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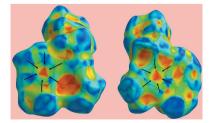
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Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 2-{[2,8-bis(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl](hydroxy)methyl}piperidin-1-ium 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate hemihydrate

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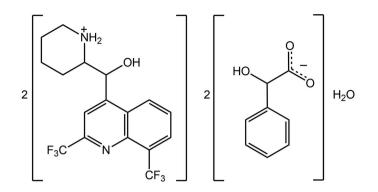
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The asymmetric unit of the title salt, $C_{17}H_{17}F_6N_2O^+ \cdot C_8H_7O_3^- \cdot 0.5H_2O_7$ comprises a pair of pseudo-enantiomeric (i.e. related by a non-crystallographic centre of symmetry) piperidin-1-ium cations, two carboxylate anions and a water molecule of crystallization. The cations have similar conformations approximating to a letter, L: one of them shows disorder of its $-CF_3$ group over two sets of sites in a 0.775 (3):0.225 (3) ratio. Distinctive conformations are found for the anions, one with the carboxylate group lying to one side of the plane through the phenyl ring and the other where the oxygen atoms lie to either side of the plane. In the latter, an intramolecular hydroxy-O-H···O(carboxylate) chargeassisted hydrogen bond is found. The packing features extensive O-H···O,N hydrogen bonding, often charge-assisted; $C-H\cdots\pi$ interactions are also formed. The hydrogen bonding results in the formation of five distinctive supramolecular synthons and assembles molecules in the ac plane. The quinolinyl rings lie to either side of the layer and inter-digitate with layers on either side, are approximately parallel to the b axis and are connected by π - π [inter-centroid separation = 3.6904 (18) Å] as well as $C-F\cdots\pi$ (quinolinyl) interactions to consolidate the three-dimensional crystal. The dominance of the conventional hydrogen bonding in the molecular packing is confirmed by an analysis of the Hirshfeld surface.

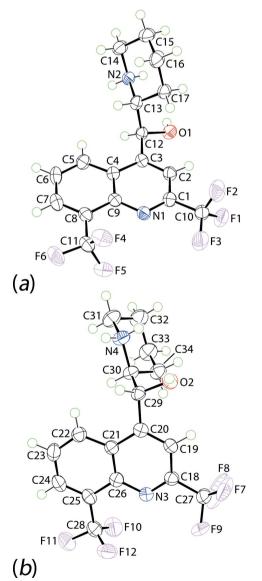
1. Chemical context

When the racemic compound mefloquine is reacted with HCl, protonation occurs at the piperdinyl-N atom to yield the $[(R^*,S^*)-(2-\{[2,8-bis(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl](hydroxy$ methyl)piperidin-1-ium chloride salt; see Scheme for the chemical diagram of the cation, also known as mefloqinium. This salt, racemic erythro-mefloquine hydrochloride, has been used as an anti-malarial drug since 1971 (Maguire et al., 2006). As an example of drug re-positioning, new biological activities have been sought for this drug and derivatives resulting in the disclosure of their potential as, for example anti-bacterial (Mao et al., 2007), anti-mycobacterial (Gonçalves et al., 2012) and anti-cancer (Rodrigues et al., 2014) agents. This interest notwithstanding, it turns out that the crystal chemistry of the cation is rich and diverse. For example, the crystal structures of salts of the cation with three isomeric n-nitrobenzoates (n =2, 3, and 4) have been described where the supramolecular association led to chains in each case, but these were sustained by distinct hydrogen-bonded synthons (Wardell et al., 2011).



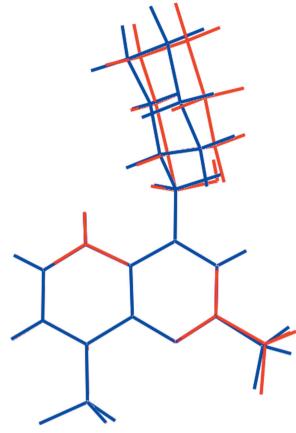


In addition, recently, two kryptoracemates have been revealed, namely in mefloqinium salts with p-fluorobenzene-sulfonate (Jotani *et al.*, 2016) and (+)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-meth-





The molecular structures of the (a) first and (b) second independent cations in (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 70% probability level. For (b), only the major component of the disordered C27-CF₃ group is shown.





An overlap diagram highlighting the similarity of the conformations of the first (red) and inverted second (blue) independent cations. The cations have been overlapped so the the quinolinyl rings are coincident.

oxy-2-phenylpropanate (Wardell *et al.*, 2016). It was in this context that the title hydrated salt, (I), was investigated: this was isolated after racemic mefloquine was reacted with a stoichiometric amount of racemic 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetic acid. Herein, the crystal and molecular structures of the title salt, (I), are described as well as a Hirshfeld surface analysis.

2. Structural commentary

The asymmetric unit of (I) comprises two 2-{[2,8-bis(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl](hydroxy)methyl}piperidin-1-ium cations, two 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate anions and a water molecule of crystallization. The cations, Fig. 1, are pseudoenantiomeric (i.e. related by a non-crystallographic inversion centre) with the N1-cation having an S-configuration at the C12 atom and an *R*-configuration at C13 and therefore being assigned as the [(-)-erythro-mefloquinium] cation. The N3cation, with chirality at the C29 and C30 atoms being R and S, respectively, is assigned as [(+)-erythro-mefloquinium]. As anticipated, protonation during crystallization leads to a piperidin-1-ium cation, as confirmed by the pattern of hydrogen bonding, which is discussed below in Supramolecular features. Each cation comprises an essentially planar quinolinyl residue attached to a piperidinium residue (with a chair conformation) via a methine link. The dihedral

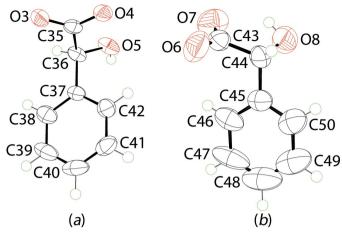


Figure 3

The molecular structures of the (a) first and (b) second independent anions in (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 70% probability level.

angle between the quinolinyl-NC₅ ring plane and the best plane through the piperidinium ring is 71.91 (16)° indicating an almost perpendicular relationship so that the cation adopts an L-shape; the equivalent dihedral angle for the N3-cation is 80.58 (17)°. This assignment is also supported by the values of the C2-C3-C12-C13 and C19-C20-C29-C30 torsion angles of -100.4 (3) and 108.1 (3)°, respectively. The hydroxyl-O and piperidinium-N atoms lie to the same side of the piperidinium ring, being *gauche* across the methine-C-C(methine) bond with N2···O1 = 3.019 (4) Å and O1-C12-C13-N2 = 73.3 (3)° for the N1-cation; the equivalent values for the N3-cation are 2.931 (4) Å and -70.7 (3)°, respectively. The similarity in the two cations is emphasized in the overlay diagram shown in Fig. 2 where the inverted form of the N3cation has been superimposed upon the N1-cation.

The anions in (I), Fig. 3, were modelled with the N1-anion having an S-configuration at the C36 atom and an R-configuration at atom C44 of the second independent anion. The confirmation of deprotonation is found in the near equivalence of the C35-O3, O4 [1.260 (4) and 1.263 (4) Å] and of the C43–O6, O7 [1.223 (5) and 1.246 (5) Å] bond lengths. As evidenced from the overlay diagram shown in Fig. 4, which overlaps the inverted form of the O6-anion with the O3-anion with phenyl rings made coincident, major conformational differences between the anions exist. In the O3-anion, the dihedral angle between the phenyl ring and carboxylate group is 71.2 $(3)^{\circ}$ which is a little more acute than the comparable angle of $78.4 (4)^{\circ}$ for the O6-anion. However, the significant difference arises in the relative dispositions of the carboxylate group to the phenyl ring, lying completely to one side of the ring for the O3-anion but with one carboxylate-O atom above and the other below the plane through the phenyl ring for the O6-anion. This difference is quantified in the disparity in the C35-C36-C37-C38 and C43-C44-C45-C46 torsion angles of 108.0 (3) and 20.0 (6) $^{\circ}$, respectively. Another difference is noted in the formation of an intramolecular hydroxy-O-H···O(carboxylate) hydrogen bond in only one of the anions. In both cases the hydroxyl O atoms is to a first Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1-Cg4 are the ring centroids of the (C37-C42), (N1,C1-C4,C9), (N3,C18-C21,C26) and (C21-C26) rings, respectively.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
O8−H8 <i>O</i> ···O7	0.86 (5)	2.00 (6)	2.638 (5)	131 (5)
$O1-H1O\cdots O4^{i}$	0.84 (2)	1.76 (3)	2.597 (3)	173 (4)
$O2-H2O\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.84(2)	1.95 (2)	2.779 (3)	169 (5)
$N2-H1N\cdotsO1W^{i}$	0.89 (3)	1.85 (3)	2.725 (4)	167 (3)
$N2-H2N\cdots O3^{i}$	0.88(2)	1.93 (2)	2.788 (4)	165 (3)
$N4-H3N\cdotsO8^{iii}$	0.88(2)	2.18 (3)	2.798 (5)	127 (3)
N4 $-$ H4 N \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88(3)	2.43 (3)	3.059 (4)	129 (3)
$N4-H4N\cdots O5^{iii}$	0.88(3)	1.90 (3)	2.727 (4)	156 (3)
$O5-H5O\cdots O6^{iv}$	0.85 (3)	1.74 (3)	2.572 (4)	165 (5)
$O1W-H1W\cdots O7$	0.84 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.635 (4)	156 (5)
$O1W - H2W \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{v}$	0.84 (3)	1.98 (4)	2.768 (3)	156 (5)
$C5-H5\cdots O1W^{i}$	0.95	2.59	3.539 (4)	175
$C14-H14A\cdots Cg1^{vi}$	0.99	2.66	3.642 (4)	171
$C11-F4\cdots Cg2^{vii}$	1.35(1)	2.93 (1)	4.118 (3)	146(1)
$C11 - F5 \cdots Cg3^{viii}$	1.34 (1)	3.15(1)	3.931 (3)	117 (1)
$C27 - F8 \cdots Cg4^{ii}$	1.26 (1)	3.23 (1)	4.474 (3)	170 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y + 1, z; (ii) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iii) -x, -y, -z + 1; (iv) x - 1, y, z; (v) -x + 1, -y, -z; (vi) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (vii) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z; (viii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

approximation *syn* to a carboxylate-O atom as seen in the O3-C35-C36-O5 and O7-C43-C44-O8 torsion angles of 151.9 (3) and 17.3 (6)°, respectively. However, it is only in the O6-anion that the aforementioned hydrogen bond is formed to close a five-membered {···HOC₂O} loop, Table 1.

