

Received 30 March 2021

Accepted 6 April 2021

Edited by L. Van Meervelt, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Belgium

**Keywords:** crystal structure; tetrahydroisoquinoline; hydrogen bond; twist-boat conformation; Hirshfeld surface analysis.

**CCDC reference:** 2075592

**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

# Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 2-{[7-acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl]sulfanyl}-N-(4-chlorophenyl)acetamide

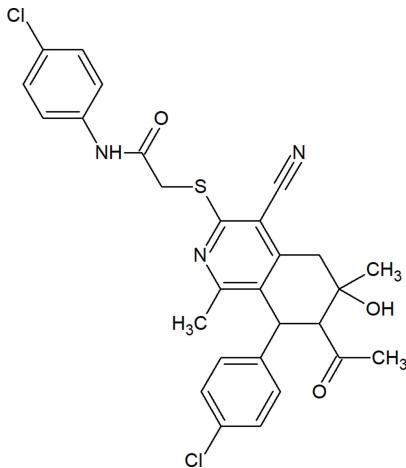
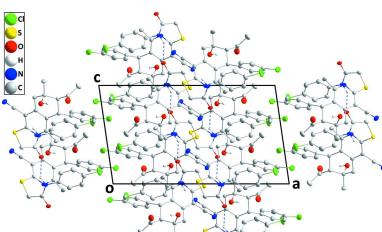
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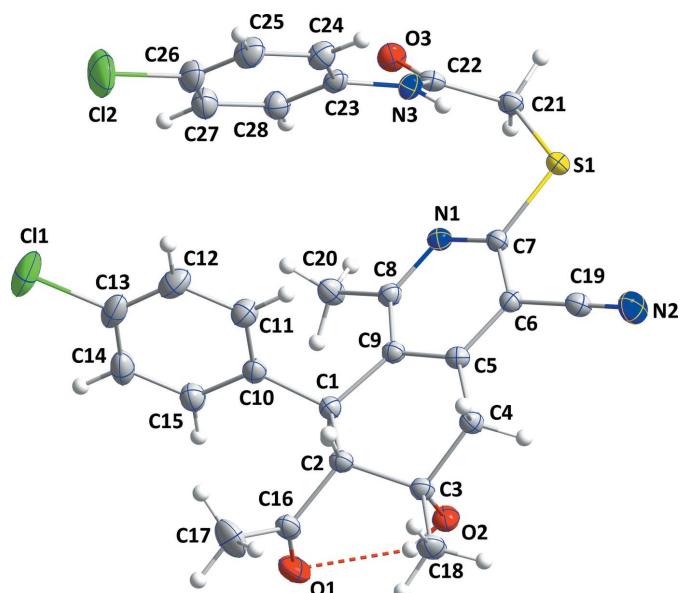
In the title molecule,  $C_{28}H_{25}Cl_2N_3O_3S$ , the heterocyclic portion of the tetrahydroisoquinoline unit is planar while the cyclohexene ring adopts a twist-boat conformation. The two 4-chlorophenyl groups extend away from one side of this unit while the hydroxyl and acetyl groups extend away from the opposite side and form an intramolecular O—H···O hydrogen bond. The crystal packing consists of layers parallel to the *bc* plane. A Hirshfeld surface analysis of the crystal structure indicates that the most important contributions to the crystal packing are from H···H (37.3%), Cl···H/H···Cl (17.6%), O···H/H···O (11.1%), C···H/H···C (10.9%) and N···H/H···N (9.7%) interactions.

## 1. Chemical context

The tetrahydroisoquinoline motif is present in a variety of natural products, including cactus alkaloids (peyoruvic acid; Chrzanowska *et al.*, 1987) and mammalian alkaloids (salsoline carboxylic acid; Czarnocki *et al.*, 1992). Biological tests indicate that tetrahydroisoquinolines can act as bronchodilators (Houston & Rodger, 1974) and anticonvulsants (Ohkubo *et al.*, 1996; Thompson *et al.*, 1990) and they have also shown anti-hypoxic activity (Gill *et al.*, 1991). Based on these findings and following our interest in this area, we herein report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.



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**Figure 1**

The title molecule with the labeling scheme and 50% probability ellipsoids. The intramolecular O—H···O hydrogen bond is depicted by a dashed line.

## 2. Structural commentary

The overall conformation of the title molecule, Fig. 1, resembles that of a chair with the tetrahydroisoquinoline core forming the seat, the hydroxyl and acetyl oxygen atoms forming stubby legs and the 4-chlorophenyl group and the amide group forming the back. The N1/C5–C9 ring is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.041 Å) with the largest deviation of 0.059 (1) Å being for atom C9. A puckering analysis (Cremer & Pople, 1975) of the C1–C5/C9 ring yielded the following parameters:  $Q_T = 0.5230$  (13) Å,  $\theta = 54.39$  (14)° and  $\varphi = 96.94$  (17)°. The conformation of this ring approximates a twist-boat conformation. The best planes through the C10–C15 and C23–C28 rings are inclined to the N1/C5–C9 plane by 76.05 (6) and 74.04 (6)°, respectively. The acetyl

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D\cdots H\cdots A$	$D\cdots H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\cdots H\cdots A$
O2—H2A···O1	0.87	2.14	2.8746 (14)	142
N3—H3···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.91	2.17	2.9362 (13)	141

