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Crystal structure of *N*-butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropeniminium chloride benzene monosolvate

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N-Butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropenimine (1) crystallizes from benzene and hexanes in the presence of HCl as a monobenzene solvate of the hydrochloride salt, $[1H]Cl\cdot C_6H_6$ or $C_{31}H_{54}N_3^+\cdot Cl^-\cdot C_6H_6$, in the $P2_1/n$ space group. The protonation of 1 results in the generation of an aromatic structure based upon the delocalization of the cyclopropene double bond around the cyclopropene ring, giving three intermediate C–C bond lengths of ~1.41 Å, and the delocalization of the imine-type C–N double bond, giving three intermediate C–N bond lengths of ~1.32 Å. Ion–ion and ion–benzene packing interactions are described and illustrated.

1. Chemical context

Pentasubstituted diaminopropenimines are a relatively new class of superbases that operate via the establishment of a stable aromatic electronic delocalization upon protonation. Originally reported as four-electron Lewis donors (Bruns et al., 2010), a more recently exploited application for the use of pentasubstituion is that of a superbase, with one of the six nitrogen coordination sites available for protonation, making these molecules facile initiators of stereoselective Michael (Bandar & Lambert, 2012) and Mannich reactions (Bandar & Lambert, 2013), hydroaminations (Mirabdolbaghi & Dudding, 2015), and ring-opening polymerization (Stukenbroeker et al., 2015; Xu et al., 2018). A number of examples of acid salts of these species have been structurally characterized, permitting direct observation of the aromatized cyclopropeniminium structures (Stukenbroeker et al., 2015; Bruns et al., 2010; Bandar et al., 2015; Belding & Dudding, 2014; Guest et al., 2020; Kozma et al., 2015; Belding et al., 2016; Bandar & Lambert, 2012, 2013; Mirabdolbaghi & Dudding, 2015). Examples of free-base pentasubstituted diaminopropenimines are uncommon, and these are typically only obtained with aromatic substituents at the imine position, which decreases the basicity of the imine by the delocalization of the nitrogen lone pair *p*-orbital into the aromatic group, facilitating isolation (Guest et al., 2020; Kozma et al., 2015; Bruns et al., 2010). Some of these (Guest et al., 2020; Kozma et al., 2015; Belding & Dudding, 2014) are bis(cylopropenimine) variants of the famous 'proton sponge', 1,8-bis(dimethylamino)naphthalene and related classes of bifunctional Lewis superbases (Alder et al., 1968). The only other example, to our knowledge, is an Naminosubstituted example, which also decreases the basicity of the nitrogen lone pair by induction, a minor resonance structure delocalizing the double bond into the N-N contact,

and, in the crystal structure, a nearby hydrogen bond with a water proton (Bruns *et al.*, 2010).



N-Butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropenimine (1) is a newer version of superbase with improved basicity, which has been explored as a catalyst for ring-opening polymerization. Cyclopropenimines have a conjugate acid pK_a of about 27, an improvement over that of the superbase 2-*tert*-butyl-1,1,3,3-tetramethylguanidine (BTMG), which has a pK_a of 23.56 (Bandar & Lambert, 2012). This allows **1** to deprotonate a lactide and initiate polymerization in the synthesis of polylactic acid, as shown in Fig. 1 (Stukenbroeker *et al.*, 2015).



Figure 1 Catalytic ring-opening polymerization mediated by 1.

Compound 1 can mediate the polymerization of lactic acid to 99% completion in 10 minutes or less. However, no X-ray crystal structure of the free base, nor an acid salt of this superbase has been reported. In this report we provide the first X-ray crystallographic structure of a benzene solvate of the hydrochloride salt [1H]Cl·C₆H₆.

2. Structural commentary

[1H]Cl crystallizes in the $P2_1/n$ space group on a general position as a closely associated ion pair, with the protonation site at the *n*-butyl imine as expected, and one formula unit in the asymmetric unit, as well as one benzene molecule, also on a general position (Fig. 2). The organic salt and the benzene molecule are generally well ordered, except for the δ methyl carbon of the *n*-butyl group, which shows a mild wagging disorder. This disorder was treated with a two-site disorder model.

Free-base **1** would be expected to have localized double bonds at the *n*-butylimine C—N position, and at the opposing cyclopropene position (see scheme). In the isolated free base of 1-mesityl-2,3-bis(diisopropylamino)cyclopropenimine (Bruns *et al.*, 2010), the unprotonated C—N imine bond is 1.2951 (14) Å in length, while the C–N bonds to the tertiary amines are longer, at an average of 1.3494 (10) Å. The localized cyclopropene double bond is shorter, at 1.3712 (14) Å, than the single bonded C–C cyclopropene contacts at an average of 1.4155 (10) Å. Protonation of the *n*-butylimine position during crystal growth results in all nitrogen atoms being three-coordinate, leading to delocalization of the imine



Figure 2

Displacement ellipsoid plot of the asymmetric unit of [1H]Cl·C₆H₆ with ellipsoids set at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms shown as small spheres.

Table 1

Comparative bond lengths (Å) for 1-mesityl-2,3-bis(diisopropylamino)cyclopropenimine, 1-mesityl-2,3-bis(diisopropylamino)cyclopropeniminium (Bruns *et al.*, 2010), and *N-n*-butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexyl)cyclopropeniminium.

Divided entries refer to separate, related pairs of atoms and their associated metrics, e.g., 1.3450 (14)/1.3539 (14) denotes two distances for the two C-N(amine) contacts.

$Mes(C_3N_3)^i Pr_4$	$[Mes(C_3N_3H)^iPr_4]BF_4$	$[Bu(C_3N_3H)Cy_4]Cl([1H]Cl)$
1.2951 (14)	1.3342 (16)	1.319 (2)
1.3450 (14)/1.3539 (14)	1.3205 (15)/1.3286 (16)	1.3248 (17)/1.331 (2)
1.3712 (14)	1.3984 (17)	1.388 (2)
1.4202 (14)/1.4108 (14)	1.3792 (16)/1.3827 (16)	1.377 (2)/1.3831 (19)
	$\frac{\text{Mes}(\text{C}_3\text{N}_3)^{l}\text{Pr}_4}{1.2951 (14)} \\ 1.3450 (14)/1.3539 (14) \\ 1.3712 (14) \\ 1.4202 (14)/1.4108 (14) \\ \end{array}$	Mes(C_3N_3) ^t Pr_4 [Mes(C_3N_3H) ^t Pr_4]BF ₄ 1.2951 (14) 1.3342 (16) 1.3450 (14)/1.3539 (14) 1.3205 (15)/1.3286 (16) 1.3712 (14) 1.3984 (17) 1.4202 (14)/1.4108 (14) 1.3792 (16)/1.3827 (16)

