



Received 4 July 2024 Accepted 26 October 2024

Edited by G. Ferrence, Illinois State University, USA

Keywords: benzoyl acetone; uranium complex; crystal structure; Hirshfeld surface analysis; hydrogen bonding; π – π interaction.

CCDC reference: 2291369

Supporting information: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e





Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of bis(benzoylacetonato)(ethanol)dioxidouranium(VI)

Xolida Jabborova,^a* Xusnida Tursinboyeva,^b Bakhtigul Ruzieva,^{c,d} Kambarali Turgunov,^{e,f} Jamshid Ashurov,^g Akmaljon Tojiboev^{h,i} and Shahlo Daminova^{b,d}

^aInstitute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan, 100170, M. Ulugbek Str 77a, Tashkent, Uzbekistan, ^bNational University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek, University Street 4, Tashkent 100174, Uzbekistan, ^cAlfraganus University, 100190, Uzbekistan, Tashkent, Yunusabad district, Yukori Karakamish Street 2, Uzbekistan, ^dUzbekistan–Japan Innovation Center of Youth, University Street 2B, Tashkent 100095, Uzbekistan, ^eS. Yunusov Institute of the Chemistry of Plant Substances, Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan, Mirzo Ulugbek Str., 77, Tashkent 100170, Uzbekistan, ^fTurin Polytechnic University in Tashkent, Kichik Khalka Yuli Str. 17, 100095 Tashkent, Uzbekistan, ^gInstitute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan, 100125, M. Ulugbek Str. 83, Tashkent, Uzbekistan, ^hUniversity of Geological Sciences, Olimlar Street, 64, Mirzo Ulugbek district, Tashkent, Uzbekistan, an ⁱNamangan State University, Boburshoh str. 161, Namangan, 160107, Uzbekistan. *Correspondence e-mail: jabborova0707@gmail.com

A new uranium metal-organic complex salt, $[U(C_{10}H_9O_2)_2O_2(C_2H_6O)]$, with benzoyl acetone, namely, bis(benzoylacetonato)(ethanol)dioxidouranium(VI), was synthesized. The compound has monoclinic $P2_1/n$ symmetry. The geometry of the seven-coordinate U atom is pentagonal bipyramidal, with the uranyl oxygen atoms in apical positions. In the complex, the ligands bind to the metal through oxygen atoms. Additional weak $O-H\cdots O$ contacts between the cations and anions consolidate the three-dimensional arrangement of the structure. On the Hirshfeld surface, the largest contributions come from the short contacts such as van der Waals forces, including $H\cdots H$, $O\cdots H$ and $C\cdots H$. Interactions including $C\cdots C$ and $O\cdots C$ contacts were also observed; however, their contribution to the overall cohesion of the crystal structure is minor. A packing analysis was performed to check the strength of the crystal packing.

1. Chemical context

A greater understanding of the coordination chemistry of uranium is important for the development of new technologies for the safe reprocessing and long-term immobilization of irradiated nuclear fuel. One of the main reasons for the renewed interest in uranium compounds is their remarkable structural versatility. In the oxidation states +III or +IV, eightor nine-coordinate uranium environments are typically found, similar to those observed in lanthanide complexes (Enriquez et al., 2005; Oldham et al. 2002). Uranium oxo compounds with oxidation state +VI form approximately linear triatomic uranyl ions, UO_2^{2+} . Although this cation can bind additional ligands perpendicular to the uranium axis to form five-, six-, seven-, and eight-coordinate metal centres, seven-coordinate is particularly common for hexavalent uranium oxo compounds (Hernandez et al., 2022; Almond & Albrecht-Schmitt, 2003; Arndt et al. 2002). Heptacoordinated uranium centers can exhibit pentagonal-bipyramidal, capped-octahedral, and trigonal-prismatic coordination geometries. The specific geometry depends on steric requirements caused by ligand-ligand repulsion, weaker bonds, and generally reduced crystal field stability. Despite the abundance of layered structures for U^{VI}-oxo compounds (Chakraborty et al., 2006; Hughes & Burns, 2003; Neu et al., 2001), one-dimensional topology or multidimensional framework structural studies of

research communications

uranyl compounds are rather sparse (Bean *et al.*, 2001; Sykora & Albrecht-Schmitt, 2003). The anti-inflammatory, analgesic, anti-microbial, anti-convulsant, anti-cancer, anti-tubercular, antioxidant, antidepressant, antiglycation, antihelmintic, anti-fungal, anti-tumour, antibiotic and anti-allergic effects of the ligand have been studied (Sahin & Dege, 2021).



