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α -SrZn₅-Type solid solution, BaZn_{2.6}Cu_{2.4}

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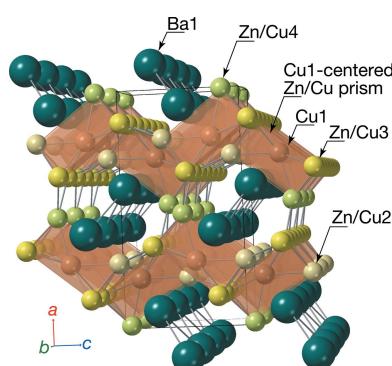
Single crystals of the title compound barium zinc copper, BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4}, were obtained from a sample prepared by heating metal chips of Ba, Cu, and Zn in an Ar atmosphere up to 973 K, followed by slow cooling. Single-crystal X-ray structure analysis revealed that BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} crystallizes in an orthorhombic cell [$a = 12.9858(3)$, $b = 5.2162(1)$, and $c = 6.6804(2)$ Å] with an α -SrZn₅-type structure (space group *Pnma*). The three-dimensional framework consists of Cu and Zn atoms, with Ba atoms in the tunnels extending in the *b*-axis direction. Although the Ba atom is larger than the Sr atom, the cell volume of BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} [452.507(19) Å³] is smaller than that of α -SrZn₅ [466.08 Å³]. This decrease in volume can be attributed to the partial substitution of Cu atoms by Zn atoms in the framework because the Cu–Zn and Cu–Cu bonds are shorter than the Zn–Zn bond. The increase in Ba–Zn interatomic distances from the Sr–Zn distances is cancelled out by the partial replacement of Zn with Cu atoms, which leads to shorter average Ba–Zn/Cu distances.

1. Chemical context

In *A*–*M* binary systems (*A* = Ca, Sr, Ba, *M* = Zn, Cu), several phases are present such as *AM*, *AM*₅, *AM*₁₁, and *AM*₁₃. *AM*₅ phases appear except for *A* = Ba with *M* = Cu. CaZn₅ (Häucke, 1940), CaCu₅ (Häucke, 1940), β -SrZn₅ (Bruzzone & Merlo, 1983), and SrCu₅ (Bruzzone, 1966, 1971) crystallize in the hexagonal space group *P6/mmm*, and were reported to have the Kagome structure consisting of Zn or Cu atoms (Wendorff & Röhr, 2007). In addition to the high-temperature β -SrZn₅ phase, there exists a low-temperature polymorph of α -SrZn₅ in the orthorhombic space group *Pnma* (Baenziger & Conant, 1956; Bruzzone & Merlo, 1983; Wendorff & Röhr, 2007). BaZn₅ is in the tetragonal space group *Cmcm* with a structure distorted from *P6/mmm*-type *AM*₅ (Baenziger and Conant, 1956). In the present study, single crystals of a new ternary compound BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} were synthesized, and the crystal structure was analyzed by X-ray diffraction.

2. Structural commentary

The volume for the chemical formula unit of the title compound (113.12 Å³ per formula) calculated from the cell volume $V = 452.507(19)$ Å³ and $Z = 4$ is smaller than that of BaZn₅ (120.43 Å³ per formula). The asymmetric unit contains one Ba site (Ba1), one Cu site (Cu1), and three mixed sites of Zn and Cu (Zn/Cu2, Zn/Cu3, Zn/Cu4). As shown in Fig. 1, the Cu1 site is located inside the triangular prism composed of Zn/Cu2, Zn/Cu4, and four Zn/Cu3 sites. The refined occupancy for the Zn/Cu2 site is 0.735(8)/0.265(8), while the occupancies of Zn/Cu3 and Zn/Cu4 are almost equivalent at