double-bond character across all three C-N contacts. Correspondingly, the cyclopropene double bond is delocalized around the ring, giving a three-membered aromatic system. In [1H]Cl, the central C₃N₃ triangle is thus highly planar, with the six atoms exhibiting an r.m.s. deviation of only 0.0052 Å from the best-fit plane of the six atoms. The three C-N bonds are approximately equal in length, with the two tertiary cyclohexylamine positions having C-N lengths of 1.3279 (13) Å on average. The C-N bond to the protonated butyl nitrogen is only slightly shorter at 1.319 (2) Å. The three cyclopropene C-C bonds exhibit lengths consistent with aromaticity; the unique C–C bond opposite the *n*-butyl group is 1.388 (2) Å, while the other two C-C bonds are similar or slightly shorter at 1.377 (2) and 1.383 (2) Å. Though these latter two bonds are equivalent under molecular point symmetry, their differences are attributed to the asymmetric crystal packing environment of the $P2_1/n$ space group. The comparable nature of the bond metrics of the three C-N bonds and the three cyclopropenyl C-C bonds is consistent with aromatization, and an analogous aromatization of the C₃N₃ core of 1-mesityl-2,3-bis(diisopropylamino)cyclopropeniminium tetrafluoroborate was observed in the crystal structure of this salt (Bruns et al., 2010). See Table 1 for C₃N₃ bond metrics.

The comparison between free-base forms of cyclopropenimine (Bruns et al., 2010) and the protonated forms demonstrate aromatization upon protonation, and explain the behavior of 1 as a superbase. While alkylimines are typically weak bases (pK_a of conjugate acid ranges from about 2–5 (Fraser *et al.*, 1983), the pK_a of $1H^+$ is a staggering 27 (Bandar & Lambert, 2012), more on the scale of a C-H bond. The drastic difference in basicity between typical alkylimines and 1 can be explained by the observed aromatization upon protonation. As a result, the ¹H resonance of the N-H hydrogen in [1H]Cl is a sharp singlet at 7.4 ppm in deuterated chloroform, suggesting little to no exchange like that typically observed for broad N-H resonances. The stabilization of a molecule by aromatization is quantified by the Dewar Resonance Energy (DRE), which ranges from about 6-25 kJ mol⁻¹ per π electron (Slayden & Liebman, 2001). Thus in the case of **1**, aromatic stabilization between 12 and 50 kJ mol⁻¹ upon protonation explains the large reported basicity.

3. Supramolecular features

Interionic/molecular interactions were examined using packing diagrams, and by the determination of partial atomic

charge from Hirshfeld analysis. In the following discussion Hirshfeld charges are presented in parenthesis. The proton of the butylimine group (+0.121) interacts strongly with the chloride ion (-0.666) at a short $H \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl$ distance of 2.26 (2) Å. The chloride is positioned in a pocket surrounded by hydrogen atoms. In addition to the strong interaction with the acidic N-H proton, the chloride resides 2.8152 (7) Å from a benzene proton, H6AA (+0.046), and 2.7169 (6) Å from an intramolecular axial cyclohexyl proton, H29A (+0.050). The crystal packing demonstrates that the C₃N₃ planes of all molecules pack parallel to each other (as required by the space-group symmetry), with a normal slightly oblique to the (101) plane (see Fig. 3). The molecular planes stack in a staggered fashion via intervening inversion centers at the origin (Fig. 3, red) and at the center of the a edge (Fig. 3, teal). One face of the benzene solvent molecule interacts distally with the cyclohexyl group of one $1H^+$ ion [closest atomic C···C distance: 3.829 (3) Å, Fig. 3, green line], while the other face interacts distally with the disordered methyl group of the *n*-butyl chain [closest atomic $C \cdots C$ distance: 4.29 (3) Å, Fig. 3, orange line]. The benzene interacts weakly with two chloride ions approximately along its equatorial plane (Fig. 3, blue lines), one via H6S (+0.069) with $H \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl = 2.8152$ (7) Å, also shown in Fig. 2, and the other via H3S (+0.062) with $H \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl =$ 2.8365 (7) Å. These benzene-chlorine interactions form a channel along the (101) plane, each channel situated 1/4 of the



Partially packed thermal ellipsoid plot of $[1H]Cl \cdot C_6H_6$ showing neighboring intermolecular/interionic nearest neighbor interactions.



Figure 4

Top: Packed unit cell viewed along the 101 plane. Bottom: Packed unit cell viewed along the [101] direction.

way along the *b* axis (Fig. 4, top). Viewed from 90° along the [101] direction, the benzene solvent molecules sit along a second channel, with the chloride ions sitting at the intersections of both channels, providing ionic bonds to the surrounding $1H^+$ cations (Fig. 4, bottom). In this latter view, it is apparent that along the [101] direction, the chloride ions are positioned between the axial protons H26 (+0.058) and H29*B* (+0.059) of the flanking cyclohexyl groups. In summary, the $1H^+$ cations interact with each other and through the benzene solvent molecule *via* their alkyl groups, and the chloride counter-ion is situated in a pocket of cyclohexyl and benzene C-H contacts, with the proximal N-H interaction on one side.

4. Database survey

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In addition to the pentasubstituted examples discussed above, a survey of the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, Version 5.34, November 2021; Groom et al., 2016) for cyclopropenimines reveals a number of other relevant structures. The parent (unsubstituted) diaminopropeniminium cation has been structurally characterized with chloride and iodide counter-cations (UJAVEI and UJAVIM; Mishiro et al., 2016). Aprotic hexasubstituted examples are reported, and represent planar polyatomic cations (AHUVEH, Holthoff et al., 2020; DOSRUB, Abdelbassit et al., 2019; FURCIH, Clark et al., 1995; GAXYEJ, Radhakrishnan et al., 1987b; GERXUX02, Butchard et al., 2012; GUNDUR, Curnow & Senthooran, 2020; IFAGUU, Curnow et al., 2018; LAYYOC01, Jin et al., 2018; NUYBOB, Guest et al., 2020; SERVIW, Kniep et al., 2013; TUSDOD, Radhakrishnan et al., 1987a; UGITIQ, Barthes et al., 2020, XIKYAT01, ZABFUG, Wallace et al., 2015, XOSTIL, XOSTOR, XOSTUX, XOSVAF, XOSVEJ, Abdelbassit & Curnow, 2019, YUVRAK, YUWJOR, Jungbauer et al., 2015). Another class of variants includes cyclopropenemines tethered to ferrocene nuclei (TURNUQ, Bruns et al., 2010; BEBPIK, BEBRAE, BEBREI, BEBRIM, BEBROS, Jess et al., 2017). There are a few structural studies of Lewis complexes with metal ions (BEBRIM, Jess et al., 2017; UGITOW, UGITUC, Barthes et al., 2020; YOQPOM, Chen et al., 2019; TURNOK, Bruns et al., 2010) or other boron-based Lewis acids (NUYBOB, Guest et al., 2020; TURPOM, Bruns et al., 2010). One structural report of a trisubstituted cyclopropenimine is noted (XEXGEP; Xu et al., 2018), as well as several types of oligometric versions (OGOLUT, OGORAF, OGOWOY, OGOWUE, OGOXAL, OGOXEP, OGOXIT, OGOXOZ, OGOXUF, OGOYAM, Kozma et al., 2015; SUSWAG, SUSWOU, Nacsa & Lambert, 2015).