The present work was undertaken to study the effect of oxoligands on the metal coordination geometry and explore the possibility of any supramolecular architecture in the resulting uranyl compounds. We isolated the title metal–organic



Figure 1

The molecular structure of title compound with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are displayed as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

Table 1

Selected	bond	lengths	(A).	
----------	------	---------	------	--

U1-O6	2.317 (5)	U1-O1	1.759 (7)
U1-07	2.458 (5)	U1-O3	2.358 (7)
U1-O4	2.308 (5)	U1-O5	2.369 (7)
U1-O2	1.779 (8)		

Table 2	
---------	--

Н	lyd	rogen	-bond	geomet	ry	(A,	°)	
---	-----	-------	-------	--------	----	-----	----	--

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O7 - H7 \cdots O2^i$	0.86 (6)	2.44 (5)	3.246 (10)	158 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

complex uranium salt, $[C_{22}H_{24}O_7U]$ and report here its crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis.

2. Structural commentary

The single-crystal structure of bis(benzoylacetonato)(ethanol) dioxidouranium(VI) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $P2_1/n$. The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. The molecule is almost planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0593 Å from planarity. In the compound, the coordination geometry around the uranium atom includes seven oxygen donors from one ethanol, two oxido, and two bidentate benzovlacetonoate ligands. It is approximately pentagonal bipyramidal. The U–O uranyl bond distances [1.759(7)] and 2.358(7) Å; Table 1] agree well with the previously reported values for dioxouranium (VI) complexes (Hernandez et al., 2022; Takao & Ikeda, 2008; Chakraborty et al., 2006; Gatto et al., 2004; Kannan et al., 2004). The distortion of the metal coordination geometry from an ideal pentagonal bipyramidal arrangement (Fig. 2) is revealed by the O-U-O bond angles for the pentagon, which range between 70.6 (2) and 177.4 (3) $^{\circ}$.

3. Supramolecular features

In the complex, the crystal packing exhibits one intermolecular O7-H7···O2(1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) hydrogenbonding interactions (Fig. 3, Table 2). In additional π - π stacking (Fig. 3) occurs between the aromatic rings of neighbouring molecules with centroid-centroid distances Cg1···Cg2(-1 + x, y, z) = 3.900 (6) Å, with a ring slippage of



Figure 2

A view of the molecular packing showing the pentagonal–bipyramidal structure extending along the b-axis direction.



Figure 3

View of the crystal structure of the title compound, showing the $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond and $\pi-\pi$ interactions as green dotted lines.

1.577 Å, and $Cg2\cdots Cg1(\frac{1}{2}+x,\frac{1}{2}-y,\frac{1}{2}+z) = 3.765$ (6) Å, with a ring slippage of 1.035 Å where Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1–C6 and C11–C16 rings, respectively.

4. Hirshfeld surface analysis

To further investigate the intermolecular interactions present in the title compound, a Hirshfeld surface (HS) analysis was performed, and the two-dimensional fingerprint plots were generated with CrystalExplorer17.5 (Spackman et al., 2021). The HS mapped with d_{norm} , curvedness and shape-index are given in Fig. 4. The white surface indicates contacts with distances equal to the sum of van der Waals radii, and the red and blue colours indicate distances shorter or longer than the van der Waals radii, respectively. The bright-red points in the d_{norm} surface of the molecule are located near atoms O2 and O7/H7, consistent with the O7-H7···O2 hydrogen-bonding interaction, highlighted in Fig. 3. From the Hirshfeld surfaces, it is also evident that the molecules are related to one another by $\pi - \pi$ stacking interactions, as can be inferred from inspection of the adjacent red and blue triangles (highlighted by vellow circles) on the shape-index surface (Fig. 4). The presence of π - π stacking is also evident in the flat region toward the top of both sides of the molecules and is clearly visible on the curvedness surface (Fig. 4): the shape of the blue outline on the curvedness surface unambiguously delineates the contacting patches of the molecules.

The two-dimensional (2D) fingerprint plots (McKinnon *et al.*, 2007) are shown in Fig. 5. On the HS, the largest contributions (53.2%, 23.4%, 13.8%) come from short contacts such as van der Waals forces, $H \cdots H$, $O \cdots H$ and $C \cdots H$ contacts. $C \cdots C$ (8.6%), $O \cdots C$ (0.8%) and $O \cdots O$ (0.1%) contacts are also observed. The classical $O - H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds





Hirshfeld surfaces of the title complex mapped with (a) d_{norm} , (b) curvedness and (c) shape-index.



Figure 5

Two-dimensional fingerprint plots for the title compound, showing (*a*) all interactions, and decomposed into (*b*) $H \cdots H$, (*c*) $O \cdots H/H \cdots O$ and (*d*) $C \cdots H/H \cdots C$ interactions.

correspond to $O \cdots H/H \cdots O$ contacts (23.4% contribution) in Fig. 5 and show up as a pair of spikes. The scattered points in the breakdown of the fingerprint plot show that the π - π stacking interactions $C \cdots C$ comprise 8.6% of the total Hirshfeld surface of the molecule displayed as a region of blue/green colour.