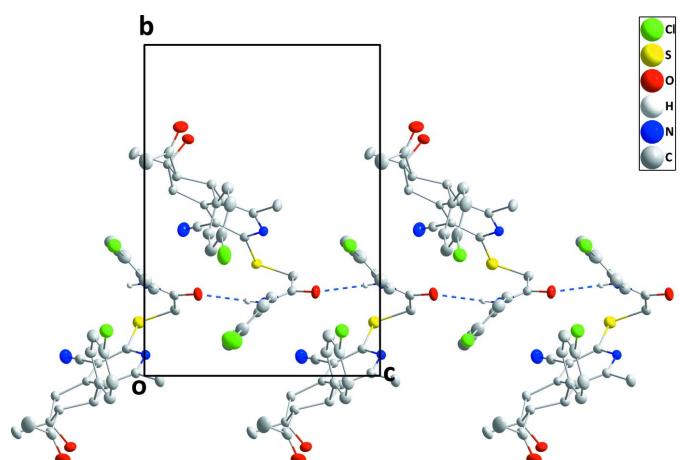
Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

group on C2 is in an equatorial position while the hydroxyl group on C3 is axial and these are *syn* to one another. The C10–C15 ring attached to C1 is close to equatorial and *anti* with respect to both other substituents (Table 1, Fig. 1). The O2—H2A hydroxyl group is favorably oriented for forming an intramolecular hydrogen bond with O1 (Fig. 1). This was not seen for some related molecules where a stronger intermolecular interaction is favored for these O atoms (Al-Taifi *et al.*, 2021).

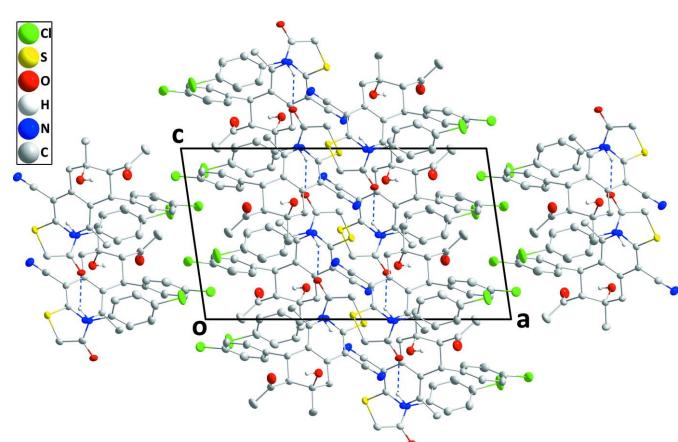
## 3. Supramolecular features and Hirshfeld surface analysis

In the crystal, helical chains extending along the *c*-axis direction are formed by N3—H3···O3 hydrogen bonds (Table 1 and Fig. 2). Inversion-related chains pack together to form thick layers, which have the chlorine atoms on the outsides (Fig. 3). In addition, a C22—O3···Cg1<sup>ii</sup> interaction [ $C22\cdots O3 = 3.3576$  (15) Å,  $O3\cdots Cg1^{ii} = 3.6287$  (11) Å and  $C22\cdots O3\cdots Cg1^{ii} = 115.38$  (8)°; symmetry code: (ii)  $x, \frac{1}{2} - y, \frac{1}{2} + z$ ; where Cg1 is the centroid of the N1/C5–C9 ring] are also observed in the crystal structure.

The intermolecular interactions in the crystal of the title compound were investigated and visualized by performing a Hirshfeld surface analysis (Spackman & Jayatilaka, 2009) using *Crystal Explorer* 17.5 (Turner *et al.*, 2017). The Hirshfeld surface plotted over  $d_{\text{norm}}$  in the range −0.3918 to +1.6138 a.u. is shown in Fig. 4 with red areas indicating distances shorter (in closer contact) and blue those longer (distant contact) than the van der Waals separations. The closest contacts are listed

**Figure 2**

A portion of one chain viewed along the *a*-axis direction with the intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds depicted by dashed lines.

**Figure 3**

Packing viewed along the *b*-axis direction with N—H···O hydrogen bonds depicted by dashed lines.

**Table 2**Summary of short interatomic contacts ( $\text{\AA}$ ) in the title compound.

Contact	Distance	Symmetry operation
C12...H14	3.06	$-x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z;$
H14...Cl1	2.98	$-x, 1 - y, 1 - z;$
H17A...Cl1	3.02	$-x, 1 - y, -z;$
S1...H18B	3.17	$1 - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z;$
H21B...H4AB	2.51	$1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z;$
H3...O3	2.17	$x, \frac{1}{2} - y, -\frac{1}{2} + z;$
H1...H18C	2.26	$x, \frac{3}{2} - y, \frac{1}{2} + z;$
H18B...N2	2.86	$1 - x, 1 - y, -z.$

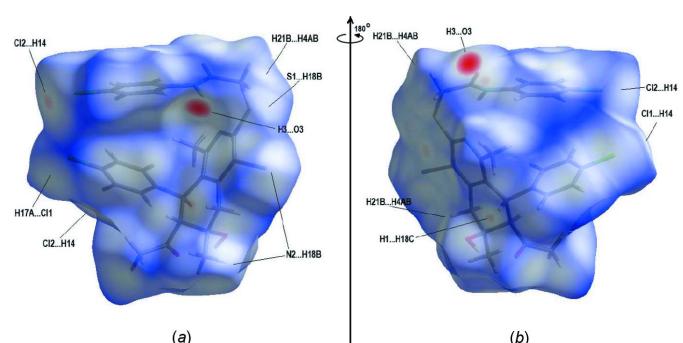
**Table 3**

Percentage contributions of interatomic contacts to the Hirshfeld surface for the title compound.

Contact	Percentage contribution
H...H	37.3
Cl...H/H...Cl	17.6
O...H/H...O	11.1
C...H/H...C	10.9
N...H/H...N	9.7
S...H/H...S	2.9
Cl...C/C...Cl	1.7
O...C/C...O	1.6
S...C/C...S	1.6
Cl...O/O...Cl	1.6
C...C	1.3
N...C/C...N	1.1
S...O/O...S	0.8
S...N/N...S	0.4
N...N	0.2
Cl...Cl	0.2
O...N/N...O	0.1

in Table 2. The O—H···O and N—H···O hydrogen bonds are clearly shown by the dark-red circles (Tables 1 and 2; Fig. 4).