5. Synthesis and crystallization

Initially, crystals of [1H]Cl·C₆H₆ were obtained from the commercial sample of 1 via a double-vial apparatus by dissolution of N-butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropenimine (1) in benzene in an inner vial, and charging the outer vial with hexanes. After diffusion for a few days at room temperature, powdery solid and a few colorless crystals of $[1H]Cl \cdot C_6H_6$ were observed inside. The yield of crystalline $[1H]Cl \cdot C_6H_6$ was significantly improved by the addition of HCl. To a glass shell vial containing 7.2 mg of N-butyl-2,3bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropenimine, 2 mL of benzene were added. A drop of dilute HCl (0.730 M) was added. This was diffused with 3 mL of hexanes in the outer vial for 2-3 days. Crystallization works best when the drop is not in contact with the walls of the vial where the crystals grow. Crystals were isolated by decanting the liquid from the inner vial using a disposable pipette, and taking care to remove the visible aqueous HCl droplet with the first pipette draw. After removing the mother liquor, the crystals were rinsed with hexanes. Yield 6.3 mg (70%). Yields in this small-scale preparation ranged from 22% to 70% across multiple attempts. ¹H NMR (ppm) 400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ(ppm): 0.97 (t, 3H, Me), 1.62–1.82 (m, 14H, Cy and Bu), 1.62–1.76 (m, 14H, Cy and Bu), 1.80 (d, 8H, Cy-β-H), 1.96 (d, 8H, Cy-β-H), 3.34

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Table 2Experimental details.	Table 3 Hirshfeld	l charges of at	oms in [1 H](Cl∙C ₆ H ₆			
Crystal data		Cl1	-0.666	N1	-0.048	N2	-0.027
Chemical formula	$C_{31}H_{54}N_3^+ \cdot Cl^- \cdot C_6H_6$	N3	-0.018	C1	0.026	C2	0.014
$M_{\rm r}$	582.33	C3	0.024	C4	-0.036	C5	-0.102
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	C6	-0.095	C7	-0.133	C8	-0.011
Temperature (K)	100	C9	-0.103	C10	-0.093	C11	-0.097
a, b, c (Å)	12.253 (3), 22.699 (7), 12.884 (3)	C12	-0.088	C13	-0.093	C14	-0.008
β (°)	104.164 (7)	C15	-0.097	C16	-0.094	C17	-0.098
$V(Å^3)$	3474.6 (16)	C18	-0.098	C19	-0.101	C20	-0.005
Ζ	4	C21	-0.094	C22	-0.093	C23	-0.093
Radiation type	Μο Κα	C24	-0.091	C25	-0.093	C26	-0.002
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	0.14	C27	-0.096	C28	-0.094	C29	-0.099
Crystal size (mm)	$0.55 \times 0.53 \times 0.16$	C30	-0.093	C31	-0.097	C1S	-0.058
		C2S	-0.071	C3S	-0.078	C4S	-0.084
Data collection		C5S	-0.082	C6S	-0.064	H1S	0.071
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Quest Photon 100	H6S	0.069	H5S	0.065	H4S	0.062
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause et	H3S	0.062	H2S	0.056	H4A	0.051
	al., 2015)	H4B	0.075	H5A	0.061	H5b	0.042
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.662, 0.746	H6AA	0.046	H6AB	0.055	H7A	0.050
No. of measured, independent and	48756, 8072, 6516	H7B	0.039	H7C	0.051	H8	0.072
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections		H9A	0.050	H9 <i>B</i>	0.060	H10A	0.061
R _{int}	0.044	H10B	0.061	H11A	0.061	H11 <i>B</i>	0.049
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\text{max}} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.658	H12A	0.057	H12B	0.053	H13A	0.059
		H13B	0.049	H14	0.066	H15A	0.057
Refinement		H15B	0.062	H16A	0.051	H16B	0.052
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.055, 0.136, 1.02	H17A	0.055	H17B	0.051	H18A	0.056
No. of reflections	8072	H18B	0.062	H19A	0.055	H19B	0.065
No. of parameters	385	H20	0.060	H21A	0.055	H21 <i>B</i>	0.055
No. of restraints	6	H22A	0.050	H22B	0.056	H23A	0.056
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of	H23B	0.052	H24A	0.051	H24B	0.056
	independent and constrained	H25A	0.057	H25B	0.057	H26	0.058
	refinement	H27A	0.049	H27B	0.062	H28A	0.044
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.55, -0.40	H28B	0.057	H29A	0.050	H29 <i>B</i>	0.059
		H30A	0.061	H30B	0.039	H31A	0.047

Computer programs: COSMO, XPREP, and SAINT (Bruker, 2008), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL (Sheldrick, 2015b), and OLEX2 (Dolomanov et al., 2009)

(tt, 4H, Cy-α-H), 3.56 (t, 2H, Bu-α-H), 7.4 (s, 1H, NH). ¹³C NMR (ppm) (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ(ppm): 13.97, 19.94, 24.58, 25.84, 32.34, 33.79, 46.15, 59.55, 114.01, 128.35. FTIR (cm^{-1}) : 2926 (m), 2851 (m), 1503 (s), 1445 (m), 1383 (w), 1374 (*w*), 1345 (*w*), 1324 (*w*), 1253 (*w*), 1188 (*w*), 1180 (*w*), 1102 (*w*), 1092 (w), 1004 (w), 895 (w), 696 (m). Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₅₃N₃·0.5 C₆H₆ (%): C, 76.31; H, 10.38; N, 7.22. Found: C, 75.873; H, 10.83; N, 7.24. M.p. 353-356 K (decomposes).

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. A disordered methyl group was treated with a two-site disorder model, with atom positions freely refined, and relative occupancies refined using Free Variable 2 with a final ratio of 0.71 (3): 0.29 (3). RIGU/SIMU restraints were applied to the wagging methyl group. C-H hydrogen atoms were treated using a standard riding model. The imine proton was located as a peak in the Fourier difference map and was freely refined.