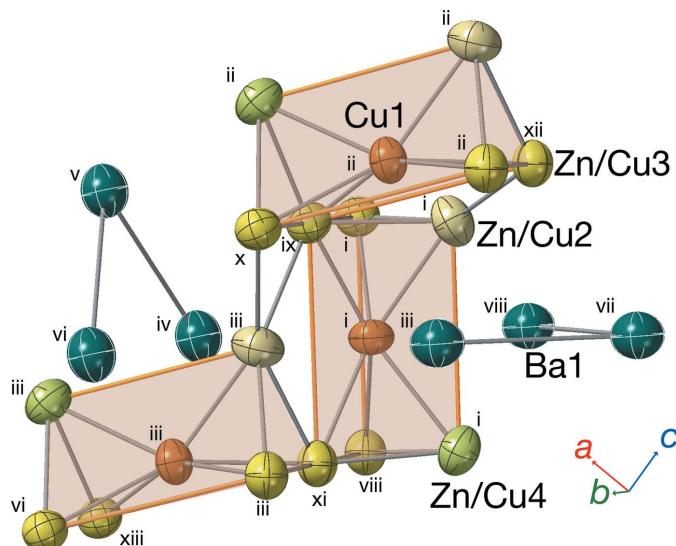
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Table 1

Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters for BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4}.

Atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{eq}	Occupancy
Ba1	0.41339 (2)	1/4	0.87119 (3)	0.01724 (6)	1
Cu1	0.21263 (3)	1/4	0.17198 (6)	0.01346 (8)	1
Zn/Cu2	0.21485 (3)	1/4	0.56053 (6)	0.01585 (9)	0.555 (8)/0.445 (8)
Zn/Cu3	0.35265 (2)	-0.00006 (5)	0.36005 (4)	0.01279 (7)	0.555 (4)/0.445 (4)
Zn/Cu4	0.01929 (3)	1/4	0.08049 (6)	0.01551 (9)	0.735 (8)/0.265 (8)

0.555 (8)/0.445 (8) and 0.555 (4)/0.445 (4), respectively (Table 1). As shown in Table 2, the Cu1–Zn/Cu2 and Cu1–Zn/Cu4 bond lengths are 2.5958 (5) and 2.5840 (6) Å, respectively; Cu1–Zn/Cu3 bond lengths are 2.5664 (4) Å × 2 and 2.6001 (4) Å × 2. The average Cu–Zn/Cu distance is 2.5855 Å, which is shorter than the Zn1–Zn2, Zn1–Zn3, and Zn1–Zn4 distances in α -SrZn₅ (2.6120 Å; Wendorff & Röhr 2007). The Zn/Cu2–Zn/Cu3 bond lengths are 2.5440 (4) Å × 2 and 2.5879 (4) Å × 2; Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu3 bond lengths are 2.5576 (4) Å × 2 and 2.5756 (4) Å × 2; Zn/Cu3–Zn/Cu3 bond lengths are 2.6075 (5) and 2.6078 (5) Å; and the Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu4 bond length is 2.8652 (3) Å × 2. These bonds are also shorter than those of SrZn₅ [2.5622 (11) Å × 2 and 2.7260 (11) Å × 2; 2.5594 (11) Å × 2 and 2.6665 (11) Å × 2; 2.6452 (10) and 2.6539 (10) Å; 3.0018 (8) Å × 2], respectively. These shorter Cu–Zn/Cu bonds in BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} are consistent with the Cu–Cu bond lengths in BaCu₁₃ (2.49–2.68 Å, calculated using the data from Wendorff & Röhr, 2006), which are shorter than the Zn–Zn lengths for BaZn₁₃ (2.60–2.94 Å, Bruzzone *et al.* 1985). The average Zn/Cu–Zn/Cu lengths for Ca(Zn_{1-x}Cu_x)₅ (*x* = 0.97–0.6) decrease with increasing *x* (Merlo & Fornasini, 1985). In the title compound, the Cu1-

**Figure 1**

Arrangement of Cu1-centered Zn/Cu trigonal prisms and the Ba1 atoms. Symmetry codes: (i) x, y, z ; (ii) $\frac{1}{2} - x, 1 - y, \frac{1}{2} + z$; (iii) $\frac{1}{2} - x, 1 - y, -\frac{1}{2} + z$; (iv) $x, y, -1 + z$; (v) $1 - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, 1 - z$; (vi) $x, 1 + y, -1 + z$; (vii) $-\frac{1}{2} + x, \frac{1}{2} - y, \frac{3}{2} - z$; (viii) $\frac{1}{2} - x, -y, -\frac{1}{2} + z$; (ix) $x, \frac{1}{2} - y, z$; (x) $x, 1 + y, z$; (xi) $\frac{1}{2} - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, -\frac{1}{2} + z$; (xii) $\frac{1}{2} - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} + z$; (xiii) $x, \frac{1}{2} - y, -1 + z$.