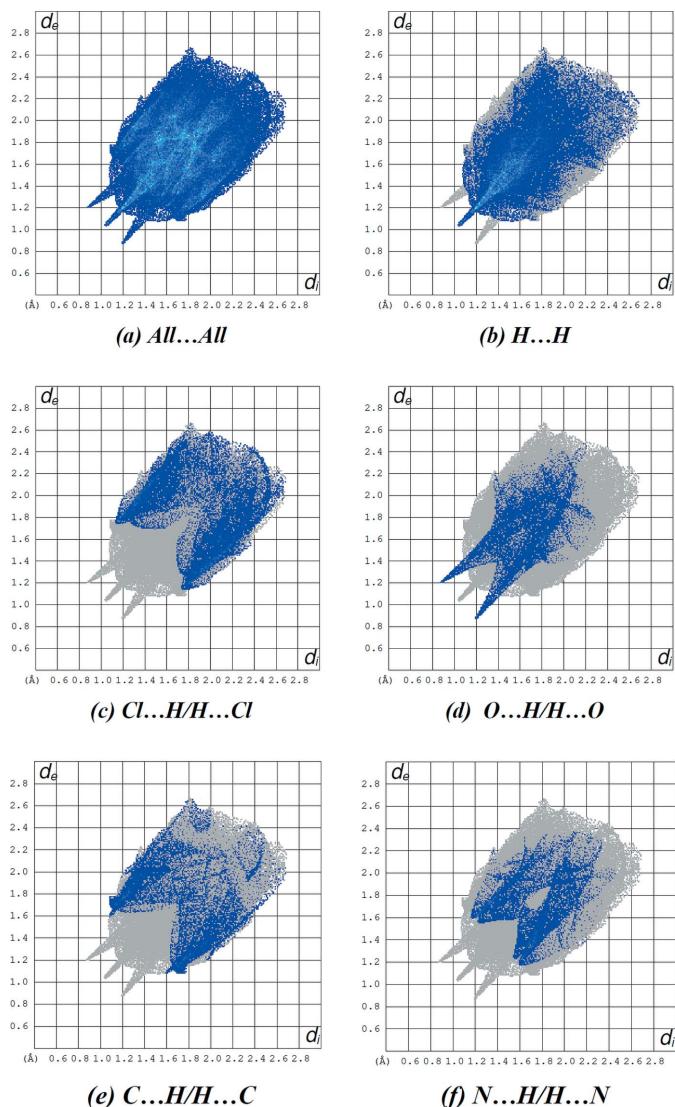
Fig. 5 shows the full two-dimensional fingerprint plot (McKinnon *et al.*, 2007) and those delineated into the major contacts: H···H (37.3%; Fig. 5b), Cl···H/H···Cl (17.6%; Fig. 5c), O···H/H···O (11.1%; Fig. 5d), C···H/H···C (10.9%; Fig. 5e) and N···H/H···N (9.7%; Fig. 5f). The other contacts are negligible with individual contributions of less than 2.9% and are given in Table 3.

**Figure 4**

(a) Front and (b) back sides of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface of the title compound plotted over  $d_{\text{norm}}$  in the range  $-0.3918$  to  $+1.6138$  a.u.

#### 4. Database survey

A survey of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, version 5.42, November 2020; Groom *et al.*, 2016) reveals nine comparable tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives, 7-acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(ethylsulfanyl)-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carbonitrile (refcode NAQRIJ; Mague *et al.*, 2017), 2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline trihydrate (KUGLIK; Langenohl *et al.*, 2020), 2'-benzoyl-1'-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1',5',6',10'b-tetrahydro-2'H-spiro[indole-3,3'-pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolin]-2(1H)-one (DUSVIZ; Selvaraj *et al.*, 2020), 2-[(7-acetyl-4-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-8-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl)sulfanyl]-N-phenylacetamide (AKIVUO; Al-Taifi *et al.*, 2021), 3-amino-1-oxo-2,6,8-triphenyl-1,2,7,8-tetrahydroiso-

**Figure 5**

A view of the two-dimensional fingerprint plots for the title compound, showing (a) all interactions, and delineated into (b) H···H, (c) Cl···H/H···Cl, (d) O···H/H···O, (e) C···H/H···C and (f) N···H/H···N interactions. The  $d_i$  and  $d_e$  values are the closest internal and external distances (in  $\text{\AA}$ ) from given points on the Hirshfeld surface.

quinoline-4-carbonitrile (ULUTAZ: Naghiyev *et al.*, 2021), 4-fluoro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid (CARCOQ: Lehmann *et al.*, 2017), 2-[3-methyl-4-phenyl-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-2(1H)-yl]-1,2-diphenylethan-1-ol (POPYEB: Ben Ali & Retailleau, 2019), (1*R*,3*S*)-6,7-dimethoxy-3-(methoxydiphenylmethyl)-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (ENOCIU: Naicker *et al.*, 2011) and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-sulfonamide (NIWPAL: Bouasla *et al.*, 2008).