5. Database survey

A search in the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, version 5.43, update of November 2022; Groom et al., 2016) revealed 25 hits with the β -diketonate ligand moiety. Among these, one structure contains tin (AGESUA: Pettinari et al., 2002), two structures contain zinc (BZACZN: Belford et al., 1969; NEYBID: Dang et al., 2006), one structure contains uranium(VI) (CAZMEV: Haider et al., 1983), one structure contains platinum(II) (CBZACP: Okeya et al., 1976), one structure contains iron(III) (ARUMOR: Zou et al., 2016), one structure contains manganese(II), one structure contains cadmium (HICRAP and HICRET: Yang, 2018a,b), one structure contains vanadium (KIJPAV: Xing et al., 2007), four structures contain copper (CUBEAC: Hon et al., 1966; LEZVAO: Lennartson et al., 2007; NINFIC, NINFOI: Chen et al., 2018), one structure contains lithium (UCIMAU: Jung et al., 1998), nine structures contain manganese(II) (NENNAX: Cvrtila et al., 2012; PIDPOJ, PIDPUP, PIDQAW, PIDQEA, PIDQIE, PIDQOK, PIDQUQ, PIDRAX: Cvrtila et al., 2013), and two structures contain cobalt(II) (POJBUN: Perdih, 2014; YADKUJ: Döring et al., 1992). A search for the uranyl moiety returned five hits with pentagonal-bipyramidal geometries similar to that in the title structure. These include: aqua-

research communications

 Table 3

 Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$[U(C_{10}H_9O_2)_2O_2(C_2H_6O)]$
M _r	638.44
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Temperature (K)	293
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.55214 (16), 26.0026 (4), 10.3057 (2)
β (°)	102.8291 (19)
$V(Å^3)$	2234.56 (7)
Z	4
Radiation type	Cu Kα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	20.79
Crystal size (mm)	$0.28 \times 0.26 \times 0.18$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	XtaLAB Synergy, Single source at home/near, HyPix3000
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.266, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	22840, 4331, 3260
R _{int}	0.085
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.615
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.041, 0.115, 1.05
No. of reflections	4331
No. of parameters	277
No. of restraints	4
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	1.49, -1.95

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Rigaku OD, 2020), SHELXT2018/2 (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2019/3 (Sheldrick, 2015b), PLATON (Spek, 2020) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

bis(benzoylacetonato)dioxouranium(VI) monohydrate (CAZMEV: Haider *et al.*, 1983), uranyl(VI) complexes containing the β -diketonatephenol ligands derived from 1-(2hydroxyphenyl)-1,3-butanedione and 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3phenyl-1,3-propanedione (GIYXAN, GIYXER: Ainscough *et al.*, 1998), a uranyl β -diketonate complex [UO₂(tfa)₂(*L*)] [*L* = H₂O, OHCH₂CH₃; tfa = deprotonated 4,4,4,-trifluoro-1-(2furyl)-1,3-butanedione] with a well-described 3D supramolecular structure and electronic absorption spectroscopy (IVEDIX: Al-Anber *et al.*, 2011), and bis(2-benzoyl-1phenylethenolato- $\kappa^2 O, O'$)(ethanol- κO)dioxidouranium(VI) (RISVAR: Takao & Ikeda, 2008).

6. Synthesis and crystallization

Benzoylacetone (BNA) (0.0324 g, 0.200 mmol) dissolved in 5 ml of ethanol and uranyl acetate (0.0388 g, 0.100 mmol) dissolved in 5 ml of ethanol were mixed under constant stirring until the colour of the solution turned to orange–red. The stirring continued for an hour, then the solution was left to stand overnight. The orange–red crystalline solid was filtered off and dried under vacuum. The solid was dissolved in ethanol and slow evaporation of the solution yielded diffraction-quality single-crystals of the title compound. Selected IR bands (KBr pellet, cm⁻¹): 1589 (C=O), 1340 (C–O), 471

 $(U-O_{ligand})$, 380 $(U-O_{eth}$ Raman spectroscopy), 908 (O=U=O).

7. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 3. C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically (C-H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C-H = 0.95 Å (aromatic) and were refined with $U_{\rm iso}({\rm H}) = 1.2U_{\rm eq}({\rm C})$.

Acknowledgements

The authors acknowledge support from the MIRAI Fund (JICA) and technical equipment support provided by the Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry of the Uzbek Academy of Sciences.