Hirshfeld charge was determined at the 3-21G/B3LYP level of theory by iterative computation of electronic structure of [1H]Cl·C₆H₆ using ORCA (Neese, 2018) followed by rerefinement of the structure using non-spherical form factors computed using NoSpherA2 (Kleemiss et al., 2021), and repeating the process until the structure converged. Hirshfeld charges resulting from this approach are given in Table 3.

0.121

Acknowledgements

0.064

H1

H31B

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of *N*-butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropeniminium chloride benzene monosolvate

Gaby M. Muñoz Sánchez and Michael J. Zdilla

Computing details

Data collection: *COSMO* and *XPREP* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).

N-Butyl-2,3-bis(dicyclohexylamino)cyclopropeniminium chloride benzene monosolvate

Crystal data

 $C_{31}H_{54}N_3^{+} \cdot Cl^{-} \cdot C_6H_6$ $M_r = 582.33$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 12.253 (3) Å b = 22.699 (7) Å c = 12.884 (3) Å $\beta = 104.164$ (7)° V = 3474.6 (16) Å³ Z = 4F(000) = 1280

Data collection

Bruker D8 Quest Photon 100 diffractometer Radiation source: sealed tube Detector resolution: 10.417 pixels mm⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Krause *et al.*, 2015) $T_{\min} = 0.662, T_{\max} = 0.746$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ $wR(F^2) = 0.136$ S = 1.028072 reflections 385 parameters 6 restraints Primary atom site location: dual $D_x = 1.113 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 356 K Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71076 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9959 reflections $\theta = 2.6-29.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.14 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KChunk, colourless $0.55 \times 0.53 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

48756 measured reflections 8072 independent reflections 6516 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.044$ $\theta_{max} = 27.9^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.6^{\circ}$ $h = -16 \rightarrow 14$ $k = -29 \rightarrow 29$ $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0605P)^2 + 2.3777P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.55$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.40 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: SHELXL2018/3 (Sheldrick 2015b), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ Extinction coefficient: 0.0081 (7)

Special details

Experimental. Single-crystal X-ray crystallographic data were obtained on a Bruker D8 Quest PHOTON 100 diffractometer with an Oxford Cryostream 700 low-temperature device. The radiation was from a sealed-tube molybdenum $K\alpha$ source with a TRIUMPH monochromator. Crystals were typically multiple, and a single piece was cut away with a razor blade, mounted on a MiTeGen loop with paratone-N oil, and collected at 100K in ω/φ scansets. Integration was performed using SAINT, and data were reduced and absorption-corrected using SADABS (Bruker, 2008). Space group determination was performed using XPREP (Sheldrick, 2008), and the structure was solved using intrinsic phasing using SHELXT (Sheldrick, The structural model of [1H]Cl·C₆H₆ was refined using the least-squares approach with the ShelX package (Sheldrick, 2015a) with Olex2 as a GUI (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009). 2015b). **Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
Cl1	0.44296 (4)	0.74552 (2)	0.69373 (3)	0.03152 (13)	
N1	0.36809 (13)	0.61997 (7)	0.64021 (11)	0.0287 (3)	
N2	0.28059 (11)	0.47671 (6)	0.52228 (11)	0.0214 (3)	
N3	0.16710 (10)	0.61804 (5)	0.38294 (10)	0.0153 (3)	
C1	0.30625 (12)	0.58844 (7)	0.56140 (12)	0.0187 (3)	
C2	0.27226 (12)	0.53505 (7)	0.51360 (11)	0.0161 (3)	
C3	0.23000 (12)	0.58703 (6)	0.46257 (11)	0.0152 (3)	
C4	0.42658 (14)	0.59655 (8)	0.74386 (13)	0.0258 (4)	
H4A	0.482194	0.625847	0.781488	0.031*	
H4B	0.468020	0.560497	0.733256	0.031*	
C5	0.34533 (15)	0.58187 (9)	0.81298 (14)	0.0297 (4)	
H5A	0.299691	0.617193	0.818508	0.036*	
H5B	0.293374	0.550454	0.777551	0.036*	
C6	0.40470 (18)	0.56176 (11)	0.92421 (15)	0.0417 (5)	
H6AA	0.453690	0.528001	0.917569	0.050*	0.71 (3)
H6AB	0.454139	0.594103	0.959793	0.050*	0.71 (3)
H6BC	0.463745	0.589993	0.959547	0.050*	0.29 (3)
H6BD	0.438414	0.522186	0.923334	0.050*	0.29 (3)
C7	0.3303 (10)	0.5437 (7)	0.9956 (7)	0.053 (2)	0.71 (3)
H7A	0.376946	0.531504	1.065397	0.079*	0.71 (3)
H7B	0.282871	0.577033	1.005181	0.079*	0.71 (3)
H7C	0.282420	0.510733	0.962831	0.079*	0.71 (3)
C7A	0.302 (2)	0.5607 (13)	0.980(2)	0.052 (3)	0.29 (3)
H7AA	0.329164	0.548113	1.055049	0.079*	0.29 (3)
H7AB	0.269538	0.600292	0.978288	0.079*	0.29 (3)
H7AC	0.244456	0.533150	0.942430	0.079*	0.29 (3)
C8	0.36221 (13)	0.45256 (7)	0.61774 (12)	0.0217 (3)	
H8	0.381382	0.485489	0.670631	0.026*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C9	0.47084 (15)	0.43290 (10)	0.59447 (16)	0.0353 (4)
H9A	0.502862	0.465328	0.559880	0.042*
H9B	0.456679	0.398984	0.544653	0.042*
C10	0.55473 (15)	0.41505 (11)	0.69901 (17)	0.0402 (5)
H10A	0.624144	0.399694	0.682382	0.048*
H10B	0.575268	0.450269	0.744965	0.048*
C11	0.50711 (16)	0.36903 (8)	0.75884 (15)	0.0304 (4)
H11A	0.560159	0.362242	0.829220	0.036*
H11B	0.499093	0.331562	0.718347	0.036*
C12	0 39465 (16)	0.38660(12)	0.77577(17)	0.0443 (6)
H12A	0 404691	0.420050	0.826542	0.053*
H12B	0.362632	0.353219	0.807993	0.053*
C13	0.302032 0.31273(15)	0.30321) 0.40433(13)	0.67130 (17)	0.0502(7)
H13A	0.295939	0.369777	0.673135	0.0502 (7)
H13R	0.2/1307	0.309777	0.625155	0.060*
C14	0.241307 0.22000 (14)	0.418020 0.43733(7)	0.030001 0.43423(12)	0.000
	0.22900 (14)	0.43733 (7)	0.45425 (12)	0.0228 (3)
П14 С15	0.231000	0.390403	0.439013	0.027
	0.10137(13)	0.43901 (8)	0.40904 (14)	0.0294 (4)
HISA	0.075005	0.480402	0.389087	0.035*
HI5B	0.075736	0.428155	0.4/3345	0.035*
C16	0.04928 (19)	0.39800 (10)	0.31628 (16)	0.0421 (5)
HI6A	0.065028	0.356690	0.339859	0.051*
H16B	-0.033395	0.403439	0.296143	0.051*
C17	0.09633 (19)	0.40960 (8)	0.21891 (15)	0.0388 (5)
H17A	0.064423	0.380550	0.162311	0.047*
H17B	0.073038	0.449374	0.190386	0.047*
C18	0.2230 (2)	0.40551 (9)	0.24633 (15)	0.0404 (5)
H18A	0.250416	0.415061	0.182158	0.048*
H18B	0.246121	0.364657	0.268072	0.048*
C19	0.27602 (15)	0.44745 (8)	0.33640 (13)	0.0281 (4)
H19A	0.261060	0.488590	0.311459	0.034*
H19B	0.358567	0.441498	0.356404	0.034*
C20	0.10054 (12)	0.59000 (6)	0.28437 (11)	0.0154 (3)
H20	0.121932	0.547404	0.287367	0.018*
C21	-0.02557 (12)	0.59316 (7)	0.27777 (12)	0.0208 (3)
H21A	-0.048940	0.634910	0.277906	0.025*
H21B	-0.041475	0.573704	0.341256	0.025*
C22	-0.09312(14)	0.56299 (8)	0.17598 (14)	0.0270 (4)
H22A	-0.076043	0.520300	0.179794	0.032*
H22B	-0.174555	0.567825	0.170890	0.032*
C23	-0.06516 (14)	0.58893 (8)	0.07659 (13)	0.0273 (4)
H23A	-0.106868	0.567204	0.012491	0.033*
H23B	-0.089479	0.630630	0.068675	0.033*
C24	0.06045 (14)	0.58532 (8)	0.08384(12)	0.0232(3)
H24A	0.076785	0.604027	0.019878	0.028*
H24B	0.083535	0.543480	0.085098	0.028*
C25	0.12775 (12)	0.61616 (7)	0.18448(12)	0.0188(3)
H25A	0.109634	0.658734	0.180255	0.023*