Table 2

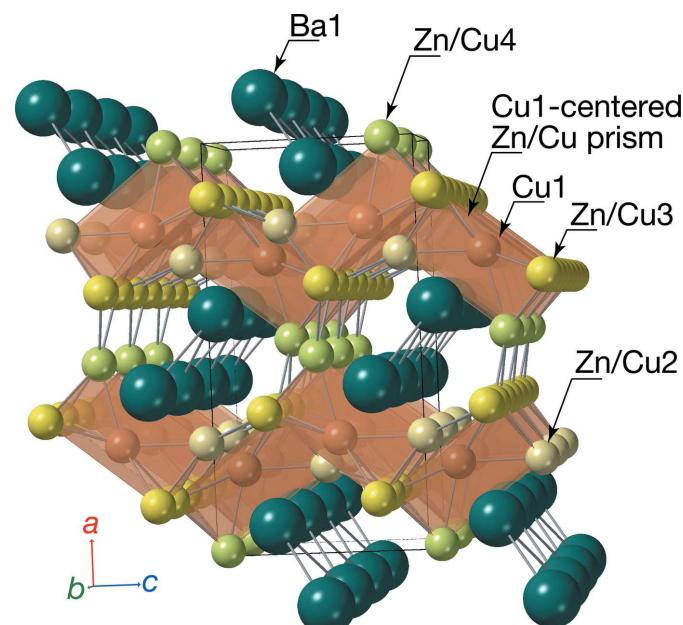
Selected geometric parameters (Å) for BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4}.

Ba1–Cu1 ⁱ	3.2916 (5)	Cu1–Zn/Cu3 ^{ix}	2.5664 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu2	3.3097 (5)	Cu1–Zn/Cu3	2.5664 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu4 ⁱⁱ	3.3160 (5)	Cu1–Zn/Cu4	2.5840 (6)
Ba1–Zn/Cu2 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3429 (3)	Cu1–Zn/Cu2	2.5958 (5)
Ba1–Zn/Cu2 ^{iv}	3.3429 (3)	Cu1–Zn/Cu3 ^{xii}	2.6001 (4)
Ba1–Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3542 (3)	Cu1–Zn/Cu3 ^{xiii}	2.6001 (4)
Ba1–Cu1 ^{iv}	3.3542 (3)	Zn/Cu2–Zn/Cu3 ^{viii}	2.5440 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3672 (3)	Zn/Cu2–Zn/Cu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.5440 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu4 ^{iv}	3.3672 (3)	Zn/Cu2–Zn/Cu3	2.5879 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ^v	3.6040 (3)	Zn/Cu2–Zn/Cu3 ^{ix}	2.5879 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ⁱ	3.6040 (3)	Zn/Cu3–Zn/Cu3 ^{xiv}	2.6075 (5)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ^{vi}	3.6492 (3)	Zn/Cu3–Zn/Cu3 ^{ix}	2.6087 (5)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ^{vii}	3.6492 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu3 ^{xv}	2.5576 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.6933 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu3 ^{xvi}	2.5576 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ^{viii}	3.6933 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.5756 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3	3.7394 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu3 ^{xvii}	2.5756 (4)
Ba1–Zn/Cu3 ^{ix}	3.7394 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu4 ^{xvii}	2.8652 (3)
Ba1–Ba1 ^x	3.8503 (3)	Zn/Cu4–Zn/Cu4 ^{xviii}	2.8652 (3)
Ba1–Ba1 ^{xi}	3.8502 (3)		
Ba1 ^x –Ba1–Ba1 ^{xi}	85.279 (9)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z + 1$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y, -z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + 1$; (vi) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (vii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (viii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ix) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z$; (x) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (xi) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$; (xii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (xiii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (xiv) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z$; (xv) $x - \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (xvi) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (xvii) $-x, -y, -z$; (xviii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

centered triangular prisms align in the *b*- and *c*-axis directions by sharing the atoms of the Zn/Cu3 site, and form the framework of Cu and Zn atoms shown in Fig. 2.