In the crystal of NAQRIJ, dimers form through complementary sets of inversion-related O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds. These are connected into zigzag chains along the *c*-axis direction by pairwise C—H···N interactions that also form inversion dimers. In the crystal of KUGLIK, the heterocyclic amines are alternately connected to the hydrogen-bonding system along the *c* axis, which leads to the formation of syndiotactic polymer chains in this direction. The hydrogen-bonding network of the water molecules forms a water plane along the *b* and *c* axes with different ring systems (only counting the oxygen atoms) and graph-set motifs of the hydrogen-bonding network. In the crystal of DUSVIZ, molecules are linked *via* C—H···O hydrogen bonds. For the major disorder component, these form *C*(11) chains that propagate parallel to the *a* axis. In the crystal of AKIVUO, a layer structure with the layers parallel to (10 $\bar{1}$ ) is generated by O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds. In the crystal of ULUTAZ, molecules are linked *via* N—H···O and C—H···N hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network. Furthermore, the crystal packing is dominated by C—H··· $\pi$  bonds with a strong interaction involving the phenyl H atoms. In the crystal of CARCOQ, molecules are linked by O—H···O hydrogen bonds, forming chains propagating along the *a*-axis direction. The chains are linked by C—H···F hydrogen bonds, forming layers lying parallel to the *ab* plane. In the crystal of POPYEB, molecules are packed in a herringbone manner parallel to (103) and (10 $\bar{3}$ ) *via* weak C—H···O and C—H··· $\pi$ (ring) interactions. In the crystal structure of ENOCIU, various C—H··· $\pi$  and C—H···O interactions link the molecules. In the crystal of NIWPAL, the molecules are linked by N—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonds involving the sulfonamide function to form an infinite two-dimensional network parallel to the (001) plane.

**Table 4**  
Experimental details.

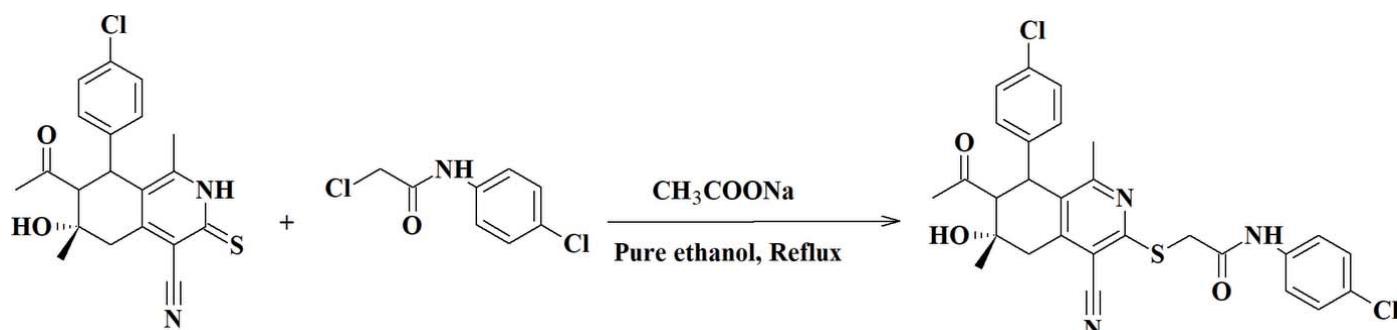
Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C <sub>28</sub> H <sub>25</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub> S
M <sub>r</sub>	554.47
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2 <sub>1</sub> /c
Temperature (K)	150
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	18.2076 (8), 14.2859 (6), 10.2713 (5)
$\beta$ (°)	98.245 (1)
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	2644.1 (2)
<i>Z</i>	4
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.36
Crystal size (mm)	0.29 × 0.21 × 0.17
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker SMART APEX CCD
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause <i>et al.</i> , 2015)
<i>T</i> <sub>min</sub> , <i>T</i> <sub>max</sub>	0.85, 0.94
No. of measured, independent and observed [ <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )] reflections	50860, 7143, 5685
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.037
(sin $\theta$ / $\lambda$ ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.689
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [ $F^2$ > 2σ( $F^2$ )], <i>wR</i> ( $F^2$ ), <i>S</i>	0.041, 0.115, 1.07
No. of reflections	7143
No. of parameters	337
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ <sub>max</sub> , Δρ <sub>min</sub> (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.55, -0.22

Computer programs: APEX3 and SAINT (Bruker, 2016), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2018/1 (Sheldrick, 2015b), DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2012) and SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

## 5. Synthesis and crystallization

The title compound was obtained by refluxing of 7-acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-1,6-dimethyl-6-hydroxy-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3(2*H*)-thione, (0.77 g, 2 mmol) with *N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-chloroacetamide (0.40 g, 2 mmol) and (0.98 g, 12 mmol) of anhydrous sodium acetate in pure ethanol (30 ml) for 1 h as shown in Fig. 6. The product that formed during cooling was collected and recrystallized from ethanol to give good quality crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction. Yield: 1.00 g, 91%; m.p. 491–493 K.

IR: 3522 cm<sup>-1</sup> (O—H), 3277 cm<sup>-1</sup> (N—H), 2991, 2920 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C—H, aliphatic), 2217 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C≡N), 1694 (C=O, acetyl),



**Figure 6**

Synthesis scheme for 2-[(7-acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl)sulfanyl]-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)acetamide.

1666 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=O, amide). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): δ 10.95 (s, 1H, NH); 8.17–8.24 (m, 2H, Ar-H); 7.79–7.81 (d, 2H, Ar-H); 7.26–7.32 (m, 2H, Ar-H); 7.03–7.05 (d, 2H, Ar-H); 4.88 (s, 1H, OH); 4.53–4.55 (d, 1H, CH at C-8); 4.19–4.20 (dd, 2H, SCH<sub>2</sub>); 3.24–3.29 (d, 1H, CH at C-5); 2.87–2.90 (m, 2H: CH at C-5 and CH at C-7); 2.13 (s, 3H, COCH<sub>3</sub>); 1.86 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub> attached to pyridine ring); 1.27 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>). Analysis calculated for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>25</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (554.47): C 60.65%, H 4.54%, N 7.58%, S 5.78%. Found: C 60.34%, H 4.57%, N 7.68%, S 5.97%.