H25B	0.209217	0.611798	0.189237	0.023*
C26	0.15551 (12)	0.68225 (6)	0.39646 (12)	0.0155 (3)
H26	0.099398	0.696644	0.331400	0.019*
C27	0.10861 (13)	0.69733 (7)	0.49275 (12)	0.0198 (3)
H27A	0.037198	0.675821	0.487607	0.024*
H27B	0.162771	0.684987	0.559541	0.024*
C28	0.08784 (14)	0.76347 (7)	0.49579 (14)	0.0235 (3)
H28A	0.028444	0.774989	0.432041	0.028*
H28B	0.060970	0.773161	0.560235	0.028*
C29	0.19481 (14)	0.79815 (7)	0.49779 (14)	0.0258 (3)
H29A	0.251074	0.790334	0.565857	0.031*
H29B	0.177627	0.840825	0.494357	0.031*
C30	0.24396 (14)	0.78122 (7)	0.40405 (14)	0.0236 (3)
H30A	0.315816	0.802469	0.410204	0.028*
H30B	0.191359	0.793486	0.336272	0.028*
C31	0.26484 (12)	0.71506 (7)	0.40078 (12)	0.0190 (3)
H31A	0.292722	0.705234	0.336957	0.023*
H31B	0.322722	0.703020	0.465293	0.023*
C1S	0.68908 (19)	0.74647 (9)	0.54411 (18)	0.0396 (5)
H1S	0.696225	0.738475	0.617844	0.048*
C2S	0.78338 (18)	0.74472 (10)	0.5024 (2)	0.0445 (5)
H2S	0.855070	0.735644	0.547561	0.053*
C3S	0.77266 (19)	0.75618 (10)	0.3953 (2)	0.0430 (5)
H3S	0.836697	0.754721	0.366155	0.052*
C4S	0.6681 (2)	0.76980 (9)	0.33078 (18)	0.0414 (5)
H4S	0.660378	0.777832	0.256966	0.050*
C5S	0.57486 (18)	0.77183 (9)	0.37275 (18)	0.0390 (5)
H5S	0.503360	0.781612	0.327955	0.047*
C6S	0.58513 (17)	0.75981 (8)	0.47859 (18)	0.0367 (4)
H6S	0.520582	0.760638	0.507068	0.044*
H1	0.3710 (18)	0.6567 (11)	0.6337 (18)	0.035 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0369 (2)	0.0277 (2)	0.0232 (2)	-0.01656 (17)	-0.00559 (16)	-0.00049 (16)
N1	0.0371 (8)	0.0193 (7)	0.0193 (7)	-0.0048 (6)	-0.0128 (6)	0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0270 (7)	0.0164 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0060 (5)	-0.0013 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
N3	0.0169 (6)	0.0138 (6)	0.0123 (6)	0.0014 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
C1	0.0179 (7)	0.0185 (7)	0.0166 (7)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C2	0.0153 (6)	0.0185 (7)	0.0129 (6)	0.0028 (5)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C3	0.0142 (6)	0.0168 (7)	0.0138 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0017 (5)	-0.0023 (5)
C4	0.0286 (8)	0.0260 (8)	0.0159 (7)	-0.0020(7)	-0.0081 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C5	0.0251 (8)	0.0343 (10)	0.0262 (9)	0.0035 (7)	-0.0007(7)	-0.0116 (7)
C6	0.0414 (11)	0.0616 (14)	0.0217 (9)	-0.0093 (10)	0.0068 (8)	-0.0050 (9)
C7	0.044 (4)	0.091 (6)	0.026 (3)	-0.019 (3)	0.012 (2)	-0.012 (3)
C7A	0.047 (7)	0.085 (8)	0.029 (5)	-0.024 (5)	0.016 (5)	-0.017 (5)
C8	0.0245 (8)	0.0200 (7)	0.0167 (7)	0.0071 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	-0.0010 (6)