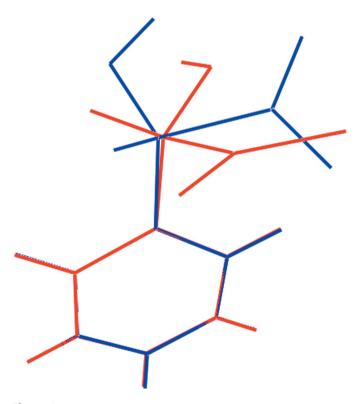


Figure 4

An overlap diagram highlighting the differences in the conformations of the first (red) and inverted second (blue) independent anions. The anions are overlapped so the phenyl rings are coincident.

3. Supramolecular features

In addition to considerable conventional hydrogen bonding, often charge-assisted, there are other intermolecular interactions at play in the molecular packing (Spek, 2009). The geometric parameters characterizing most of these intermolecular interactions are given in Table 1. The pattern of hydrogen bonding clearly differentiates both the cations and in the same way, the anions. Thus, the hydroxy group of the N1-cation forms a charge-assisted hydroxy-O– $H \cdots O(carboxylate)$ interaction with an anion, while the hydroxyl group of the N3-cation forms a hydroxy-O– $H \cdots O(hydroxy)$ link between the cations. The piperidinium-

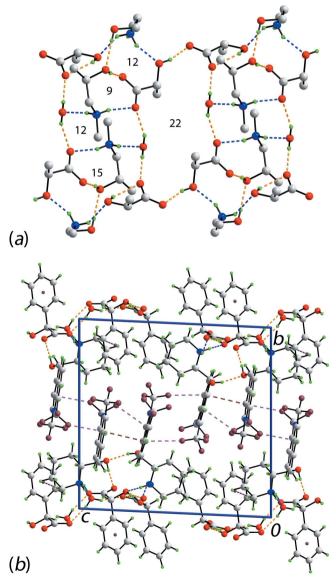


Figure 5

The molecular packing in (I): (a) a portion of the hydrogen bonding highlighting the formation of supramolecular synthons and (b) a view in projection down the *a* axis of the unit-cell contents. The $O-H\cdots O$ and $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds are shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively, and the $C-H\cdots\pi$, $\pi-\pi$ and $C-F\cdots\pi$ interactions are shown as purple, brown and pink dashed lines, respectively. Colour code: F, cyan; O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

 $N-H_2$ H atoms of the N1-cation forms charge-assisted hydrogen bonds to the water molecule of crystallization and to the O3-carboxylate atom, whereas those of the N3-cation interact with the hydroxy-O8 and carboxylate-O4 atoms.

A different hydrogen-bonding pattern is also noted for the anions, already differentiated by the formation of an intramolecular hydroxy-O-H···O(carboxylate) interaction in the O6-anion. The hydroxy group of the O3-anion forms a hydroxy-O-H···O(carboxylate) link between the anions. Both carboxylate-O3, O4 atoms accept hydrogen bonds from piperidinium-N-H H atoms whereas the carboxylate-O5, O6 atoms form interactions with piperidinium-N-H and anion– hydroxyl-H H atoms, respectively. The carboxylate-O3 and O7 atoms each form two hydrogen bonds with the additional interactions involving water-H atoms. Finally, as just mentioned, the water molecule forms two donor interactions with carboxylate-O atoms, accepts a hydrogen bond from a piperidinium-N-H H atom and also accepts a contact from a quinolinyl-C-H atom.

The just described hydrogen bonding gives rise to a number of cyclic synthons. Referring to Fig. 5a, the largest synthon is sustained exclusively by $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonding, being a centrosymmetric 22-membered $\{\cdots OCO \cdots HOH \cdots OC_2OH\}_2$ ring. Four other rings are formed mediated by hydrogen bonding but the only remaining centrosymmetric synthon features two bridging piperidinium-N-H H atoms, which link water- and carboxylate-O atoms to generate a 12-membered $\{\cdots$ HNH \cdots OH \cdots O $_{2}$ synthon. The three remaining synthons do not have symmetry. The smallest, nine-membered $\{\cdots$ HNC₂OH \cdots OCO $\}$ abuts the 12-membered synthon just described and shares a common N-H bond. The ninemembered synthon is connected on the other side by an 12-membered ring featuring the second piperidinium- $N-H_2$ group, *i.e.* { \cdots HNC₂OH \cdots OH \cdots OC₂O}. Portions of both of the nine- and 12-membered synthons participate in the formation of a larger 15-membered synthon which involves both piperidinium-N-H₂ groups, i.e. $\{\cdots$ HNH \cdots OC₂O \cdots HNH \cdots OH \cdots O \cdots HO}; one of the Ointramolecular $H \cdots O$ links is the hydroxy-O-H···O(carboxylate) hydrogen bond. A tight methylene-C-H. $\cdot \cdot \pi$ (anion-phenyl) interaction is also noted, Table 1. The hydrogen bonding extends laterally in the ac plane with the quinolinyl residues lying to either side in the *b*-axis direction and in orientations enabling inter-digitation. Interactions between rings are of the type π - π , occurring between quinolinyl-bound (C21-C26) and (N1,C1-C4,C9)ⁱ rings with an inter-centroid separation of 3.6904 (18) Å and angle of inclination of 8.70 (15)°; symmetry code (i): 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z. A variety of C-F··· π (quinolinyl) interactions provide additional links in the inter-layer region. A view of the unit-cell contents is shown in Fig. 5b.

4. Hirshfeld surface analysis

Crystal Explorer (Wolff et al., 2012) was used to generate Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over d_{norm} , shape-index, curvedness and electrostatic potential. The electrostatic potentials

Table 2 Additional interatomic contacts (Å) in the crystal of (I).

Parameter	Distance	Symmetry operation
F1···F7	2.787 (5)	-x, 1-y, 1-z
$F7 \cdot \cdot \cdot F11$	2.871 (4)	-1 + x, y, z
$F2 \cdot \cdot \cdot C17$	3.029 (4)	1 - x, 1 - y, -z
F2···H17B	2.65	1 - x, 1 - y, -z
F10···H34A	2.63	-x, 1-y, 1-z
F4···C9	3.153 (3)	2 - x, 1 - y, -z
F5···C18	2.971 (4)	1-x, 1-y, 1-z
F8···C26	3.054 (5)	-x, 1-y, 1-z
F7···C48	3.148 (2)	-x, 1-y, 1-z
H14A···C37	2.74	1-x, 1-y, 1-z
$H14A \cdots C41$	2.88	1-x, 1-y, 1-z
H14A····C42	2.61	1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z
C31···O8	3.103 (5)	-x, -y, 1-z
$H31A \cdots O8$	2.62	-x, -y, 1-z
С35Н6	2.74	-1 + x, -1 + y, z
$C46 \cdot \cdot \cdot H15A$	2.72	1 - x, 1 - y, -z
H1 <i>O</i> ···H2 <i>O</i>	2.10 (5)	x, 1 - y, 1 - z
$H1N \cdot \cdot \cdot H1W$	2.25	x, 1 + y, z
$H1N \cdots H2W$	2.24	x, 1 + y, z
$H3N \cdots H8O$	2.32 (6)	-x, -y, 1-z
$H4N \cdot \cdot \cdot H5O$	2.38 (5)	-x, -y, 1-z
O5· · ·H22	2.65	-x, -y, 1-z
O5···H29	2.67	-x, -y, 1-z
O2···H24	2.50	1+x, y, z

were calculated using *TONTO* (Spackman *et al.*, 2008; Jayatilaka *et al.*, 2005) integrated into *Crystal Explorer*; the crystal geometry was used as the input. The electrostatic potentials were mapped onto Hirshfeld surfaces using the STO-3G basis set at the Hartree–Fock level of theory. The contact distances d_i and d_e from the Hirshfeld surface to the nearest atom inside and outside, respectively, enables the analysis of the intermolecular interactions through the mapping of d_{norm} .

The Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over d_{norm} for the N1cation, N3-cation and the entity comprising the two anions together with the water molecule of crystallization are illustrated in Fig. 6, and Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over electrostatic potential for the same species, in the ranges -0.25 to

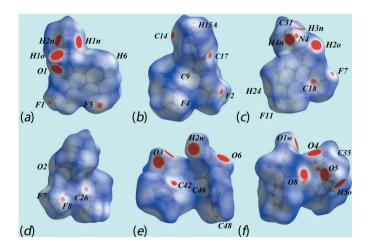


Figure 6

Views of Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over d_{norm} for (a) and (b) the N1cation, (c) and (d) the N3-cation and (e) and (f) the anions and water molecule. +0.17, -0.26 to +0.17 and -0.14 to +0.20 au, respectively, are illustrated in Fig. 7. The mapping of Hirshfeld surfaces over d_{norm} in the range -0.5 to +1.3 au reveals potential hydrogenbond donors and acceptors as bright-red spots. The further mapping of Hirshfeld surfaces over d_{norm} in the range -0.1 to +1.1 au results in faint-red spots on the surfaces which can satisfactorily describe the influence of other intermolecular interactions in the crystal such as $C-H\cdots O$, $C-H\cdots F$, C-H··· π , C-F·· π and π - π stacking. The bright-red spots appearing near the donor hydroxyl-H2O, Fig. 6c, and acceptor hydroxyl-O1O atom, Fig. 6a, show the O-H···O link between the two independent cations. The charge-assisted $O-H\cdots O$ interaction between the hydroxyl-H1O and carboxylate-O4 atoms can be viewed as bright-red spots in Fig. 6a and 6f, respectively. The bright-red spots at the piperidinium-H1N and H2N atoms, Fig. 6a, and oxygen atoms

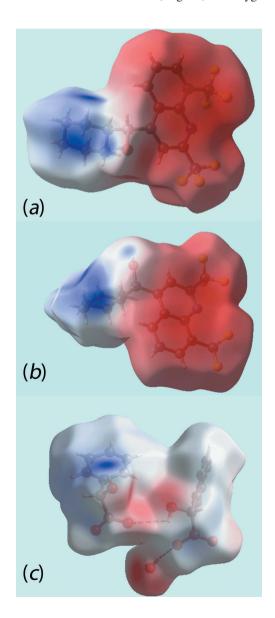


Figure 7

View of Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over electrostatic potential for (a) the N1-cation (b) the N3-cation and (c) the anions and water molecule.

O3, Fig. 6e, and O1W, Fig. 6f, indicate the formation of N– $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds associated with the N1-cation. The other group of N– $H \cdots O$ bonds resulted from piperidinium-

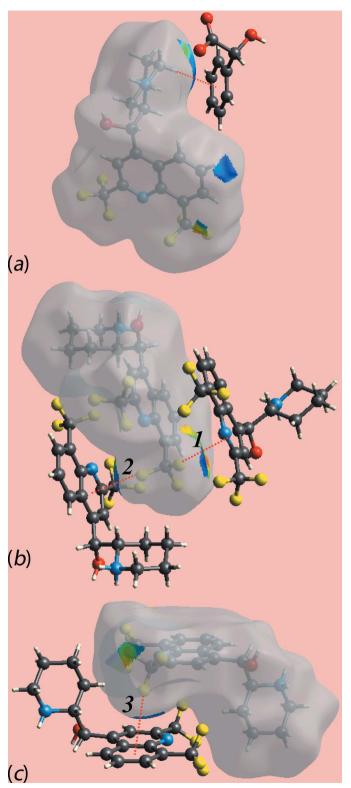


Figure 8

Views of Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over the shape-index showing (a) $C-H\cdots\pi$, (b) and (c) $C-F\cdots\pi$ interactions. The interactions are indicated with red-dotted lines.

Table 3

Percentage contributions of different interatomic contacts to the Hirshfeld surface in (I).

Contact	%
$H \cdots H$	31.2
$O \cdots H/H \cdots O$	19.2
$F \cdot \cdot \cdot H/H \cdot \cdot \cdot F$	23.1
$C \cdots H/H \cdots C$	9.6
$C \cdots F/F \cdots C$	4.6
$F \cdot \cdot \cdot F$	7.6
$C \cdots C$	2.3
$F \cdots N/N \cdots F$	1.4
$C \cdots N/N \cdots C$	0.7
$N{\cdots}H/H{\cdots}N$	0.3

H3N and H4N of the N3-cation and are apparent as the brightred spots on the surface donors, Fig. 6c, and acceptors, Fig. 6f (*i.e.* carboxylate O4 and O8), respectively; the faint-red spots near the piperidinium-N4, Fig. 6c, and carboxylate-O4 atoms, Fig. 6e, are due to the presence of comparatively weak N— $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. The existence of water-O $-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds can be viewed as bright-red spots near the H2W and carboxylate-O3 atoms while the other is indicated with dashed lines in Fig. 6e. Finally, the bright-red spots at hydroxyl-H5O, Fig. 6f, and carboxylate-O6, Fig. 6e, provides a link between the anions through O $-H \cdots O$ interactions.

The faint-red spots near the fluorine atoms of the CF₃ groups of the cations indicate their participation in various intermolecular interactions. The faint-red spots near the F1, F7 and F11 atoms shown in Figs. 6a, 6c and 6d, indicate short interatomic $F \cdot \cdot \cdot F$ contacts, Table 2. The spots near the F2 and piperidinium-C17 atoms arise form intermolecular C-H···F interactions, Fig. 6b and Table 2. The presence of $C-F\cdots\pi$ interactions are evident from the diminutive-red spots near the F4 and F5 atoms of the N1-cation, and F8 of the N3-cation, Figs. 6a, 6b and 6d, and from the short interatomic $C \cdots F$ contacts listed in Table 2. The Hirshfeld surfaces mapped with shape-index properties are illustrated in Fig. 8 and reflect these $C-F\cdots\pi$ interactions. In addition to above, the short interatomic C48...F7 contact is also viewed as very faint-red spots near these atoms on the surface, Figs. 6c, 6d and 6e. The faint-red spots present near the methylene-C14-H, Fig. 6b, and anion-phenyl-C42 atoms, Fig. 6e, and short interatomic $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$ contacts between methylene-H14A and anion atoms C37, C41 and C42, as summarized in Table 2, clearly indicate their contribution to the $C-H\cdots\pi$ interaction described above. The presence of a $C-H\cdots O$ interaction between piperidinium-C31-H of the N3-cation and hydroxyl-O8 of one of the anions is observed as diminutive-red spots near these atoms in Figs. 6c and 6f, and quantified in Table 2. In addition to the above intermolecular interactions related to $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$ contacts, the short interatomic contacts between the anion-C46 and C35 atoms, Figs. 6e and 6f, and N1-cation hydrogens H6 and H15A, Figs. 6a and 6b, are also viewed as faint-red spots near these atoms. The immediate environments about the N1- and N3-cations and the anions and water molecule within the d_{norm} -mapped Hirshfeld surface mediated by the above interactions are illustrated in Fig. 9.

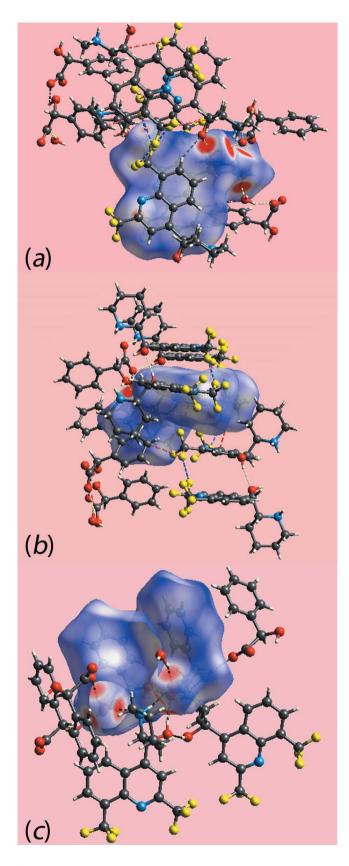


Figure 9

The immediate environments about the (a) N1-cation, (b) N3-cation and (c) anions and water molecule. The reference molecule within the Hirshfeld surfaces are mapped over $d_{\rm norm}$ and highlight their participation in intermolecular interactions.

The combination of d_i and d_e in the form of two-dimensional fingerprint plots (McKinnon *et al.*, 2007) provides a summary of the intermolecular contacts occurring in the crystal. The overall two-dimensional fingerprint plot for (I) and those delineated into $H \cdots H$, $O \cdots H/H \cdots O$, $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$, $F \cdots H/H \cdots F$, $F \cdots F$, $C \cdots F/F \cdots C$ and $C \cdots C$ contacts (McKinnon *et al.*, 2007) are illustrated in Fig. 10*a*-*h*, respectively; their relative contributions are summarized in Table 3. The fingerprint plot delineated into $H \cdots H$ contacts, Fig. 10*b*, shows that although these make the greatest contribution to the overall Hirshfeld surface, *i.e.* 31.2%, its comparatively low value is due to the involvement of many of the available hydrogen atoms of the various functional groups in specific intermolecular O- $H \cdots O$ and N- $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. A nearly symmetric (mirror) distribution of points reflected as a

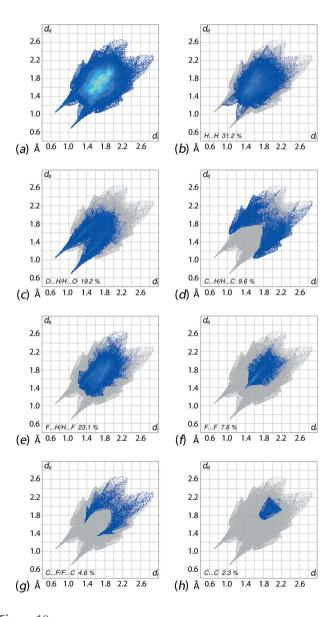


Figure 10

Two-dimensional fingerprint plots calculated for (I): (*a*) overall plot, and plots delineated into (*b*) $H \cdots H$, (*c*) $O \cdots H/H \cdots O$, (*d*) $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$, (*e*) $F \cdots H/H \cdots F$, (*f*) $F \cdots F$, (*g*) $C \cdots F/F \cdots C$ and (*h*) $C \cdots C$ contacts.

saw-tooth with the tips at $d_e + d_i \sim 2.1$ Å correspond to a short interatomic piperidinium-H1 $O \cdots$ H2O contact between hydroxyl-hydrogens of the two independent cations, Table 2; the other short interatomic H \cdots H contacts, Table 2, are associated with the points distributed in (d_e, d_i) region less than the van der Waals separations, *i.e.* 2×1.2 Å. The 19.2% contributions from $O \cdots$ H/H \cdots O contacts to the overall surface results from intermolecular $O - H \cdots O$, $N - H \cdots O$ and $C - H \cdots O$ interactions as well as short interatomic $O \cdots$ H/ $H \cdots$ H contacts in the crystal, Table 2. In the fingerprint plot delineated into $O \cdots$ H/H \cdots O contacts, Fig. 10*c*, a pair of long spikes having tips at $d_e + d_i \sim 1.7$ Å and the appearance of green points aligned as a pair of streaks are due to the presence of dominant $O - H \cdots O$ and $N - H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

The fingerprint plot corresponding to $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$ contacts, Fig. 10d, show a fin-like distribution of points with the edges at $d_e + d_i \sim 2.6$ Å resulting from the presence of C– $H \cdots \pi$ interactions and short interatomic $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$ contacts, as summarized in Table 2. The presence of a pair of two small peaks at $d_e + d_i \sim 2.7$ Å and 2.8 Å in a tube-shaped distribution of points in the fingerprint plot delineated into F...H/H...F contacts, Fig. 10e, arise from short intermolecular $F \cdots H/H \cdots F$ contacts, Table 2. The presence of two trifluoromethyl groups in each cation increases the percentage contribution from these contacts to the Hirshfeld surface to 23.1%, thereby contributing to the reduced relative contribution from H...H contacts. In the fingerprint delineated into $F \cdots F$ contacts, Fig. 10*f*, the distribution of points in a penciltip shape with the tip at $d_e + d_i \sim 2.8$ Å represent the short interatomic F...F contacts listed in Table 2. The intermolecular $C - F \cdots \pi$ and $C \cdots F$ interactions in the crystal are characterized by a fin-shape, at $d_e + d_i \sim 3.0$ Å, in the fingerprint plot delineated into $C \cdot \cdot \cdot F/F \cdot \cdot \cdot C$ contacts, Fig. 10g, and make a 4.6% contribution to the surface. A small 2.3% contribution from C · · · C contacts to the Hirshfeld surface with the parabolic distribution of points, Fig. 10h, around the $(d_e,$ d_i) distances slightly shorter than their van der Waals radii, *i.e.*

 2×1.7 Å, indicate π - π stacking interactions between quinolinyl rings. The presence of π - π stacking interactions between the symmetry-related rings is also indicated through the appearance of red and blue triangle pairs on the Hirshfeld surface mapped with shape-index property identified with arrows in the images of Fig. 11, and in the flat regions on the Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over curvedness in Fig. 12.

5. Database survey

Recent contributions to the structural chemistry of mefloginium salts (Jotani et al., 2016; Wardell et al., 2016) have included tabulated summaries of related literature structures and key geometric parameters. The cations in (I) conform to expectation. Two recently determined structures are particularly noteworthy as they exhibit kryptoracemic behaviour, *i.e.* contain enantiomeric species that are not related by crystallographic symmetry, meaning they crystallize in one of the 65 Sohncke space groups, which lack inversion centres, rotatory inversion axes, glide planes and mirror planes. This phenomenon is rare for organic species, occurring in just 0.1% of their structures (Fábián & Brock, 2010). The two kryptoracemates arise for different reasons. In the first example, the orthorhombic $(P2_12_12_1)$ crystals isolated from the 1:1 reaction of mefloquinium chloride and *p*-fluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride in the presence of NaOH (Jotani et al., 2016), contained [(+)-erythro-mefloquinium] and [(-)-erythro-mefloquinium]cations as well as a chloride and p-fluorobenzenesulfonate anions to provide the charge balance. The second example was isolated from the attempted chiral resolution of mefloquine with the carboxylic acid, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoic acid, i.e. (+)-PhC(CF₃)(OMe)CO₂H. Crystallography showed the triclinic (P1) crystals to comprise the [(+)-erythro-mefloquinium] and [(-)-erythro-mefloquinium]cations with two independent (+)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2phenylpropanate anions. Hence, different anions appear to have promoted kryptoracemic behaviour in the chloride/pfluorobenzenesulfonate salt (Jotani et al., 2016) and distinctive crystal packing is responsible for this behaviour in the (+)-

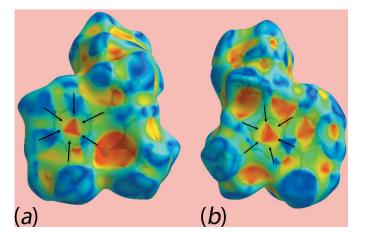


Figure 11

Views of Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over the shape-index for the (a) (N1,C1–C3,C9) and (b) (C21–C26) rings, highlighting π – π stacking.

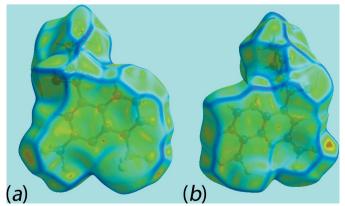


Figure 12 Views of Hirshfeld surfaces mapped over the curvedness for the (*a*) (N1,C1–C3,C9) and (*b*) (C21–C26) rings, highlighting π – π stacking.

Table 4Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$2C_{17}H_{17}F_6N_2O^+ \cdot 2C_8H_7O_3^- \cdot H_2O$
$M_{\rm r}$	1078.95
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Temperature (K)	120
a, b, c (Å)	9.5317 (2), 15.8217 (5), 16.2980 (5)
α, β, γ (°)	85.926 (2), 77.418 (2), 83.003 (2)
$V(Å^3)$	2378.46 (12)
Ζ	2
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	0.13
Crystal size (mm)	$0.44 \times 0.22 \times 0.08$
•	
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker-Nonius Roper CCD
	camera on κ -goniostat
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick,
-	2007)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.655, 0.746
No. of measured, independent and	58243, 10823, 6765
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R _{int}	0.085
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.649
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.077, 0.214, 1.02
No. of reflections	10823
No. of parameters	716
No. of restraints	28
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({ m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3})$	1.75, -0.66

Computer programs: DENZO (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and COLLECT (Hooft, 1998), SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015), ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012), QMol (Gans & Shalloway, 2001), DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanate salt (Wardell *et al.*, 2016). The latter reason seems to apply in the case of (I) where a non-crystallographic symmetry relationship exists between the cations. However, (I) being centrosymmetric indicates that kryptoracemic-type behaviour for the mefloquinium cation is not limited to non-centrosymmetric structures.

6. Synthesis and crystallization

Solutions of mefloquine (1 mmol) in MeOH (15 ml) and (\pm) PhCHOHCO₂H (1 mmol) in MeOH (10 ml) were mixed at room temperature. The reaction mixture was set aside at room temperature for three days and the resulting colourless slabs collected; M.pt: 434–346 K. IR (KBr disc): 3400–2100 (*v* br), 1586, 1313, 1190, 1130, 739 cm^{-1. 13}C NMR (100 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 21.74, 22.01, 22.38, 44.54, 59.25, 68.39, 73.45, 115.43, 121.22 [*J*(C–F) = 273.6 Hz], 123.69 [*J*(C–F) = 272.2 Hz], 126.34, 126.38, 126.52, 127.19 [*J*(C–F) = 291.3 Hz], 127.53, 128.11. 129.05, 129.76 [*J*(C–F) = 4.7 Hz], 142.74, 143.03, 146.64 [*J*(C–F) = 34. 0 Hz], 151.82, 175.75 p.p.m.

7. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. The H atoms were geometrically placed (C-H = 0.95-1.00 Å) and refined as riding with

 $U_{\rm iso}({\rm H}) = 1.2 U_{\rm eq}({\rm C})$. The O- and N-bound H atoms were located from difference maps but, refined with O-H = 0.84 ± 0.01 Å and N-H = 0.88 ± 0.01 Å, and with $U_{iso}(H)$ = $1.2U_{eq}(N)$ and $1.5U_{eq}(O)$. One reflection, *i.e.* (111), was omitted from the final refinement owing to poor agreement. The C27-CF₃ group was modelled as being disordered over two orientations with a site occupancy ratio 0.775 (3): 0.225 (3). The anisotropic displacement parameters for pairs of F atoms were constrained to be equal and restrained to be nearly isotropic. Even so, one atom in particular showed elongated displacement ellipsoids, i.e. the F8 atom, but this was not modelled further. Multiple atomic positions were not discerned for the O6-anion, Fig. 3b. Finally, the maximum and minimum residual electron density peaks of 1.75 and 0.66 $e^{\text{Å}^{-3}}$, respectively, were located 0.84 Å and 0.35 Å from the H44 and O7 atoms, respectively. Given the strong and directional hydrogen bonding in this region of the molecule, it is likely that the large residual is an artefact of the data.

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Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 2-{[2,8-bis(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl](hydroxy)methyl}piperidin-1-ium 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate hemihydrate

James L. Wardell, Mukesh M. Jotani and Edward R. T. Tiekink

Computing details

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014*/7 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012), *QMol* (Gans & Shalloway, 2001) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

2-{[2,8-Bis(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl](hydroxy)methyl}piperidin-1-ium 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetate hemihydrate

Crystal data

 $2C_{17}H_{17}F_{6}N_{2}O^{+}\cdot 2C_{8}H_{7}O_{3}^{-}\cdot H_{2}O$ $M_{r} = 1078.95$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ a = 9.5317 (2) Å b = 15.8217 (5) Å c = 16.2980 (5) Å $a = 85.926 (2)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 77.418 (2)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 83.003 (2)^{\circ}$ $V = 2378.46 (12) \text{ Å}^{3}$

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius Roper CCD camera on κgoniostat diffractometer Radiation source: Bruker–Nonius FR591 rotating anode Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm⁻¹ $\varphi \& \omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007) Z = 2 F(000) = 1116 $D_x = 1.507 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 36255 reflections $\theta = 2.9-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 120 KSlab, colourless $0.44 \times 0.22 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\min} = 0.655, T_{\max} = 0.746$ 58243 measured reflections 10823 independent reflections 6765 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.085$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\min} = 2.9^{\circ}$ $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$ $l = -21 \rightarrow 21$ Refinement

-	
Refinement on F^2	28 restraints
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.077$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0944P)^2 + 3.7317P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.214$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 1.02	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
10823 reflections	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 1.75 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
716 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.66 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Special details	

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
F1	0.5340 (2)	0.43419 (13)	0.20495 (13)	0.0349 (5)	
F2	0.6128 (2)	0.42025 (13)	0.07246 (14)	0.0405 (5)	
F3	0.7404 (2)	0.36447 (13)	0.15967 (17)	0.0471 (6)	
F4	1.1534 (2)	0.43806 (13)	0.05811 (12)	0.0333 (5)	
F5	1.1147 (2)	0.44735 (13)	0.19238 (12)	0.0330 (5)	
F6	1.3016 (2)	0.49571 (14)	0.11350 (15)	0.0428 (6)	
01	0.4545 (2)	0.74208 (14)	0.14151 (15)	0.0252 (5)	
H1O	0.411 (4)	0.7905 (12)	0.153 (3)	0.038*	
N1	0.8612 (3)	0.50764 (16)	0.13007 (16)	0.0213 (6)	
N2	0.5620 (3)	0.86797 (17)	0.00056 (17)	0.0227 (6)	
H1N	0.613 (3)	0.897 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.027*	
H2N	0.4691 (14)	0.877 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.027*	
C1	0.7209 (3)	0.5153 (2)	0.1360 (2)	0.0226 (7)	
C2	0.6315 (3)	0.5923 (2)	0.1303 (2)	0.0226 (7)	
H2	0.5300	0.5924	0.1366	0.027*	
C3	0.6935 (3)	0.66691 (19)	0.11559 (19)	0.0199 (6)	
C4	0.8463 (3)	0.6635 (2)	0.10880 (19)	0.0200 (6)	
C5	0.9235 (3)	0.7364 (2)	0.0943 (2)	0.0246 (7)	
H5	0.8731	0.7914	0.0882	0.030*	
C6	1.0696 (3)	0.7282 (2)	0.0889 (2)	0.0284 (8)	
H6	1.1195	0.7775	0.0791	0.034*	
C7	1.1470 (3)	0.6478 (2)	0.0976 (2)	0.0270 (7)	
H7	1.2484	0.6434	0.0939	0.032*	
C8	1.0773 (3)	0.5755 (2)	0.1114 (2)	0.0234 (7)	
С9	0.9251 (3)	0.5821 (2)	0.11715 (19)	0.0199 (6)	
C10	0.6531 (3)	0.4329 (2)	0.1444 (2)	0.0259 (7)	
C11	1.1601 (3)	0.4896 (2)	0.1193 (2)	0.0270 (7)	
C12	0.6026 (3)	0.75057 (19)	0.10484 (19)	0.0202 (6)	
H12	0.6359	0.7956	0.1338	0.024*	
C13	0.6213 (3)	0.7760 (2)	0.0100 (2)	0.0224 (7)	
H13	0.7272	0.7708	-0.0156	0.027*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

C14	0.5876 (4)	0.9001 (2)	-0.0895 (2)	0.0298 (8)	
H14A	0.6929	0.8978	-0.1129	0.036*	
H14B	0.5453	0.9602	-0.0930	0.036*	
C15	0.5196 (4)	0.8464 (2)	-0.1410 (2)	0.0334 (8)	
H15A	0.5437	0.8657	-0.2010	0.040*	
H15B	0.4131	0.8543	-0.1219	0.040*	
C16	0.5736 (4)	0.7526 (2)	-0.1317 (2)	0.0319 (8)	
H16A	0.6780	0.7435	-0.1576	0.038*	
H16B	0.5218	0.7186	-0.1618	0.038*	
C17	0.5493 (4)	0.7224 (2)	-0.0388 (2)	0.0244 (7)	
H17A	0.4443	0.7264	-0.0143	0.029*	
H17B	0.5894	0.6619	-0.0341	0.029*	
C27	-0.1849 (4)	0.6033 (2)	0.6130 (2)	0.0283 (7)	0.775 (3)
F7	-0.3173 (3)	0.60957 (19)	0.6595 (3)	0.0600 (10)	0.775 (3)
F8	-0.1845 (6)	0.6196 (3)	0.5363 (2)	0.0861 (14)	0.775 (3)
F9	-0.1283 (4)	0.66770 (18)	0.6386 (3)	0.0642 (11)	0.775 (3)
C27′	-0.1849 (4)	0.6033 (2)	0.6130 (2)	0.0283 (7)	0.225 (3)
F7'	-0.2815 (11)	0.5956 (7)	0.5611 (10)	0.0600 (10)	0.225 (3)
F8′	-0.237 (3)	0.6462 (11)	0.6684 (8)	0.0861 (14)	0.225 (3)
F9′	-0.1069 (12)	0.6560 (7)	0.5570 (12)	0.0642 (11)	0.225 (3)
F10	0.3229 (2)	0.55590 (14)	0.53309 (14)	0.0421 (5)	
F11	0.4729 (2)	0.51710 (15)	0.61302 (17)	0.0474 (6)	
F12	0.2720 (2)	0.59052 (14)	0.66265 (15)	0.0430 (6)	
02	-0.3279 (2)	0.30526 (14)	0.69410 (15)	0.0257 (5)	
H2O	-0.367 (4)	0.298 (3)	0.7449 (9)	0.039*	
N3	0.0360 (3)	0.52001 (16)	0.62328 (17)	0.0226 (6)	
N4	-0.1684 (3)	0.14436 (18)	0.63121 (19)	0.0284 (6)	
H3N	-0.2635 (12)	0.149 (2)	0.643 (2)	0.034*	
H4N	-0.145 (4)	0.125 (2)	0.6788 (14)	0.034*	
C18	-0.1027 (3)	0.5187 (2)	0.6291 (2)	0.0225 (7)	
C19	-0.1772 (3)	0.4453 (2)	0.6498 (2)	0.0233 (7)	
H19	-0.2781	0.4488	0.6521	0.028*	
C20	-0.1013 (3)	0.3697 (2)	0.66638 (19)	0.0211 (6)	
C21	0.0496 (3)	0.3677 (2)	0.66514 (19)	0.0214 (6)	
C22	0.1391 (3)	0.2939 (2)	0.6849 (2)	0.0250 (7)	
H22	0.0981	0.2421	0.7024	0.030*	
C23	0.2832 (4)	0.2969 (2)	0.6789 (2)	0.0300 (8)	
H23	0.3417	0.2468	0.6916	0.036*	
C24	0.3472 (4)	0.3729 (2)	0.6542 (2)	0.0294 (8)	
H24	0.4482	0.3733	0.6496	0.035*	
C25	0.2650 (3)	0.4457 (2)	0.6367 (2)	0.0250 (7)	
C26	0.1131 (3)	0.4453 (2)	0.64167 (19)	0.0221 (7)	
C28	0.3315 (4)	0.5276 (2)	0.6113 (2)	0.0323 (8)	
C29	-0.1749 (3)	0.2881 (2)	0.6832 (2)	0.0219 (7)	
H29	-0.1506	0.2569	0.7348	0.026*	
C30	-0.1209 (4)	0.2313 (2)	0.6072 (2)	0.0240 (7)	
H30	-0.0128	0.2254	0.5944	0.029*	
C31	-0.1103 (4)	0.0833 (2)	0.5618 (2)	0.0334 (8)	

11014	0.1.4.5	0.02(0	0.5705	0.040*
H31A	-0.1445	0.0269	0.5795	0.040*
H31B	-0.0033	0.0762	0.5505	0.040*
C32	-0.1608 (4)	0.1170 (2)	0.4828 (2)	0.0365 (9)
H32A	-0.2675	0.1202	0.4931	0.044*
H32B	-0.1198	0.0776	0.4370	0.044*
C33	-0.1134 (4)	0.2050 (2)	0.4565 (2)	0.0361 (8)
H33A	-0.1507	0.2273	0.4061	0.043*
H33B	-0.0065	0.2010	0.4417	0.043*
C34	-0.1709 (4)	0.2659 (2)	0.5282 (2)	0.0290 (7)
H34A	-0.1360	0.3223	0.5112	0.035*
H34B	-0.2779	0.2736	0.5396	0.035*
03	0.2669 (2)	-0.08127 (14)	0.05126 (15)	0.0292 (5)
04	0.2997 (2)	-0.11430 (15)	0.18177 (15)	0.0288 (5)
05	0.0214 (2)	-0.09990 (15)	0.24340 (17)	0.0325 (6)
H5O	-0.0664 (17)	-0.086 (3)	0.266 (3)	0.049*
C35	0.2226 (3)	-0.08536 (19)	0.1300 (2)	0.0243 (7)
C36	0.0645 (3)	-0.0537 (2)	0.1657 (2)	0.0263 (7)
H36	0.0043	-0.0663	0.1259	0.032*
C37	0.0458 (3)	0.0421 (2)	0.1772 (2)	0.0252 (7)
C38	-0.0215 (4)	0.0980 (2)	0.1242 (2)	0.0341 (8)
H38	-0.0560	0.0764	0.0803	0.041*
C39	-0.0386 (4)	0.1858 (2)	0.1353 (3)	0.0428 (10)
H39	-0.0853	0.2236	0.0992	0.051*
C40	0.0119 (4)	0.2175 (2)	0.1985 (3)	0.0445 (10)
H40	-0.0003	0.2771	0.2062	0.053*
C41	0.0805 (4)	0.1622 (2)	0.2506 (2)	0.0397 (9)
H41	0.1165	0.1841	0.2938	0.048*
C42	0.0972 (4)	0.0748 (2)	0.2405 (2)	0.0316 (8)
H42	0.1439	0.0374	0.2769	0.038*
O6	0.7671 (3)	-0.0687(2)	0.3359 (2)	0.0662 (10)
07	0.6636 (4)	-0.0738 (2)	0.2270 (2)	0.0719 (10)
08	0.3996 (4)	-0.0457 (2)	0.3191 (2)	0.0648 (9)
H8O	0.457 (6)	-0.079 (3)	0.284 (3)	0.097*
C43	0.6642 (5)	-0.0604 (3)	0.3013 (3)	0.0423 (10)
C44	0.5166 (4)	-0.0306 (3)	0.3535 (3)	0.0456 (10)
H44	0.5071	-0.0645	0.4082	0.055*
C45	0.5065 (4)	0.0622 (3)	0.3748 (3)	0.0425 (10)
C46	0.6000 (5)	0.1182 (3)	0.3294 (3)	0.0514 (11)
H46	0.6741	0.0987	0.2835	0.062*
C47	0.5851 (7)	0.2031 (3)	0.3511 (4)	0.0690 (17)
H47	0.6472	0.2416	0.3190	0.083*
C48	0.4812 (8)	0.2309 (4)	0.4184 (5)	0.084 (2)
H48	0.4731	0.2883	0.4341	0.100*
C49	0.3880 (6)	0.1760 (4)	0.4637 (4)	0.0741 (17)
H49	0.3150	0.1959	0.5099	0.089*
C50	0.4008 (5)	0.0919 (3)	0.4419 (3)	0.0563 (12)
H50	0.3363	0.0543	0.4734	0.068*
O1W	0.7552 (3)	-0.05535 (16)	0.06281 (17)	0.0358 (6)

H1W	0.724 (5)	-0.046 (3)	0.1140 (10)	0.054*
H2W	0.765 (5)	-0.0084 (15)	0.036 (3)	0.054*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	1 1					
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0299 (11)	0.0308 (11)	0.0418 (12)	-0.0101 (9)	0.0000 (9)	0.0023 (9)
F2	0.0481 (13)	0.0358 (12)	0.0431 (13)	-0.0184 (10)	-0.0114 (10)	-0.0089 (10)
F3	0.0349 (12)	0.0177 (10)	0.0901 (19)	-0.0017 (9)	-0.0193 (12)	0.0064 (11)
F4	0.0330 (11)	0.0343 (11)	0.0306 (11)	0.0092 (9)	-0.0070 (8)	-0.0091 (9)
F5	0.0359 (11)	0.0346 (11)	0.0286 (11)	0.0022 (9)	-0.0117 (9)	0.0023 (9)
F6	0.0195 (10)	0.0433 (13)	0.0660 (16)	0.0022 (9)	-0.0144 (10)	0.0020 (11)
01	0.0188 (11)	0.0223 (12)	0.0300 (13)	0.0021 (9)	0.0014 (9)	0.0013 (10)
N1	0.0213 (13)	0.0202 (14)	0.0229 (14)	-0.0019 (10)	-0.0061 (10)	-0.0008 (11)
N2	0.0250 (14)	0.0178 (14)	0.0267 (15)	-0.0040 (11)	-0.0076 (11)	-0.0001 (11)
C1	0.0222 (16)	0.0225 (17)	0.0230 (16)	-0.0036 (13)	-0.0039 (12)	-0.0021 (13)
C2	0.0197 (15)	0.0212 (16)	0.0266 (17)	0.0002 (12)	-0.0050 (13)	-0.0022 (13)
C3	0.0186 (15)	0.0209 (16)	0.0202 (16)	-0.0012 (12)	-0.0038 (12)	-0.0033 (12)
C4	0.0187 (15)	0.0214 (16)	0.0194 (15)	-0.0019 (12)	-0.0023 (12)	-0.0029 (12)
C5	0.0277 (17)	0.0200 (16)	0.0262 (17)	-0.0045 (13)	-0.0045 (13)	-0.0023 (13)
C6	0.0245 (17)	0.0313 (19)	0.0319 (19)	-0.0118 (14)	-0.0049 (14)	-0.0066 (15)
C7	0.0190 (15)	0.035 (2)	0.0278 (18)	-0.0056 (14)	-0.0038 (13)	-0.0053 (15)
C8	0.0218 (16)	0.0284 (18)	0.0211 (16)	-0.0027 (13)	-0.0065 (12)	-0.0022 (13)
С9	0.0199 (15)	0.0233 (16)	0.0161 (15)	-0.0016 (12)	-0.0031 (12)	-0.0029 (12)
C10	0.0230 (16)	0.0212 (17)	0.0338 (19)	-0.0023 (13)	-0.0070 (14)	-0.0001 (14)
C11	0.0208 (16)	0.0335 (19)	0.0271 (18)	-0.0010 (14)	-0.0068 (13)	-0.0019 (15)
C12	0.0175 (14)	0.0207 (16)	0.0219 (16)	-0.0033 (12)	-0.0027 (12)	-0.0005 (12)
C13	0.0199 (15)	0.0209 (16)	0.0252 (17)	-0.0034 (12)	-0.0017 (12)	-0.0005 (13)
C14	0.041 (2)	0.0250 (18)	0.0252 (18)	-0.0101 (15)	-0.0086 (15)	0.0036 (14)
C15	0.047 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0247 (18)	-0.0154 (17)	-0.0143 (16)	0.0057 (15)
C16	0.041 (2)	0.0301 (19)	0.0276 (19)	-0.0142 (16)	-0.0084 (15)	-0.0028 (15)
C17	0.0282 (17)	0.0196 (16)	0.0269 (17)	-0.0062 (13)	-0.0072 (13)	-0.0015 (13)
C27	0.0230 (17)	0.0257 (18)	0.036 (2)	-0.0056 (14)	-0.0062 (14)	0.0033 (15)
F7	0.0242 (14)	0.0260 (15)	0.114 (3)	0.0047 (12)	0.0081 (16)	0.0197 (17)
F8	0.151 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.0317 (17)	0.062 (2)	-0.0295 (19)	-0.0083 (15)
F9	0.0495 (19)	0.0212 (15)	0.131 (3)	-0.0028 (13)	-0.038 (2)	-0.0085 (18)
C27′	0.0230 (17)	0.0257 (18)	0.036 (2)	-0.0056 (14)	-0.0062 (14)	0.0033 (15)
F7′	0.0242 (14)	0.0260 (15)	0.114 (3)	0.0047 (12)	0.0081 (16)	0.0197 (17)
F8′	0.151 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.0317 (17)	0.062 (2)	-0.0295 (19)	-0.0083 (15)
F9′	0.0495 (19)	0.0212 (15)	0.131 (3)	-0.0028 (13)	-0.038 (2)	-0.0085 (18)
F10	0.0356 (12)	0.0451 (13)	0.0443 (14)	-0.0130 (10)	-0.0058 (10)	0.0135 (10)
F11	0.0226 (11)	0.0484 (14)	0.0739 (17)	-0.0110 (10)	-0.0136 (10)	0.0023 (12)
F12	0.0383 (12)	0.0349 (12)	0.0593 (15)	-0.0106 (10)	-0.0116 (11)	-0.0113 (11)
02	0.0208 (11)	0.0266 (12)	0.0277 (13)	-0.0041 (9)	-0.0007 (9)	0.0018 (10)
N3	0.0234 (14)	0.0209 (14)	0.0238 (14)	-0.0029 (11)	-0.0055 (11)	-0.0011 (11)
N4	0.0378 (16)	0.0196 (14)	0.0285 (16)	-0.0053 (12)	-0.0080 (13)	0.0004 (12)
	0.0217 (16)	0.0216 (16)	0.0240 (17)	-0.0039 (12)	-0.0040 (12)	-0.0003 (13)
C18	0.021/(10)					

C20	0.0222 (15)	0.0240 (17)	0.0163 (15)	-0.0026 (13)	-0.0020 (12)	-0.0026 (12)
C21	0.0240 (16)	0.0230 (16)	0.0182 (15)	-0.0026 (13)	-0.0066 (12)	-0.0018 (12)
C22	0.0285 (17)	0.0237 (17)	0.0240 (17)	-0.0023 (13)	-0.0085 (13)	-0.0002 (13)
C23	0.0299 (18)	0.0295 (19)	0.0312 (19)	0.0049 (14)	-0.0117 (14)	-0.0018 (15)
C24	0.0211 (16)	0.038 (2)	0.0306 (19)	-0.0016 (14)	-0.0094 (14)	-0.0044 (15)
C25	0.0237 (16)	0.0316 (19)	0.0212 (17)	-0.0051 (14)	-0.0071 (13)	-0.0004 (14)
C26	0.0249 (16)	0.0240 (17)	0.0173 (15)	-0.0012 (13)	-0.0050 (12)	-0.0015 (12)
C28	0.0213 (17)	0.034 (2)	0.042 (2)	-0.0063 (14)	-0.0068 (15)	-0.0006 (17)
C29	0.0231 (16)	0.0200 (16)	0.0213 (16)	-0.0032 (12)	-0.0030 (12)	0.0036 (12)
C30	0.0283 (17)	0.0189 (16)	0.0249 (17)	-0.0047 (13)	-0.0049 (13)	0.0006 (13)
C31	0.042 (2)	0.0251 (18)	0.0308 (19)	0.0014 (15)	-0.0039 (15)	-0.0075 (15)
C32	0.047 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0004 (16)	-0.0114 (17)	-0.0107 (16)
C33	0.044 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0285 (19)	-0.0013 (16)	-0.0079 (16)	-0.0050 (16)
C34	0.0361 (19)	0.0257 (18)	0.0255 (18)	-0.0032 (14)	-0.0077 (14)	-0.0001 (14)
O3	0.0315 (13)	0.0247 (12)	0.0308 (14)	-0.0021 (10)	-0.0069 (10)	0.0028 (10)
O4	0.0257 (12)	0.0280 (13)	0.0330 (13)	0.0040 (10)	-0.0095 (10)	-0.0049 (10)
05	0.0215 (12)	0.0269 (13)	0.0456 (16)	-0.0025 (10)	-0.0025 (11)	0.0091 (11)
C35	0.0263 (16)	0.0141 (15)	0.0335 (19)	-0.0024 (12)	-0.0083 (14)	-0.0022 (13)
C36	0.0248 (16)	0.0188 (16)	0.038 (2)	-0.0027 (13)	-0.0124 (14)	0.0023 (14)
C37	0.0234 (16)	0.0196 (16)	0.0301 (18)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0018 (13)	0.0003 (13)
C38	0.0279 (18)	0.032 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0010 (15)	-0.0078 (15)	0.0016 (16)
C39	0.040 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.0091 (16)	-0.0018 (19)	0.0087 (18)
C40	0.049 (2)	0.0221 (19)	0.052 (3)	-0.0011 (17)	0.012 (2)	-0.0086 (18)
C41	0.054 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.028 (2)	-0.0122 (18)	0.0069 (17)	-0.0067 (16)
C42	0.0360 (19)	0.0283 (19)	0.0287 (19)	-0.0069 (15)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0026 (15)
O6	0.0442 (18)	0.078 (2)	0.074 (2)	0.0105 (17)	-0.0107 (17)	-0.0176 (19)
O7	0.097 (3)	0.065 (2)	0.044 (2)	-0.008(2)	0.0053 (18)	-0.0053 (17)
08	0.051 (2)	0.077 (3)	0.071 (2)	-0.0123 (17)	-0.0144 (17)	-0.0224 (19)
C43	0.047 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.0109 (18)	0.0011 (19)	-0.0085 (18)
C44	0.032 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.067 (3)	-0.0051 (17)	-0.0116 (19)	-0.007(2)
C45	0.042 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.0002 (18)	-0.0236 (19)	-0.0052 (19)
C46	0.064 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.057 (3)	-0.015 (2)	-0.038 (2)	0.006 (2)
C47	0.102 (4)	0.032 (2)	0.097 (4)	-0.018 (3)	-0.075 (4)	0.014 (3)
C48	0.099 (5)	0.045 (3)	0.128 (6)	0.024 (3)	-0.082 (5)	-0.025 (4)
C49	0.068 (3)	0.067 (4)	0.097 (5)	0.028 (3)	-0.051 (3)	-0.033 (3)
C50	0.052 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.008 (2)	-0.023 (2)	-0.012 (2)
O1W	0.0501 (16)	0.0289 (14)	0.0337 (14)	-0.0130 (12)	-0.0174 (13)	0.0048 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C10	1.332 (4)	С19—Н19	0.9500
F2—C10	1.345 (4)	C20—C21	1.430 (4)
F3—C10	1.326 (4)	C20—C29	1.525 (4)
F4—C11	1.348 (4)	C21—C22	1.420 (5)
F5—C11	1.336 (4)	C21—C26	1.427 (4)
F6-C11	1.347 (4)	C22—C23	1.362 (5)
O1—C12	1.426 (4)	C22—H22	0.9500
01—H10	0.839 (10)	C23—C24	1.407 (5)
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N1—C1	1.311 (4)	C23—H23	0.9500
N1—C9	1.373 (4)	C24—C25	1.362 (5)
N2—C14	1.497 (4)	C24—H24	0.9500
N2—C13	1.505 (4)	C25—C26	1.433 (4)
N2—H1N	0.881 (10)	C25—C28	1.503 (5)
N2—H2N	0.883 (10)	C29—C30	1.541 (4)
C1—C2	1.409 (4)	С29—Н29	1.0000
C1—C10	1.510 (4)	C30—C34	1.513 (5)
C2—C3	1.367 (4)	C30—H30	1.0000
С2—Н2	0.9500	C31—C32	1.511 (5)
C3—C4	1.431 (4)	C31—H31A	0.9900
C3—C12	1.513 (4)	C31—H31B	0.9900
C4—C5	1.422 (4)	C32—C33	1.519 (5)
C4—C9	1.422 (4)	C32—H32A	0.9900
C5—C6	1.367 (5)	C32—H32B	0.9900
С5—Н5	0.9500	C33—C34	1.533 (5)
C6—C7	1.405 (5)	С33—Н33А	0.9900
С6—Н6	0.9500	С33—Н33В	0.9900
С7—С8	1.372 (5)	C34—H34A	0.9900
С7—Н7	0.9500	C34—H34B	0.9900
C8—C9	1.425 (4)	O3—C35	1.260 (4)
C8—C11	1.499 (5)	O4—C35	1.263 (4)
C12—C13	1.547 (4)	O5—C36	1.422 (4)
C12—H12	1.0000	O5—H5O	0.845 (10)
C13—C17	1.516 (4)	C35—C36	1.528 (5)
C13—H13	1.0000	C36—C37	1.524 (4)
C14—C15	1.523 (5)	С36—Н36	1.0000
C14—H14A	0.9900	C37—C42	1.389 (5)
C14—H14B	0.9900	C37—C38	1.391 (5)
C15—C16	1.519 (5)	C38—C39	1.399 (5)
C15—H15A	0.9900	C38—H38	0.9500
C15—H15B	0.9900	C39—C40	1.375 (6)
C16—C17	1.532 (5)	С39—Н39	0.9500
C16—H16A	0.9900	C40—C41	1.384 (6)
C16—H16B	0.9900	C40—H40	0.9500
C17—H17A	0.9900	C41—C42	1.389 (5)
C17—H17B	0.9900	C41—H41	0.9500
C27—F8	1.259 (5)	C42—H42	0.9500
C27—F7	1.319 (4)	O6—C43	1.223 (5)
C27—F9	1.340 (5)	O7—C43	1.246 (5)
C27—C18	1.503 (5)	O8—C44	1.404 (5)
C27′—F8′	1.153 (13)	O8—H8O	0.861 (10)
C27'—F7'	1.399 (15)	C43—C44	1.517 (6)
C27′—F9′	1.352 (14)	C44—C45	1.519 (6)
C27′—C18	1.503 (5)	C44—H44	1.0000
F10—C28	1.337 (4)	C45—C50	1.382 (6)
F11—C28	1.343 (4)	C45—C46	1.394 (6)
F12—C28	1.337 (4)	C46—C47	1.395 (7)

O2—C29	1.424 (4)	C46—H46	0.9500
O2—H2O	0.835 (10)	C47—C48	1.367 (9)
N3—C18	1.308 (4)	C47—H47	0.9500
N3—C26	1.364 (4)	C48—C49	1.377 (9)
N4—C30	1.500 (4)	C48—H48	0.9500
N4—C31	1.507 (4)	C49—C50	1.387 (7)
N4—H3N	0.880 (10)	C49—H49	0.9500
N4—H4N	0.877 (10)	С50—Н50	0.9500
C18—C19	1.416 (4)	O1W—H1W	0.840 (10)
C19—C20	1.362 (5)	O1W—H2W	0.841 (10)
С12—О1—Н1О	109 (3)	C26—C21—C20	117.0 (3)
C1—N1—C9	116.1 (3)	C23—C22—C21	120.5 (3)
C14—N2—C13	112.2 (3)	C23—C22—H22	119.8
C14—N2—H1N	107 (2)	C21—C22—H22	119.8
C13—N2—H1N	105 (2)	C22—C23—C24	121.3 (3)
C14—N2—H2N	110 (2)	С22—С23—Н23	119.3
C13—N2—H2N	113 (2)	С24—С23—Н23	119.3
H1N—N2—H2N	110 (3)	C25—C24—C23	120.3 (3)
N1—C1—C2	125.9 (3)	C25—C24—H24	119.8
N1-C1-C10	115.8 (3)	C23—C24—H24	119.8
C2-C1-C10	118.2 (3)	C24—C25—C26	120.3 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.7 (3)	C24—C25—C28	120.9 (3)
С3—С2—Н2	120.6	C26—C25—C28	118.8 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.6	N3—C26—C21	123.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4	118.4 (3)	N3—C26—C25	117.9 (3)
C2—C3—C12	120.4 (3)	C21—C26—C25	119.1 (3)
C4—C3—C12	121.1 (3)	F10-C28-F12	107.4 (3)
C5—C4—C9	118.3 (3)	F10-C28-F11	106.3 (3)
C5—C4—C3	123.9 (3)	F12—C28—F11	106.0 (3)
C9—C4—C3	117.8 (3)	F10-C28-C25	112.8 (3)
C6—C5—C4	120.5 (3)	F12—C28—C25	113.0 (3)
С6—С5—Н5	119.7	F11—C28—C25	110.8 (3)
С4—С5—Н5	119.7	O2—C29—C20	111.6 (3)
C5—C6—C7	121.0 (3)	O2—C29—C30	107.5 (3)
С5—С6—Н6	119.5	C20—C29—C30	109.1 (2)
С7—С6—Н6	119.5	O2—C29—H29	109.5
C8—C7—C6	120.6 (3)	С20—С29—Н29	109.5
С8—С7—Н7	119.7	С30—С29—Н29	109.5
С6—С7—Н7	119.7	N4—C30—C34	109.7 (3)
C7—C8—C9	119.7 (3)	N4—C30—C29	108.8 (3)
C7—C8—C11	120.6 (3)	C34—C30—C29	114.4 (3)
C9—C8—C11	119.6 (3)	N4—C30—H30	107.9
N1—C9—C4	122.9 (3)	C34—C30—H30	107.9
N1—C9—C8	117.2 (3)	C29—C30—H30	107.9
C4—C9—C8	119.8 (3)	N4—C31—C32	109.9 (3)
F3—C10—F1	107.4 (3)	N4-C31-H31A	109.7
F3—C10—F2	106.7 (3)	C32—C31—H31A	109.7
1 J-0 10-12	100.7 (3)	032-031-1131A	102.7

F1—C10—F2	106.5 (3)	N4—C31—H31B	109.7
F3—C10—C1	114.1 (3)	C32—C31—H31B	109.7
F1-C10-C1	112.1 (3)	H31A—C31—H31B	108.2
F2-C10-C1	109.7 (3)	C31—C32—C33	110.4 (3)
F5—C11—F6	106.2 (3)	C31—C32—H32A	109.6
F5—C11—F4	106.5 (3)	C33—C32—H32A	109.6
F6—C11—F4	106.0 (3)	C31—C32—H32B	109.6
F5-C11-C8	113.5 (3)	C33—C32—H32B	109.6
F6—C11—C8	111.4 (3)	H32A—C32—H32B	108.1
F4—C11—C8	112.7 (3)	C32—C33—C34	110.2 (3)
O1—C12—C3	109.7 (2)	С32—С33—Н33А	109.6
O1—C12—C13	110.5 (2)	C34—C33—H33A	109.6
C3—C12—C13	109.2 (2)	С32—С33—Н33В	109.6
O1—C12—H12	109.1	C34—C33—H33B	109.6
C3—C12—H12	109.1	H33A—C33—H33B	108.1
C13—C12—H12	109.1	C30—C34—C33	110.7 (3)
N2—C13—C17	108.9 (3)	C30—C34—H34A	109.5
N2—C13—C12	108.7 (2)	C33—C34—H34A	109.5
C17—C13—C12	114.8 (3)	C30—C34—H34B	109.5
N2—C13—H13	108.1	C33—C34—H34B	109.5
C17—C13—H13	108.1	H34A—C34—H34B	108.1
C12—C13—H13	108.1	C36—O5—H5O	112 (3)
N2—C14—C15	110.5 (3)	O3—C35—O4	124.5 (3)
N2—C14—H14A	109.6	O3—C35—C36	118.0 (3)
C15—C14—H14A	109.6	O4—C35—C36	117.5 (3)
N2—C14—H14B	109.6	O5-C36-C37	111.6 (3)
C15—C14—H14B	109.6	O5-C36-C35	107.3 (3)
H14A—C14—H14B	109.0	C37—C36—C35	111.0 (3)
C14—C15—C16	111.0 (3)	O5—C36—H36	109.0
C14—C15—H15A	109.4	C37—C36—H36	109.0
C16—C15—H15A	109.4	C35—C36—H36	109.0
C14—C15—H15B	109.4	C42—C37—C38	119.1 (3)
C14—C15—H15B C16—C15—H15B	109.4	C42—C37—C36	120.3 (3)
H15A—C15—H15B	108.0	C38—C37—C36	120.5 (3)
C15—C16—C17	110.8 (3)	C37—C38—C39	120.3 (4)
C15—C16—H16A	109.5	C37—C38—H38	119.9
C17—C16—H16A	109.5	C39—C38—H38	119.9
C15—C16—H16B	109.5	C40—C39—C38	120.2 (4)
C13—C16—H16B	109.5	C40—C39—H39	120.2 (4)
H16A—C16—H16B	109.5	C38—C39—H39	
		C38—C39—H39 C39—C40—C41	119.9
C13—C17—C16	110.9 (3)		119.7 (4)
C13—C17—H17A	109.5	C39—C40—H40 C41—C40—H40	120.2
C16—C17—H17A	109.5		120.2
C13—C17—H17B	109.5	C40—C41—C42	120.6 (4)
C16—C17—H17B	109.5	C40—C41—H41	119.7
H17A—C17—H17B	108.1	C42—C41—H41	119.7
F8—C27—F7	111.8 (4)	C41—C42—C37	120.2 (4)
F8—C27—F9	106.1 (4)	C41—C42—H42	119.9