## 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. All C-bound H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions (C—H = 0.95–1.00 Å) while those attached to O and to N were placed in locations derived from a difference map, refined for a few cycles to ensure that reasonable displacement parameters could be achieved, and then their coordinates were adjusted to give O—H = 0.87 and N—H = 0.91 Å. All H atoms were included as riding contributions with isotropic displacement parameters 1.2–1.5 times those of the parent atoms.

## Acknowledgements

Author contributions are as follows. Conceptualization, SKM and MA; methodology, ISM and JTM; investigation, ISM and JTM; writing (original draft), JTM, MA and SKM; writing (review and editing), AM and SKM; visualisation, SKM and AM; funding acquisition, SAHA; resources EAB, ISM and SAHA; supervision, AM, SKM and JTM.

## Funding information

JTM thanks Tulane University for support of the Tulane Crystallography Laboratory.

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2021). E77, 527-531 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989021003674]

## Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of 2-{{[7-acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl]sulfanyl}-N-(4-chlorophenyl)acetamide}

**Mehmet Akkurt, Islam S. Marae, Joel T. Mague, Shaaban K. Mohamed, Etify A. Bakhite and Safiyah A. H. Al-Waleedy**

### Computing details

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2016); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2016); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2016); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2018/1* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

### 2-{{[7-Acetyl-8-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-6-hydroxy-1,6-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl]sulfanyl}-N-(4-chlorophenyl)acetamide}

#### Crystal data



$$M_r = 554.47$$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$$a = 18.2076 (8) \text{ \AA}$$

$$b = 14.2859 (6) \text{ \AA}$$

$$c = 10.2713 (5) \text{ \AA}$$

$$\beta = 98.245 (1)^\circ$$

$$V = 2644.1 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 4$$

$$F(000) = 1152$$

$$D_x = 1.393 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 9990 reflections

$$\theta = 2.5\text{--}29.3^\circ$$

$$\mu = 0.36 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$T = 150 \text{ K}$$

Column, colourless

$$0.29 \times 0.21 \times 0.17 \text{ mm}$$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 8.3333 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Krause *et al.*, 2015)

$$T_{\min} = 0.85, T_{\max} = 0.94$$

50860 measured reflections

7143 independent reflections

5685 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$$R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$$

$$\theta_{\max} = 29.3^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$$

$$h = -24 \rightarrow 25$$

$$k = -19 \rightarrow 19$$

$$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.115$$

$$S = 1.07$$

7143 reflections

337 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: dual  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
 Hydrogen site location: mixed  
 H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0726P)^2 + 0.1632P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.55 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

### Special details

**Experimental.** The diffraction data were obtained from 3 sets of 400 frames, each of width  $0.5^\circ$  in  $\omega$ , collected at  $\varphi = 0.00, 90.00$  and  $180.00^\circ$  and 2 sets of 800 frames, each of width  $0.45^\circ$  in  $\varphi$ , collected at  $\omega = -30.00$  and  $210.00^\circ$ . The scan time was 20 sec/frame.

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger. H-atoms attached to carbon were placed in calculated positions ( $C-H = 0.95 - 1.00 \text{ \AA}$ ) while those attached to nitrogen and to oxygen were placed in locations derived from a difference map and their coordinates adjusted to give  $N-H = 0.91$  and  $O-H = 0.87 \text{ \AA}$ . All were included as riding contributions with isotropic displacement parameters 1.2 - 1.5 times those of the attached atoms.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	-0.02990 (2)	0.36422 (4)	0.33858 (4)	0.04981 (14)
Cl2	0.06724 (2)	0.10721 (4)	0.37194 (6)	0.06092 (16)
S1	0.51601 (2)	0.33832 (2)	0.47637 (3)	0.02002 (9)
O1	0.18797 (6)	0.75204 (7)	0.15363 (11)	0.0362 (2)
O2	0.34473 (5)	0.71519 (6)	0.18526 (9)	0.0251 (2)
H2A	0.306643	0.752176	0.183434	0.038*
O3	0.38487 (5)	0.25324 (7)	0.72696 (9)	0.0266 (2)
N3	0.38125 (6)	0.22031 (7)	0.50946 (10)	0.0202 (2)
H3	0.405602	0.226236	0.438511	0.024*
N1	0.39445 (6)	0.43662 (7)	0.50524 (10)	0.0195 (2)
N2	0.54848 (7)	0.44181 (10)	0.16630 (12)	0.0346 (3)
C1	0.25066 (6)	0.57818 (8)	0.28505 (12)	0.0182 (2)
H1	0.250642	0.638103	0.335370	0.022*
C2	0.24356 (7)	0.60275 (8)	0.13694 (12)	0.0192 (2)
H2	0.229573	0.544713	0.084806	0.023*
C3	0.31715 (7)	0.64019 (9)	0.09934 (12)	0.0193 (2)
C4	0.37436 (7)	0.56220 (9)	0.12178 (12)	0.0197 (2)
H4A	0.362155	0.513961	0.052868	0.024*
H4AB	0.423739	0.588126	0.112304	0.024*
C5	0.37853 (6)	0.51651 (8)	0.25450 (11)	0.0169 (2)
C6	0.44083 (6)	0.46236 (8)	0.30248 (12)	0.0175 (2)
C7	0.44414 (6)	0.41916 (8)	0.42543 (12)	0.0178 (2)
C8	0.33611 (6)	0.49192 (8)	0.46270 (12)	0.0189 (2)
C9	0.32273 (6)	0.52698 (8)	0.33326 (11)	0.0175 (2)