supporting information

C9	0.0238 (8)	0.0507 (12)	0.0337 (10)	0.0075 (8)	0.0112 (7)	0.0191 (9)
C10	0.0218 (8)	0.0586 (13)	0.0395 (11)	0.0113 (8)	0.0063 (8)	0.0230 (10)
C11	0.0353 (9)	0.0249 (9)	0.0254 (9)	0.0039 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0046 (7)
C12	0.0296 (9)	0.0728 (16)	0.0298 (10)	0.0027 (10)	0.0060 (8)	0.0271 (10)
C13	0.0189 (8)	0.102 (2)	0.0284 (10)	-0.0030 (10)	0.0027 (7)	0.0339 (12)
C14	0.0334 (8)	0.0158 (7)	0.0166 (7)	-0.0001 (6)	0.0011 (6)	-0.0021 (6)
C15	0.0323 (9)	0.0330 (9)	0.0198 (8)	-0.0072 (7)	0.0003 (7)	0.0049 (7)
C16	0.0522 (12)	0.0348 (10)	0.0292 (10)	-0.0185 (9)	-0.0096 (9)	0.0069 (8)
C17	0.0635 (13)	0.0220 (9)	0.0205 (8)	-0.0053 (9)	-0.0096 (8)	-0.0035 (7)
C18	0.0667 (14)	0.0304 (10)	0.0201 (8)	0.0127 (9)	0.0030 (9)	-0.0075 (7)
C19	0.0349 (9)	0.0287 (9)	0.0205 (8)	0.0107 (7)	0.0063 (7)	-0.0022 (7)
C20	0.0157 (6)	0.0151 (7)	0.0127 (6)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0013 (5)	-0.0021 (5)
C21	0.0162 (7)	0.0268 (8)	0.0178 (7)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0007 (6)	-0.0062 (6)
C22	0.0175 (7)	0.0349 (9)	0.0251 (8)	-0.0024 (7)	-0.0015 (6)	-0.0099 (7)
C23	0.0243 (8)	0.0332 (9)	0.0182 (8)	0.0062 (7)	-0.0069 (6)	-0.0058 (7)
C24	0.0270 (8)	0.0277 (8)	0.0129 (7)	0.0058 (7)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0021 (6)
C25	0.0172 (7)	0.0231 (8)	0.0151 (7)	0.0043 (6)	0.0019 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C26	0.0170 (6)	0.0125 (7)	0.0152 (7)	0.0013 (5)	0.0005 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C27	0.0213 (7)	0.0195 (7)	0.0185 (7)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0046 (6)	-0.0036 (6)
C28	0.0232 (8)	0.0216 (8)	0.0248 (8)	0.0012 (6)	0.0042 (6)	-0.0067 (6)
C29	0.0271 (8)	0.0170 (7)	0.0295 (9)	-0.0017 (6)	-0.0001 (7)	-0.0053 (6)
C30	0.0243 (8)	0.0164 (7)	0.0281 (8)	-0.0035 (6)	0.0024 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C31	0.0188 (7)	0.0183 (7)	0.0191 (7)	-0.0014 (6)	0.0032 (6)	0.0014 (6)
C1S	0.0548 (12)	0.0281 (10)	0.0371 (11)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0135 (9)	0.0017 (8)
C2S	0.0348 (10)	0.0405 (12)	0.0554 (14)	0.0020 (9)	0.0056 (10)	0.0035 (10)
C3S	0.0394 (11)	0.0378 (11)	0.0574 (14)	-0.0094 (9)	0.0229 (10)	-0.0042 (10)
C4S	0.0584 (13)	0.0277 (10)	0.0389 (11)	-0.0127 (9)	0.0137 (10)	-0.0011 (8)
C5S	0.0381 (10)	0.0241 (9)	0.0500 (12)	-0.0007 (8)	0.0010 (9)	-0.0026 (9)
C6S	0.0341 (10)	0.0261 (9)	0.0532 (13)	-0.0018 (7)	0.0171 (9)	-0.0077 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.319 (2)	C16—C17	1.526 (3)
N1-C4	1.453 (2)	C17—H17A	0.9900
N1—H1	0.84 (2)	C17—H17B	0.9900
N2—C2	1.331 (2)	C17—C18	1.507 (3)
N2—C8	1.4872 (19)	C18—H18A	0.9900
N2-C14	1.461 (2)	C18—H18B	0.9900
N3—C3	1.3247 (19)	C18—C19	1.519 (3)
N3—C20	1.4752 (18)	C19—H19A	0.9900
N3—C26	1.4789 (19)	C19—H19B	0.9900
C1—C2	1.377 (2)	C20—H20	1.0000
С1—С3	1.383 (2)	C20—C21	1.528 (2)
С2—С3	1.388 (2)	C20—C25	1.527 (2)
C4—H4A	0.9900	C21—H21A	0.9900
C4—H4B	0.9900	C21—H21B	0.9900
C4—C5	1.526 (3)	C21—C22	1.531 (2)
С5—Н5А	0.9900	C22—H22A	0.9900

supporting information

С5—Н5В	0.9900	C22—H22B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.510 (3)	C22—C23	1.523 (3)
С6—Н6АА	0.9900	С23—Н23А	0.9900
С6—Н6АВ	0.9900	С23—Н23В	0.9900
C6—H6BC	0.9900	C23—C24	1.521 (2)
C6—H6BD	0.9900	C24—H24A	0.9900
C6—C7	1.502 (9)	C24—H24B	0.9900
С6—С7А	1.60 (2)	C24—C25	1.526 (2)
C7—H7A	0.9800	C25—H25A	0.9900
С7—Н7В	0.9800	C25—H25B	0.9900
C7—H7C	0.9800	C26—H26	1.0000
C7A—H7AA	0.9800	C26—C27	1.528 (2)
C7A—H7AB	0.9800	$C_{26} = C_{31}$	1.522(2)
C7A—H7AC	0.9800	C27—H27A	0.9900
C8—H8	1 0000	C27—H27B	0.9900
C8—C9	1 502 (2)	$C_{27} - C_{28}$	1.525(2)
C8-C13	1.302(2) 1 499(3)	C28—H28A	0.9900
	0.9900	C28_H28B	0.9900
C9H9B	0.9900	C_{28} C_{29} C_{29}	1.524(2)
C_{0} C_{10}	1 535 (3)	$C_{20} = C_{20}$	0.0000
C10 H10A	0.0000	C_{29} H_{29R}	0.9900
C10_H10R	0.9900	$C_{29} = C_{29}$	1.525(2)
C_{10} C_{11}	0.9900	$C_{29} = C_{30}$	1.323(2)
	0.0000	C20 H20P	0.9900
	0.9900	C30—FI50B	0.9900
CII—HIIB	0.9900	C_{21} U_{21A}	1.526 (2)
	1.301 (3)		0.9900
C12—H12A	0.9900	CIS HIS	0.9900
C12—H12B	0.9900		0.9500
C12—C13	1.523 (3)	CIS-C2S	1.389 (3)
CI3—HI3A	0.9900		1.379(3)
С13—Н13В	0.9900	C2S—H2S	0.9500
C14—H14	1.0000	C2S—C3S	1.378 (4)
	1.518 (2)	C3S—H3S	0.9500
C14—C19	1.526 (2)	C3S—C4S	1.381 (3)
C15—H15A	0.9900	C4S—H4S	0.9500
С15—Н15В	0.9900	C4S—C5S	1.379 (3)
C15—C16	1.535 (3)	C5S—H5S	0.9500
C16—H16A	0.9900	C5S—C6S	1.366 (3)
C16—H16B	0.9900	C6S—H6S	0.9500
C1—N1—C4	124.75 (15)	С16—С17—Н17А	109.3
C1—N1—H1	119.5 (16)	C16—C17—H17B	109.3
C4—N1—H1	115.5 (16)	H17A—C17—H17B	107.9
C2—N2—C8	117.30 (13)	C18—C17—C16	111.77 (16)
C2—N2—C14	122.26 (13)	C18—C17—H17A	109.3
C14—N2—C8	119.49 (13)	C18—C17—H17B	109.3
C3—N3—C20	122.13 (12)	C17—C18—H18A	109.4
C3—N3—C26	119.14 (12)	C17—C18—H18B	109.4

