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# Crystal structures of the polymer precursors 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propyl methacrylate and 3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-3,6-dioxocyclohexa-1,4-dienyl)propyl methacrylate

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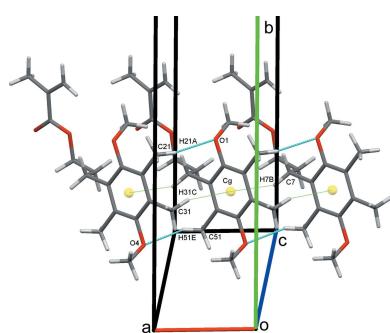
The closely related title compounds, 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-propyl methacrylate,  $C_{18}H_{26}O_4$  (I), and 3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-3,6-dioxocyclohexa-1,4-dienyl)propyl methacrylate,  $C_{16}H_{20}O_4$  (II), are monomers suitable for the preparation of redox polymers. They consist of a propylmethacrylate group and three methyl substituents on dimethoxybenzene and quinone cores, respectively. Both crystal structures feature weak C—H···O hydrogen bonds and C—H···π(ring) contacts between methyl groups and the six-membered rings.

## 1. Chemical context

The title compounds, (I) and (II), were synthesised as part of our continuing interest in redox polymers and electrochemical actuators (Dana *et al.*, 2007; McAdam *et al.*, 2008; Goswami *et al.*, 2013, 2015). Redox-active polymers containing 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-oxyl-4-yl (TEMPO) and ferrocene as pendant groups are well documented (Gracia & Mecerreyes, 2013; Tamura *et al.*, 2008; Schattling *et al.*, 2014). In contrast, polymers with pendant quinone units are less well explored (Hodge & Gautrot, 2009; Häupler *et al.*, 2014). Reasons for this include their free-radical-scavenging properties in free radical polymerization (FRP), and the incompatibility of the quinone carbonyl groups in typical living polymerization such as anionic or cationic polymerization. In previous work (Goswami *et al.*, 2013) we successfully demonstrated that steric hindrance by alkyl groups around a quinone unit prevents radical addition to the ring or the carbonyl oxygen atom, thus enabling FRP synthesis of homo- and co-polymers of quinone-appended methacrylate monomers.

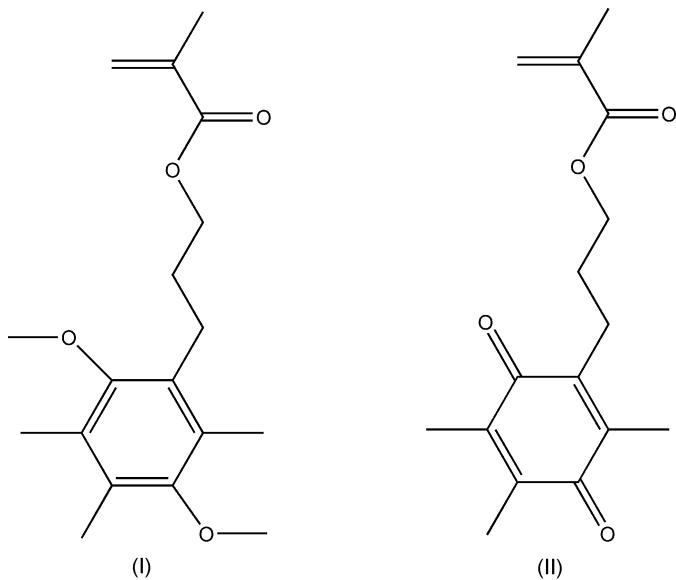
## 2. Structural commentary

Compound (I), a tetra-alkylated *p*-dimethoxybenzene is shown in Fig. 1. The methoxy substituents are in the typical *trans* conformation (Wickramasinghe *et al.*, 2016; Wiedenfeld *et al.*, 2003; Wieczorek *et al.*, 1975) with a C111—O1···O4—C41 torsion angle of approximately 179.24°. Three methyl groups and a propyl methacrylate occupy the other four sites on the benzene ring. Compound (II), shown in Fig. 2, is the quinone analogue of (I). As expected, the oxidation destroys the aromaticity of the six-carbon ring, reflected in a shortening

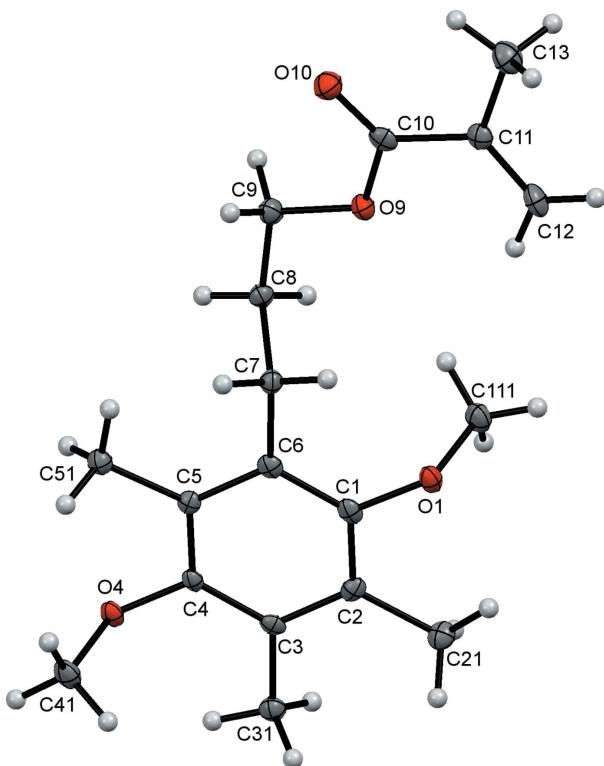


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of C2–C3 and C5–C6 and a lengthening of the other ring C–C bonds (Allen *et al.*, 1987).



The spatial arrangement of the ring substituents and the propyl methacrylate moiety is remarkably similar to that observed for (I). In particular, the torsional geometry of the vinyl and carbonyl components of the methacrylate groups of both (I) and (II) display the typical *s-trans* preference



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of compound (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ) for (I).