References

- Ainscough, E. W., Brodie, A. M., Cresswell, R. J. & Waters, J. M. (1998). *Inorg. Chem.* 277, 37–45.
- Al-Anber, M. A., Daoud, H. M., Rüffer, T. & Lang, H. (2011). J. Mol. Struct. 997, 1–6.
- Almond, P. M. & Albrecht-Schmitt, T. E. (2003). *Inorg. Chem.* 42, 5693–5698.
- Arndt, S., Spaniol, T. P. & Okuda, J. (2002). Chem. Commun. pp. 896– 897.
- Bean, A. C., Ruf, M. & Albrecht-Schmitt, T. E. (2001). *Inorg. Chem.* **40**, 3959–3963.
- Belford, R. L., Chasteen, E. D., Hitchmbx, M. A., Ho'k, P. K., Pfluger, C. E. & Paul, I. C. (1969). *Inorg. Chem.* 8, 1312–1319.
- Chakraborty, S., Dinda, S., Bhattacharyya, R. & Mukherjee, A. K. (2006). Z. Kristallogr. Cryst. Mater. 221, 606–611.
- Chen, G. J., Chen, Ch. Q., Li, X. T., Ma, H. Ch. & Dong, Y. B. (2018). *Chem. Commun.* 54, 11550–11553.
- Cvrtila, I., Stilinović, V. & Kaitner, B. (2012). Struct. Chem. 23, 587– 594.
- Cvrtila, I., Stilinović, V. & Kaitner, B. (2013). CrystEngComm, 15, 6585–6593.
- Dang, F. F., Lei, K. W., Wang, Y. W., Liu, W. Sh. & Sun, Y. X. (2006). Anal. Sci. X-ray Struct. Anal. Online, 22, x279–x280.
- Döring, M., Ludwig, W., Uhlig, E., Wočadlo, S. & Müller, U. (1992). Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 611, 61–67.
- Enriquez, A. E., Scott, B. L. & Neu, M. P. (2005). *Inorg. Chem.* 44, 7403–7413.
- Gatto, C. C., Lang, E. S., Jagst, A. & Abram, U. (2004). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **357**, 4349–4644.
- Groom, C. R., Bruno, I. J., Lightfoot, M. P. & Ward, S. C. (2016). Acta Cryst. B72, 171–179.
- Haider, S. Z., Malik, K. M. A., Rahman, A. & Hursthouse, M. B. (1983). J. Bangladesh Acad. Sci. 7, 7–12.
- Hernandez, A., Chakraborty, I., Ortega, G. & Dares, C. J. (2022). Acta Cryst. E78, 40–43.
- Hon, P., Pfluger, C. E. & Belford, R. L. (1966). *Inorg. Chem.* 5, 516–521.
- Hughes, K.-A. & Burns, P. C. (2003). Acta Cryst. C59, i7-i8.
- Jung, Y. S., Lee, J. H., Song, K. & Kang, S. J. (1998). Bull. Korean Chem. Soc. 19, 4484–4486.
- Kannan, S., Chetty, K. V., Venugopal, V. & Drew, G. B. (2004). Dalton Trans. pp. 3604–3610.
- Lennartson, A., Håkansson, M. & Jagner, S. (2007). New J. Chem. 31, 344–347.

- McKinnon, J. J., Jayatilaka, D. & Spackman, M. A. (2007). Chem. Commun. pp. 3814–3816.
- Neu, M. P., Johnson, M. T., Matonic, J. H. & Scott, B. L. (2001). Acta Cryst. C57, 240–242.
- Okeya, S., Asai, H., Ooi, S., Matsumoto, K., Kawaguchi, S. & Kuroya, H. (1976). *Inorg. Nucl. Chem. Lett.* **12**, 677–680.
- Oldham, W. J., Scott, B. L., Abney, K. D., Smith, W. H. & Costa, D. A. (2002). Acta Cryst. C58, m139–m140.
- Perdih, F. (2014). Struct. Chem. 25, 809-819.
- Pettinari, C., Marchetti, F., Pettinari, R., Gindulyte, A., Massa, L., Rossi, M. & Caruso, F. (2002). *Inorg. Chem.* pp. 1447–1455.
- Rigaku OD (2020). CrysAlis PRO. Rigaku Oxford Diffraction, Yarnton, England.
- Şahin, S. & Dege, N. (2021). Polyhedron, 205, 115320-115330.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015a). Acta Cryst. A71, 3-8.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015b). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.