C10	0.18187 (7)	0.52296 (9)	0.30652 (12)	0.0210 (2)
C11	0.17522 (8)	0.42867 (10)	0.27233 (14)	0.0270 (3)
H11	0.215512	0.397364	0.241791	0.032*
C12	0.11017 (8)	0.37991 (11)	0.28247 (15)	0.0335 (3)
H12	0.105907	0.315681	0.258635	0.040*
C13	0.05205 (8)	0.42535 (12)	0.32726 (14)	0.0331 (3)
C14	0.05739 (7)	0.51863 (12)	0.36358 (14)	0.0329 (3)
H14	0.017144	0.549228	0.395275	0.040*
C15	0.12252 (7)	0.56685 (10)	0.35299 (14)	0.0273 (3)
H15	0.126618	0.630890	0.377902	0.033*
C16	0.18163 (7)	0.67507 (10)	0.10366 (13)	0.0249 (3)
C17	0.11592 (9)	0.64770 (13)	0.00686 (17)	0.0427 (4)
H17A	0.131638	0.636429	-0.079127	0.064*
H17B	0.079144	0.698219	-0.000773	0.064*
H17C	0.093878	0.590491	0.036992	0.064*
C18	0.30814 (8)	0.67229 (10)	-0.04373 (13)	0.0281 (3)
H18A	0.288390	0.620672	-0.101182	0.042*
H18B	0.356492	0.691427	-0.066072	0.042*
H18C	0.273755	0.725379	-0.055836	0.042*
C19	0.50033 (7)	0.45056 (9)	0.22598 (12)	0.0216 (3)
C20	0.28761 (7)	0.51467 (10)	0.56440 (12)	0.0259 (3)
H20A	0.267277	0.577862	0.548872	0.039*
H20B	0.316951	0.511668	0.652083	0.039*
H20C	0.246849	0.469388	0.558811	0.039*
C21	0.48904 (7)	0.30133 (9)	0.63011 (12)	0.0211 (2)
H21A	0.526562	0.256096	0.671259	0.025*
H21B	0.491187	0.356564	0.688747	0.025*
C22	0.41320 (7)	0.25678 (8)	0.62599 (12)	0.0200 (2)
C23	0.30606 (7)	0.19224 (9)	0.48223 (12)	0.0208 (2)
C24	0.28725 (8)	0.12164 (10)	0.38993 (13)	0.0261 (3)
H24	0.324845	0.091634	0.349871	0.031*
C25	0.21356 (8)	0.09505 (10)	0.35639 (15)	0.0323 (3)
H25	0.200533	0.046510	0.294129	0.039*
C26	0.15947 (8)	0.13995 (11)	0.41455 (16)	0.0338 (3)
C27	0.17712 (8)	0.21117 (11)	0.50392 (15)	0.0321 (3)
H27	0.139056	0.242487	0.541132	0.039*
C28	0.25087 (7)	0.23702 (10)	0.53944 (13)	0.0263 (3)
H28	0.263523	0.285112	0.602558	0.032*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0360 (2)	0.0749 (3)	0.0390 (2)	-0.0295 (2)	0.00696 (17)	0.0015 (2)
Cl2	0.0240 (2)	0.0690 (3)	0.0864 (4)	-0.01335 (19)	-0.0033 (2)	-0.0080 (3)
S1	0.01734 (15)	0.01972 (16)	0.02272 (16)	0.00206 (10)	0.00195 (11)	0.00332 (11)
O1	0.0341 (6)	0.0269 (5)	0.0470 (6)	0.0108 (4)	0.0042 (5)	0.0020 (5)
O2	0.0255 (5)	0.0200 (4)	0.0296 (5)	-0.0013 (3)	0.0039 (4)	-0.0026 (4)
O3	0.0287 (5)	0.0354 (5)	0.0161 (4)	0.0012 (4)	0.0043 (4)	0.0027 (4)