$Cg$  is the centroid of the C1–C6 benzene ring

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C8–H8B···O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.58	3.456 (4)	147
C12–H12B···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.50	3.388 (4)	157
C21–H21A···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.67	3.614 (5)	161
C41–H41A···O10 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.66	3.590 (5)	159
C51–H51E···O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.65	3.541 (4)	151
C7–H7B··· $Cg$ <sup>v</sup>	0.99	2.97	3.709 (4)	134
C31–H31C··· $Cg$ <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.85	3.693 (4)	148

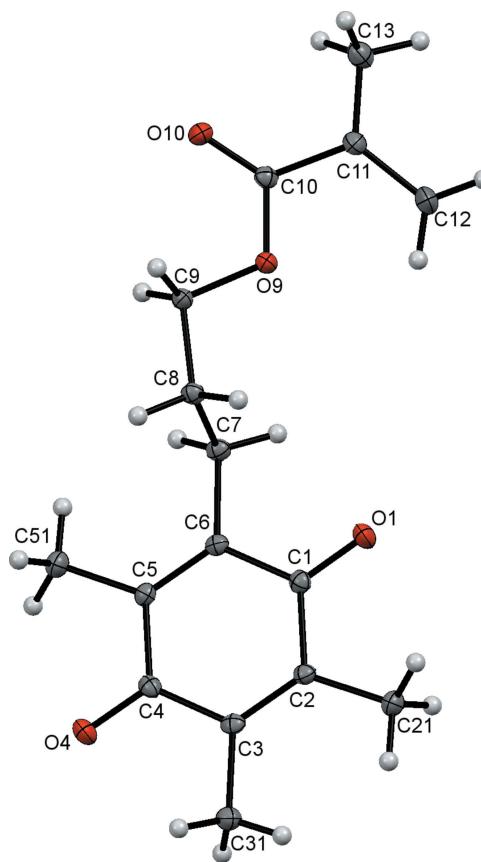
Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$ ; (ii)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $x - 1, y, z - 1$ ; (v)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

(McAdam *et al.*, 2015). Predictably, both the benzene and quinone ring systems (C1–C6) and the attached atoms (O1, C21, C31, O4, C51 and C7) are nearly planar, with r.m.s. deviations from the mean planes of 0.0377 and 0.0158  $\text{\AA}$ , respectively.

### 3. Supramolecular features

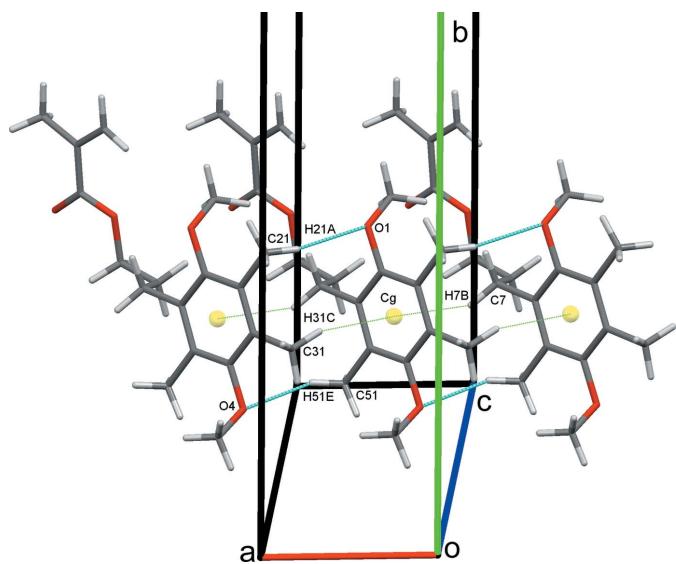
#### 3.1. Crystal packing for (I)

In the crystal structure of (I), C21–H21A···O1 and C51–H51E···O4 hydrogen bonds form chains of molecules along



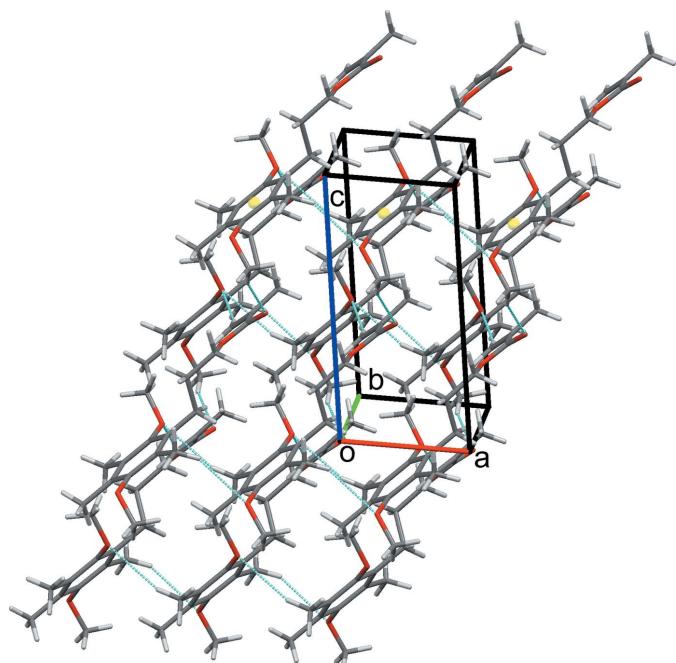
**Figure 2**

The molecular structure of compound (II), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

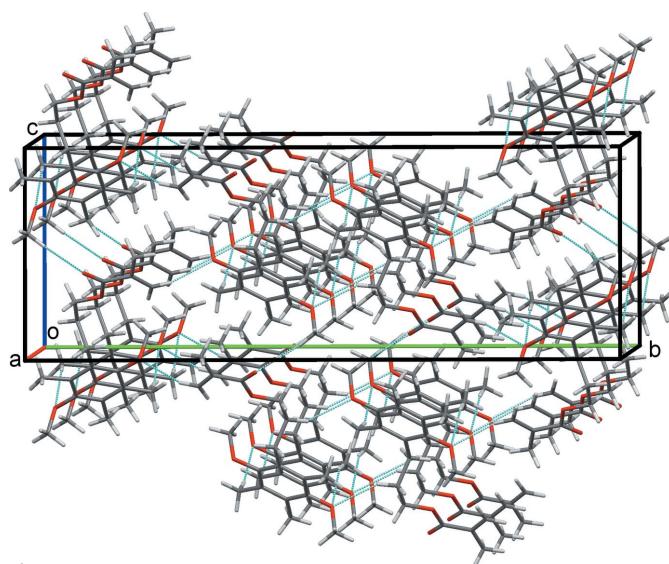


**Figure 3**  
Chains of molecules of (I) along the *a*-axis direction.

the *a*-axis direction. The chains are reinforced by  $C_7\cdots H_{7B}\cdots C_g$  and  $C_{31}\cdots H_{31C}\cdots C_g$  contacts ( $C_g$  is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring) between methyl and methylene group hydrogen atoms and the aromatic ring, Table 1 and Fig. 3.  $C_{12}\cdots H_{12B}\cdots O_1$  and  $C_{41}\cdots H_{41A}\cdots O_{10}$ , hydrogen bonds link these chains into a sheet, two-molecules thick, that lies parallel to the *ac* plane (010), Fig. 4. Extension to a three-dimensional structure is completed by  $C_8\cdots H_{8B}\cdots O_4$  inversion dimers. These form  $R_2^2(14)$  rings and link pairs of double-layer sheets, stacking molecules along the *a*-axis direction, Fig. 5.