C20—N3—C26	118.54 (11)	C17—C18—C19	111.36 (16)
N1—C1—C2	151.11 (15)	H18A—C18—H18B	108.0
N1—C1—C3	148.47 (15)	C19—C18—H18A	109.4
C2—C1—C3	60.37 (11)	C19—C18—H18B	109.4
N2—C2—C1	146.06 (14)	C14—C19—H19A	109.4
N2—C2—C3	153.88 (14)	C14—C19—H19B	109.4
C1—C2—C3	60.04 (11)	C18—C19—C14	111.05 (16)
N3—C3—C1	146.57 (14)	С18—С19—Н19А	109.4
N3—C3—C2	153.84 (14)	C18—C19—H19B	109.4
C1—C3—C2	59.59 (11)	H19A—C19—H19B	108.0
N1—C4—H4A	109.3	N3—C20—H20	107.4
N1—C4—H4B	109.3	N3—C20—C21	111.47 (12)
N1-C4-C5	111.76 (15)	N3—C20—C25	111.67 (12)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.9	C21—C20—H20	107.4
C5—C4—H4A	109.3	C25—C20—H20	107.4
C5—C4—H4B	109.3	$C_{25} = C_{20} = C_{21}$	111.18 (12)
C4—C5—H5A	109.0	C_{20} C_{21} H_{21A}	109 5
C4—C5—H5B	109.0	C20—C21—H21B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	107.8	$C_{20} = C_{21} = C_{22}$	110 73 (13)
C6-C5-C4	112 84 (15)	$H_{21}^{-1}A = C_{21}^{-1} = H_{21}^{-1}B$	108.1
C6—C5—H5A	109.0	C_{22} C_{21} H_{21A}	109.5
C6—C5—H5B	109.0	C22—C21—H21B	109.5
C5—C6—H6AA	108.3	C21—C22—H22A	109.5
C5—C6—H6AB	108.3	$C_{21} = C_{22} = H_{22}B$	109.4
$C_5 - C_6 - H_{6BC}$	111.6	$H_{22}^{2} = H_{22}^{2} = H_{$	108.0
C5—C6—H6BD	111.6	C^{23} C^{22} C^{21}	111 21 (14)
$C_5 - C_6 - C_7 A$	100.6(11)	C_{23} C_{22} H_{22A}	109.4
H6AA - C6 - H6AB	107.4	C_{23} C_{22} H_{22R}	109.1
H6BC—C6—H6BD	109.4	$C_{22} = C_{23} = H_{23} A$	109.4
C7-C6-C5	116.1.(5)	C22—C23—H23B	109.1
C7—C6—H6AA	108.3	H23A—C23—H23B	108.0
C7-C6-H6AB	108.3	C_{24} C_{23} C_{22}	111 10 (13)
C7A - C6 - H6BC	111.6	C24—C23—H23A	109.4
C7A-C6-H6BD	111.6	C_{24} C_{23} H_{23B}	109.4
C6-C7-H7A	109 5	C_{23} C_{24} H_{24A}	109.5
C6-C7-H7B	109.5	C_{23} C_{24} H_{24B}	109.5
C6-C7-H7C	109.5	C_{23} C_{24} C_{25}	110 84 (13)
H7A - C7 - H7B	109.5	$H_{24} = C_{24} = H_{24}B$	108.1
H7A - C7 - H7C	109.5	C_{25} C_{24} H_{24B}	109.5
H7B-C7-H7C	109.5	$C_{25} = C_{24} = H_{24B}$	109.5
C6-C7A-H7AA	109.5	C_{20} C_{25} H_{25A}	109.5
C6-C7A-H7AB	109.5	$C_{20} = C_{25} = H_{25R}$	109.5
C6-C7A-H7AC	109.5	$C_{20} = C_{25} = C_{20}$	110 73 (13)
H7AA - C7A - H7AB	109.5	$C_{24} = C_{25} = C_{26}$	109.5
H7AA - C7A - H7AC	109.5	C_{24} C_{25} H_{25R}	109.5
H7AB C7A H7AC	109.5	$H_{25} = C_{25} = H_{25} = H_{25}$	108.1
N2_C8_H8	106.6	N3-C26-H26	106.8
$N_2 = C_0 = 110$	113 20 (14)	$N_{3} = C_{20} = H_{20}$	112 /8 (12)
11207	113.20 (14)	110 - 020 - 021	112.40 (12)