The Ba1 sites are staggered along the array of the triangular prisms in the tunnel extending in the *b*-axis direction. The interatomic distance of Ba1–Ba1 [3.8503 (3) Å] is shorter than that of Sr1–Sr1 [4.0230 (13) Å] of α -SrZn₅. The Ba1–Ba1–Ba1 angle [85.279 (9)°] is comparable to the Sr1–Sr1–

**Figure 2**

Crystal structure of BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} illustrated with the Cu1-centered Zn/Cu trigonal prisms.

Table 3
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	BaCu _{2.60} Zn _{2.40}
M_r	459.5
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, <i>Pnma</i>
Temperature (K)	300
a, b, c (Å)	12.9858 (3), 5.2162 (1), 6.6804 (2)
V (Å ³)	452.51 (2)
Z	4
Radiation type	Mo $K\alpha$
μ (mm ⁻¹)	32.87
Crystal size (mm)	0.10 × 0.07 × 0.06
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 QUEST
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1997)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.49, 0.75
No. of measured, independent and observed [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] reflections	9003, 1038, 956
R_{int}	0.029
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.794
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.017, 0.032, 1.17
No. of reflections	1038
No. of parameters	39
No. of restraints	1
$\Delta\rho_{\max}, \Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å ⁻³)	0.96, -0.98

Computer programs: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018), *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997), *SHELXT2014/5* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015b), *Crystal Maker X* (CrystalMaker Software, 2003), *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Sr1 angle of α -SrZn₅ [82.39 (3)°]. There are three Cu1 sites, three Zn/Cu2 sites, eight Zn/Cu3 sites, and three Zn/Cu4 sites around the Ba1 site (Table 2). The average distance of interatomic distances between these 17 sites and the Ba1 site (3.495 Å) is shorter than that between 17 Zn sites and the Ba site of BaZn₅ (3.5832 Å), but is the same as that between 17 Sr sites and the Sr site of α -SrZn₅ (3.495 Å).

Comparison between BaCu₁₃ and BaZn₁₃ having an isotropic structure showed that the atomic distance of Ba—Cu (3.42 Å, calculated using the data by Wendorff & Röhr, 2006) is shorter than that of Ba—Zn (3.59 Å, calculated using the data by Bruzzone *et al.*, 1985). This result is consistent with the fact that the average distance between the Ba1 site and Cu or Zn/Cu sites becomes shorter than the average atomic distance of Ba—Zn in BaZn₅. The lattice size of BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} is expected to be larger than that of α -SrZn₅ because the interatomic distance of Ba—Zn for BaZn₁₃ is longer than that of Sr—Zn for SrZn₁₃, both of which have the same type of structure. However, the cell constants and volume for BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} are 0.3–2.0% and 3.0–3.9% smaller than those reported for α -SrZn₅ [$a = 13.15$ (4), $b = 5.32$ (1), $c = 6.72$ (2) Å, $V = 470.12$ Å³ (Baenziger & Conant, 1956); $a = 13.147$ (7), $b = 5.312$ (2), $c = 6.707$ (3) Å, $V = 468.4$ Å³ (Bruzzone & Merlo, 1983); and $a = 13.133$ (3), $b = 5.2991$ (10), $c = 6.6972$ (13) Å, $V = 466.08$ Å³ (Wendorff & Röhr, 2007)]. The average interatomic distance between Ba and the framework forming Zn/Cu atoms in the title compound remains the same as the average Sr—Zn distance of α -SrZn₅ by partial substitution of Cu with Zn atoms. Thus, the decrease in cell volume is caused by the

introduction of the shorter Cu—Zn and Cu—Cu bonds in the BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4} framework.

3. Synthesis and crystallization

The title compound was prepared from pieces of Ba (Aldrich Chemicals, 99.9%), Cu (Kojundo Chemical Laboratory Co., Ltd., 99.99%), and Zn (Strem Chemicals Inc., 99.99%) metals with molar ratio of Ba:Cu:Zn = 1:1:1. The metals were placed in a BN crucible (Showa Denko Co., Ltd., purity 99.95%, outer diameter 8.5 mm, inner diameter 6.5 mm, depth 18 mm), which was then put inside a stainless-steel tube (SUS 316: outer diameter 12.7 mm, inner diameter 10.7 mm, height 80 mm) and sealed with a stainless-steel cap in an Ar-filled glove box (MBRAUN; O₂ and H₂O < 1 ppm). The tube was heated to 933 K at a rate of 330 K h⁻¹ for 10 h, then slowly cooled at a rate of 10 K h⁻¹ to below 573 K. Finally, the sample was cooled to room temperature by shutting off the electric power to the heater of the furnace. The stainless-steel tube was cut in the Ar-filled glove box. The resulting product contained silver metallic single crystals of the title compound with size of several hundred μm. The surface color of the single crystals changed to metallic gold in air, but crystal decomposition did not occur. A thin layer formed by oxidation may have prevented the further oxidation of the sample. Single crystal XRD data collection was carried out in air. Another single crystal grain obtained from the same sample was buried in resin and polished with a SiC polishing sheet to verify the composition of the crystal by electron probe microanalysis (EPMA, JEOL JXA-8200). A Ba:Cu:Zn atomic ratio of 1.01 ± 0.01:2.62 ± 0.10:2.37 ± 0.09 was obtained by measurements at seven points with the total weight percent of 94–98%. From the EPMA measurement, the chemical composition of the single crystal was determined to be BaCu_{2.6}Zn_{2.4}.

4. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection, and structural refinement details are summarized in Table 3. The initial structural model was constructed from the α -SrZn₅ model by substituting the Ba1 site with the Sr1 site, and the Zn/Cu mixed sites with the four Zn sites. In the first stage of refinement, the sum of the occupancies for Cu and Zn atoms in each Zn/Cu site was constrained to be 1. After several refinement iterations, the Cu occupancy for the Zn/Cu1 site became 0.98 (6), and then this site was set to be fully occupied by Cu only. The substitutional occupations of the other three Zn/Cu mixed sites were refined under the restriction that the total chemical composition should be Zn:Cu = 0.48:0.52, which was determined by EPMA.

Acknowledgements

The authors wish to thank Mr T. Kamaya at the Central Analytical Facility (CAF), Institute of Multidisciplinary Research for Advanced Materials (IMRAM), Tohoku University for performing the EPMA analysis.

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α -SrZn₅-Type solid solution, BaZn_{2.6}Cu_{2.4}

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018); cell refinement: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT2014/5* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *Crystal Maker X* (CrystalMaker Software, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

barium zinc copper

Crystal data

BaCu _{2.60} Zn _{2.40}	$D_x = 6.744 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 459.5$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pnma</i>	Cell parameters from 198 reflections
$a = 12.9858 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.3\text{--}27.3^\circ$
$b = 5.2162 (1) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 32.87 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 6.6804 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 300 \text{ K}$
$V = 452.51 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	Chip, metallic light silver
$Z = 4$	$0.10 \times 0.07 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = 813.6$	

Data collection

Bruker D8 QUEST diffractometer	1038 independent reflections
Detector resolution: 7.3910 pixels mm ⁻¹	956 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω and σ cans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1997)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 34.4^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.49, T_{\text{max}} = 0.75$	$h = -20 \rightarrow 20$
9003 measured reflections	$k = -8 \rightarrow 7$
	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0069P)^2 + 0.6738P]$
Least-squares matrix: full	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.017$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.003$
$wR(F^2) = 0.032$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.96 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.17$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.98 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1038 reflections	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL-2014/7</i>
39 parameters	(Sheldrick 2015b,
1 restraint	$F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.00318 (18)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Ba1	0.41339 (2)	0.2500	0.87119 (3)	0.01724 (6)	
Cu1	0.21263 (3)	0.2500	0.17198 (6)	0.01346 (8)	
Zn2	0.21485 (3)	0.2500	0.56053 (6)	0.01585 (9)	0.555 (8)
Cu2	0.21485 (3)	0.2500	0.56053 (6)	0.01585 (9)	0.445 (8)
Zn3	0.35265 (2)	-0.00006 (5)	0.36005 (4)	0.01279 (7)	0.555 (4)
Cu3	0.35265 (2)	-0.00006 (5)	0.36005 (4)	0.01279 (7)	0.445 (4)
Zn4	0.01929 (3)	0.2500	0.08049 (6)	0.01551 (9)	0.735 (8)
Cu4	0.01929 (3)	0.2500	0.08049 (6)	0.01551 (9)	0.265 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ba1	0.01853 (10)	0.01541 (10)	0.01779 (10)	0.000	0.00248 (7)	0.000
Cu1	0.01259 (17)	0.01619 (19)	0.01161 (16)	0.000	-0.00309 (13)	0.000
Zn2	0.01913 (19)	0.01558 (19)	0.01283 (17)	0.000	0.00354 (14)	0.000
Cu2	0.01913 (19)	0.01558 (19)	0.01283 (17)	0.000	0.00354 (14)	0.000
Zn3	0.01308 (12)	0.01109 (13)	0.01420 (13)	0.00054 (9)	-0.00154 (9)	0.00036 (9)
Cu3	0.01308 (12)	0.01109 (13)	0.01420 (13)	0.00054 (9)	-0.00154 (9)	0.00036 (9)
Zn4	0.01137 (16)	0.01599 (19)	0.01916 (19)	0.000	0.00157 (13)	0.000
Cu4	0.01137 (16)	0.01599 (19)	0.01916 (19)	0.000	0.00157 (13)	0.000