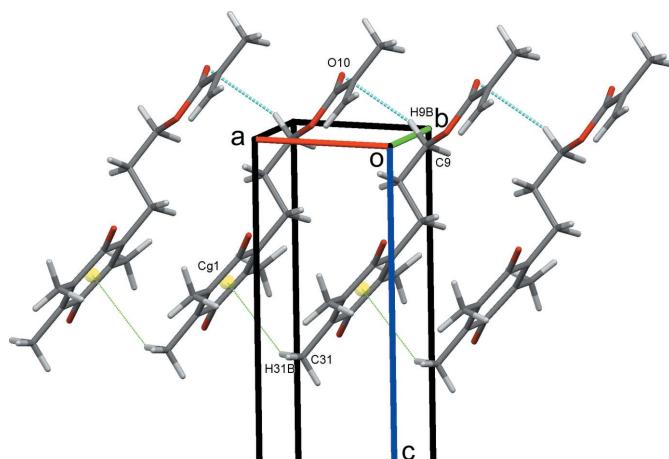
**Figure 4**  
A double sheet of molecules of (I) in the *ac* plane.



**Figure 5**  
Overall packing for (I) viewed along the *a*-axis direction.

### 3.2. Crystal packing for (II)

For (II), an extensive series of  $C\cdots H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds and a  $C\cdots H\cdots \pi(\text{ring})$  contact generate the three-dimensional structure. These contacts include  $O_{10}$  acting as a trifurcated acceptor;  $C_9\cdots H_{9B}\cdots O_{10}$  hydrogen bonds, supported by  $C_{31}\cdots H_{31B}\cdots C_g$  contacts ( $C_g$  is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring), Table 2, form chains along the *a*-axis direction, Fig. 6. The other two components of the trifurcate, the inversion-related  $C_9\cdots H_{9A}\cdots O_{10}$  and  $C_{51}\cdots H_{51B}\cdots O_{10}$  hydrogen bonds form  $R_2^2(10)$  and  $R_2^2(20)$  rings, respectively. A third inversion dimer results from  $C_{12}\cdots H_{12A}\cdots O_1$  contacts and forms  $R_2^2(22)$  rings.  $O_4$  acts as a bifurcated acceptor, forming  $C_{21}\cdots H_{21A}\cdots O_4$  and  $C_{31}\cdots H_{31C}\cdots O_4$  hydrogen bonds that enclose  $R_2^1(7)$  rings, completing an extensive sheet of molecules parallel to (105), Fig. 7. This eclectic array of contacts combine to produce a three-dimensional network with molecules stacked along the *a* axis, Fig. 8.



**Figure 6**  
Chains of molecules of (II) formed along *a*.

**Table 2**Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ) for (II). $C_g$  is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C9—H9A $\cdots$ O10 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.72	3.624 (3)	153
C9—H9B $\cdots$ O10 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.70	3.595 (3)	150
C12—H12A $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.53	3.422 (3)	156
C21—H21A $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.52	3.455 (3)	161
C31—H31C $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.68	3.638 (3)	166
C51—H51B $\cdots$ O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.67	3.510 (3)	144
C31—H31B $\cdots$ $C_g$ <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.95	3.534 (3)	119

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x - 1, -y + 1, -z$ ; (ii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x - 1, -y, -z$ ; (iv)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v)  $-x, -y + 1, -z$ .

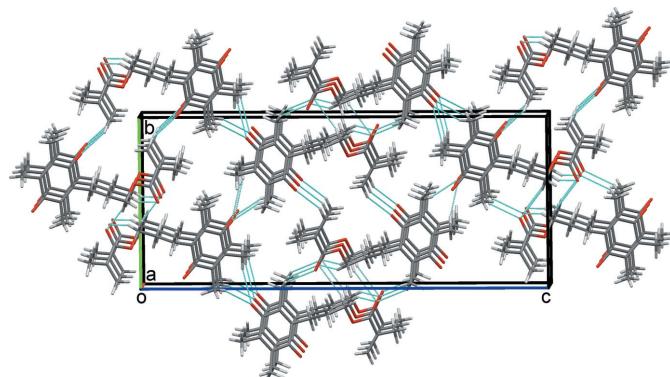
#### 4. Database survey

A search of the CSD (Version 5.37 November 2015 with three updates; Groom *et al.*, 2016) revealed a surprising degree of exclusivity for both of the title compounds. A search for the 2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl segment of (I) produced only two hits, our earlier report of the precursor 2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylbenzaldehyde (Wickramasinhage *et al.*, 2016) and the dimer bis(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)methane (Wiedenfeld *et al.*, 2003). A search for the corresponding quinone ring system was even less productive, with octamethyl-1,4-cyclohexanenedione the only related structure (Hoffmann & Hursthouse, 1976). Structures containing the propyl methacrylate moiety were similarly scarce, with the fullerene derivative 4-(6,9,12,15,18-pentamethyl-C<sub>60</sub>fulleren-1-yl)butyl methacrylate dichloromethane solvate (Matsuo *et al.*, 2009) and a tungsten polyphosphate derivative (Hasegawa *et al.*, 2007) the only hits.

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

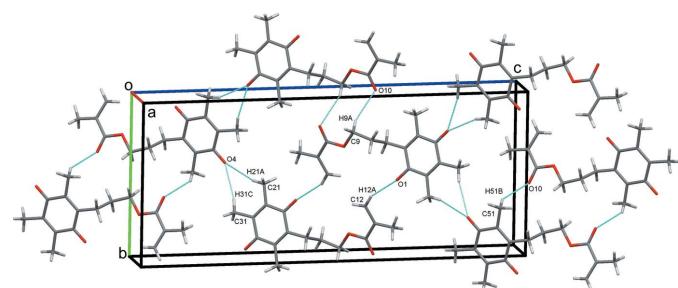
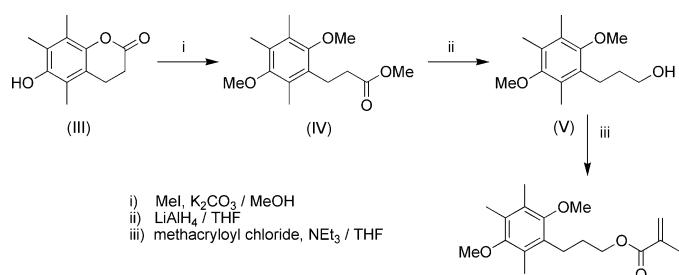
The synthesis of (I) was accomplished in three steps (Fig. 9) from 6-hydroxy-5,7,8-trimethylchroman-2-one (III) (Goswami *et al.*, 2011) as described below.