N2—C8—C13	112.58 (14)	N3—C26—C31	112.18 (12)
С9—С8—Н8	106.6	С27—С26—Н26	106.8
С13—С8—Н8	106.6	С31—С26—Н26	106.8
C13—C8—C9	110.67 (16)	C31—C26—C27	111.30 (12)
С8—С9—Н9А	109.7	С26—С27—Н27А	109.7
С8—С9—Н9В	109.7	С26—С27—Н27В	109.7
C8—C9—C10	109.82 (15)	H27A—C27—H27B	108.2
H9A—C9—H9B	108.2	C28—C27—C26	109.86 (13)
С10—С9—Н9А	109.7	C28—C27—H27A	109.7
С10—С9—Н9В	109.7	C28—C27—H27B	109.7
С9—С10—Н10А	109.2	C27—C28—H28A	109.4
C9—C10—H10B	109.2	C27—C28—H28B	109.4
H10A—C10—H10B	107.9	H28A—C28—H28B	108.0
C11—C10—C9	111.95 (16)	C29—C28—C27	111.15 (13)
C11—C10—H10A	109.2	C29—C28—H28A	109.4
C11—C10—H10B	109.2	C29—C28—H28B	109.4
C10-C11-H11A	109.2	С28—С29—Н29А	109.4
C10—C11—H11B	109.2	C28—C29—H29B	109.4
C10—C11—C12	112.11 (16)	C28—C29—C30	111.18 (13)
H11A—C11—H11B	107.9	H29A—C29—H29B	108.0
C12—C11—H11A	109.2	С30—С29—Н29А	109.4
C12—C11—H11B	109.2	С30—С29—Н29В	109.4
C11—C12—H12A	109.3	С29—С30—Н30А	109.3
C11—C12—H12B	109.3	С29—С30—Н30В	109.3
C11—C12—C13	111.82 (17)	C29—C30—C31	111.80 (13)
H12A—C12—H12B	107.9	H30A—C30—H30B	107.9
C13—C12—H12A	109.3	С31—С30—Н30А	109.3
C13—C12—H12B	109.3	С31—С30—Н30В	109.3
C8—C13—C12	110.27 (17)	C26—C31—C30	109.30 (12)
C8—C13—H13A	109.6	С26—С31—Н31А	109.8
C8—C13—H13B	109.6	C26—C31—H31B	109.8
C12—C13—H13A	109.6	С30—С31—Н31А	109.8
С12—С13—Н13В	109.6	С30—С31—Н31В	109.8
H13A—C13—H13B	108.1	H31A—C31—H31B	108.3
N2—C14—H14	106.5	C2S—C1S—H1S	120.0
N2—C14—C15	111.86 (14)	C6S—C1S—H1S	120.0
N2—C14—C19	111.73 (14)	C6S—C1S—C2S	120.1 (2)
C15—C14—H14	106.5	C1S—C2S—H2S	120.1
C15—C14—C19	113.31 (14)	C3S—C2S—C1S	119.8 (2)
C19—C14—H14	106.5	C3S—C2S—H2S	120.1
C14—C15—H15A	109.5	C2S—C3S—H3S	120.3
C14—C15—H15B	109.5	C2S—C3S—C4S	119.5 (2)
C14—C15—C16	110.85 (17)	C4S—C3S—H3S	120.3
H15A—C15—H15B	108.1	C3S—C4S—H4S	119.8
C16—C15—H15A	109.5	C5S—C4S—C3S	120.4 (2)
C16—C15—H15B	109.5	C5S—C4S—H4S	119.8
C15—C16—H16A	109.3	C4S—C5S—H5S	119.9
C15—C16—H16B	109.3	C6S—C5S—C4S	120.1 (2)

H16A—C16—H16B	108.0	C6S—C5S—H5S	119.9
C17—C16—C15	111.41 (16)	C1S—C6S—H6S	120.0
C17—C16—H16A	109.3	C5S-C6S-C1S	120.05 (19)
C17—C16—H16B	109.3	C5S—C6S—H6S	120.0
N1—C1—C2—N2	4.0 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-55.7 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-177.3 (3)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-58.7 (2)
N1—C1—C3—N3	-2.2 (5)	C14—N2—C2—C1	-173.4 (2)
N1—C1—C3—C2	177.5 (3)	C14—N2—C2—C3	9.2 (4)
N1-C4-C5-C6	-175.67 (16)	C14—N2—C8—C9	68.4 (2)
N2-C2-C3-N3	-2.0 (6)	C14—N2—C8—C13	-58.1 (2)
N2-C2-C3-C1	178.3 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-52.9 (2)
N2-C8-C9-C10	173.80 (16)	C15-C14-C19-C18	-53.5 (2)
N2-C8-C13-C12	-172.96 (18)	C15—C16—C17—C18	55.6 (2)
N2-C14-C15-C16	179.90 (14)	C16—C17—C18—C19	-56.5 (2)
N2-C14-C19-C18	179.06 (14)	C17—C18—C19—C14	54.6 (2)
N3-C20-C21-C22	-179.07 (13)	C19—C14—C15—C16	52.51 (19)
N3-C20-C25-C24	178.39 (12)	C20—N3—C3—C1	175.9 (2)
N3—C26—C27—C28	-174.43 (12)	C20—N3—C3—C2	-3.7 (4)
N3-C26-C31-C30	174.66 (12)	C20—N3—C26—C27	117.46 (14)
C1—N1—C4—C5	-73.7 (2)	C20—N3—C26—C31	-116.15 (14)
C1—C2—C3—N3	179.7 (3)	C20—C21—C22—C23	-55.36 (18)
C2—N2—C8—C9	-100.70 (18)	C21—C20—C25—C24	-56.42 (16)
C2—N2—C8—C13	132.84 (18)	C21—C22—C23—C24	56.07 (19)
C2—N2—C14—C15	-67.2 (2)	C22—C23—C24—C25	-56.65 (19)
C2-N2-C14-C19	61.1 (2)	C23—C24—C25—C20	56.72 (17)
C2-C1-C3-N3	-179.8 (3)	C25—C20—C21—C22	55.63 (18)
C3—N3—C20—C21	109.43 (15)	C26—N3—C3—C1	-9.3 (3)
C3—N3—C20—C25	-125.54 (14)	C26—N3—C3—C2	171.2 (3)
C3—N3—C26—C27	-57.58 (17)	C26—N3—C20—C21	-65.46 (17)
C3—N3—C26—C31	68.81 (17)	C26—N3—C20—C25	59.57 (16)
C3—C1—C2—N2	-178.7 (3)	C26—C27—C28—C29	-56.36 (17)
C4—N1—C1—C2	-15.3 (4)	C27—C26—C31—C30	-58.31 (16)
C4—N1—C1—C3	169.1 (2)	C27—C28—C29—C30	54.94 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-177.2 (6)	C28—C29—C30—C31	-55.23 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7A	170.9 (10)	C29—C30—C31—C26	56.37 (17)
C8—N2—C2—C1	-4.6 (3)	C31—C26—C27—C28	58.71 (16)
C8—N2—C2—C3	178.0 (3)	C1S—C2S—C3S—C4S	0.5 (3)
C8—N2—C14—C15	124.29 (15)	C2S-C1S-C6S-C5S	-0.6 (3)
C8—N2—C14—C19	-107.48 (16)	C2S—C3S—C4S—C5S	-0.2 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	55.2 (2)	C3S—C4S—C5S—C6S	-0.6 (3)
C9—C8—C13—C12	59.2 (3)	C4S-C5S-C6S-C1S	1.0 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-52.4 (3)	C6S—C1S—C2S—C3S	-0.2 (3)
C10-C11-C12-C13	52.5 (3)		