- Spackman, P. R., Turner, M. J., McKinnon, J. J., Wolff, S. K., Grimwood, D. J., Jayatilaka, D. & Spackman, M. A. (2021). *J. Appl. Cryst.* 54, 1006–1011.
- Spek, A. L. (2020). Acta Cryst. E76, 1-11.
- Sykora, R. E. & Albrecht-Schmitt, T. E. (2003). *Inorg. Chem.* 42, 2179–2181.
- Takao, K. & Ikeda, Y. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, m219-m220.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920–925.
- Xing, Y. H., Bai, F. Y., Aoki, K., Sun, Z. & Ge, M. F. (2007). *Inorg. Nano-Met. Chem.* **37**, 203–211.
- Yang, P. (2018a). CSD Communication (refcode HICRAP). CCDC, Cambridge, England.
- Yang, P. (2018b). CSD Communication (refcode HICRET). CCDC, Cambridge, England.
- Zou, F., Tang, X., Huang, Y., Wan, Sh., Lu, F., Chen, Z. N., Wu, A. & Zhang, H. (2016). *CrystEngComm*, **18**, 6624–6631.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2024). E80 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989024010417]

Crystal structure and Hirshfeld surface analysis of bis(benzoylacetonato) (ethanol)dioxidouranium(VI)

Xolida Jabborova, Xusnida Tursinboyeva, Bakhtigul Ruzieva, Kambarali Turgunov, Jamshid Ashurov, Akmaljon Tojiboev and Shahlo Daminova

Computing details

Bis(benzoylacetonato)(ethanol)dioxidouranium(VI)

Crystal data

 $[U(C_{10}H_9O_2)_2O_2(C_2H_6O)]$ $M_r = 638.44$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 8.55214 (16) Å b = 26.0026 (4) Å c = 10.3057 (2) Å $\beta = 102.8291$ (19)° V = 2234.56 (7) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

XtaLAB Synergy, Single source at home/near, HyPix3000 diffractometer Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray tube, PhotonJet (Cu) X-ray Source Mirror monochromator Detector resolution: 10.0000 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ $wR(F^2) = 0.115$ S = 1.054331 reflections 277 parameters 4 restraints F(000) = 1216 $D_x = 1.898 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 7001 reflections $\theta = 3.4-70.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 20.79 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KBlock, orange $0.28 \times 0.26 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\min} = 0.266, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 22840 measured reflections
4331 independent reflections
3260 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.085$ $\theta_{\max} = 71.6^{\circ}, \theta_{\min} = 3.4^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -31 \rightarrow 31$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0559P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.49 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.94 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
U1	0.35139 (3)	0.42260 (2)	0.30596 (3)	0.06079 (13)	
06	0.4734 (6)	0.3427 (2)	0.3413 (7)	0.0814 (19)	
07	0.4126 (8)	0.5149 (2)	0.3315 (7)	0.089 (2)	
H7	0.492 (7)	0.5227 (10)	0.395 (6)	0.133*	
04	0.1461 (6)	0.3644 (2)	0.2364 (7)	0.0834 (18)	
O2	0.3043 (11)	0.4237 (2)	0.4656 (7)	0.097 (2)	
01	0.4002 (10)	0.4245 (2)	0.1490 (7)	0.086 (2)	
O3	0.1132 (8)	0.4682 (3)	0.2177 (7)	0.094 (2)	
05	0.6224 (8)	0.4331 (2)	0.4195 (8)	0.109 (3)	
C17	0.6112 (8)	0.3228 (3)	0.3875 (7)	0.0546 (17)	
C16	0.6196 (9)	0.2656 (3)	0.3843 (7)	0.0553 (17)	
C19	0.7469 (10)	0.4058 (3)	0.4512 (8)	0.0612 (19)	
C18	0.7443 (8)	0.3533 (3)	0.4370 (8)	0.065 (2)	
H18	0.842014	0.336419	0.463399	0.077*	
C6	-0.0712 (9)	0.3112 (3)	0.1567 (8)	0.065 (2)	
C7	0.0003 (9)	0.3631 (3)	0.1833 (8)	0.063 (2)	
C11	0.4925 (11)	0.2381 (3)	0.3120 (9)	0.073 (2)	
H11	0.402282	0.255445	0.265396	0.088*	
C9	-0.0310 (12)	0.4571 (4)	0.1714 (10)	0.083 (3)	
C20	0.8965 (10)	0.4343 (4)	0.5093 (11)	0.088 (3)	
H20A	0.939075	0.449118	0.439123	0.132*	
H20B	0.973720	0.411031	0.560045	0.132*	
H20C	0.873495	0.461083	0.566368	0.132*	
C15	0.7523 (10)	0.2390 (3)	0.4547 (9)	0.074 (2)	
H15	0.840231	0.256908	0.503191	0.088*	
C8	-0.0906 (11)	0.4086 (4)	0.1504 (10)	0.084 (3)	
H8	-0.199147	0.405010	0.111488	0.101*	
C5	-0.2247 (11)	0.3018 (5)	0.0822 (10)	0.096 (3)	
H5	-0.290652	0.329367	0.048809	0.116*	
C12	0.4969 (13)	0.1855 (3)	0.3079 (12)	0.094 (3)	
H12	0.411937	0.167293	0.255928	0.113*	
C1	0.0190 (11)	0.2687 (4)	0.2006 (10)	0.080 (2)	
H1	0.123451	0.273124	0.249479	0.096*	
C14	0.7535 (13)	0.1862 (4)	0.4526 (11)	0.097 (3)	
H14	0.841828	0.168385	0.500949	0.117*	
C13	0.6271 (15)	0.1598 (4)	0.3807 (12)	0.096 (3)	
H13	0.628639	0.123990	0.380680	0.116*	
C4	-0.2814 (15)	0.2524 (6)	0.0566 (12)	0.110 (4)	
H4	-0.384491	0.247047	0.005943	0.132*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