**Methylation of 6-hydroxy-5,7,8-trimethylchroman-2-one (III):** To a solution of (III) (5 g, 24 mmol) and dry K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (13.4 g, 97 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was added MeI (13.8 mL, 97 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 4 h, filtered through celite, and solvent removed *in vacuo* to afford methyl 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propanoate (IV) (5.5 g,

**Figure 8**Overall packing for (II) viewed along the  $a$ -axis direction.

85%) as a yellow liquid. MS calculated for [C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 289.1410. Found: 289.1391 (6.72 ppm). IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\text{C=O}}$ : 1750  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (methyl ester). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 2.18 (*s*, 6H, 2  $\times$  Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.24 (*s*, 3H, Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.49 & 2.95 [*2*  $\times$  (*t*,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>)], 3.65 (*s*, 3H, ester OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.68 & 3.71 [*2*  $\times$  (*s*, 3H, Ar-OCH<sub>3</sub>)]. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 12.3, 12.8, 13.0, 23.0, 34.5, 51.5, 60.6, 61.1, 127.5, 128.4, 129.2, 130.4, 153.3, 174.0.

**Reduction of methyl 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propanoate (IV):** To a stirred suspension of 0.85 g (22 mmol) of LiAlH<sub>4</sub> in 100 mL dry THF cooled to 273 K in ice a solution of 5.0 g (18.7 mmol) of (IV) in 100 mL THF was added dropwise. After the vigorous reaction subsided, the mixture was heated to reflux for 2 h. Excess of the hydride was decomposed by careful addition of water, and the mixture was neutralized with acetic acid. To this was added 650 mL of saturated aq. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer further extracted with 4  $\times$  150 mL portions of THF. The combined THF layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and solvent removed *in vacuo*. Recrystallization from Et<sub>2</sub>O gave 4.1 mg (91%) of 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propan-1-ol (V) as a white solid, m.p. 461–463 K please check. MS calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>: 261.1461. Found: 246.1461 (0 ppm). IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\text{OH}}$ : 3425, 3150  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 1.75 (*m*, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.09 (*s*, 1H OH), 2.18 (*s*, 6H, 2 Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.23 (*s*, 3H, Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.75 (*t*,  $J$  = 7.3 Hz, 2H, Ar-CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.52 (*t*,  $J$  = 6.6 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>-OH), 3.65 & 3.69 [*2* (*s*, 3H, Ar-OCH<sub>3</sub>)]. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  ppm): 11.7, 12.6, 12.8, 22.6, 32.0, 60.0, 61.0, 61.2, 127.4, 127.6, 128.6, 129.2, 130.4, 153.0, 153.5.

**Figure 7**Sheets of molecules of (II) viewed along  $a$ .**Figure 9**

Steps involved in the synthesis of compound (I).

**Table 3**  
Experimental details.

	(I)	(II)
Crystal data		
Chemical formula	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>26</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
M <sub>r</sub>	306.39	276.32
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2 <sub>1</sub> /n	Monoclinic, P2 <sub>1</sub> /n
Temperature (K)	91	89
a, b, c (Å)	5.1833 (7), 30.341 (4), 10.6339 (15)	4.4096 (2), 11.8425 (6), 28.2511 (16)
β (°)	97.910 (9)	93.495 (3)
V (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1656.4 (4)	1472.55 (13)
Z	4	4
Radiation type	Mo Kα	Mo Kα
μ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.09	0.09
Crystal size (mm)	0.65 × 0.04 × 0.04	0.27 × 0.14 × 0.13
Data collection		
Diffractometer	Bruker APEXII CCD area detector	Bruker APEXII CCD area detector
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2013)
T <sub>min</sub> , T <sub>max</sub>	0.775, 1.00	0.785, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed [I > 2σ(I)] reflections	11585, 1681, 1254	16398, 2509, 1774
R <sub>int</sub>	0.081	0.071
θ <sub>max</sub> (°)	20.7	24.8
(sin θ/λ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.497	0.591
Refinement		
R[F <sup>2</sup> > 2σ(F <sup>2</sup> )], wR(F <sup>2</sup> ), S	0.052, 0.138, 1.03	0.049, 0.138, 1.04
No. of reflections	1681	2509
No. of parameters	203	185
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ <sub>max</sub> , Δρ <sub>min</sub> (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.34, -0.24	0.34, -0.32

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2013), SHELXS2013 (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015), TITAN (Hunter & Simpson, 1999), Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2008), enCIFer (Allen *et al.*, 2004), PLATON (Spek, 2009) and publCIF (Westrip 2010).

**Acylation of 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-propan-1-ol (V):** The alcohol (V) (5.0 g, 21 mmol) was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 ml). NEt<sub>3</sub> (2.2 mL) was added and the solution stirred 30 min at 273 K. Methacryloyl chloride (2.4 g, 23 mmol) was added dropwise, stirred for 2 h under nitrogen at 273 K and then at room temperature for 4 h. After extraction from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O the organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and solvent removed *in vacuo*. Purification using chromatography on SiO<sub>2</sub> using petroleum ether/EtOAc (9:1) gave the colourless solid product (I), m.p. 395–397 K. MS calculated for [C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>: 329.1723. Found: 329.1709 (4.41 ppm). IR (KBr) ν<sub>C=O</sub>: 1731 cm<sup>-1</sup> (ester). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, δ ppm): 1.89 (*m*, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.98 (*m*, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.19 (*s*, 6H, 2 × Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.23 (*s*, 3H, Ar-CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.73 (*t*, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, Ar-CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.65 & 3.68 [2 × (*s*, 3H, Ar-OCH<sub>3</sub>)], 4.23 (*t*, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.57 (*m*, 1H, =CH), 6.14 (*m*, 1H, =CH). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, δ ppm): 12.2, 12.9, 13.1, 18.6, 24.1, 29.5, 60.3, 61.1, 65.0, 125.4, 127.4, 128.2, 128.8, 131.4, 136.8, 153.20, 153.4, 167.8. Crystals of (I) were obtained from a mixed CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/hexane solution 1/1 v/v.

The synthesis of (II) has been reported previously (Goswami *et al.*, 2013). Crystals were obtained from the slow evaporation of an Et<sub>2</sub>O solution.

## 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 3. All H atoms were refined using a

riding model with d(C–H) = 0.95 Å, U<sub>iso</sub> = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C) for vinyl, 0.99 Å, U<sub>iso</sub> = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C) for CH<sub>2</sub> H atoms and 0.98 Å, U<sub>iso</sub> = 1.5U<sub>eq</sub>(C) for CH<sub>3</sub> H atoms. The hydrogen atoms of the C13 and C51 methyl groups of (I) were equally disordered over two sites. Idealized disorder models were applied using AFIX123 in SHELXL2014/7. For (I), a low-angle reflection with F<sub>o</sub> << F<sub>c</sub>, that may have been affected by the beam-stop, was omitted from the final refinement cycles.