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Ba1—Cu1 ⁱ	3.2916 (5)	Cu1—Zn3 ^{vii}	2.6001 (4)
Ba1—Zn2	3.3097 (5)	Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	2.6001 (4)
Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱ	3.3160 (5)	Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	2.8711 (2)
Ba1—Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3429 (3)	Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	2.8711 (3)
Ba1—Zn2 ^{iv}	3.3429 (3)	Zn2—Zn3 ^x	2.5440 (4)
Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3542 (3)	Zn2—Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.5440 (4)
Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	3.3542 (3)	Zn2—Zn3	2.5879 (4)
Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.3672 (3)	Zn2—Zn3 ^{vi}	2.5879 (4)
Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	3.3672 (3)	Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱ	2.5576 (4)
Ba1—Zn3 ^v	3.6040 (3)	Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.5756 (4)
Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	3.6040 (3)	Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	2.6075 (5)
Cu1—Zn3 ^{vi}	2.5664 (4)	Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	2.6087 (5)
Cu1—Zn3	2.5664 (4)	Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	2.8652 (3)
Cu1—Zn4	2.5840 (6)	Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	2.8652 (3)
Cu1—Zn2	2.5958 (5)		

Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn2	76.456 (11)	Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	121.722 (15)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱ	152.125 (12)	Zn3—Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	122.810 (14)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱ	75.669 (11)	Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	75.843 (9)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ	51.279 (6)	Cu1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	67.425 (9)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ	81.327 (5)	Cu1 ^{iv} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	63.436 (8)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.428 (7)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	165.984 (15)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn2 ^{iv}	51.279 (6)	Ba1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	128.704 (6)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn2 ^{iv}	81.327 (5)	Ba1 ^{vii} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	102.556 (13)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn2 ^{iv}	123.428 (7)	Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	64.323 (11)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn2 ^{iv}	102.555 (13)	Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	64.323 (11)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	81.710 (5)	Zn3—Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	138.309 (12)
Zn2—Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	51.038 (6)	Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	138.309 (12)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	80.868 (9)	Cu1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	96.009 (15)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	45.610 (9)	Cu1 ^{iv} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	107.206 (11)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	120.913 (11)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	107.206 (11)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	81.710 (5)	Ba1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	134.520 (11)
Zn2—Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	51.038 (6)	Ba1 ^{vii} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.193 (8)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	80.868 (9)	Ba1 ^{ix} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.193 (8)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	120.913 (11)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱ	132.457 (17)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	45.610 (9)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Cu1	68.362 (11)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Cu1 ^{iv}	102.074 (12)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Cu1	114.601 (13)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.899 (7)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	114.379 (13)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	80.829 (9)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	67.858 (9)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	50.766 (6)	Cu1—Zn3—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	174.066 (17)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.123 (8)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Zn2	115.282 (11)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	162.151 (12)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn2	104.336 (14)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	45.217 (9)	Cu1—Zn3—Zn2	60.479 (14)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ	120.008 (10)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn2	113.935 (15)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	123.899 (7)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	105.132 (14)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	80.829 (9)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	114.021 (16)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	50.766 (6)	Cu1—Zn3—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	114.595 (11)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	162.151 (12)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	59.898 (13)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	75.123 (8)	Zn2—Zn3—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	67.204 (10)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	120.008 (10)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	59.170 (7)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	45.217 (9)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	120.663 (8)
Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn4 ^{iv}	101.532 (12)	Cu1—Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	120.547 (7)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	43.406 (7)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	59.590 (7)
Zn2—Ba1—Zn3 ^v	113.437 (9)	Zn2—Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	120.266 (7)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	156.251 (6)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{xi}	59.906 (7)
Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	80.241 (8)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	120.829 (7)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	42.758 (8)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	59.337 (8)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	122.288 (9)	Cu1—Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	59.453 (7)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	88.359 (8)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	120.410 (7)
Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	149.290 (8)	Zn2—Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	59.734 (7)
Zn4 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ^v	107.404 (7)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	120.095 (7)
Cu1 ⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	43.406 (7)	Zn3 ^{xi} —Zn3—Zn3 ^{vi}	180.0
Zn2—Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	113.437 (10)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	63.138 (9)
Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	156.251 (6)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	76.764 (11)