C2	-0.0393 (14)	0.2198 (4)	0.1749 (12)	0.104 (3)	
H2	0.025503	0.191739	0.206548	0.125*	
C3	-0.1889 (15)	0.2122 (5)	0.1044 (12)	0.103 (4)	
H3	-0.228585	0.178916	0.088717	0.123*	
C10	-0.1408 (12)	0.5024 (4)	0.1353 (11)	0.115 (4)	
H10A	-0.184658	0.511753	0.210066	0.172*	
H10B	-0.226310	0.493619	0.061287	0.172*	
H10C	-0.081541	0.530940	0.111446	0.172*	
C21	0.369 (2)	0.5632 (6)	0.2438 (15)	0.164 (7)	
H21A	0.264632	0.558775	0.184657	0.196*	
H21B	0.364662	0.592990	0.299405	0.196*	
C22	0.492 (2)	0.5711 (7)	0.165 (2)	0.226 (11)	
H22A	0.454473	0.595840	0.095993	0.339*	
H22B	0.513178	0.539042	0.125400	0.339*	
H22C	0.589497	0.583392	0.221952	0.339*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
U1	0.0615 (2)	0.04146 (17)	0.0673 (2)	0.00267 (10)	-0.01179 (13)	-0.00574 (11)
O6	0.059 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.122 (5)	0.009 (2)	-0.018 (3)	-0.019 (3)
O7	0.111 (5)	0.051 (3)	0.085 (4)	0.005 (3)	-0.023 (3)	-0.006 (3)
O4	0.056 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.121 (5)	-0.006 (2)	-0.022 (3)	0.006 (3)
O2	0.143 (7)	0.072 (5)	0.064 (4)	0.009 (4)	-0.002 (4)	-0.002 (3)
01	0.117 (6)	0.073 (4)	0.061 (4)	-0.010 (3)	0.009 (4)	-0.015 (3)
O3	0.075 (4)	0.068 (4)	0.122 (6)	0.016 (3)	-0.013 (4)	0.009 (4)
O5	0.074 (4)	0.056 (4)	0.166 (8)	0.002 (3)	-0.038 (4)	-0.030 (4)
C17	0.058 (4)	0.053 (4)	0.048 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C16	0.059 (4)	0.048 (4)	0.058 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C19	0.056 (5)	0.062 (5)	0.063 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.007 (4)	-0.014 (4)
C18	0.044 (4)	0.058 (5)	0.086 (6)	0.000 (3)	0.002 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C6	0.056 (5)	0.083 (6)	0.053 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.009 (3)	-0.004 (4)
C7	0.058 (5)	0.061 (5)	0.063 (5)	0.001 (4)	-0.003 (4)	-0.002 (4)
C11	0.073 (5)	0.057 (5)	0.085 (6)	-0.008 (4)	0.007 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C9	0.082 (7)	0.080 (7)	0.077 (6)	0.017 (5)	-0.003 (5)	-0.003 (5)
C20	0.054 (5)	0.097 (7)	0.109 (8)	-0.025 (5)	0.013 (5)	-0.029 (6)
C15	0.068 (5)	0.066 (5)	0.086 (6)	0.017 (4)	0.013 (4)	0.005 (5)
C8	0.059 (5)	0.088 (7)	0.088 (7)	0.020 (5)	-0.019 (5)	-0.002 (6)
C5	0.078 (7)	0.114 (9)	0.090 (7)	-0.029 (6)	0.003 (5)	-0.003 (6)
C12	0.098 (7)	0.048 (5)	0.134 (9)	-0.016 (5)	0.022 (6)	-0.015 (6)
C1	0.069 (5)	0.074 (6)	0.093 (6)	-0.011 (5)	0.011 (5)	-0.010 (5)
C14	0.106 (8)	0.069 (7)	0.118 (9)	0.041 (6)	0.027 (7)	0.027 (6)
C13	0.134 (9)	0.047 (5)	0.119 (9)	0.012 (6)	0.050 (7)	0.012 (6)
C4	0.088 (8)	0.139 (11)	0.098 (8)	-0.050 (8)	0.009 (6)	-0.018 (8)
C2	0.107 (8)	0.078 (7)	0.132 (10)	-0.023 (6)	0.039 (7)	-0.011 (7)
C3	0.116 (9)	0.102 (9)	0.101 (9)	-0.061 (7)	0.049 (7)	-0.036 (7)
C10	0.102 (7)	0.086 (7)	0.132 (9)	0.051 (6)	-0.026 (7)	-0.011 (7)
C21	0.24 (2)	0.151 (14)	0.102 (11)	-0.078 (13)	0.038 (12)	-0.012 (10)