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# supporting information

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## Crystal structures of the polymer precursors 3-(2,5-dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propyl methacrylate and 3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-3,6-dioxocyclohexa-1,4-dienyl)propyl methacrylate

**Shailesh K. Goswami, Lyall R. Hanton, C. John McAdam, Stephen C. Moratti and Jim Simpson**

### Computing details

For both compounds, data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS2013* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015) and *TITAN* (Hunter & Simpson, 1999); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015), *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004), *PLATON* (Spek, 2009), *publCIF* (Westrip 2010).

### (I) 3-(2,5-Dimethoxy-3,4,6-trimethylphenyl)propyl methacrylate

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{26}O_4$	$F(000) = 664$
$M_r = 306.39$	$D_x = 1.229 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.1833 (7) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 1289 reflections
$b = 30.341 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 4.7\text{--}40.3^\circ$
$c = 10.6339 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 97.910 (9)^\circ$	$T = 91 \text{ K}$
$V = 1656.4 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	Needle, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.65 \times 0.04 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area detector diffractometer	11585 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1681 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	1254 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	$\theta_{\max} = 20.7^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
$T_{\min} = 0.775, T_{\max} = 1.00$	$h = -5 \rightarrow 5$
	$k = -29 \rightarrow 29$
	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	203 parameters
Least-squares matrix: full	0 restraints
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.138$	neighbouring sites
$S = 1.03$	H-atom parameters constrained
1681 reflections	

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0683P)^2 + 1.3102P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** One low angle reflection with  $Fo \ll Fc$ , that may have been affected by the beam-stop, was omitted from the final refinement cycles.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
C1	0.5070 (7)	0.13988 (12)	0.9190 (3)	0.0223 (10)	
O1	0.6011 (5)	0.17928 (8)	0.9780 (2)	0.0255 (7)	
C111	0.4922 (8)	0.18964 (12)	1.0910 (4)	0.0324 (11)	
H11A	0.3020	0.1872	1.0741	0.049*	
H11B	0.5403	0.2198	1.1176	0.049*	
H11C	0.5595	0.1690	1.1585	0.049*	
C2	0.2886 (7)	0.14223 (11)	0.8270 (3)	0.0213 (10)	
C21	0.1425 (7)	0.18507 (12)	0.7978 (4)	0.0296 (10)	
H21A	-0.0289	0.1831	0.8265	0.044*	
H21B	0.1204	0.1904	0.7061	0.044*	
H21C	0.2414	0.2094	0.8420	0.044*	
C3	0.2007 (7)	0.10363 (12)	0.7625 (3)	0.0198 (10)	
C31	-0.0362 (7)	0.10426 (12)	0.6621 (3)	0.0263 (10)	
H31A	-0.0762	0.0742	0.6321	0.039*	
H31B	-0.0008	0.1227	0.5908	0.039*	
H31C	-0.1850	0.1163	0.6984	0.039*	
C4	0.3397 (7)	0.06474 (11)	0.7918 (3)	0.0189 (10)	
O4	0.2485 (5)	0.02580 (7)	0.7301 (2)	0.0235 (7)	
C41	0.3680 (8)	0.01709 (13)	0.6187 (3)	0.0309 (11)	
H41A	0.3442	0.0426	0.5617	0.046*	
H41B	0.2869	-0.0089	0.5750	0.046*	
H41C	0.5545	0.0116	0.6432	0.046*	
C5	0.5615 (7)	0.06238 (11)	0.8830 (3)	0.0185 (9)	
C51	0.7126 (7)	0.01998 (11)	0.9032 (3)	0.0240 (10)	
H51A	0.8608	0.0242	0.9700	0.036*	0.5
H51B	0.5991	-0.0032	0.9287	0.036*	0.5
H51C	0.7763	0.0114	0.8241	0.036*	0.5
H51D	0.6300	-0.0026	0.8452	0.036*	0.5
H51E	0.8918	0.0248	0.8865	0.036*	0.5
H51F	0.7145	0.0101	0.9911	0.036*	0.5
C6	0.6460 (7)	0.10094 (12)	0.9490 (3)	0.0211 (10)	
C7	0.8823 (7)	0.10066 (11)	1.0496 (3)	0.0229 (10)	
H7A	0.9480	0.1312	1.0626	0.028*	
H7B	1.0210	0.0829	1.0188	0.028*	

C8	0.8279 (7)	0.08205 (12)	1.1773 (3)	0.0233 (9)	
H8A	0.6784	0.0980	1.2044	0.028*	
H8B	0.7780	0.0507	1.1660	0.028*	
C9	1.0568 (7)	0.08561 (12)	1.2801 (3)	0.0268 (10)	
H9A	1.0197	0.0700	1.3574	0.032*	
H9B	1.2130	0.0722	1.2517	0.032*	
O9	1.1017 (5)	0.13212 (8)	1.3071 (2)	0.0266 (7)	
C10	1.3096 (8)	0.14204 (13)	1.3916 (4)	0.0243 (10)	
O10	1.4618 (5)	0.11468 (9)	1.4395 (2)	0.0335 (8)	
C11	1.3351 (7)	0.19019 (12)	1.4190 (3)	0.0248 (10)	
C12	1.1719 (8)	0.21884 (13)	1.3569 (4)	0.0330 (11)	
H12A	1.0364	0.2088	1.2941	0.040*	
H12B	1.1902	0.2494	1.3753	0.040*	
C13	1.5513 (8)	0.20272 (14)	1.5203 (4)	0.0391 (11)	
H13A	1.6460	0.1762	1.5525	0.059*	0.5
H13B	1.6707	0.2228	1.4850	0.059*	0.5
H13C	1.4791	0.2174	1.5898	0.059*	0.5
H13D	1.5512	0.2347	1.5324	0.059*	0.5
H13E	1.5265	0.1881	1.5999	0.059*	0.5
H13F	1.7181	0.1936	1.4951	0.059*	0.5