E7 C27 E0	102 5 (2)	C27 C42 1142	110.0
F7—C27—F9 F8—C27—C18	102.5 (3)	C37—C42—H42 C44—O8—H8O	119.9
	112.8 (3)		90 (4) 128 2 (4)
F7—C27—C18	111.3 (3)	O6—C43—O7	128.3 (4)
F9—C27—C18	111.6 (3)	O6—C43—C44	117.7 (4)
F8'-C27'-F7'	111.8 (12)	07	114.0 (4)
F8'-C27'-F9'	103.4 (13)	O8—C44—C43	114.6 (4)
F7'-C27'-F9'	93.5 (8)	O8—C44—C45	111.2 (3)
F8′—C27′—C18	119.8 (7)	C43—C44—C45	111.4 (3)
F7′—C27′—C18	111.2 (5)	O8—C44—H44	106.3
F9′—C27′—C18	113.9 (5)	C43—C44—H44	106.3
С29—О2—Н2О	110 (3)	C45—C44—H44	106.3
C18—N3—C26	117.0 (3)	C50—C45—C46	118.9 (4)
C30—N4—C31	111.8 (3)	C50—C45—C44	118.7 (4)
C30—N4—H3N	109 (3)	C46—C45—C44	122.4 (4)
C31—N4—H3N	110 (3)	C45—C46—C47	120.1 (5)
C30—N4—H4N	111 (3)	C45—C46—H46	119.9
C31—N4—H4N	112 (3)	C47—C46—H46	119.9
H3N—N4—H4N	103 (4)	C48—C47—C46	120.1 (6)
N3—C18—C19	125.1 (3)	C48—C47—H47	120.0
N3—C18—C27′	115.2 (3)	C46—C47—H47	120.0
C19—C18—C27′	119.7 (3)	C47—C48—C49	120.3 (5)
N3—C18—C27	115.2 (3)	C47—C48—H48	119.9
C19—C18—C27	119.7 (3)	C49—C48—H48	119.9
C20-C19-C18	118.7 (3)	C48—C49—C50	120.1 (6)
С20—С19—Н19	120.6	C48—C49—H49	120.0
C18—C19—H19	120.6	С50—С49—Н49	120.0
C19—C20—C21	119.0 (3)	C45—C50—C49	120.6 (5)
C19—C20—C29	120.5 (3)	C45—C50—H50	119.7
C21—C20—C29	120.5 (3)	C49—C50—H50	119.7
C22—C21—C26	118.5 (3)	H1W—O1W—H2W	109 (5)
C22—C21—C20	124.4 (3)		
C9—N1—C1—C2	0.1 (5)	C19—C20—C21—C22	177.1 (3)
C9—N1—C1—C10	176.0 (3)	C29—C20—C21—C22	-4.8 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	1.4 (5)	C19—C20—C21—C26	-3.4 (4)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-174.5 (3)	C29—C20—C21—C26	174.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.6 (5)	C26—C21—C22—C23	-2.0 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C12	177.1 (3)	C20—C21—C22—C23	177.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-179.5 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C24	0.8 (5)
C12—C3—C4—C5	1.9 (5)	C22—C23—C24—C25	0.9 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C9	0.5 (4)	C23—C24—C25—C26	-1.3 (5)
C12—C3—C4—C9	-178.1 (3)	C23—C24—C25—C28	179.2 (3)
C9—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (5)	C18—N3—C26—C21	0.9 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.7 (3)	C18—N3—C26—C25	-179.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.0 (5)	C22-C21-C26-N3	-178.6 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.3 (5)	C20-C21-C26-N3	1.9 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.2 (5)	C22—C21—C26—C25	1.6 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C11	179.0 (3)	C20—C21—C26—C25	-177.9 (3)

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C1—N1—C9—C4	-1.3 (4)	C24—C25—C26—N3	-179.8 (3)
C1—N1—C9—C8	179.3 (3)	C28—C25—C26—N3	-0.3 (4)
C5—C4—C9—N1	-179.0 (3)	C24—C25—C26—C21	0.1 (5)
C3—C4—C9—N1	1.0 (4)	C28—C25—C26—C21	179.5 (3)
C5—C4—C9—C8	0.4 (4)	C24—C25—C28—F10	116.2 (3)
C3—C4—C9—C8	-179.6 (3)	C26—C25—C28—F10	-63.2 (4)
C7—C8—C9—N1	179.3 (3)	C24—C25—C28—F12	-121.7 (4)
C11—C8—C9—N1	0.1 (4)	C26—C25—C28—F12	58.9 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C4	-0.2 (5)	C24—C25—C28—F11	-2.9 (5)
C11—C8—C9—C4	-179.3 (3)	C26-C25-C28-F11	177.7 (3)
N1-C1-C10-F3	11.5 (4)	C19—C20—C29—O2	-10.6 (4)
C2-C1-C10-F3	-172.2 (3)	C21—C20—C29—O2	171.4 (3)
N1-C1-C10-F1	133.8 (3)	C19—C20—C29—C30	108.1 (3)
C2-C1-C10-F1	-49.9 (4)	C21—C20—C29—C30	-69.9 (4)
N1—C1—C10—F2	-108.1 (3)	C31—N4—C30—C34	58.3 (4)
C2—C1—C10—F2	68.2 (4)	C31—N4—C30—C29	-175.9 (3)
C7—C8—C11—F5	121.6 (3)	O2—C29—C30—N4	-70.7 (3)
C9—C8—C11—F5	-59.2 (4)	C20—C29—C30—N4	168.1 (3)
C7—C8—C11—F6	1.8 (4)	O2-C29-C30-C34	52.4 (3)
C9—C8—C11—F6	-179.1 (3)	C20-C29-C30-C34	-68.9(3)
C7—C8—C11—F4	-117.2 (3)	C30—N4—C31—C32	-58.7 (4)
C9—C8—C11—F4	62.0 (4)	N4—C31—C32—C33	57.5 (4)
C_{2} C_{3} C_{12} $C_{$	20.9 (4)	C31—C32—C33—C34	-56.9 (4)
C2-C3-C12-01 C4-C3-C12-01	-160.5 (3)	N4—C30—C34—C33	
			-56.9(4)
C2-C3-C12-C13	-100.4(3)	C29—C30—C34—C33	-179.4(3)
C4—C3—C12—C13	78.2 (3)	C32—C33—C34—C30	56.8 (4)
C14—N2—C13—C17	-59.3 (3)	O3—C35—C36—O5	151.9 (3)
C14—N2—C13—C12	175.0 (2)	04-C35-C36-O5	-27.8 (4)
01—C12—C13—N2	73.3 (3)	O3—C35—C36—C37	-85.9 (4)
C3—C12—C13—N2	-166.0 (2)	O4—C35—C36—C37	94.4 (3)
O1—C12—C13—C17	-48.9 (3)	O5—C36—C37—C42	48.2 (4)
C3—C12—C13—C17	71.8 (3)	C35—C36—C37—C42	-71.4 (4)
C13—N2—C14—C15	58.0 (4)	O5—C36—C37—C38	-132.4 (3)
N2-C14-C15-C16	-54.9 (4)	C35—C36—C37—C38	108.0 (3)
C14—C15—C16—C17	54.4 (4)	C42—C37—C38—C39	-0.8(5)
N2-C13-C17-C16	57.8 (3)	C36—C37—C38—C39	179.8 (3)
C12—C13—C17—C16	179.8 (3)	C37—C38—C39—C40	0.4 (6)
C15-C16-C17-C13	-56.4 (4)	C38—C39—C40—C41	0.4 (6)
C26—N3—C18—C19	-2.4 (5)	C39—C40—C41—C42	-0.8 (6)
C26—N3—C18—C27′	176.7 (3)	C40—C41—C42—C37	0.5 (5)
C26—N3—C18—C27	176.7 (3)	C38—C37—C42—C41	0.3 (5)
F8′—C27′—C18—N3	-91.4 (16)	C36—C37—C42—C41	179.8 (3)
F7'—C27'—C18—N3	135.7 (6)	O6—C43—C44—O8	-162.3 (4)
F9'—C27'—C18—N3	31.7 (8)	O7—C43—C44—O8	17.3 (6)
F8'—C27'—C18—C19	87.8 (16)	O6—C43—C44—C45	70.2 (5)
F7'—C27'—C18—C19	-45.1 (7)	O7—C43—C44—C45	-110.2 (4)
F9′—C27′—C18—C19	-149.1 (8)	O8—C44—C45—C50	70.9 (5)
F8—C27—C18—N3	86.7 (5)	C43—C44—C45—C50	-159.8 (4)
			10,10 (1)

F7-C27-C18-N3	-146.6 (4)	O8—C44—C45—C46	-109.3 (4)	
F9-C27-C18-N3	-32.7 (5)	C43—C44—C45—C46	20.0 (6)	
F8—C27—C18—C19	-94.1 (5)	C50—C45—C46—C47	-0.8 (6)	
F7—C27—C18—C19	32.6 (5)	C44—C45—C46—C47	179.4 (4)	
F9-C27-C18-C19	146.5 (4)	C45—C46—C47—C48	1.8 (7)	
N3-C18-C19-C20	0.9 (5)	C46—C47—C48—C49	-1.9 (8)	
C27'—C18—C19—C20	-178.2 (3)	C47—C48—C49—C50	1.0 (8)	
C27-C18-C19-C20	-178.2 (3)	C46—C45—C50—C49	0.0 (7)	
C18—C19—C20—C21	2.1 (5)	C44—C45—C50—C49	179.8 (4)	
C18—C19—C20—C29	-175.9 (3)	C48—C49—C50—C45	-0.1 (7)	

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1-Cg4 are the ring centroids of the (C37-C42), (N1,C1-C4,C9), (N3,C18-C21,C26) and (C21-C26) rings, respectively.

D—H··· A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
О8—H8 <i>O</i> …O7	0.86 (5)	2.00 (6)	2.638 (5)	131 (5)
01—H1 <i>O</i> …O4 ⁱ	0.84 (2)	1.76 (3)	2.597 (3)	173 (4)
O2—H2 <i>O</i> …O1 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (2)	1.95 (2)	2.779 (3)	169 (5)
N2—H1 N ···O1 W ⁱ	0.89 (3)	1.85 (3)	2.725 (4)	167 (3)
N2—H2 <i>N</i> ···O3 ⁱ	0.88 (2)	1.93 (2)	2.788 (4)	165 (3)
N4—H3 <i>N</i> ···O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88 (2)	2.18 (3)	2.798 (5)	127 (3)
N4—H4 <i>N</i> ···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88 (3)	2.43 (3)	3.059 (4)	129 (3)
N4—H4 <i>N</i> …O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.727 (4)	156 (3)
О5—H5 <i>O</i> …Об ^{іv}	0.85 (3)	1.74 (3)	2.572 (4)	165 (5)
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> …O7	0.84 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.635 (4)	156 (5)
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> ···O3 ^v	0.84 (3)	1.98 (4)	2.768 (3)	156 (5)
C5— $H5$ ···O1 W ¹	0.95	2.59	3.539 (4)	175
C14—H14 <i>A</i> ···Cg1 ^{vi}	0.99	2.66	3.642 (4)	171
C11—F4… <i>Cg</i> 2 ^{vii}	1.35 (1)	2.93 (1)	4.118 (3)	146 (1)
C11—F5···· $Cg3^{viii}$	1.34 (1)	3.15 (1)	3.931 (3)	117 (1)
C27—F8…Cg4 ⁱⁱ	1.26(1)	3.23 (1)	4.474 (3)	170(1)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (ii) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (iii) -*x*, -*y*, -*z*+1; (iv) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (v) -*x*+1, -*y*, -*z*; (vi) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (vii) -*x*+2, -*y*+1, -*z*; (viii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (iv) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (vi) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*z*; (viii) -*x*+1, -