supporting information

C22	0.154 (19)	0.30 (3)	0.23 (2)	-0.022 (15)	0.046 (17)	-0.070 (19)
Geomet	ric parameters (.	Å, °)				
U1—0	6	2.31	7 (5)	C20—H20B		0.9600
U1—0′	7	2.45	58 (5)	C20—H20C		0.9600
U1	4	2.30	08 (5)	C15—H15		0.9300
U1-02	2	1.77	79 (8)	C15—C14		1.374 (12)
U1-0	1	1.75	59 (7)	C8—H8		0.9300
U1-02	3	2.35	58 (7)	С5—Н5		0.9300
U1-03	5	2.30	59 (7)	C5—C4		1.376 (15)
06—C	17	1.27	79 (8)	C12—H12		0.9300
07—Н′	7	0.85	54 (10)	C12—C13		1.371 (14)
O7—C2	21	1.54	14 (15)	C1—H1		0.9300
04—C	7	1.24	46 (8)	C1—C2		1.371 (12)
O3—C9	9	1.25	53 (10)	C14—H14		0.9300
O5—C	19	1.20	50 (10)	C14—C13		1.354 (14)
C17—C	216	1.49	90 (10)	С13—Н13		0.9300
C17—C	C18	1.38	39 (10)	C4—H4		0.9300
C16—C	C11	1.37	74 (11)	C4—C3		1.339 (16)
C16—C	C15	1.38	38 (10)	C2—H2		0.9300
C19—C	C18	1.37	73 (11)	C2—C3		1.338 (15)
C19—C	220	1.48	34 (11)	С3—Н3		0.9300
C18—H	H18	0.93	300	C10—H10A		0.9600
C6—C7	7	1.48	31 (11)	C10—H10B		0.9600
C6—C5	5	1.38	38 (11)	C10—H10C		0.9600
C6—C1	l	1.30	66 (12)	C21—H21A		0.9700
C7—C8	3	1.41	4 (12)	C21—H21B		0.9700
C11—H	H11	0.93	300	C21—C22		1.482 (9)
C11—C	212	1.37	70 (12)	C22—H22A		0.9600
C9—C8	3	1.30	50 (14)	C22—H22B		0.9600
C9—C1	10	1.50	02 (12)	C22—H22C		0.9600
C20—H	120A	0.96	500			
06—U	1—07	141	.3 (2)	C19—C20—H20	0B	109.5
06—U	1—03	146	.3 (2)	C19—C20—H20	0C	109.5
06—U	1—05	70.6	51 (19)	Н20А—С20—Н	I20B	109.5
04—U	1—06	75.2	28 (18)	Н20А—С20—Н	120C	109.5
04—U	1—07	143	.4 (2)	Н20В—С20—Н	20C	109.5
04—U	1—03	71.2	2 (2)	C16—C15—H1:	5	120.1
04—U	1—05	145	.3 (2)	C14—C15—C16	6	119.8 (9)
02—U	1—06	93.2	2 (3)	C14—C15—H1:	5	120.1
02—U	1—07	88.4	4 (3)	С7—С8—Н8		117.6
02—U	1—04	89.1	(3)	C9—C8—C7		124.8 (8)
02—U	1—03	89.7	7 (3)	С9—С8—Н8		117.6
02—U	1—05	86.5	5 (4)	C6—C5—H5		119.3
01—U	1—06	88.8	3 (3)	C4—C5—C6		121.4 (11)
01—U	1—07	89.0) (2)	C4—C5—H5		119.3

01 111 04	02.0 (2)	G11 G12 H12	100.0
01_01_04	93.0 (3)	CII_CI2_HI2	120.2
01 - 01 - 02	1//.4(3)	C12 - C12 - C13	119.7 (9)
01-01-03	89.6 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.2
01-01-05	92.6 (3)	C6—C1—H1	118.9
03—01—07	72.3 (2)	C6—C1—C2	122.2 (9)
O3—U1—O5	143.1 (2)	C2—C1—H1	118.9
O5—U1—O7	70.9 (2)	C15—C14—H14	119.7
C17—O6—U1	140.2 (5)	C13—C14—C15	120.5 (9)
U1—O7—H7	115.4 (16)	C13—C14—H14	119.7
C21—O7—U1	135.6 (7)	C12—C13—H13	119.8
С21—О7—Н7	107.4 (17)	C14—C13—C12	120.3 (9)
C7—O4—U1	140.5 (6)	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C9—O3—U1	136.3 (6)	C5—C4—H4	119.9
C19—O5—U1	137.9 (5)	C3—C4—C5	120.3 (11)
O6—C17—C16	116.3 (6)	C3—C4—H4	119.9
O6—C17—C18	121.1 (7)	C1—C2—H2	119.8
C18—C17—C16	122.6 (7)	C3—C2—C1	120.3 (12)
C11—C16—C17	119.6 (7)	C3—C2—H2	119.8
C11—C16—C15	118.8 (7)	С4—С3—Н3	120.0
C15—C16—C17	121.6 (7)	C2—C3—C4	120.0 (11)
O5—C19—C18	122.6 (8)	С2—С3—Н3	120.0
O5—C19—C20	115.3 (8)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C18—C19—C20	122.0 (8)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C17—C18—H18	116.5	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C19 - C18 - C17	1269(7)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C19 - C18 - H18	116.5	H10A - C10 - H10C	109.5
$C_{5}-C_{6}-C_{7}$	124 4 (9)	H10B-C10-H10C	109.5
$C_1 - C_6 - C_7$	1197(7)	07 - C21 - H21A	109.9
C1 - C6 - C5	115.8 (9)	07 - C21 - H21B	109.9
04-07-06	115.0(7)	$H_{21} = C_{21} = H_{21} B$	109.9
04 - 07 - 08	121.8 (8)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100.5 100.0(17)
C^{8} C^{7} C^{6}	121.0(0) 122.3(7)	$C_{22} = C_{21} = 07$	109.0 (17)
$C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{0}$	122.3 (7)	C_{22} C_{21} H_{21R}	109.9
C_{10} C_{11} C_{14}	119.0	C_{22} C_{21} C_{22} U_{22A}	109.9
$C_{12} = C_{11} = C_{10}$	120.8 (9)	C_{21} C_{22} H_{22} H_{22}	109.5
	119.0	C_{21} C_{22} H_{22D}	109.5
03 - 09 - 08	125.5 (9)	U_{21} — U_{22} — $H_{22}U_{22}$	109.5
03 - 09 - 010	114.9 (9)	H22A—C22—H22B	109.5
$C_8 = C_9 = C_{10}$	119.8 (9)	H22A—C22—H22C	109.5
C19—C20—H20A	109.5	H22B—C22—H22C	109.5
	170 (()		12 4 (12)
UI	-1/9.6 (6)	C18—C17—C16—C15	13.4 (12)
UI	0.3 (13)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-179.4 (9)
U1—O7—C21—C22	-90.4 (15)	C6—C5—C4—C3	0.4 (18)
U1	177.7 (6)	C6-C1-C2-C3	0.2 (16)
U1-04-C7-C8	-2.2 (16)	C7—C6—C5—C4	177.2 (9)
U1—O3—C9—C8	-5.2 (17)	C7—C6—C1—C2	-177.7 (9)
U1—O3—C9—C10	176.2 (7)	C11—C16—C15—C14	-0.9 (13)
U1	-9.9 (17)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-2.4 (17)

U1O5C19C20 O6C17C16C11 O6C17C16C15 O6C17C18C19	172.1 (8) 12.1 (11) -166.8 (7) 4 2 (14)	C20—C19—C18—C17 C15—C16—C11—C12 C15—C14—C13—C12 C5—C6—C7—O4	178.2 (8) -0.8 (13) 0.7 (17) -170 7 (8)
O4—C7—C8—C9	0.5 (17)	C5-C6-C7-C8	9.2 (14)
O3—C9—C8—C7	3.0 (19)	C5—C6—C1—C2	-1.2 (14)
O5-C19-C18-C17	0.3 (15)	C5—C4—C3—C2	-1.5 (19)
C17—C16—C11—C12	-179.7 (9)	C1—C6—C7—O4	5.5 (12)
C17—C16—C15—C14	178.0 (8)	C1—C6—C7—C8	-174.5 (9)
C16—C17—C18—C19	-176.0 (8)	C1—C6—C5—C4	0.9 (14)
C16—C11—C12—C13	2.5 (15)	C1—C2—C3—C4	1.2 (18)
C16—C15—C14—C13	1.0 (15)	C10—C9—C8—C7	-178.4 (10)
C18—C17—C16—C11	-167.8 (8)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
<u>O7</u> —H7…O2 ⁱ	0.86 (6)	2.44 (5)	3.246 (10)	158 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.