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.027 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.006 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.0020 (18)
O1	0.0321 (16)	0.0217 (16)	0.0244 (16)	-0.0032 (12)	0.0100 (13)	-0.0026 (12)
C111	0.042 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.013 (2)	-0.0046 (19)
C2	0.022 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.0017 (19)	0.010 (2)	0.0053 (18)
C21	0.025 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0009 (19)	0.0036 (19)	0.0006 (19)
C3	0.022 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.013 (2)	-0.0025 (19)	0.0075 (18)	-0.0001 (18)
C31	0.031 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.022 (2)	-0.0015 (19)	0.007 (2)	0.0011 (17)
C4	0.026 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.015 (2)	-0.0043 (19)	0.009 (2)	-0.0017 (17)
O4	0.0286 (15)	0.0231 (15)	0.0205 (16)	-0.0024 (13)	0.0097 (12)	-0.0029 (12)
C41	0.039 (3)	0.032 (3)	0.024 (3)	-0.003 (2)	0.014 (2)	-0.0054 (19)
C5	0.017 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.0001 (18)	0.0082 (19)	0.0013 (18)
C51	0.025 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0010 (18)	0.0067 (18)	-0.0010 (17)
C6	0.022 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.0029 (19)	0.0097 (19)	0.0001 (18)
C7	0.026 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.0012 (18)	0.0058 (19)	0.0003 (17)
C8	0.026 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.021 (2)	-0.0020 (19)	0.0056 (18)	0.0022 (18)
C9	0.034 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.0046 (19)	-0.0003 (19)
O9	0.0300 (17)	0.0213 (16)	0.0274 (16)	-0.0022 (12)	0.0001 (14)	-0.0027 (12)
C10	0.024 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.018 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.002 (2)
O10	0.0331 (17)	0.0316 (17)	0.0347 (18)	0.0013 (15)	0.0005 (14)	0.0017 (14)
C11	0.025 (2)	0.027 (3)	0.024 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.0012 (19)
C12	0.036 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.037 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.011 (2)
C13	0.039 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.041 (3)	-0.008 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.007 (2)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^{\circ}}$ )

C1—C2	1.393 (5)	C51—H51C	0.9800
C1—C6	1.398 (5)	C51—H51D	0.9800
C1—O1	1.406 (4)	C51—H51E	0.9800
O1—C111	1.431 (4)	C51—H51F	0.9800
C111—H11A	0.9800	C6—C7	1.512 (5)
C111—H11B	0.9800	C7—C8	1.532 (5)
C111—H11C	0.9800	C7—H7A	0.9900
C2—C3	1.401 (5)	C7—H7B	0.9900
C2—C21	1.515 (5)	C8—C9	1.503 (5)
C21—H21A	0.9800	C8—H8A	0.9900
C21—H21B	0.9800	C8—H8B	0.9900
C21—H21C	0.9800	C9—O9	1.452 (4)
C3—C4	1.395 (5)	C9—H9A	0.9900
C3—C31	1.512 (5)	C9—H9B	0.9900
C31—H31A	0.9800	O9—C10	1.339 (4)
C31—H31B	0.9800	C10—O10	1.209 (4)
C31—H31C	0.9800	C10—C11	1.492 (5)
C4—C5	1.400 (5)	C11—C12	1.324 (5)
C4—O4	1.402 (4)	C11—C13	1.493 (5)
O4—C41	1.435 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C41—H41A	0.9800	C12—H12B	0.9500
C41—H41B	0.9800	C13—H13A	0.9800
C41—H41C	0.9800	C13—H13B	0.9800
C5—C6	1.403 (5)	C13—H13C	0.9800
C5—C51	1.506 (5)	C13—H13D	0.9800
C51—H51A	0.9800	C13—H13E	0.9800
C51—H51B	0.9800	C13—H13F	0.9800
C2—C1—C6	123.2 (3)	H51A—C51—H51F	56.3
C2—C1—O1	118.0 (3)	H51B—C51—H51F	56.3
C6—C1—O1	118.7 (3)	H51C—C51—H51F	141.1
C1—O1—C111	114.2 (3)	H51D—C51—H51F	109.5
O1—C111—H11A	109.5	H51E—C51—H51F	109.5
O1—C111—H11B	109.5	C1—C6—C5	118.4 (3)
H11A—C111—H11B	109.5	C1—C6—C7	120.5 (3)
O1—C111—H11C	109.5	C5—C6—C7	121.1 (3)
H11A—C111—H11C	109.5	C6—C7—C8	113.6 (3)
H11B—C111—H11C	109.5	C6—C7—H7A	108.9
C1—C2—C3	118.6 (3)	C8—C7—H7A	108.9
C1—C2—C21	121.5 (3)	C6—C7—H7B	108.9
C3—C2—C21	119.8 (3)	C8—C7—H7B	108.9
C2—C21—H21A	109.5	H7A—C7—H7B	107.7
C2—C21—H21B	109.5	C9—C8—C7	113.3 (3)
H21A—C21—H21B	109.5	C9—C8—H8A	108.9
C2—C21—H21C	109.5	C7—C8—H8A	108.9
H21A—C21—H21C	109.5	C9—C8—H8B	108.9

H21B—C21—H21C	109.5	C7—C8—H8B	108.9
C4—C3—C2	118.3 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
C4—C3—C31	120.8 (3)	O9—C9—C8	107.6 (3)
C2—C3—C31	120.8 (3)	O9—C9—H9A	110.2
C3—C31—H31A	109.5	C8—C9—H9A	110.2
C3—C31—H31B	109.5	O9—C9—H9B	110.2
H31A—C31—H31B	109.5	C8—C9—H9B	110.2
C3—C31—H31C	109.5	H9A—C9—H9B	108.5
H31A—C31—H31C	109.5	C10—O9—C9	116.3 (3)
H31B—C31—H31C	109.5	O10—C10—O9	123.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5	123.2 (3)	O10—C10—C11	123.7 (4)
C3—C4—O4	118.5 (3)	O9—C10—C11	113.1 (3)
C5—C4—O4	118.2 (3)	C12—C11—C10	120.8 (4)
C4—O4—C41	112.7 (3)	C12—C11—C13	123.8 (4)
O4—C41—H41A	109.5	C10—C11—C13	115.3 (3)
O4—C41—H41B	109.5	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
H41A—C41—H41B	109.5	C11—C12—H12B	120.0
O4—C41—H41C	109.5	H12A—C12—H12B	120.0
H41A—C41—H41C	109.5	C11—C13—H13A	109.5
H41B—C41—H41C	109.5	C11—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	118.3 (3)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C5—C51	120.3 (3)	C11—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C5—C51	121.3 (3)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C51—H51A	109.5	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C51—H51B	109.5	C11—C13—H13D	109.5
H51A—C51—H51B	109.5	H13A—C13—H13D	141.1
C5—C51—H51C	109.5	H13B—C13—H13D	56.3
H51A—C51—H51C	109.5	H13C—C13—H13D	56.3
H51B—C51—H51C	109.5	C11—C13—H13E	109.5
C5—C51—H51D	109.5	H13A—C13—H13E	56.3
H51A—C51—H51D	141.1	H13B—C13—H13E	141.1
H51B—C51—H51D	56.3	H13C—C13—H13E	56.3
H51C—C51—H51D	56.3	H13D—C13—H13E	109.5
C5—C51—H51E	109.5	C11—C13—H13F	109.5
H51A—C51—H51E	56.3	H13A—C13—H13F	56.3
H51B—C51—H51E	141.1	H13B—C13—H13F	56.3
H51C—C51—H51E	56.3	H13C—C13—H13F	141.1
H51D—C51—H51E	109.5	H13D—C13—H13F	109.5
C5—C51—H51F	109.5	H13E—C13—H13F	109.5
C2—C1—O1—C111	90.7 (4)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.1 (5)
C6—C1—O1—C111	−93.5 (4)	O1—C1—C6—C5	−175.5 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.0 (5)	C2—C1—C6—C7	179.8 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	176.7 (3)	O1—C1—C6—C7	4.2 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C21	179.6 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	−1.0 (5)
O1—C1—C2—C21	−4.7 (5)	C51—C5—C6—C1	175.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−1.3 (5)	C4—C5—C6—C7	179.3 (3)
C21—C2—C3—C4	−179.9 (3)	C51—C5—C6—C7	−4.2 (5)

