C12—C13—C11	119.59 (12)
C8—N5—H5	123.6	C14—C13—C11	118.57 (12)
C7—N5—H5	123.6	O2—C14—C15	126.84 (16)
C9—N6—C8	112.33 (13)	O2—C14—C13	115.78 (16)
C9—N6—H6	123.8	C15—C14—C13	117.37 (15)
C8—N6—H6	123.8	C14—C15—C16	120.93 (16)
N5—C7—C11	113.08 (12)	C14—C15—H15	119.5
N5—C7—C10	110.89 (12)	C16—C15—H15	119.5
C11—C7—C10	112.02 (12)	C11—C16—C15	120.96 (16)
N5—C7—C9	100.80 (11)	C11—C16—H16	119.5
C11—C7—C9	111.90 (11)	C15—C16—H16	119.5
C10—C7—C9	107.50 (12)	O2—C17—C19	112.53 (18)
O3—C8—N5	129.09 (13)	O2—C17—C18	104.23 (17)
O3—C8—N6	124.11 (14)	C19—C17—C18	112.8 (2)
N5—C8—N6	106.80 (13)	O2—C17—H17	109.0
O4—C9—N6	126.38 (14)	C19—C17—H17	109.0
O4—C9—C7	126.82 (14)	C18—C17—H17	109.0
N6—C9—C7	106.75 (12)	C17—C18—H18A	109.5
C7—C10—H10A	109.5	C17—C18—H18B	109.5
C7—C10—H10B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5

H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	C17—C18—H18C	109.5
C7—C10—H10C	109.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	C17—C19—H19A	109.5
C16—C11—C12	118.27 (14)	C17—C19—H19B	109.5
C16—C11—C7	122.80 (14)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C12—C11—C7	118.85 (12)	C17—C19—H19C	109.5
C13—C12—C11	120.62 (13)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C13—C12—H12	119.7	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C11—C12—H12	119.7		
C8—N5—C7—C11	-126.78 (14)	C10—C7—C11—C12	-60.26 (17)
C8—N5—C7—C10	106.43 (14)	C9—C7—C11—C12	60.55 (17)
C8—N5—C7—C9	-7.18 (15)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-1.3 (2)
C7—N5—C8—O3	-173.72 (17)	C7—C11—C12—C13	175.49 (14)
C7—N5—C8—N6	5.83 (18)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.0 (2)
C9—N6—C8—O3	178.00 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C11	-178.80 (11)
C9—N6—C8—N5	-1.57 (19)	C17—O2—C14—C15	-12.6 (3)
C8—N6—C9—O4	179.17 (14)	C17—O2—C14—C13	168.51 (17)
C8—N6—C9—C7	-2.93 (18)	C12—C13—C14—O2	-179.76 (16)
N5—C7—C9—O4	-176.28 (14)	C11—C13—C14—O2	-0.9 (2)
C11—C7—C9—O4	-55.83 (19)	C12—C13—C14—C15	1.2 (3)
C10—C7—C9—O4	67.57 (18)	C11—C13—C14—C15	-179.94 (15)
N5—C7—C9—N6	5.83 (15)	O2—C14—C15—C16	179.90 (18)
C11—C7—C9—N6	126.28 (13)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.2 (3)
C10—C7—C9—N6	-110.32 (13)	C12—C11—C16—C15	1.3 (2)
N5—C7—C11—C16	-9.8 (2)	C7—C11—C16—C15	-175.34 (16)
C10—C7—C11—C16	116.38 (16)	C14—C15—C16—C11	0.0 (3)
C9—C7—C11—C16	-122.81 (15)	C14—O2—C17—C19	-71.8 (2)
N5—C7—C11—C12	173.55 (13)	C14—O2—C17—C18	165.63 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N5—H5 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.88	2.00	2.8155 (16)	154
N6—H6 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.03	2.8845 (16)	163
C12—H12 \cdots O4	0.95	2.57	3.0679 (19)	113
C12—H12 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.39	3.2294 (18)	147
C17—H17 \cdots C11 ^{iv}	1.00	2.83	3.831 (2)	175
C18—H18B \cdots O4 ^{iv}	0.98	2.50	3.409 (2)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$; (iii) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.