Zn2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	42.758 (8)	Cu1—Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	61.802 (11)
Zn2 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	80.241 (8)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	124.057 (13)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	88.359 (8)	Zn2—Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	115.967 (11)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	122.288 (9)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	168.248 (12)
Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	107.404 (7)	Zn3 ^{xi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	111.218 (4)
Zn4 ^{iv} —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	149.290 (8)	Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xiv}	68.782 (4)
Zn3 ^v —Ba1—Zn3 ⁱ	42.436 (9)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	76.752 (12)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn3	61.093 (15)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	62.842 (9)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn4	143.536 (12)	Cu1—Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	124.350 (13)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn4	143.535 (12)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	61.552 (11)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn2	60.171 (12)	Zn2—Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	167.121 (13)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn2	60.171 (12)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	115.565 (11)
Zn4—Cu1—Zn2	104.319 (19)	Zn3 ^{xi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	69.067 (4)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn3 ^{vii}	151.424 (19)	Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	110.932 (4)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn3 ^{vii}	111.623 (8)	Ba1 ^{xiv} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{xvi}	64.121 (6)
Zn4—Cu1—Zn3 ^{vii}	59.580 (12)	Zn2 ^{vii} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	60.831 (11)
Zn2—Cu1—Zn3 ^{vii}	143.610 (13)	Zn4 ⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	165.534 (13)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	111.623 (8)	Cu1—Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	61.739 (9)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	151.425 (19)	Zn4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	114.440 (11)
Zn4—Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	59.580 (12)	Zn2—Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	61.359 (9)
Zn2—Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	143.610 (13)	Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	60.125 (11)
Zn3 ^{vii} —Cu1—Zn3 ^{viii}	60.188 (14)	Zn3 ^{xi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	69.329 (4)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	55.449 (11)	Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	110.672 (4)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	110.868 (16)	Ba1 ^{xiv} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	110.530 (8)
Zn4—Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	104.914 (12)	Ba1 ^{xvi} —Zn3—Ba1 ^{vii}	131.391 (8)
Zn2—Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	104.812 (11)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{xviii}	61.325 (15)
Zn3 ^{vii} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	110.769 (15)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{viii}	153.278 (18)
Zn3 ^{viii} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{ix}	56.195 (11)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{viii}	112.142 (9)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	110.868 (16)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{vii}	112.142 (9)
Zn3—Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	55.449 (11)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{vii}	153.278 (18)
Zn4—Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	104.914 (12)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Zn3 ^{vii}	60.821 (15)
Zn2—Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	104.812 (11)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Cu1	141.749 (13)
Zn3 ^{vii} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	56.195 (11)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Cu1	141.749 (13)
Zn3 ^{viii} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	110.769 (15)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Cu1	60.522 (12)
Zn2 ^{ix} —Cu1—Zn2 ^{vii}	130.57 (2)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Cu1	60.522 (12)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	74.792 (12)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	56.370 (13)
Zn3—Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	74.792 (12)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	112.00 (2)
Zn4—Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	128.695 (16)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	111.04 (2)
Zn2—Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	126.987 (17)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	55.772 (13)
Zn3 ^{vii} —Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	76.642 (12)	Cu1—Zn4—Zn4 ^{xii}	104.989 (16)
Zn3 ^{viii} —Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	76.642 (12)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	112.00 (2)
Zn2 ^{ix} —Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	65.285 (11)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	56.370 (13)
Zn2 ^{vii} —Cu1—Ba1 ^{xiv}	65.285 (11)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	55.772 (13)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ	61.660 (15)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	111.04 (2)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Zn3	154.64 (2)	Cu1—Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	104.989 (16)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Zn3	112.768 (8)	Zn4 ^{xii} —Zn4—Zn4 ^{xiii}	131.08 (3)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Zn3 ^{vi}	112.768 (8)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	77.904 (12)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Zn3 ^{vi}	154.64 (2)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	77.904 (12)

Zn3—Zn2—Zn3 ^{vi}	60.531 (15)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	75.374 (12)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Cu1	141.503 (14)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	75.374 (12)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Cu1	141.503 (14)	Cu1—Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	128.184 (17)
Zn3—Zn2—Cu1	59.350 (12)	Zn4 ^{xii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	65.542 (15)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Cu1	59.350 (12)	Zn4 ^{xiii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xvii}	65.542 (15)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Cu1 ^{iv}	56.189 (10)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	121.676 (15)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Cu1 ^{iv}	112.000 (16)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	74.638 (9)
Zn3—Zn2—Cu1 ^{iv}	111.420 (16)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	76.705 (9)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Cu1 ^{iv}	56.601 (10)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	123.655 (15)
Cu1—Zn2—Cu1 ^{iv}	105.245 (11)	Cu1—Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	67.126 (9)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	112.000 (16)	Zn4 ^{xii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	165.22 (2)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	56.189 (10)	Zn4 ^{xiii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	63.692 (10)
Zn3—Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	56.601 (10)	Ba1 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{ix}	129.234 (6)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	111.420 (16)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	74.638 (9)
Cu1—Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	105.245 (11)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	121.676 (15)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Zn2—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	130.57 (2)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	123.655 (15)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Ba1	77.010 (12)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	76.705 (9)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1	77.010 (12)	Cu1—Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	67.126 (9)
Zn3—Zn2—Ba1	77.635 (12)	Zn4 ^{xii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	63.692 (10)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Ba1	77.635 (12)	Zn4 ^{xiii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	165.22 (2)
Cu1—Zn2—Ba1	129.470 (17)	Ba1 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	129.234 (6)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Zn2—Ba1	65.284 (11)	Ba1 ^{ix} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{vii}	101.532 (12)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1	65.284 (11)	Zn3 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.718 (10)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	121.722 (15)	Zn3 ^{xviii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.718 (11)
Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	74.105 (9)	Zn3 ^{viii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	139.660 (11)
Zn3—Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	75.842 (9)	Zn3 ^{vii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	139.660 (11)
Zn3 ^{vi} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	122.810 (14)	Cu1—Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	96.897 (15)
Cu1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	67.425 (9)	Zn4 ^{xii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	106.854 (15)
Cu1 ^{iv} —Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	165.984 (15)	Zn4 ^{xiii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	106.854 (15)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	63.436 (8)	Ba1 ^{xvii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	134.919 (13)
Ba1—Zn2—Ba1 ^{vii}	128.704 (6)	Ba1 ^{ix} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.342 (8)
Zn3 ^x —Zn2—Ba1 ^{ix}	74.105 (9)	Ba1 ^{vii} —Zn4—Ba1 ^{xv}	63.342 (8)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z+1$; (ii) $x+1/2, y, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1/2, -y, z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1/2, -y+1, z+1/2$; (v) $x, -y+1/2, z+1$; (vi) $x, -y+1/2, z$; (vii) $-x+1/2, -y, z-1/2$; (viii) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z-1/2$; (ix) $-x+1/2, -y+1, z-1/2$; (x) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z+1/2$; (xi) $x, -y-1/2, z$; (xii) $-x, -y, -z$; (xiii) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (xiv) $x, y, z-1$; (xv) $x-1/2, y, -z+3/2$; (xvi) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (xvii) $x-1/2, y, -z+1/2$; (xviii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1/2$.