C1—C2—C3—C31	179.7 (3)	C1—C6—C7—C8	101.6 (4)
C21—C2—C3—C31	1.1 (5)	C5—C6—C7—C8	−78.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (5)	C6—C7—C8—C9	−174.8 (3)
C31—C3—C4—C5	179.4 (3)	C7—C8—C9—O9	66.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4—O4	178.3 (3)	C8—C9—O9—C10	−176.0 (3)
C31—C3—C4—O4	−2.7 (5)	C9—O9—C10—O10	3.5 (5)
C3—C4—O4—C41	93.9 (4)	C9—O9—C10—C11	−177.2 (3)
C5—C4—O4—C41	−88.1 (4)	O10—C10—C11—C12	175.3 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.8 (5)	O9—C10—C11—C12	−4.0 (5)
O4—C4—C5—C6	−177.1 (3)	O10—C10—C11—C13	−5.4 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C51	−175.7 (3)	O9—C10—C11—C13	175.3 (3)
O4—C4—C5—C51	6.4 (5)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg is the centroid of the C1—C6 benzene ring

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C8—H8B···O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.58	3.456 (4)	147
C12—H12B···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.50	3.388 (4)	157
C21—H21A···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.67	3.614 (5)	161
C41—H41A···O10 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.66	3.590 (5)	159
C51—H51E···O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.65	3.541 (4)	151
C7—H7B···Cg <sup>v</sup>	0.99	2.97	3.709 (4)	134
C31—H31C···Cg <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.85	3.693 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ ; (ii)  $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $x-1, y, z-1$ ; (v)  $x+1, y, z$ .

## (II) 3-(2,4,5-Trimethyl-3,6-dioxocyclohexa-1,4-dienyl)propyl methacrylate

*Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4$   
 $M_r = 276.32$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 4.4096 (2)$  Å  
 $b = 11.8425 (6)$  Å  
 $c = 28.2511 (16)$  Å  
 $\beta = 93.495 (3)$ °  
 $V = 1472.55 (13)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 592$   
 $D_x = 1.246 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 1562 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.3\text{--}21.1$ °  
 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 89$  K  
Irregular fragment, colourless  
 $0.27 \times 0.14 \times 0.13$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker APEXII CCD area detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.785$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
16398 measured reflections

2509 independent reflections  
1774 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 24.8$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.9$ °  
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$   
 $l = -31 \rightarrow 33$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.138$$

$$S = 1.04$$

2509 reflections

185 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0609P)^2 + 0.8066P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.1775 (5)	0.16524 (19)	0.14048 (8)	0.0209 (5)
O1	0.0812 (4)	0.09197 (14)	0.11320 (6)	0.0324 (5)
C2	0.3994 (5)	0.13528 (19)	0.18042 (8)	0.0200 (5)
C21	0.4744 (6)	0.01196 (19)	0.18425 (8)	0.0277 (6)
H21A	0.6438	0.0010	0.2079	0.042*
H21B	0.5321	-0.0160	0.1534	0.042*
H21C	0.2964	-0.0297	0.1939	0.042*
C3	0.5109 (5)	0.21672 (19)	0.20975 (8)	0.0200 (5)
C31	0.7283 (6)	0.1988 (2)	0.25224 (8)	0.0273 (6)
H31A	0.6208	0.2090	0.2813	0.041*
H31B	0.8945	0.2537	0.2516	0.041*
H31C	0.8113	0.1221	0.2515	0.041*
C4	0.4110 (5)	0.33563 (19)	0.20215 (8)	0.0211 (5)
O4	0.5126 (4)	0.40980 (14)	0.22879 (6)	0.0306 (4)
C5	0.1881 (5)	0.36569 (18)	0.16246 (8)	0.0194 (5)
C51	0.1114 (6)	0.48890 (19)	0.15805 (9)	0.0280 (6)
H51A	-0.0626	0.4987	0.1351	0.042*
H51B	0.2866	0.5302	0.1471	0.042*
H51C	0.0601	0.5182	0.1890	0.042*
C6	0.0734 (5)	0.28445 (18)	0.13349 (8)	0.0189 (5)
C7	-0.1420 (5)	0.3062 (2)	0.09083 (8)	0.0225 (5)
H7A	-0.2806	0.3690	0.0979	0.027*
H7B	-0.2666	0.2380	0.0839	0.027*
C8	0.0333 (5)	0.33651 (19)	0.04742 (8)	0.0210 (5)
H8A	0.1784	0.3979	0.0562	0.025*
H8B	0.1526	0.2699	0.0384	0.025*
C9	-0.1672 (5)	0.37361 (19)	0.00508 (8)	0.0208 (5)
H9A	-0.3057	0.4343	0.0145	0.025*
H9B	-0.0408	0.4035	-0.0199	0.025*
O9	-0.3418 (3)	0.27759 (12)	-0.01293 (5)	0.0215 (4)

C10	-0.5198 (5)	0.29825 (19)	-0.05223 (8)	0.0211 (5)
O10	-0.5414 (4)	0.39082 (13)	-0.07045 (5)	0.0264 (4)
C11	-0.6877 (5)	0.19585 (19)	-0.06980 (8)	0.0241 (6)
C12	-0.6423 (7)	0.0922 (2)	-0.04544 (10)	0.0441 (8)
H12A	-0.7486	0.0265	-0.0564	0.053*
H12B	-0.5056	0.0883	-0.0182	0.053*
C13	-0.8840 (6)	0.2102 (2)	-0.11027 (9)	0.0314 (6)
H13A	-1.0002	0.1407	-0.1164	0.047*
H13B	-0.7650	0.2273	-0.1376	0.047*
H13C	-1.0239	0.2727	-0.1051	0.047*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0196 (12)	0.0212 (12)	0.0220 (13)	-0.0030 (9)	0.0022 (10)	0.0003 (10)
O1	0.0395 (11)	0.0232 (9)	0.0328 (10)	-0.0028 (8)	-0.0109 (8)	-0.0067 (8)
C2	0.0204 (12)	0.0213 (12)	0.0183 (12)	-0.0005 (9)	0.0006 (10)	0.0029 (10)
C21	0.0338 (15)	0.0207 (13)	0.0281 (14)	0.0027 (10)	-0.0028 (11)	0.0001 (11)
C3	0.0186 (12)	0.0247 (12)	0.0167 (12)	-0.0011 (10)	0.0032 (9)	0.0030 (10)
C31	0.0297 (13)	0.0288 (14)	0.0230 (13)	-0.0012 (11)	-0.0026 (11)	0.0019 (11)
C4	0.0217 (12)	0.0229 (12)	0.0191 (12)	-0.0039 (10)	0.0031 (10)	-0.0021 (10)
O4	0.0364 (10)	0.0256 (9)	0.0286 (10)	-0.0042 (8)	-0.0065 (8)	-0.0071 (8)
C5	0.0194 (12)	0.0181 (12)	0.0208 (12)	0.0003 (9)	0.0028 (10)	0.0015 (10)
C51	0.0327 (15)	0.0214 (13)	0.0296 (15)	0.0021 (10)	0.0000 (11)	0.0013 (11)
C6	0.0162 (11)	0.0224 (12)	0.0183 (12)	0.0000 (9)	0.0016 (9)	0.0028 (10)
C7	0.0192 (12)	0.0252 (13)	0.0229 (13)	-0.0008 (10)	0.0000 (10)	0.0018 (10)
C8	0.0177 (12)	0.0229 (12)	0.0221 (13)	0.0005 (9)	-0.0016 (10)	-0.0006 (10)
C9	0.0205 (12)	0.0195 (12)	0.0221 (13)	-0.0023 (9)	-0.0027 (10)	0.0014 (10)
O9	0.0236 (9)	0.0190 (8)	0.0213 (9)	-0.0013 (6)	-0.0038 (7)	0.0000 (7)
C10	0.0212 (12)	0.0225 (13)	0.0194 (13)	0.0025 (10)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0023 (10)
O10	0.0314 (10)	0.0227 (9)	0.0244 (9)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0049 (7)	0.0044 (7)
C11	0.0277 (13)	0.0227 (13)	0.0217 (13)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0006 (10)	-0.0018 (10)
C12	0.065 (2)	0.0248 (14)	0.0399 (17)	-0.0126 (13)	-0.0195 (14)	-0.0009 (13)
C13	0.0295 (14)	0.0303 (14)	0.0338 (15)	0.0014 (11)	-0.0036 (11)	-0.0079 (12)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )*

C1—O1	1.220 (3)	C6—C7	1.510 (3)
C1—C2	1.491 (3)	C7—C8	1.531 (3)
C1—C6	1.494 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9900
C2—C3	1.345 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9900
C2—C21	1.500 (3)	C8—C9	1.509 (3)
C21—H21A	0.9800	C8—H8A	0.9900
C21—H21B	0.9800	C8—H8B	0.9900
C21—H21C	0.9800	C9—O9	1.448 (3)
C3—C4	1.487 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9900
C3—C31	1.505 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9900
C31—H31A	0.9800	O9—C10	1.342 (3)

C31—H31B	0.9800	C10—O10	1.213 (3)
C31—H31C	0.9800	C10—C11	1.490 (3)
C4—O4	1.224 (3)	C11—C13	1.401 (3)
C4—C5	1.489 (3)	C11—C12	1.416 (3)
C5—C6	1.342 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C5—C51	1.501 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9500
C51—H51A	0.9800	C13—H13A	0.9800
C51—H51B	0.9800	C13—H13B	0.9800
C51—H51C	0.9800	C13—H13C	0.9800
O1—C1—C2	119.7 (2)	C1—C6—C7	116.11 (19)
O1—C1—C6	119.8 (2)	C6—C7—C8	110.83 (18)
C2—C1—C6	120.5 (2)	C6—C7—H7A	109.5
C3—C2—C1	119.6 (2)	C8—C7—H7A	109.5
C3—C2—C21	125.7 (2)	C6—C7—H7B	109.5
C1—C2—C21	114.71 (19)	C8—C7—H7B	109.5
C2—C21—H21A	109.5	H7A—C7—H7B	108.1
C2—C21—H21B	109.5	C9—C8—C7	113.78 (18)
H21A—C21—H21B	109.5	C9—C8—H8A	108.8
C2—C21—H21C	109.5	C7—C8—H8A	108.8
H21A—C21—H21C	109.5	C9—C8—H8B	108.8
H21B—C21—H21C	109.5	C7—C8—H8B	108.8
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
C2—C3—C31	125.6 (2)	O9—C9—C8	108.86 (17)
C4—C3—C31	114.7 (2)	O9—C9—H9A	109.9
C3—C31—H31A	109.5	C8—C9—H9A	109.9
C3—C31—H31B	109.5	O9—C9—H9B	109.9
H31A—C31—H31B	109.5	C8—C9—H9B	109.9
C3—C31—H31C	109.5	H9A—C9—H9B	108.3
H31A—C31—H31C	109.5	C10—O9—C9	114.78 (17)
H31B—C31—H31C	109.5	O10—C10—O9	122.9 (2)
O4—C4—C3	119.8 (2)	O10—C10—C11	124.7 (2)
O4—C4—C5	119.5 (2)	O9—C10—C11	112.39 (19)
C3—C4—C5	120.8 (2)	C13—C11—C12	124.3 (2)
C6—C5—C4	119.7 (2)	C13—C11—C10	116.3 (2)
C6—C5—C51	124.9 (2)	C12—C11—C10	119.4 (2)
C4—C5—C51	115.5 (2)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
C5—C51—H51A	109.5	C11—C12—H12B	120.0
C5—C51—H51B	109.5	H12A—C12—H12B	120.0
H51A—C51—H51B	109.5	C11—C13—H13A	109.5
C5—C51—H51C	109.5	C11—C13—H13B	109.5
H51A—C51—H51C	109.5	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
H51B—C51—H51C	109.5	C11—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.7 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	124.0 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C9—H9 <i>A</i> ···O10 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.72	3.624 (3)	153
C9—H9 <i>B</i> ···O10 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.70	3.595 (3)	150
C12—H12 <i>A</i> ···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.53	3.422 (3)	156
C21—H21 <i>A</i> ···O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.52	3.455 (3)	161
C31—H31 <i>C</i> ···O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.68	3.638 (3)	166
C51—H51 <i>B</i> ···O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.67	3.510 (3)	144
C31—H31 <i>B</i> ···Cg <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.95	3.534 (3)	119

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x-1, -y+1, -z$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x-1, -y, -z$ ; (iv)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (v)  $-x, -y+1, -z$ .