N3	0.0210 (5)	0.0238 (5)	0.0162 (5)	-0.0028 (4)	0.0042 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
N1	0.0211 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0177 (5)	0.0002 (4)	0.0022 (4)	0.0015 (4)
N2	0.0323 (7)	0.0426 (8)	0.0314 (7)	0.0089 (5)	0.0125 (5)	0.0027 (5)
C1	0.0173 (5)	0.0184 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0012 (4)	0.0029 (4)	0.0008 (4)
C2	0.0197 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0184 (6)	0.0017 (4)	0.0006 (4)	0.0021 (4)
C3	0.0207 (6)	0.0193 (6)	0.0179 (6)	0.0017 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0019 (4)
C4	0.0209 (6)	0.0221 (6)	0.0164 (5)	0.0033 (4)	0.0043 (4)	0.0022 (4)
C5	0.0193 (5)	0.0158 (5)	0.0154 (5)	0.0000 (4)	0.0016 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
C6	0.0184 (5)	0.0163 (5)	0.0182 (5)	-0.0002 (4)	0.0040 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
C7	0.0171 (5)	0.0165 (5)	0.0193 (6)	0.0004 (4)	0.0005 (4)	0.0010 (4)
C8	0.0199 (5)	0.0193 (6)	0.0178 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	0.0031 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C9	0.0180 (5)	0.0168 (5)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0015 (4)	0.0002 (4)
C10	0.0187 (6)	0.0252 (6)	0.0190 (6)	0.0004 (5)	0.0022 (4)	0.0031 (5)
C11	0.0275 (7)	0.0259 (7)	0.0281 (7)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0057 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
C12	0.0367 (8)	0.0324 (8)	0.0309 (7)	-0.0116 (6)	0.0034 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C13	0.0264 (7)	0.0466 (9)	0.0256 (7)	-0.0129 (6)	0.0018 (5)	0.0062 (6)
C14	0.0204 (6)	0.0488 (9)	0.0305 (7)	0.0008 (6)	0.0068 (5)	0.0044 (6)
C15	0.0228 (6)	0.0304 (7)	0.0292 (7)	0.0026 (5)	0.0058 (5)	0.0015 (5)
C16	0.0217 (6)	0.0304 (7)	0.0229 (6)	0.0051 (5)	0.0041 (5)	0.0082 (5)
C17	0.0278 (8)	0.0559 (11)	0.0405 (9)	0.0102 (7)	-0.0091 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C18	0.0299 (7)	0.0321 (7)	0.0227 (6)	0.0062 (5)	0.0058 (5)	0.0106 (5)
C19	0.0241 (6)	0.0207 (6)	0.0199 (6)	0.0038 (5)	0.0026 (5)	0.0014 (5)
C20	0.0270 (6)	0.0322 (7)	0.0195 (6)	0.0072 (5)	0.0068 (5)	0.0040 (5)
C21	0.0219 (6)	0.0207 (6)	0.0195 (6)	0.0004 (4)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0025 (5)
C22	0.0234 (6)	0.0178 (6)	0.0181 (6)	0.0031 (4)	0.0010 (4)	0.0029 (4)
C23	0.0222 (6)	0.0218 (6)	0.0182 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0023 (4)	0.0043 (5)
C24	0.0278 (7)	0.0265 (7)	0.0238 (6)	-0.0036 (5)	0.0025 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C25	0.0324 (7)	0.0308 (7)	0.0318 (7)	-0.0082 (6)	-0.0014 (6)	-0.0025 (6)
C26	0.0231 (7)	0.0382 (8)	0.0384 (8)	-0.0073 (6)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0047 (6)
C27	0.0244 (7)	0.0371 (8)	0.0356 (8)	0.0010 (6)	0.0067 (6)	0.0032 (6)
C28	0.0261 (7)	0.0267 (7)	0.0263 (6)	0.0001 (5)	0.0045 (5)	-0.0001 (5)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C11—C13	1.7471 (14)	C10—C11	1.3929 (18)
Cl2—C26	1.7376 (14)	C11—C12	1.3907 (19)
S1—C7	1.7674 (12)	C11—H11	0.9500
S1—C21	1.7989 (13)	C12—C13	1.376 (2)
O1—C16	1.2120 (18)	C12—H12	0.9500
O2—C3	1.4325 (15)	C13—C14	1.383 (2)
O2—H2A	0.8699	C14—C15	1.3891 (19)
O3—C22	1.2238 (15)	C14—H14	0.9500
N3—C22	1.3576 (15)	C15—H15	0.9500
N3—C23	1.4154 (15)	C16—C17	1.494 (2)
N3—H3	0.9096	C17—H17A	0.9800
N1—C7	1.3288 (16)	C17—H17B	0.9800
N1—C8	1.3454 (15)	C17—H17C	0.9800
N2—C19	1.1464 (17)	C18—H18A	0.9800

C1—C9	1.5219 (16)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C1—C10	1.5228 (16)	C18—H18C	0.9800
C1—C2	1.5485 (17)	C20—H20A	0.9800
C1—H1	1.0000	C20—H20B	0.9800
C2—C16	1.5313 (17)	C20—H20C	0.9800
C2—C3	1.5424 (17)	C21—C22	1.5155 (17)
C2—H2	1.0000	C21—H21A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.5201 (16)	C21—H21B	0.9900
C3—C18	1.5256 (17)	C23—C28	1.3906 (19)
C4—C5	1.5034 (16)	C23—C24	1.3929 (18)
C4—H4A	0.9900	C24—C25	1.3894 (19)
C4—H4AB	0.9900	C24—H24	0.9500
C5—C9	1.3945 (17)	C25—C26	1.381 (2)
C5—C6	1.4027 (16)	C25—H25	0.9500
C6—C7	1.3991 (16)	C26—C27	1.377 (2)
C6—C19	1.4365 (17)	C27—C28	1.3901 (19)
C8—C9	1.4089 (16)	C27—H27	0.9500
C8—C20	1.4971 (18)	C28—H28	0.9500
C10—C15	1.3917 (18)		
C7—S1—C21	99.68 (6)	C14—C13—Cl1	119.42 (12)
C3—O2—H2A	103.5	C13—C14—C15	118.97 (13)
C22—N3—C23	124.26 (11)	C13—C14—H14	120.5
C22—N3—H3	118.3	C15—C14—H14	120.5
C23—N3—H3	115.9	C14—C15—C10	121.13 (13)
C7—N1—C8	119.05 (10)	C14—C15—H15	119.4
C9—C1—C10	113.12 (10)	C10—C15—H15	119.4
C9—C1—C2	112.04 (10)	O1—C16—C17	122.54 (13)
C10—C1—C2	107.77 (9)	O1—C16—C2	119.68 (12)
C9—C1—H1	107.9	C17—C16—C2	117.76 (12)
C10—C1—H1	107.9	C16—C17—H17A	109.5
C2—C1—H1	107.9	C16—C17—H17B	109.5
C16—C2—C3	110.39 (10)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C16—C2—C1	109.11 (10)	C16—C17—H17C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	111.81 (10)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C16—C2—H2	108.5	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C3—C2—H2	108.5	C3—C18—H18A	109.5
C1—C2—H2	108.5	C3—C18—H18B	109.5
O2—C3—C4	106.43 (9)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
O2—C3—C18	110.39 (10)	C3—C18—H18C	109.5
C4—C3—C18	110.06 (10)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
O2—C3—C2	110.21 (10)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	108.00 (10)	N2—C19—C6	179.01 (15)
C18—C3—C2	111.60 (10)	C8—C20—H20A	109.5
C5—C4—C3	113.58 (10)	C8—C20—H20B	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	108.8	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	108.8	C8—C20—H20C	109.5
C5—C4—H4AB	108.8	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5

C3—C4—H4AB	108.8	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
H4A—C4—H4AB	107.7	C22—C21—S1	117.46 (8)
C9—C5—C6	118.36 (10)	C22—C21—H21A	107.9
C9—C5—C4	122.22 (10)	S1—C21—H21A	107.9
C6—C5—C4	119.41 (10)	C22—C21—H21B	107.9
C7—C6—C5	119.23 (11)	S1—C21—H21B	107.9
C7—C6—C19	120.24 (10)	H21A—C21—H21B	107.2
C5—C6—C19	120.52 (11)	O3—C22—N3	123.49 (12)
N1—C7—C6	121.94 (11)	O3—C22—C21	119.13 (11)
N1—C7—S1	118.73 (9)	N3—C22—C21	117.35 (11)
C6—C7—S1	119.32 (9)	C28—C23—C24	119.91 (12)
N1—C8—C9	122.47 (11)	C28—C23—N3	121.55 (11)
N1—C8—C20	114.72 (10)	C24—C23—N3	118.43 (12)
C9—C8—C20	122.81 (11)	C25—C24—C23	120.08 (13)
C5—C9—C8	117.88 (10)	C25—C24—H24	120.0
C5—C9—C1	121.92 (10)	C23—C24—H24	120.0
C8—C9—C1	120.15 (11)	C26—C25—C24	119.27 (13)
C15—C10—C11	118.59 (12)	C26—C25—H25	120.4
C15—C10—C1	120.76 (12)	C24—C25—H25	120.4
C11—C10—C1	120.53 (11)	C27—C26—C25	121.25 (13)
C12—C11—C10	120.64 (14)	C27—C26—Cl2	119.44 (12)
C12—C11—H11	119.7	C25—C26—Cl2	119.30 (12)
C10—C11—H11	119.7	C26—C27—C28	119.71 (14)
C13—C12—C11	119.54 (14)	C26—C27—H27	120.1
C13—C12—H12	120.2	C28—C27—H27	120.1
C11—C12—H12	120.2	C27—C28—C23	119.75 (13)
C12—C13—C14	121.12 (13)	C27—C28—H28	120.1
C12—C13—Cl1	119.45 (12)	C23—C28—H28	120.1
C9—C1—C2—C16	−165.26 (10)	C2—C1—C9—C5	8.11 (15)
C10—C1—C2—C16	69.67 (12)	C10—C1—C9—C8	−52.56 (15)
C9—C1—C2—C3	−42.86 (13)	C2—C1—C9—C8	−174.62 (11)
C10—C1—C2—C3	−167.93 (10)	C9—C1—C10—C15	137.21 (12)
C16—C2—C3—O2	69.67 (12)	C2—C1—C10—C15	−98.37 (13)
C1—C2—C3—O2	−51.99 (13)	C9—C1—C10—C11	−46.77 (16)
C16—C2—C3—C4	−174.46 (10)	C2—C1—C10—C11	77.64 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	63.88 (12)	C15—C10—C11—C12	1.0 (2)
C16—C2—C3—C18	−53.36 (14)	C1—C10—C11—C12	−175.08 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C18	−175.02 (10)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−0.3 (2)
O2—C3—C4—C5	69.02 (12)	C11—C12—C13—C14	−0.6 (2)
C18—C3—C4—C5	−171.35 (11)	C11—C12—C13—Cl1	179.46 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−49.30 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C9	16.26 (16)	Cl1—C13—C14—C15	−179.38 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−162.89 (11)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.1 (2)
C9—C5—C6—C7	1.48 (17)	C11—C10—C15—C14	−0.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	−179.33 (11)	C1—C10—C15—C14	175.16 (12)
C9—C5—C6—C19	−179.09 (11)	C3—C2—C16—O1	−59.41 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C19	0.10 (17)	C1—C2—C16—O1	63.84 (15)

C8—N1—C7—C6	5.13 (17)	C3—C2—C16—C17	119.10 (13)
C8—N1—C7—S1	-174.45 (9)	C1—C2—C16—C17	-117.65 (14)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-8.16 (18)	C7—S1—C21—C22	59.47 (10)
C19—C6—C7—N1	172.41 (11)	C23—N3—C22—O3	14.1 (2)
C5—C6—C7—S1	171.42 (9)	C23—N3—C22—C21	-167.77 (11)
C19—C6—C7—S1	-8.01 (16)	S1—C21—C22—O3	-160.99 (10)
C21—S1—C7—N1	3.28 (11)	S1—C21—C22—N3	20.84 (15)
C21—S1—C7—C6	-176.31 (10)	C22—N3—C23—C28	31.66 (18)
C7—N1—C8—C9	4.53 (18)	C22—N3—C23—C24	-152.12 (12)
C7—N1—C8—C20	-174.30 (11)	C28—C23—C24—C25	-0.9 (2)
C6—C5—C9—C8	7.41 (16)	N3—C23—C24—C25	-177.19 (12)
C4—C5—C9—C8	-171.75 (11)	C23—C24—C25—C26	0.6 (2)
C6—C5—C9—C1	-175.26 (11)	C24—C25—C26—C27	0.7 (2)
C4—C5—C9—C1	5.58 (17)	C24—C25—C26—Cl2	179.63 (11)
N1—C8—C9—C5	-10.85 (17)	C25—C26—C27—C28	-1.8 (2)
C20—C8—C9—C5	167.89 (11)	Cl2—C26—C27—C28	179.33 (11)
N1—C8—C9—C1	171.78 (11)	C26—C27—C28—C23	1.5 (2)
C20—C8—C9—C1	-9.49 (18)	C24—C23—C28—C27	-0.1 (2)
C10—C1—C9—C5	130.18 (12)	N3—C23—C28—C27	176.03 (12)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O2—H2A···O1	0.87	2.14	2.8746 (14)	142
N3—H3···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.91	2.17	2.9362 (13)	141

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ .