



Received 15 September 2025

Accepted 10 October 2025

Edited by C. Schulzke, Universität Greifswald, Germany

Gold complexes with amine ligands (and related compounds), Part 20. Part 19: Döring &amp; Jones (2025b).

**Keywords:** crystal structure; tetrahalogenidoaurate(III); hydrogen bond; halogen bond; coinage bond; halogen... $\pi$  contact.

**CCDC references:** 2145217; 2145214; 2145215; 2145213; 2145230; 2145210; 2145209

**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

# Crystal structures of *trans*-dibromidobis(4-picoline)-gold(III) tetrabromidoaurate(III) nitromethane monosolvate, bis(2-picolinium) tetrabromidoaurate(III) bromide, and five salts of the type picolinium or lutidinium tetrahalogenidoaurate(III)

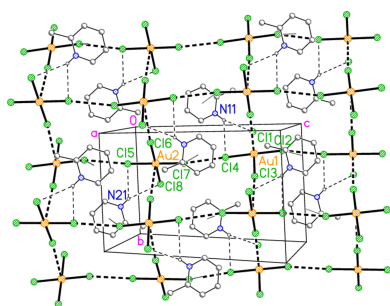
Cindy Döring and Peter G. Jones\*

Institut für Anorganische und Analytische Chemie, Technische Universität Braunschweig, Hagenring 30, D-38106 Braunschweig, Germany. \*Correspondence e-mail: p.jones@tu-braunschweig.de

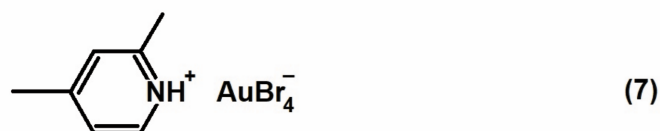
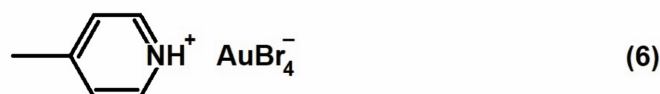
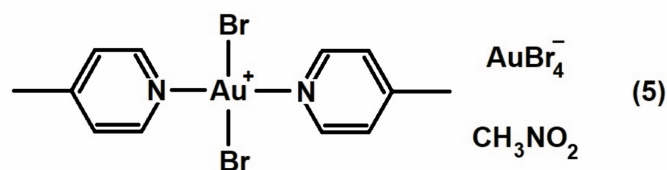
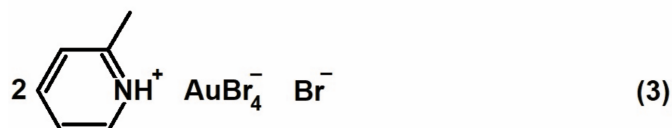
2-Picolinium tetrachloridoaurate(III),  $(C_6H_8N)[AuCl_4]$  or  $(2-PicH)[AuCl_4]$ , **1**, and 2-picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III),  $(C_6H_8N)[AuBr_4]$  or  $(2-PicH)[AuBr_4]$ , **2**, both crystallize in the space group  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 4$ , but are not isotypic. Bis(2-picolinium) tetrabromidoaurate(III) bromide,  $(C_6H_8N)_2[AuBr_4]Br$  or  $(2-PicH)_2[AuBr_4]Br$ , **3**, crystallizes in the space group  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 2$ . All atoms of **1–3** lie on general positions. 3-Picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III),  $(C_6H_8N)[AuCl_4]$  or  $(3-PicH)[AuBr_4]$ , **4**, crystallizes in the space group  $P2_1/c$  with  $Z = 4$ ; the two independent anions each display inversion symmetry. *trans*-Dibromidobis(4-picoline)gold(III) tetrabromidoaurate(III) nitromethane monosolvate,  $[AuBr_2(C_6H_7N)_2](AuBr_4) \cdot CH_3NO_2$  or  $[(4-Pic)_2AuBr_2](AuBr_4) \cdot CH_3NO_2$ , **5**, and 4-picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III),  $(C_6H_8N)[AuBr_4]$  or  $(4-PicH)[AuBr_4]$ , **6**, both crystallize in the space group  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 2$ ; both involve two independent anions with inversion symmetry. 2,4-Lutidinium tetrabromidoaurate(III),  $(C_7H_{10}N)[AuBr_4]$  or  $(2,4-LutH)[AuBr_4]$ , **7**, crystallizes in the space group  $P2_12_12_1$  with  $Z = 4$ . All the gold(III) species show the expected square-planar geometry. The main interest centres on the packing patterns. In **1**, hydrogen bonds,  $Cl \cdots Cl$  contacts, axial  $Au \cdots Cl$  contacts ('coinage bonds') and  $Cl \cdots \pi$  contacts combine to form layers parallel to (101). In **2**, similar contacts (but involving Br) link the residues to form corrugated layers parallel to the *ac* plane. In **3**, classical hydrogen bonds,  $Br \cdots Br$  contacts and a coinage bond, all involving the free bromide ion, combine to produce rings of composition  $Au_2Br_4$ , which are then linked by another  $Br \cdots Br$  contact, to form chains of residues parallel to  $[01\bar{1}]$ . In **4**, hydrogen bonds and a  $Br \cdots Br$  contact generate chains of residues parallel to  $[101]$ , which are in turn linked by a  $Br \cdots \pi$  contact. In **5**,  $Br \cdots Br$  contacts and coinage bonds link the anions and cations to form a corrugated layer structure parallel to the *ac* plane, involving six-membered  $Au_2Br_4$  and ten-membered  $Au_4Br_6$  rings. A similar combination of contacts in **6** leads to a layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane, also involving a pattern of six- and ten-membered rings topologically analogous to that of **5**. However, the angles in the rings of the two layers differ appreciably, and **6** also contains a short  $Br \cdots \pi$  contact. In **7**, a hydrogen bond combines with a coinage bond to produce a ribbon of residues parallel to the *a* axis. Three further, longer and perhaps borderline,  $Br \cdots Br$  and  $Br \cdots Cg$  contacts link the ribbons to form a three-dimensional pattern.

## 1. Chemical context

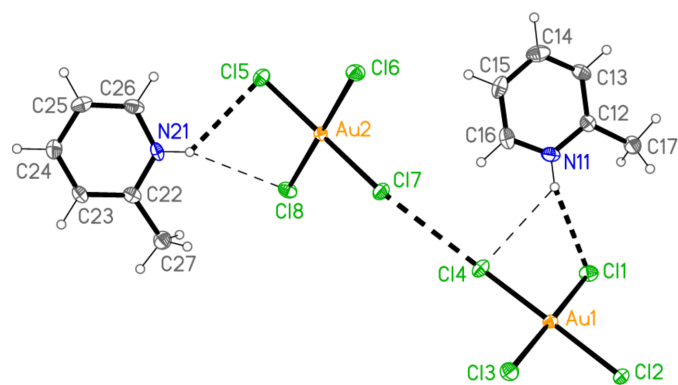
In this series of publications, we have structurally investigated several classes of amine complexes of gold(I) and gold(III) halides, whereby the term 'amine' has been used loosely to include azaaromatics; several tetrahalogenidoaurate(III) salts of protonated amines have also been included. The previous



part (Part 19; Döring & Jones, 2025*b*) presented some 3,5-lutidine derivatives; general comments given there apply to the current paper as well. Background material was given in Parts 18 and (especially) 12 of this series (Döring & Jones, 2025*a*, 2023).



Here we present the structures of the following picoline (methylpyridine, abbreviated to Pic) or lutidine (dimethylpyridine, abbreviated to Lut) derivatives: 2-picolinium tetrachloridoaurate(III), (2-PicH)[AuCl<sub>4</sub>], **1** and tetrabromoaurate(III), (2-PicH)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>], **2**; bis(2-picolinium) tetrabromoaurate(III) bromide, (2-PicH)<sub>2</sub>[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]Br, **3**; 3-picolinium tetrabromoaurate(III), (3-PicH)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>], **4**; *trans*-dibromidobis(4-picoline)gold(III) tetrabromoaurate(III) nitromethane monosolvate, [(4-Pic)<sub>2</sub>AuBr<sub>2</sub>](AuBr<sub>4</sub>)(CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>), **5**; 4-picolinium tetrabromoaurate(III), (4-PicH)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>], **6** and 2,4-lutidinium tetrabromoaurate(III), (2,4-LutH)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>], **7**.



**Figure 1**

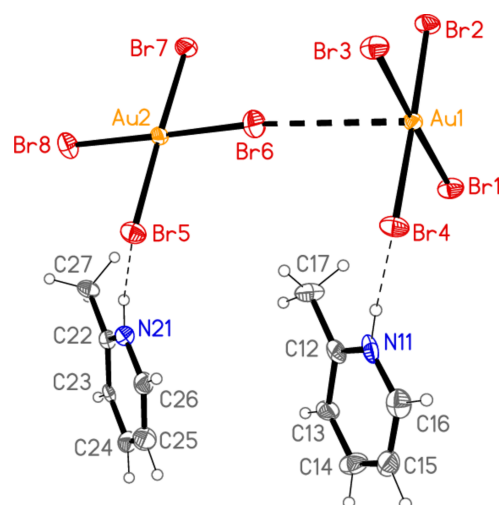
The asymmetric unit of compound **1** in the crystal. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% level for all structures. Dashed lines indicate Cl...Cl contacts or the shorter components of three-centre hydrogen bonds (thick) or the longer such components (thin).

## 2. Structural commentary

All compounds except the nitromethane solvate **5** crystallize solvent-free. In the Figures (Figs. 1–7), the asymmetric units have been extended by symmetry where necessary to show complete residues; the dashed lines indicate short contacts, which are discussed in *Supramolecular features*. All ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% level. Selected molecular dimensions are shown in Tables 1–7.

Compounds **1** and **2** both crystallize in  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 4$  but are not isotopic. Compound **3** crystallizes in  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 2$ . All atoms of **1–3** lie on general positions. Compound **4** crystallizes in  $P2_1/c$  with  $Z = 4$ ; there are two independent anions, each with inversion symmetry. Compounds **5** and **6** crystallize in  $P\bar{1}$  with  $Z = 2$ ; both involve two independent anions, each with inversion symmetry. Compound **7** crystallizes in  $P2_12_12_1$  with  $Z = 4$ .

All the gold(III) species show the expected square-planar geometry. The tetrahalogenidoaurate(III) anions are close to



**Figure 2**

The asymmetric unit of compound **2** in the crystal. Dashed lines indicate an Au...Br contact (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin).

**Table 1**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **1**.

Au1—Cl2	2.2752 (10)	Au2—Cl7	2.2737 (10)
Au1—Cl3	2.2814 (10)	Au2—Cl5	2.2832 (11)
Au1—Cl4	2.2827 (10)	Au2—Cl6	2.2851 (10)
Au1—Cl1	2.2837 (10)	Au2—Cl8	2.2852 (10)
Cl2—Au1—Cl3	89.73 (4)	Cl7—Au2—Cl6	89.60 (4)
Cl2—Au1—Cl4	179.35 (4)	Cl5—Au2—Cl6	90.19 (4)
Cl3—Au1—Cl4	90.13 (4)	Cl7—Au2—Cl8	90.69 (4)
Cl2—Au1—Cl1	90.81 (4)	Cl5—Au2—Cl8	89.52 (4)
Cl3—Au1—Cl1	177.95 (4)	Cl6—Au2—Cl8	179.31 (4)
Cl4—Au1—Cl1	89.35 (4)	Cl6—N11—Cl12	123.5 (4)
Cl7—Au2—Cl5	179.62 (4)	C26—N21—C22	123.8 (4)

**Table 2**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **2**.

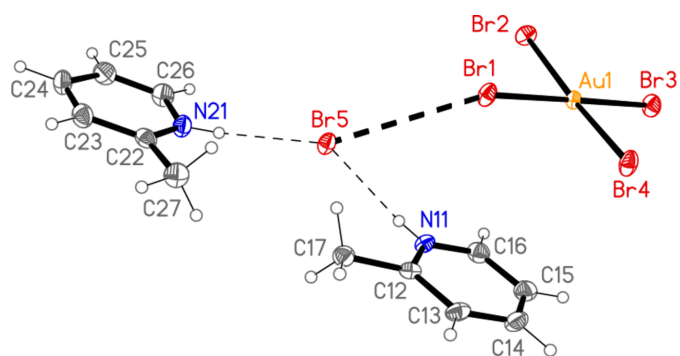
Au1—Br2	2.4157 (12)	Au2—Br7	2.4135 (13)
Au1—Br3	2.4235 (11)	Au2—Br6	2.4206 (13)
Au1—Br1	2.4283 (11)	Au2—Br8	2.4215 (12)
Au1—Br4	2.4290 (12)	Au2—Br5	2.4253 (12)
Br2—Au1—Br3	90.20 (4)	Br7—Au2—Br8	90.20 (5)
Br2—Au1—Br1	90.21 (4)	Br6—Au2—Br8	177.40 (5)
Br3—Au1—Br1	178.16 (5)	Br7—Au2—Br5	177.75 (5)
Br2—Au1—Br4	178.64 (5)	Br6—Au2—Br5	89.33 (4)
Br3—Au1—Br4	89.88 (4)	Br8—Au2—Br5	89.98 (4)
Br1—Au1—Br4	89.75 (4)	Cl2—N11—Cl16	124.1 (10)

**Table 3**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **3**.

Au1—Br1	2.4206 (4)	Au1—Br3	2.4243 (4)
Au1—Br4	2.4232 (4)	Au1—Br2	2.4314 (4)
Br1—Au1—Br4	90.687 (14)	Br4—Au1—Br2	175.465 (16)
Br1—Au1—Br3	177.503 (16)	Br3—Au1—Br2	89.255 (15)
Br4—Au1—Br3	91.130 (15)	C16—N11—Cl12	124.4 (4)
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.069 (14)	C22—N21—C26	124.5 (4)

**Table 4**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **4**.

Au1—Br1	2.4241 (6)	Au2—Br3	2.4207 (6)
Au1—Br2	2.4284 (6)	Au2—Br4	2.4251 (6)
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1	180.0	Br3—Au2—Br4	90.11 (2)
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.68 (2)	Br3—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	89.89 (2)
Br1—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	90.33 (2)	Br4—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0
Br2—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	Cl12—N11—Cl16	123.5 (6)
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br3	180.0		



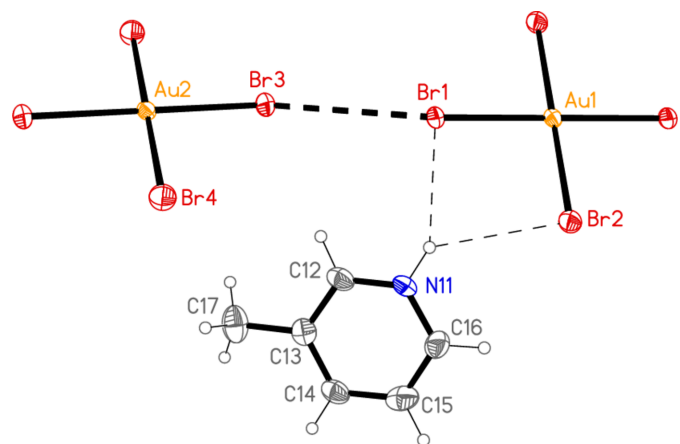
**Figure 3**  
The asymmetric unit of compound **3** in the crystal. Dashed lines indicate a Br...Br contact (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin).

**Table 5**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **5**.

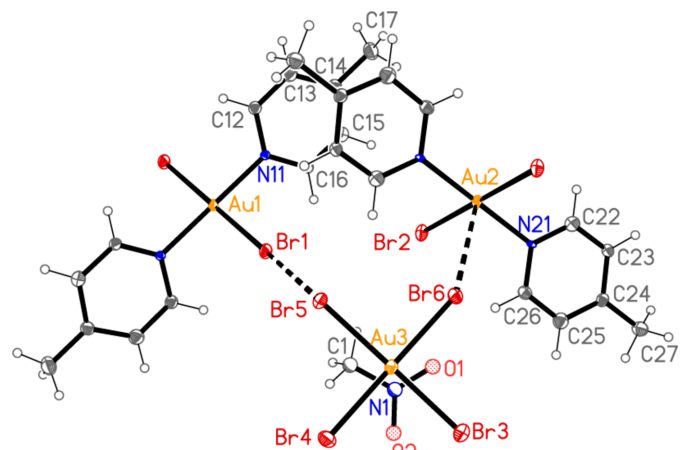
Au1—N11	2.032 (8)	Au3—Br3	2.4130 (12)
Au1—Br1	2.4220 (10)	Au3—Br4	2.4201 (12)
Au2—N21	2.019 (8)	Au3—Br6	2.4257 (12)
Au2—Br2	2.4214 (11)	Au3—Br5	2.4258 (12)
N11 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—N11	180.0	Br4—Au3—Br6	176.54 (5)
N11—Au1—Br1	89.7 (2)	Br3—Au3—Br5	176.38 (4)
N11—Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	90.3 (2)	Br4—Au3—Br5	90.39 (4)
Br1—Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	Br6—Au3—Br5	89.81 (4)
N21 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—N21	180.0 (4)	C16—N11—Cl12	120.3 (9)
N21—Au2—Br2	90.3 (2)	C16—N11—Au1	120.8 (7)
N21—Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	89.7 (2)	C12—N11—Au1	118.9 (6)
Br2—Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0	C22—N21—C26	119.5 (9)
Br3—Au3—Br4	89.83 (4)	C22—N21—Au2	120.9 (7)
Br3—Au3—Br6	90.19 (4)	C26—N21—Au2	119.5 (7)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

the expected  $4/mmm$  local symmetry, whereby the Au—Br bond lengths lie in the range 2.4130 (12)–2.4340 (6) Å and the largest deviations from 90 and 180° angles are 1.1 and 4.5°,



**Figure 4**  
The asymmetric unit of compound **4** in the crystal, extended by symmetry to form complete anions. Dashed lines indicate a Br...Br contact (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin).



**Figure 5**  
The asymmetric unit of compound **5** in the crystal, extended by symmetry to form complete cations. Dashed lines indicate Au...Br or Br...Br contacts. The solvent molecule is drawn as spherical atoms of arbitrary radius.

**Table 6**  
 Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **6**.

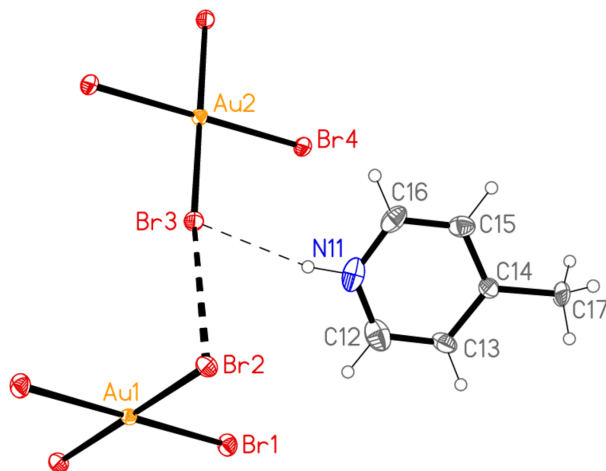
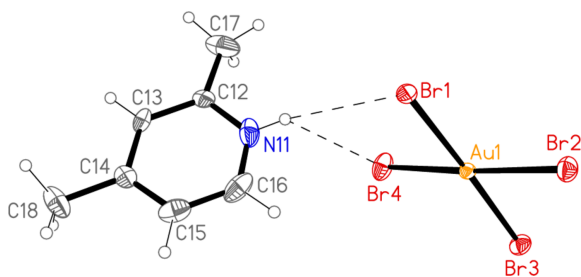
Au1—Br1	2.4240 (6)	Au2—Br3	2.4282 (6)
Au1—Br2	2.4282 (6)	Au2—Br4	2.4340 (6)
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1	180.0	Br3—Au2—Br4	90.21 (2)
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.23 (2)	Br3—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	89.79 (2)
Br1—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	90.77 (2)	Br4—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0
Br2—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	C12—N11—C16	122.9 (7)
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br3	180.0 (3)		

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 2$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 2$ .

**Table 7**  
 Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for **7**.

Au1—Br2	2.4151 (7)	Au1—Br3	2.4247 (7)
Au1—Br4	2.4217 (7)	Au1—Br1	2.4310 (7)
Br2—Au1—Br4	175.99 (3)	Br4—Au1—Br1	89.69 (2)
Br2—Au1—Br3	89.73 (2)	Br3—Au1—Br1	177.57 (3)
Br4—Au1—Br3	90.40 (3)	C16—N11—C12	124.0 (7)
Br2—Au1—Br1	90.35 (2)		

respectively. In the cation of compound **5**, the Au—N and Au—Br bond lengths are, as expected, similar to those of the *trans*-[(3,5-Lut)<sub>2</sub>AuBr<sub>2</sub>] cation in its tribromide salt [Au—N 2.025 (2) and Au—Br 2.4174 (3) in the first and Au—N 2.020 (4), 2.032 (4), Au—Br 2.4090 (4) Å in the second poly-


**Figure 6**  
 The asymmetric unit of compound **6** in the crystal, extended by symmetry to form complete anions. Dashed lines indicate a hydrogen bond (thin) or a Br...Br contact (thick).

**Figure 7**  
 The asymmetric unit of compound **7** in the crystal. Dashed lines indicate a three-centre hydrogen-bond system.

**Table 8**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **1**.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N11—H01...C11	0.88 (3)	2.66 (3)	3.510 (4)	163 (4)
N11—H01...C14	0.88 (3)	2.96 (4)	3.562 (4)	127 (3)
N21—H02...C15	0.87 (3)	2.77 (3)	3.421 (3)	132 (3)
N21—H02...C18	0.87 (3)	2.93 (3)	3.756 (4)	159 (3)
C13—H13...C14 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.88	3.756 (4)	154
C13—H13...C17 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.639 (4)	129
C16—H16...C14	0.95	2.83	3.505 (5)	129
C16—H16...C17	0.95	2.74	3.621 (4)	154
C17—H17C...C17 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.86	3.691 (4)	144
C23—H23...C15 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.88	3.803 (4)	164
C25—H25...C13 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.93	3.811 (5)	156
C26—H26...C12 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.72	3.635 (4)	161
C26—H26...C15	0.95	2.88	3.484 (5)	123
C27—H27B...C12 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.87	3.841 (4)	170

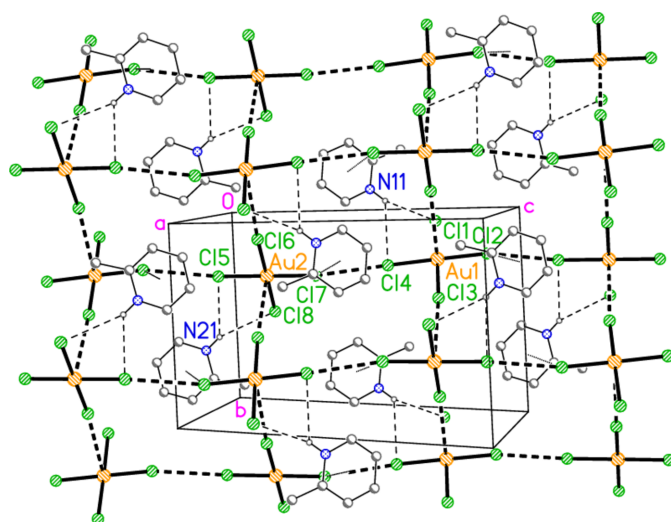
 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y - 1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (iv)  $x + 1, y, z - 1$ ; (v)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

morph; Döring & Jones, 2025b]. The angles between the gold(III) coordination plane and the picoline ring plane of **5** are 56.4 (2)° in the first cation and 58.3 (2)° in the second. The C—N—C angles of the lutidine ligands in **5** are close to 120°, whereas the corresponding angles of the picolinium and lutidinium cations in **1–4**, **6** and **7** lie in the range 122.9 (7)–124.9 (11)°.

### 3. Supramolecular features

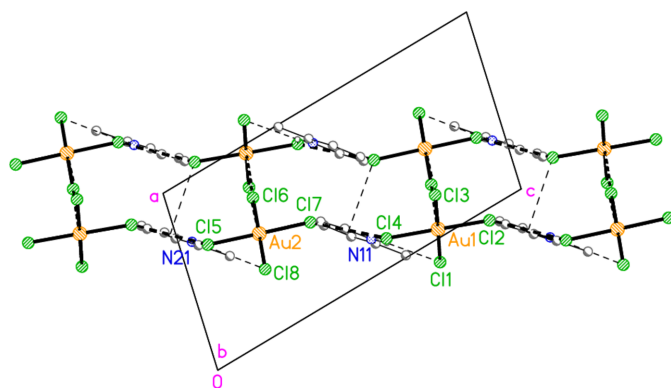
In the packing diagrams, atom labels indicate atoms of the asymmetric unit. Hydrogen atoms of the ring CH groups are omitted; we subjectively assess the C—H...halogen contacts to be less important than N—H...halogen (except perhaps for the sole chloride derivative **1**; see below). Clearly, there is an implicit contradiction in the description of packing in terms of a few selected contacts and the fact that the packing energies almost certainly involve significant contributions from a much larger number of van der Waals contacts such as H...H [*cf.* the comments of Dance (2003)]. In the text, primes (') indicate previously defined or generalized symmetry operators. Hydrogen bonds are listed in Tables 7–14. The rings are numbered with respect to the first digit of the nitrogen atom numbers; thus ring 2 is based on the nitrogen atom N21. The abbreviation 'Cgn' refers to the centre of gravity of the ring *n*. For many contact types, there was no clear cutoff distance for a 'significant' contact/interaction, and some borderline cases were arbitrarily omitted for clarity; some of these are commented on explicitly below.

Our recent investigations have analysed packing patterns in terms of secondary interactions such as hydrogen bonds, halogen bonds [for reviews see *e.g.* Cavallo *et al.* (2016) or Metrangolo *et al.* (2008)] or coinage bonds [a recent formalization, in terms of  $\pi$  holes at the gold atom, of the axial contacts to square-planar gold(III) centres; Daolio *et al.* (2021) and Pizzi *et al.*, 2022)]. Less common features (Döring & Jones, 2025b) are the mixed stacking of aromatic rings and tetrahalogenidoaurate ions, and contacts of the type halogen... $\pi$  (which may be regarded as a special form of halogen bond).


**Figure 8**

Packing diagram of compound **1**, viewed perpendicular to (101). Dashed lines indicate Cl...Cl or Au...Cl contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin). The Cl... $\pi$  contacts are shown as faint dotted lines (although some are obscured in this view direction, as are the labelled atoms Cl2 and Cl7).

The asymmetric unit of compound **1** (Fig. 1) was chosen to include the two asymmetric three-centre hydrogen-bond systems of the type N—H...Cl, together with the short contact Cl4...Cl7 [3.3947 (13) Å, with angles Au1—Cl4...Cl7 = 157.89 (5) and Au2—Cl7...Cl4 = 154.42 (4)°]. Another such contact is Cl2...Cl5(−1 + *x*, *y*, 1 + *z*) [3.4586 (14) Å, with Au1—Cl2...Cl5' = 153.16 (4) and Au2—Cl5...Cl2' = 152.76 (5)°]. These combine with the short axial contacts (coinage bonds) Au1...Cl6(1 − *x*, −*y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.5947 (10) and Au2...Cl3(1 − *x*, 1 − *y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.3963 (10) Å to form a layer structure parallel to (101) (Fig. 8). The Cl...Cl linkages run horizontally in Fig. 8, parallel to [10 $\bar{1}$ ], whereas the coinage bonds link the anions vertically (parallel to the *b* axis). The structure also involves a considerable number of 'weak' C—H...Cl hydrogen bonds, notably the three-centre system H16...(Cl4, Cl7) and one component of the double-acceptor system (H02, H26)...Cl5 within the asymmetric unit, but these are not included in Fig. 1 or Fig. 8.


**Figure 9**

The packing of compound **1** projected parallel to the *b* axis (same atoms as in Fig. 8), showing the linking role of the Cl... $\pi$  interactions.

**Table 9**

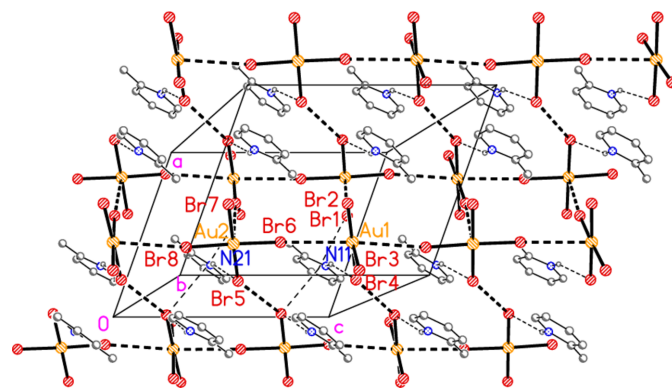
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **2**.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N11—H01...Br4	0.88	2.62	3.422 (9)	153
N21—H02...Br5	0.88	2.60	3.369 (10)	147
C13—H13...Br2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.10	3.783 (11)	131
C16—H16...Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.870 (11)	162
C17—H17A...Br1	0.98	3.04	3.800 (11)	136
C17—H17A...Br6 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.11	3.796 (10)	128
C17—H17C...Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.706 (11)	127
C23—H23...Br7 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.11	3.765 (11)	128
C25—H25...Br3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.95	3.894 (13)	171
C26—H26...Br5 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.86	3.811 (13)	177
C27—H27A...Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.08	3.940 (13)	147
C27—H27B...Br4 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.994 (13)	169
C27—H27C...Br8 <sup>vi</sup>	0.98	3.05	3.814 (13)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y* − 1, *z*; (ii) −*x*, −*y* + 1, −*z* + 2; (iii) −*x* + 1, −*y* + 1, −*z* + 1; (iv) −*x*, −*y* + 1, −*z* + 1; (v) *x*, *y*, *z* − 1; (vi) −*x* + 1, −*y* + 1, −*z*.

The chlorine atoms Cl2 and Cl7 are also involved in the short Cl... $\pi$  contacts Cl2...Cg2(1 − *x*, 1 − *y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.398 (2) and Cl7...Cg1(1 − *x*, −*y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.399 (2) Å, with Au—Cl...Cg angles of 121.3 and 117.5°, respectively. Fig. 9 shows the layer of Fig. 8 viewed from the side (parallel to the *b* axis), showing the appreciable thickness of the layers and the linking role of the Cl... $\pi$  contacts. The significantly longer contacts Cl1...Cg1(−*x*, −*y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.673 (2) and Cl5...Cg2(1 − *x*, 1 − *y*, −*z*) = 3.695 (2) Å may play a minor structural role in linking the layers, but have been omitted from the packing diagrams.

The asymmetric unit of compound **2** (Fig. 2) was chosen to contain the two classical hydrogen bonds of the type N—H...Br and the coinage bond Au1...Br6 [3.6926 (13) Å]. There are also two further such contacts [Au1...Br8(*x*, *y*, 1 + *z*) = 3.7660 (12) and Au2...Br1(1 − *x*, 1 − *y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.5899 (11) Å] and two short bromine-bromine contacts [Br4...Br4(−*x*, 1 − *y*, 2 − *z*) = 3.576 (2) Å, with Au1—Br4...Br4' = 146.85 (6)°, and Br5...Br5(−*x*, 1 − *y*, 1 − *z*) = 3.622 (2) Å, with Au2—Br5...Br5' = 144.27 (6)°]. The two coinage bonds at Au1 link the anions to form chains parallel to the *c* axis, and these chains are cross-linked by the remaining contacts to form a layer structure parallel to the *ac*


**Figure 10**

The packing of compound **2**, viewed perpendicular to the *ac* plane. Dashed lines indicate Br...Br or Au...Br contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin). Four representative Br... $\pi$  interactions (involving the parent rings at N11 and N21) have also been included as thin dashed lines.

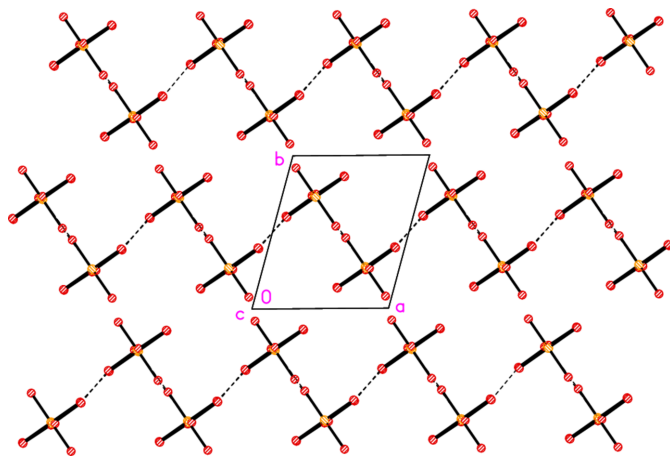
**Table 10**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **3**.

<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
N11–H01···Br5	0.80 (4)	2.43 (4)	3.225 (3)	172 (6)
N21–H02···Br5	0.80 (4)	2.39 (4)	3.191 (4)	173 (5)
C13–H13···Br1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.13	3.961 (4)	146
C15–H15···Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	3.07	3.941 (4)	152
C16–H16···Br1	0.95	3.08	3.614 (4)	117
C16–H16···Br5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.91	3.751 (4)	148
C17–H17B···Br1 <sup>i</sup>	0.98	2.99	3.932 (4)	162
C17–H17C···Br2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.02	3.758 (4)	133
C26–H26···Br2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.81	3.602 (4)	142
C27–H27A···Br3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.00	3.800 (5)	140

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y + 2, -z + 1$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ .

plane (Fig. 10). As for **1**, the layer also contains halogen··· $\pi$  contacts, namely  $\text{Br7} \cdots \text{Cg1}(1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) = 3.499$  (4) and  $\text{Br2} \cdots \text{Cg2}(1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) = 3.468$  (6) Å (with  $\text{Au} - \text{Br} \cdots \text{Cg}$  angles of 126.9 and 119.6°, respectively) and the somewhat longer  $\text{Br5} \cdots \text{Cg1}(-x, 1 - y, 1 - z) = 3.703$  (4) and  $\text{Br4} \cdots \text{Cg2}(-x, 1 - y, 1 - z) = 3.764$  (5) Å, all within the layer. To avoid overloading the packing diagram, just one of each contact (those involving the rings of the asymmetric unit) has been included explicitly. A projection of the structure parallel to the *c* axis (omitting  $\text{Br} \cdots \pi$  contacts; Fig. 11) shows the corrugated nature of the layers. The contacts  $\text{Br2} \cdots \text{Br2}(1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z) = 3.813$  (2) and  $\text{Br7} \cdots \text{Br7}(1 - x, 2 - y, -z) = 3.872$  (2) Å between the layers may be too long to be significant.

The asymmetric unit of compound **3** (Fig. 3) contains two classical  $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{Br}$  hydrogen bonds and the contact  $\text{Br1} \cdots \text{Br5}$  [3.7399 (6) Å, with  $\text{Au1} - \text{Br1} \cdots \text{Br5} = 150.30$  (2)°]; the free bromide ion  $\text{Br5}$  is involved in all three of these interactions. The coinage bond  $\text{Au1} \cdots \text{Br5}(-x, 2 - y, 1 - z) = 3.7451$  (5) Å] then leads to rings of composition  $\text{Au}_2\text{Br}_4$ , which are further linked by the contact  $\text{Br3} \cdots \text{Br3}(-x, 3 - y, -z) = 3.5948$  (8) Å, with  $\text{Au1} - \text{Br3} \cdots \text{Br3}' = 153.53$  (2)°, to form chains of residues parallel to  $[01\bar{1}]$  (Fig. 12).



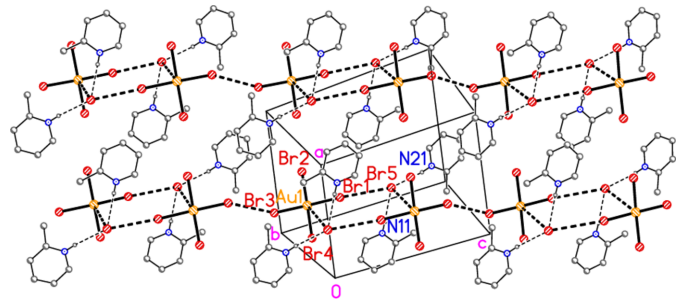
**Figure 11**  
A layer of compound **2**, projected parallel to the *c* axis. Cations and  $\text{Br} \cdots \pi$  interactions are omitted.

**Table 11**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **4**.

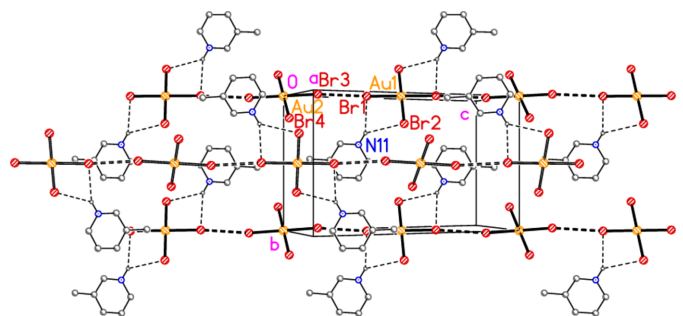
<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
N11–H01···Br1	0.93 (6)	2.61 (6)	3.432 (5)	149 (5)
N11–H01···Br2	0.93 (6)	2.84 (6)	3.539 (6)	134 (5)
C12–H12···Br3	0.95	2.93	3.874 (7)	175
C15–H15···Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.87	3.724 (7)	151
C16–H16···Br2	0.95	3.05	3.637 (7)	122
C16–H16···Br4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.93	3.726 (7)	143

Symmetry codes: (iii)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

The asymmetric unit of compound **4** (extended by symmetry to generate complete ions; Fig. 4) contains the three-centre hydrogen bond  $\text{N11} - \text{H01} \cdots (\text{Br1}, \text{Br2})$  and the contact  $\text{Br1} \cdots \text{Br3}$  [3.4957 (8) Å, with  $\text{Au1} - \text{Br1} \cdots \text{Br3} = 162.53$  (3) and  $\text{Au2} - \text{Br3} \cdots \text{Br1} = 155.20$  (3)°]. Together with the two inversion operators corresponding to the special positions of the gold atoms, this generates a chain of residues parallel to  $[101]$  in the region  $y \simeq 0$ . Three such chains are shown in Fig. 13. The linear moieties  $\text{Br2} - \text{Au1} - \text{Br2}'$  and  $\text{Br4} - \text{Au2} - \text{Br4}'$  are inclined to  $(10\bar{1})$  in the opposite sense for the central chain compared to the other two chains. Adjacent chains are linked by the  $\text{Br} \cdots \pi$  contact  $\text{Br1} \cdots \text{Cg}(1 - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z) = 3.528$  (2) Å, with  $\text{Au} - \text{Br} \cdots \text{Cg} = 111.5^\circ$ . The



**Figure 12**  
The packing of compound **3**, viewed perpendicular to  $(011)$ , showing chains of residues parallel to  $[01\bar{1}]$ . Dashed lines indicate  $\text{Au} \cdots \text{Br}$  and  $\text{Br} \cdots \text{Br}$  contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin).



**Figure 13**  
The packing of compound **4**, viewed perpendicular to  $(10\bar{1})$ , showing chains of residues parallel to  $[101]$ . Dashed lines indicate  $\text{Br} \cdots \text{Br}$  contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin). Contacts of the type  $\text{Br} \cdots \pi$  are not drawn explicitly, because they are almost parallel to the view direction; however, these can be recognized e.g. for the ring based on N11, from the ring centre to the bromine atom overlapped with the left-hand edge of this ring. This is a simplified view in which several borderline contacts are not included (see text).

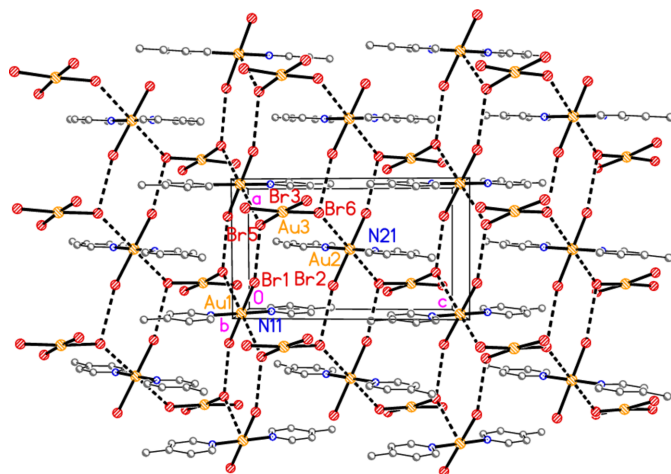
**Table 12**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **5**.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C12—H12···Br4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.99	3.771 (11)	141
C12—H12···Br5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	3.06	3.629 (10)	120
C13—H13···O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.54	3.240 (15)	131
C15—H15···Br2 <sup>v</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.802 (10)	149
C16—H16···Br6 <sup>vi</sup>	0.95	3.05	3.826 (10)	140
C22—H22···Br5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	3.04	3.766 (11)	135
C23—H23···Br1 <sup>vii</sup>	0.95	3.06	3.883 (9)	146
C26—H26···Br6	0.95	3.07	3.665 (10)	122
C26—H26···O1	0.95	2.39	3.235 (16)	147
C1—H1B···Br3 <sup>vi</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.737 (17)	130

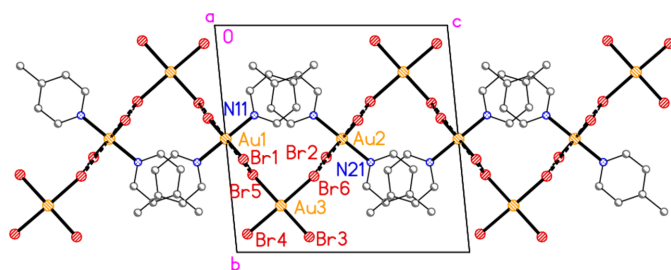
Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ ; (iv)  $x, y - 1, z$ ; (v)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (vi)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (vii)  $x, y, z + 1$ .

packing is further complicated by a series of borderline contacts: the coinage bonds  $Au1 \cdots Br4' = 3.8290$  (6) and  $Au2 \cdots Br2' = 3.8282$  (6) Å (operator  $1 - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ) and the contact  $Br2 \cdots Br4(x, \frac{1}{2} - y, \frac{1}{2} + z) = 3.8374$  (9) Å, which connect the anions to form a three-dimensional network. There is also a somewhat longer  $Br \cdots \pi$  contact, namely  $Br3 \cdots Cg(-x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z) = 3.767$  (2) Å.

The asymmetric unit of compound **5** consists of two half cations and one anion (Fig. 5), and includes the short contact  $Br1 \cdots Br5 [3.5058$  (14) Å, with  $Au1 - Br1 \cdots Br5 = 158.16$  (5) and  $Au3 - Br5 \cdots Br1 = 125.72$  (4)°] and the coinage bond  $Au2 \cdots Br6 = 3.3709$  (11) Å. Further contacts



**Figure 14**  
Packing diagram of compound **5** (without solvent), showing the layer structure parallel to the *ac* plane; the view direction is perpendicular to that plane. Thick dashed lines indicate  $Br \cdots Br$  or  $Au \cdots Br$  contacts.



**Figure 15**  
The packing of compound **5** projected parallel to the *a* axis, showing the corrugation of the layer.

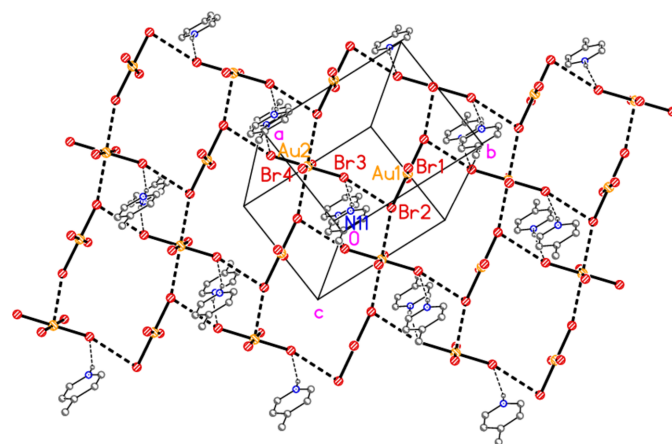
**Table 13**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **6**.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N11—H01···Br2	0.91 (11)	3.04 (10)	3.628 (7)	124 (8)
N11—H01···Br3	0.91 (11)	2.56 (11)	3.395 (7)	154 (9)
C12—H12···Br1	0.95	2.96	3.872 (8)	160
C15—H15···Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	3.07	3.764 (7)	132
C16—H16···Br2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.890 (7)	166
C13—H13···Br4 <sup>v</sup>	0.95	3.04	3.750 (6)	133

Symmetry codes: (iii)  $x, y - 1, z$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$ ; (v)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

$Br2 \cdots Br6(-1 + x, y, z) = 3.5407$  (15) Å [with  $Au2 - Br2 \cdots Br6' = 166.48$  (5) and  $Br2 \cdots Br6' - Au3' = 106.50$  (4)°] link the anions and cations to form a corrugated layer structure (Fig. 14) parallel to the *ac* plane, involving six-membered  $Au_2Br_4$  rings (with two  $Au - Br$  bonds from cations, two  $Au \cdots Br$  and two  $Br \cdots Br$  contacts) and ten-membered  $Au_4Br_6$  rings (with four  $Au - Br$  bonds from anions and two from cations, two  $Au \cdots Br$  and two  $Br \cdots Br$  contacts). The atoms  $Br5$  and  $Br6$  take part in both types of ring, and each has two short contacts ( $Au \cdots Br$  and  $Br \cdots Br$ ), thus attaining an approximately trigonal-planar geometry; *cf.* the unusually narrow  $Br \cdots Br - Au$  angles at these atoms (see above), which differ greatly from the usual approximately linear values. A closely analogous pattern was observed for the triclinic polymorph of the related compound *trans*-dibromidobis(3,5-lutidine)gold(III) tribromide (Döring & Jones, 2025*b*). A projection of the structure of **5** parallel to the *a* axis (Fig. 15) shows the corrugation, with the anions constituting the fold regions. In view of the poorly resolved nature of the solvent molecule, we do not comment on it in detail, except to point out that its oxygen atoms accept two short hydrogen bonds from CH donors.

The asymmetric unit of compound **6** contains the contact  $Br2 \cdots Br3 [3.5839$  (9) Å, with  $Au1 - Br2 \cdots Br3$  very narrow at  $82.96$  (2) and  $Au2 - Br3 \cdots Br2 = 164.03$  (3)°], together with the classical hydrogen bond  $N11 - H01 \cdots Br3$ . The hydrogen bonding might be regarded as a three-centre system including



**Figure 16**  
Packing diagram of compound **6**, showing the layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane; the view direction is perpendicular to that plane in the region  $z \approx 1$ . Dashed lines indicate  $Br \cdots Br$  or  $Au \cdots Br$  contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin).

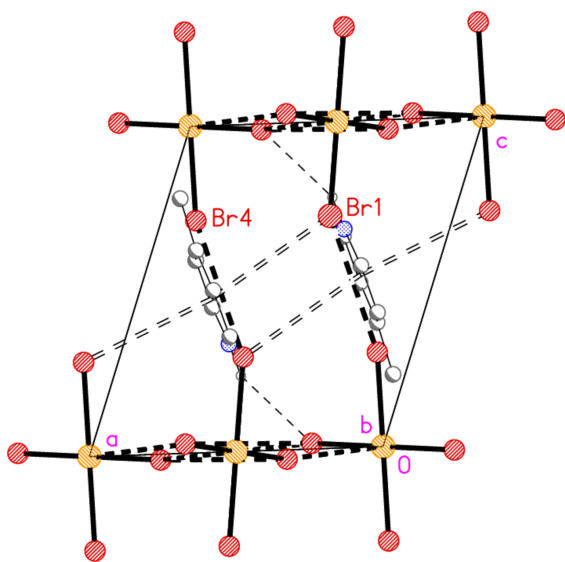
**Table 14**

 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for **7**.

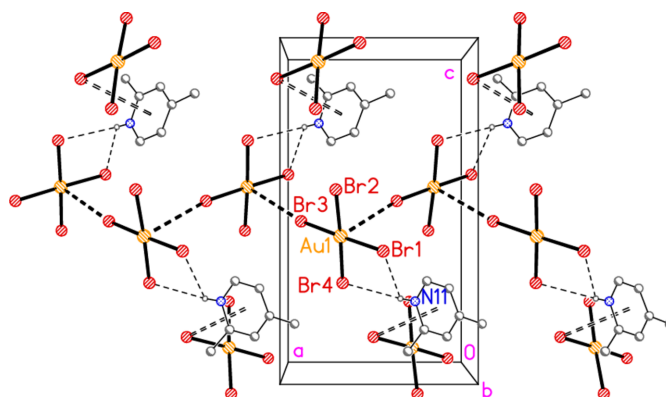
<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N11—H01···Br4	0.82 (8)	2.82 (7)	3.435 (7)	134 (7)
N11—H01···Br1	0.82 (8)	2.92 (8)	3.527 (6)	133 (7)
C15—H15···Br2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.622 (7)	128
C18—H18B···Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.94	3.780 (8)	145
C16—H16···Br3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.03	3.981 (7)	177
C18—H18A···Br3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.93	3.903 (7)	174
C17—H17A···Br4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	3.01	3.862 (8)	146

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + 2, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

a longer branch H01···Br3; however, the position of H01 is not well-determined, with s.u.'s of *ca.* 0.1 Å for the H···Br distances. In combination with the coinage bond Au2···Br2( $1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z$ ), 3.3777 (6) Å, a layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane is formed (Fig. 16), which consists of six- and ten-membered rings forming a pattern topologically analogous to that of **5**, despite the major chemical differences between **5** and **6** (*e.g.* the presence of coordinated or protonated pyridine rings). However, the angles in the rings of the two layers differ appreciably; particularly notable in **6** are the angles Au1—Br2···Br3 and the nearly linear Au1—Br2···Au2' [162.50 (2)°]. There are also two Br··· $\pi$  contacts, namely Br4···Cg( $1 + x, y, z$ ) = 3.694 (3) Å, with Au2—Br4···Cg' = 113.1°, and the perhaps borderline Br1···Cg( $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$ ) = 3.8240 (3) Å, with Au1—Br1···Cg' = 126.7°. These lie within the layers but are not drawn in Fig. 16 because they are almost parallel to the view direction. Fig. 17 shows these contacts clearly, together with the rather long Br1···Br4( $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$ ) contact of 3.7167 (10) Å, with Au1—Br1···Br4' = 155.27 (3) and Au2—Br4···Br1' = 164.43 (3)°, which links the layers at  $z \approx 0$  and 1.


**Figure 17**

The packing of compound **6** projected parallel to the *b* axis, showing the Br··· $\pi$  contacts (open dashed bonds) and the linkage of the layers at  $z \approx 0$  and 1 by the contacts Br1···Br4.


**Figure 18**

The packing of compound **7** viewed parallel to the *b* axis in the range  $y \approx 0.75$ . Dashed lines indicate Au···Br contacts (thick) or hydrogen bonds (thin). The main ribbon of residues (see text) runs horizontally in the centre of the diagram; peripheral Br··· $\pi$  contacts (two further ribbons) are shown top and bottom as open dashed bonds.

The packing of compound **7** displays fewer striking features than the other structures. For structures in space group  $P2_12_12_1$ , it is often difficult to produce easily interpretable packing diagrams, because the combination of mutually perpendicular  $2_1$  axes seldom produces motifs that are easily shown in two dimensions. This generalization also holds for **7**. The asymmetric unit (Fig. 7) shows the three-centre classical hydrogen bond. This combines with the coinage bond Au1···Br3( $-\frac{1}{2} + x, \frac{3}{2} - y, 1 - z$ ) = 3.6391 (7) Å to produce a ribbon of residues parallel to the *a* axis, seen clearly running horizontally through the centre of Fig. 18. However, the further, longer, contacts Br1···Br4( $1 - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ) = 3.7854 (10), Br2···Br4( $\frac{3}{2} - x, 2 - y, \frac{1}{2} + z$ ) = 3.8126 (9) and Br1···Cg( $1 - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z$ ) = 3.735 (3) Å involve the other two screw axes. Only the peripheral Br··· $\pi$  contacts are also shown in Fig. 18. The Au1—Br1···Cg angle is extremely narrow at 77.2°, associated with an Au1···Cg distance of 3.980 (3) Å.

The recent papers in this series have shown some uncommon packing motifs. We reported several examples of linear Au—X···X—Au groupings, where X = Cl or Br, in an earlier paper (Döring & Jones, 2016), and a literature search appeared in part 18 (Döring & Jones, 2025a). The first type of interaction is reminiscent of the classical halogen bond C—X···X—C, for which two types were differentiated by Pedireddi *et al.* (1994) in terms of the C—X···X angles; type 1 with both angles approximately equal and type 2 with angles of approximately 90 and 180°. The latter were thought to be more significant, and were interpreted in terms of a  $\sigma$  hole in the extension of one C—X bond. We are however not aware of any similar theoretical treatment of Au—X···X—Au contacts. Another motif is the stacking of pyridinium rings and square-planar [AuX<sub>4</sub>]<sup>−</sup> ions (where X = Cl or Br), for which a literature search was reported in the previous paper (Döring & Jones, 2025b). A third type of motif consists of Au—X··· $\pi$  contacts (generally with narrow angles at the X atom), for which we are also unaware of any theoretical analysis.

#### 4. Database survey

The searches employed the routine ConQuest (Bruno *et al.*, 2002), part of Version 2025.1.1 of the Cambridge Structural Database (Groom *et al.*, 2016). In the first search, systems involving four-coordinate gold with two coordinated halogen atoms and two coordinated pyridines (including substituted pyridines) were sought. Only four compounds were found, all involving cations with a *trans* configuration at the gold atom.

The oldest such structure is the pyridine derivative *trans*-[Py<sub>2</sub>AuCl<sub>2</sub>]Cl·H<sub>2</sub>O, part of the pioneering work of Strähle in establishing the structures of ‘simple’ gold complexes (refcode BENYEEY; Adams & Strähle, 1982), later redetermined (BENYEEY01) by Bowling *et al.* (2023). The structure [(3-Lut)<sub>2</sub>AuCl<sub>2</sub>]SbF<sub>6</sub> was included in Part 2 of this series (HILNOF; Jones & Ahrens, 1998). The ternary Au<sup>III</sup> derivative [Py<sub>2</sub>AuBr<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub>[PyAuBr<sub>3</sub>]<sub>2</sub>[AuBr<sub>4</sub>] (WOQMEU; Peters *et al.*, 2000) and its chlorine analogue (KILFIV; Bourosh *et al.*, 2007) were also found. The two structures appear to be isotypic; curiously, the newer reference does not mention the older one.

In the second search, the shortest (< 3.5 Å) Br···π contacts from [AuBr<sub>4</sub>]<sup>−</sup> ions to aromatic six-membered rings (containing any combination of C and N atoms) were sought. This gave five hits; the first three involve nitrogen heterocycles. In bis(2,2′-bipyridine)dibromidogold(III) dibromidoaurate(I) tetrabromidoaurate(III) (AHOFAG; compound **10** in Chernyshev *et al.*, 2015), the distance of 3.482 Å may correspond to a stacking interaction of the anion and cation, with the Au—Br···π angle of 88.5° corresponding to an almost parallel orientation of the two moieties. In 2-(quinolin-2-yl)quinolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III) (AHOGIP; compound **18**, *ibid.*) the distance is 3.489 Å and the angle 98.1°. In dibromido-(2,2′-bipyridine)gold(III) tetrabromidoaurate(III) (XEMCEY01; compound **11b** in Hayoun *et al.*,

2006) the distance is 3.424 Å and the angle rather wider at 120.6°. The final two hits involve phenyl rings; both come from our own work, but we did not report the Br···π contacts at the time. In 5-(diphenyl(bromo)phosphonio)[2.2]paracyclophane tetrabromidoaurate(III) (BOKNOH; compound **5** in Upmann *et al.*, 2019), the distance is 3.492 Å and the angle 164.6°, whereas in 1,1,3,3-tetraphenyl-1,3-dihydro-2,1,3-benzothiadiphosphole-1,3-dium bromide tetrabromidoaurate(III) dichloromethane hemisolvate (ODAWOH; compound **3** in Taouss & Jones, 2011; Fig. 19), the distance is 3.447 Å and the angle 156.9°. We note that the Au—Br···π angles differ greatly between systems involving heterocyclic or phenyl rings.

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

**Compound 1:** In an attempt to obtain single crystals of trichlorido(2-picoline)gold(III), a sample was dissolved in dichloromethane and the solution was overlaid with diisopropyl ether. Yellow irregular blocks of **1** were obtained. Analysis: calculated C 16.65, H 1.86, N 3.24; found C 16.88, H 1.77, N 3.20%.

**Compound 2:** In an attempt to obtain single crystals of tribromido(2-picoline)gold(III), 90 mg of bromido(tetrahydrothiophene)gold(I) were added to 2 mL of 2-picoline and suspended overnight using an ultrasonic bath. The white solid product, assumed to be bis(2-picoline)gold(I) dibromidoaurate(I), was suspended in 2 mL of dichloromethane, and two drops of elemental bromine were added. The solution was distributed over five ignition tubes and overlaid with various precipitants. In the tube using diisopropyl ether, crystals of **2** in the form of red hexagonal plates were obtained. Analysis: calculated C 11.80, H 1.32, N 2.29; found C 12.00, H 1.32, N 2.44%.

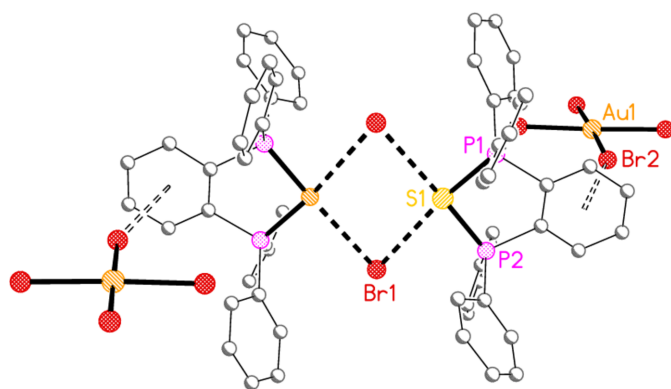
**Compound 3:** A further attempt to obtain single crystals of tribromido(2-picoline)gold(III), using slightly varied amounts, led to red plates of **3** when diisopropyl ether was used as precipitant.

**Compound 4:** Crystallization attempts analogous to those producing **2**, but using 3-picoline, led to red blocks of **4**. Analysis: calculated C 11.80, H 1.32, N 2.29; found C 12.11, H 1.40, N 2.41%.

**Compound 5:** In an attempt to obtain single crystals of tribromido(4-picoline)gold(III), 40 mg of bis(4-picoline)gold(I) dibromidoaurate(I) were dissolved in 2.5 mL of nitromethane, and 3 drops of elemental bromine were added. Crystallization attempts as above led to red plates of **5** when diethyl ether was used as precipitant.

**Compound 6:** A further attempt to obtain single crystals of tribromido(4-picoline)gold(III), using dichloromethane as solvent (as above for **2**), led to red plates of **6** when diethyl ether was used as precipitant.

More details are given in the PhD thesis of CD (Döring, 2016). However, details of the crystallization of **7** have unfortunately been lost.



**Figure 19**

One formula unit of 1,1,3,3-tetraphenyl-1,3-dihydro-2,1,3-benzothiadiphosphole-1,3-dium bromide tetrabromidoaurate(III) dichloromethane hemisolvate (Taouss & Jones, 2011), excluding solvent, showing the short S···Br<sup>−</sup> and Au—Br···π contacts (full and open dashed bonds respectively); only the former were discussed at the time. The ensemble displays crystallographic inversion symmetry. The other independent formula unit shows no Br···π contacts, but is instead involved in Br···Cl contacts to the solvent molecule.

**Table 15**  
Experimental details.

	1	2	3	4
<b>Crystal data</b>				
Chemical formula	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N)[AuCl <sub>4</sub> ]	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N)[AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> [AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]Br	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N)[AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]
<i>M<sub>r</sub></i>	432.90	610.74	784.78	610.74
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$	Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> / <i>c</i>
Temperature (K)	100	100	100	100
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.0764 (3), 9.0839 (3), 15.3667 (6)	9.9208 (5), 11.9072 (6), 12.2765 (7)	8.7050 (2), 9.1257 (4), 13.8767 (6)	8.1918 (3), 9.3458 (3), 16.1449 (6)
$\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ (°)	87.792 (3), 76.132 (3), 85.391 (3)	65.423 (5), 70.506 (5), 68.459 (5)	77.246 (4), 80.023 (3), 61.718 (4)	90, 102.949 (4), 90
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1090.77 (7)	1198.31 (13)	943.79 (7)	1204.59 (8)
<i>Z</i>	4	4	2	4
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	14.41	25.57	18.37	25.43
Crystal size (mm)	0.10 × 0.08 × 0.03	0.12 × 0.08 × 0.01	0.20 × 0.12 × 0.06	0.08 × 0.03 × 0.02
<b>Data collection</b>				
Diffractometer	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos
Absorption correction	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)
<i>T</i> <sub>min</sub> , <i>T</i> <sub>max</sub>	0.696, 1.000	0.497, 1.000	0.265, 1.000	0.328, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed [ <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )] reflections	7091, 7091, 5430	5734, 5734, 3079	82101, 5671, 4933	38517, 2983, 2244
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	–	–	0.057	0.079
$\theta$ values (°)	$\theta_{\max} = 30.0$ , $\theta_{\min} = 3.2$	$\theta_{\max} = 28.3$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$	$\theta_{\max} = 31.0$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.6$	$\theta_{\max} = 28.3$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.5$
(sin $\theta/\lambda$ ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.703	0.667	0.725	0.667
<b>Refinement</b>				
<i>R</i> [ <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> > 2σ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> )], <i>wR</i> ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> ), <i>S</i>	0.022, 0.036, 0.85	0.039, 0.066, 0.78	0.030, 0.061, 1.05	0.031, 0.052, 1.04
No. of reflections	7091	5734	5671	2983
No. of parameters	228	238	191	117
No. of restraints	1	138	1	0
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H-atom parameters constrained	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ , $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	1.33, -0.99	1.65, -1.21	2.27, -1.89	1.05, -0.99
<hr/>				
	5	6	7	
<b>Crystal data</b>				
Chemical formula	[AuBr <sub>2</sub> (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> ][AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]- CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N)[AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]	(C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N)[AuBr <sub>4</sub> ]	
<i>M<sub>r</sub></i>	1120.69	610.74	624.77	
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$	Triclinic, <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$	Orthorhombic, <i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>	
Temperature (K)	101	100	100	
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	7.5336 (4), 12.49946 (10), 12.74241 (10)	7.5701 (3), 9.5159 (5), 9.5653 (5)	8.8797 (3), 9.4081 (4), 15.5202 (5)	
$\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$ (°)	84.400 (6), 89.908 (5), 86.012 (5)	112.616 (5), 104.788 (4), 96.401 (4)	90, 90, 90	
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1191.26 (7)	597.79 (6)	1296.57 (8)	
<i>Z</i>	2	2	4	
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$	
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	22.38	25.63	23.63	
Crystal size (mm)	0.20 × 0.08 × 0.01	0.18 × 0.10 × 0.01	0.25 × 0.25 × 0.07	
<b>Data collection</b>				
Diffractometer	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	
Absorption correction	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2020)	
<i>T</i> <sub>min</sub> , <i>T</i> <sub>max</sub>	0.140, 1.000	0.298, 1.000	0.212, 1.000	
No. of measured, independent and observed [ <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )] reflections	6279, 6279, 5020	41754, 3555, 3064	33591, 3759, 3574	
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.104	0.075	0.066	
$\theta$ values (°)	$\theta_{\max} = 28.3$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$	$\theta_{\max} = 30.9$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.4$	$\theta_{\max} = 30.0$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.5$	
(sin $\theta/\lambda$ ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.667	0.722	0.704	
<b>Refinement</b>				
<i>R</i> [ <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> > 2σ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> )], <i>wR</i> ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> ), <i>S</i>	0.038, 0.063, 0.94	0.034, 0.092, 1.08	0.024, 0.040, 1.04	
No. of reflections	6279	3555	3759	
No. of parameters	222	117	125	
No. of restraints	84	0	0	

Table 15 (continued)

	5	6	7
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ , $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	2.43, -1.74	2.05, -1.97	1.67, -1.19
Absolute structure	–	–	Flack $x$ determined using 1420 quotients $[(I^+) - (I^-)] / [(I^+) + (I^-)]$ (Parsons <i>et al.</i> , 2013)
Absolute structure parameter	–	–	-0.024 (6)

Computer programs: *CrysAlis PRO* (Rigaku OD, 2020), *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008), *SHELXL2019/3* (Sheldrick, 2015), *XP* (Bruker, 1998) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

## 6. Refinement

Details of the measurements and refinements are given in Table 15. Structures were refined anisotropically on  $F^2$ . Hydrogen atoms of the rings were included at calculated positions and refined using a riding model with C–H = 0.95 Å. Methyl groups were included as idealized rigid groups with C–H = 0.98 Å and H–C–H = 109.5°, and were allowed to rotate but not tip (command 'AFIX 137'), but the methyl hydrogen-atom positions thus determined should be interpreted with caution in the presence of heavy atoms.  $U$  values of the hydrogen atoms were fixed at  $1.5 \times U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent carbon atoms for methyl groups and  $1.2 \times U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent carbon atoms for other hydrogen atoms.

### Exceptions and special features

**Compound 1:** The crystal was a non-merohedral twin (by 180° rotation about the  $b$  axis). The structure was refined using the 'HKLF 5' method. The scale factor (relative volume of the second twinning component) refined to 0.1823 (7). The twin data reduction merges equivalent reflections, so that  $R_{\text{int}}$  is meaningless. The intensity dataset comprised all non-overlapped reflections from the major component and all overlapped reflections, so that the number of reflections should be interpreted with caution. The NH hydrogen atoms were refined freely but with N–H distances restrained to be approximately equal ('SADI').

**Compound 2:** The structure was a non-merohedral twin (by 180° rotation about the vector  $\mathbf{b}^* + \mathbf{c}^*$ ). The structure was refined using the 'HKLF 5' method. Although the relative volume of the smaller component was only 0.0400 (5), the results were significantly improved compared to a non-twin refinement. The twin data reduction merges equivalent reflections, so that  $R_{\text{int}}$  is meaningless. The intensity dataset comprised all non-overlapped reflections from the major component and all overlapped reflections, so that the number of reflections should be interpreted with caution. The atoms of the second picolinium cation were disordered, and the two positions were refined using the restraint 'SAME'. The atoms of the minor disorder component were refined isotropically. Appropriate constraints and restraints ('RIGU' for the major component, 'SIMU' and idealized 'phenyl' ring geometry for the minor component, which had an occupation factor of only 0.184 (11)) were employed to improve refinement stability, but the dimensions of disordered groups should always be interpreted with caution. In the discussion, only the major disorder position is presented. The low goodness-of-fit is probably attributable to the weak data. The low completeness (96%) is

probably caused by the 'remove outliers' option employed during the data reduction. The NH hydrogen atoms were refined using a riding model with N–H 0.88 Å and  $U(\text{H})$  fixed at  $1.2 \times U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent nitrogen atoms.

**Compound 3:** The NH hydrogen atoms were refined freely but with N–H distances restrained to be approximately equal ('SADI').

**Compounds 4 and 6:** The NH hydrogen atoms were refined freely.

**Compound 5:** The crystal was a non-merohedral twin by 180° rotation about the  $b$  axis. The structure was refined using the 'HKLF 5' method. The scale factor (relative volume of the second twinning component) refined to 0.4557 (6). The detwinning routines merge equivalent reflections, so that  $R_{\text{int}}$  is meaningless. The intensity dataset comprised all non-overlapped reflections from both components and all overlapped reflections, so that the number of reflections should be interpreted with caution. For some unexplained reason, the  $U$  values of the anion and cation are unusually low, which led to problems in refining the light atoms anisotropically;  $U$  values of the cation C and N atoms were restrained to be approximately isotropic (thus avoiding NPD atoms) using the command 'ISOR'. The solvent molecule is badly resolved and has high  $U$  values, but no disorder model could be developed (and the occupation factor, when freely refined, had a value close to 1). It was refined isotropically. A referee has correctly commented that the 'ISOR' restraint is quite harsh, so that an isotropic refinement of the light atoms might be better. This is a moot point; our final decisions to refine the solvent isotropically and the cation C and N atoms anisotropically with restraints are clearly to some extent subjective.

**Compound 7:** The NH hydrogen atom was refined freely. Slow convergence of the methyl hydrogen atoms at C18 may indicate some rotational disorder of this group. The compound is achiral and crystallizes only by chance in a Sohncke space group. An extinction correction was applied, whereby the extinction coefficient, as implemented in *SHELXL2019* (Sheldrick, 2015), refined to 0.00101 (7).

## Acknowledgements

This is the final paper in the series. It is therefore appropriate for me (PGJ) to thank the two co-workers who performed most of the experimental work: Dr Birte Ahrens and Dr Cindy Döring. We acknowledge support by the Open Access Publication Funds of the Technical University of Braunschweig.

## References

- Adams, H.-N. & Strähle, J. (1982). *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **485**, 65–80.
- Bourosh, P., Bologna, O., Simonov, Y., Gerbeleu, N., Lipkowski, J. & Gdaniec, M. (2007). *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **360**, 3250–3254.
- Bowling, G., Higham, L. J. & Waddell, P. G. (2023). *CSD Communication* (CCDC-2314396). CCDC, Cambridge, England. <https://doi.org/10.5517/ccdc.csd.cc2hp9yg>.
- Bruker (1998). *XP*. Bruker Analytical X-Ray Instruments, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Bruno, I. J., Cole, J. C., Edgington, P. R., Kessler, M., Macrae, C. F., McCabe, P., Pearson, J. & Taylor, R. (2002). *Acta Cryst.* **B58**, 389–397.
- Cavallo, G., Metrangolo, P., Milani, R., Pilati, T., Priimagi, A., Resnati, G. & Terraneo, G. (2016). *Chem. Rev.* **116**, 2478–2601.
- Chernyshev, A. N., Chernysheva, M. V., Hirva, P., Kukushkin, V. Y. & Haukka, M. (2015). *Dalton Trans.* **44**, 14523–14531.
- Dance, I. (2003). *New J. Chem.* **27**, 22–27.
- Daolio, D., Pizzi, A., Terraneo, G., Ursini, M., Frontera, A. & Resnati, G. (2021). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **60**, 14385–14389.
- Döring, C. (2016). *Halogengold(I)-Aminkomplexe und ihre Oxidationsprodukte*. Dissertation, Technical University of Braunschweig, Germany. ISBN: 978-3-8439-2639-3.
- Döring, C. & Jones, P. G. (2016). *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **642**, 930–936.
- Döring, C. & Jones, P. G. (2023). *Acta Cryst.* **E79**, 1017–1027.
- Döring, C. & Jones, P. G. (2025a). *Acta Cryst.* **E81**, 600–612.
- Döring, C. & Jones, P. G. (2025b). *Acta Cryst.* **E81**, 753–764.
- Groom, C. R., Bruno, I. J., Lightfoot, M. P. & Ward, S. C. (2016). *Acta Cryst.* **B72**, 171–179.
- Hayoun, R., Zhong, D. K., Rheingold, A. L. & Doerrer, L. H. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 6120–6122.
- Jones, P. G. & Ahrens, B. (1998). *Z. Naturforsch. B* **53**, 653–662.
- Metrangolo, P., Meyer, F., Pilati, T., Resnati, G. & Terraneo, G. (2008). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **47**, 6114–6127.
- Parsons, S., Flack, H. D. & Wagner, T. (2013). *Acta Cryst.* **B69**, 249–259.
- Pedireddi, V. R., Reddy, D. S., Goud, B. S., Craig, D. C., Rae, A. D. & Desiraju, G. R. (1994). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2* pp. 2353–2360.
- Peters, K., Peters, E.-M., von Schnering, H. G., Hönle, W., Schmidt, R. & Binder, H. (2000). *Z. Krist. New Cryst. Struct.* **215**, 413–414.
- Pizzi, A., Calabrese, M., Daolio, A., Ursini, M., Frontera, A. & Resnati, G. (2022). *CrystEngComm* **24**, 3846–3851.
- Rigaku OD (2020). *CrysAlis PRO*. Version 1.171.41.93a. Rigaku Oxford Diffraction, Yarnton, England. Several earlier versions (Agilent Technologies) were also used but are not referenced explicitly.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015). *Acta Cryst.* **C71**, 3–8.
- Taouss, C. & Jones, P. G. (2011). *Dalton Trans.* **40**, 11687–11689.
- Upmann, D., Koneczny, M., Rass, J. & Jones, P. G. (2019). *Z. Naturforsch. B* **74**, 389–404.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2025). E81, 1028-1039 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989025008801]

**Crystal structures of *trans*-dibromidobis(4-picoline)gold(III) tetrabromidoaurate(III) nitromethane monosolvate, bis(2-picolinium) tetrabromidoaurate(III) bromide, and five salts of the type picolinium or lutidinium tetrahalogenidoaurate(III)**

**Cindy Döring and Peter G. Jones**

Computing details

2-Picolinium tetrachloridoaurate(III) (1)

*Crystal data*

(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N)[AuCl<sub>4</sub>]

$M_r = 432.90$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

$a = 8.0764$  (3) Å

$b = 9.0839$  (3) Å

$c = 15.3667$  (6) Å

$\alpha = 87.792$  (3)°

$\beta = 76.132$  (3)°

$\gamma = 85.391$  (3)°

$V = 1090.77$  (7) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 792$

$D_x = 2.636$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 19407 reflections

$\theta = 3.3$ – $29.7$ °

$\mu = 14.41$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Block, yellow

$0.10 \times 0.08 \times 0.03$  mm

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)

$T_{\min} = 0.696$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

7091 measured reflections

7091 independent reflections

5430 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$\theta_{\max} = 30.0$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.2$ °

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$

$wR(F^2) = 0.036$

$S = 0.85$

7091 reflections

228 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0123P)^2]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.99$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Au1	0.04499 (2)	0.25067 (2)	0.73413 (2)	0.01327 (4)
Cl1	-0.11813 (13)	0.06827 (11)	0.71157 (7)	0.0209 (2)
Cl2	-0.05960 (13)	0.23114 (11)	0.88505 (7)	0.0181 (2)
Cl3	0.21633 (13)	0.42704 (11)	0.75552 (7)	0.0210 (2)
Cl4	0.14799 (14)	0.27269 (12)	0.58268 (7)	0.0234 (2)
Au2	0.53370 (2)	0.29444 (2)	0.23295 (2)	0.01298 (4)
Cl5	0.62742 (14)	0.28945 (11)	0.08054 (7)	0.0222 (2)
Cl6	0.72287 (14)	0.09876 (11)	0.24628 (7)	0.0211 (2)
Cl7	0.44219 (13)	0.29956 (11)	0.38481 (7)	0.0201 (2)
Cl8	0.34721 (14)	0.49184 (11)	0.21892 (7)	0.0215 (2)
N11	0.1874 (5)	-0.1127 (4)	0.5398 (3)	0.0211 (8)
H01	0.125 (5)	-0.050 (4)	0.580 (3)	0.032 (14)*
C12	0.1543 (5)	-0.2569 (4)	0.5481 (3)	0.0168 (9)
C13	0.2573 (5)	-0.3512 (5)	0.4866 (3)	0.0211 (10)
H13	0.237539	-0.453190	0.489956	0.025*
C14	0.3881 (6)	-0.3010 (5)	0.4203 (3)	0.0265 (11)
H14	0.458982	-0.368074	0.378915	0.032*
C15	0.4161 (6)	-0.1524 (5)	0.4143 (3)	0.0234 (10)
H15	0.505375	-0.116002	0.368413	0.028*
C16	0.3138 (6)	-0.0590 (5)	0.4750 (3)	0.0236 (11)
H16	0.331091	0.043435	0.471837	0.028*
C17	0.0118 (5)	-0.3040 (5)	0.6223 (3)	0.0232 (10)
H17A	0.032199	-0.277713	0.679882	0.035*
H17B	0.005955	-0.411185	0.620687	0.035*
H17C	-0.096390	-0.254147	0.615041	0.035*
N21	0.6864 (5)	0.6566 (4)	0.0389 (2)	0.0179 (8)
H02	0.624 (4)	0.595 (4)	0.075 (2)	0.011 (11)*
C22	0.6517 (5)	0.8027 (4)	0.0540 (3)	0.0171 (10)
C23	0.7491 (5)	0.8982 (4)	-0.0039 (3)	0.0195 (10)
H23	0.728499	1.001657	0.004848	0.023*
C24	0.8766 (6)	0.8453 (5)	-0.0747 (3)	0.0227 (10)
H24	0.943633	0.912163	-0.114545	0.027*
C25	0.9069 (6)	0.6942 (5)	-0.0878 (3)	0.0247 (11)
H25	0.994546	0.656741	-0.136395	0.030*
C26	0.8092 (6)	0.6009 (5)	-0.0299 (3)	0.0228 (10)
H26	0.827441	0.497117	-0.037766	0.027*
C27	0.5107 (5)	0.8485 (5)	0.1318 (3)	0.0238 (10)
H27A	0.533940	0.802637	0.186868	0.036*
H27B	0.402597	0.816864	0.123302	0.036*
H27C	0.502637	0.956237	0.136610	0.036*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.01229 (9)	0.01474 (9)	0.01282 (9)	0.00096 (6)	-0.00351 (7)	-0.00171 (6)

C11	0.0191 (6)	0.0226 (6)	0.0230 (6)	-0.0042 (4)	-0.0069 (5)	-0.0050 (4)
C12	0.0216 (6)	0.0190 (5)	0.0131 (5)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0023 (4)	-0.0011 (4)
C13	0.0201 (6)	0.0214 (5)	0.0225 (6)	-0.0067 (4)	-0.0049 (5)	-0.0018 (4)
C14	0.0271 (6)	0.0284 (6)	0.0132 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0008 (4)
Au2	0.01309 (9)	0.01294 (9)	0.01346 (9)	-0.00177 (7)	-0.00400 (7)	0.00014 (6)
C15	0.0267 (6)	0.0250 (6)	0.0144 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	-0.0037 (5)	-0.0002 (4)
C16	0.0194 (6)	0.0206 (6)	0.0220 (6)	0.0060 (4)	-0.0048 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
C17	0.0213 (6)	0.0235 (6)	0.0143 (5)	-0.0004 (4)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C18	0.0220 (6)	0.0174 (5)	0.0267 (6)	0.0047 (4)	-0.0105 (5)	-0.0013 (4)
N11	0.023 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.0032 (17)	-0.0060 (18)	-0.0051 (17)
C12	0.017 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.0009 (18)	-0.0100 (19)	0.0006 (18)
C13	0.020 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.028 (3)	-0.0015 (19)	-0.008 (2)	-0.0043 (19)
C14	0.024 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.003 (2)	-0.010 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C15	0.019 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.017 (2)	-0.007 (2)	-0.006 (2)	0.006 (2)
C16	0.025 (3)	0.021 (2)	0.026 (3)	-0.006 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.008 (2)
C17	0.021 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.026 (3)	-0.0012 (19)	-0.004 (2)	0.0017 (19)
N21	0.022 (2)	0.0140 (19)	0.020 (2)	-0.0062 (16)	-0.0083 (17)	0.0049 (15)
C22	0.020 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0010 (18)	-0.012 (2)	-0.0006 (18)
C23	0.023 (3)	0.014 (2)	0.023 (2)	-0.0023 (18)	-0.007 (2)	0.0015 (18)
C24	0.022 (3)	0.023 (3)	0.022 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.0042 (19)
C25	0.024 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.005 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C26	0.032 (3)	0.017 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.010 (2)	-0.0057 (19)
C27	0.020 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.026 (3)	-0.0018 (19)	-0.004 (2)	-0.0003 (19)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—C12	2.2752 (10)	C16—H16	0.9500
Au1—C13	2.2814 (10)	C17—H17A	0.9800
Au1—C14	2.2827 (10)	C17—H17B	0.9800
Au1—C11	2.2837 (10)	C17—H17C	0.9800
Au2—C17	2.2737 (10)	N21—C26	1.347 (5)
Au2—C15	2.2832 (11)	N21—C22	1.351 (5)
Au2—C16	2.2851 (10)	N21—H02	0.87 (3)
Au2—C18	2.2852 (10)	C22—C23	1.371 (5)
N11—C16	1.351 (5)	C22—C27	1.486 (6)
N11—C12	1.353 (5)	C23—C24	1.378 (6)
N11—H01	0.88 (3)	C23—H23	0.9500
C12—C13	1.375 (6)	C24—C25	1.388 (6)
C12—C17	1.490 (6)	C24—H24	0.9500
C13—C14	1.373 (6)	C25—C26	1.359 (6)
C13—H13	0.9500	C25—H25	0.9500
C14—C15	1.383 (6)	C26—H26	0.9500
C14—H14	0.9500	C27—H27A	0.9800
C15—C16	1.361 (6)	C27—H27B	0.9800
C15—H15	0.9500	C27—H27C	0.9800
C12—Au1—C13	89.73 (4)	C12—C17—H17A	109.5
C12—Au1—C14	179.35 (4)	C12—C17—H17B	109.5

C13—Au1—C14	90.13 (4)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C12—Au1—C11	90.81 (4)	C12—C17—H17C	109.5
C13—Au1—C11	177.95 (4)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C14—Au1—C11	89.35 (4)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C17—Au2—C15	179.62 (4)	C26—N21—C22	123.8 (4)
C17—Au2—C16	89.60 (4)	C26—N21—H02	118 (3)
C15—Au2—C16	90.19 (4)	C22—N21—H02	118 (3)
C17—Au2—C18	90.69 (4)	N21—C22—C23	117.5 (4)
C15—Au2—C18	89.52 (4)	N21—C22—C27	117.9 (4)
C16—Au2—C18	179.31 (4)	C23—C22—C27	124.6 (4)
C16—N11—C12	123.5 (4)	C22—C23—C24	120.5 (4)
C16—N11—H01	118 (3)	C22—C23—H23	119.8
C12—N11—H01	119 (3)	C24—C23—H23	119.8
N11—C12—C13	116.8 (4)	C23—C24—C25	120.0 (4)
N11—C12—C17	119.0 (4)	C23—C24—H24	120.0
C13—C12—C17	124.2 (4)	C25—C24—H24	120.0
C14—C13—C12	121.4 (4)	C26—C25—C24	118.9 (4)
C14—C13—H13	119.3	C26—C25—H25	120.5
C12—C13—H13	119.3	C24—C25—H25	120.5
C13—C14—C15	119.6 (4)	N21—C26—C25	119.5 (4)
C13—C14—H14	120.2	N21—C26—H26	120.3
C15—C14—H14	120.2	C25—C26—H26	120.3
C16—C15—C14	119.0 (4)	C22—C27—H27A	109.5
C16—C15—H15	120.5	C22—C27—H27B	109.5
C14—C15—H15	120.5	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
N11—C16—C15	119.7 (4)	C22—C27—H27C	109.5
N11—C16—H16	120.1	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
C15—C16—H16	120.1	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	0.3 (6)	C26—N21—C22—C23	-0.6 (6)
C16—N11—C12—C17	179.9 (4)	C26—N21—C22—C27	179.2 (4)
N11—C12—C13—C14	0.4 (6)	N21—C22—C23—C24	0.2 (6)
C17—C12—C13—C14	-179.1 (4)	C27—C22—C23—C24	-179.5 (4)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.9 (6)	C22—C23—C24—C25	0.1 (6)
C13—C14—C15—C16	0.6 (6)	C23—C24—C25—C26	0.0 (6)
C12—N11—C16—C15	-0.5 (6)	C22—N21—C26—C25	0.7 (6)
C14—C15—C16—N11	0.0 (6)	C24—C25—C26—N21	-0.4 (6)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N11—H01 $\cdots$ C11	0.88 (3)	2.66 (3)	3.510 (4)	163 (4)
N11—H01 $\cdots$ C14	0.88 (3)	2.96 (4)	3.562 (4)	127 (3)
N21—H02 $\cdots$ C15	0.87 (3)	2.77 (3)	3.421 (3)	132 (3)
N21—H02 $\cdots$ C18	0.87 (3)	2.93 (3)	3.756 (4)	159 (3)
C13—H13 $\cdots$ C14 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.88	3.756 (4)	154
C13—H13 $\cdots$ C17 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.639 (4)	129
C16—H16 $\cdots$ C14	0.95	2.83	3.505 (5)	129

C16—H16...C17	0.95	2.74	3.621 (4)	154
C17—H17C...C17 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.86	3.691 (4)	144
C23—H23...C15 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.88	3.803 (4)	164
C25—H25...C13 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.93	3.811 (5)	156
C26—H26...C12 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.72	3.635 (4)	161
C26—H26...C15	0.95	2.88	3.484 (5)	123
C27—H27B...C12 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.87	3.841 (4)	170

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (iv)  $x+1, y, z-1$ ; (v)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .

## 2-Picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III) (2)

### Crystal data

(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]

$M_r = 610.74$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

$a = 9.9208$  (5) Å

$b = 11.9072$  (6) Å

$c = 12.2765$  (7) Å

$\alpha = 65.423$  (5)°

$\beta = 70.506$  (5)°

$\gamma = 68.459$  (5)°

$V = 1198.31$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1080$

$D_x = 3.385$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 9800 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – $28.4$ °

$\mu = 25.57$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Plate, red

$0.12 \times 0.08 \times 0.01$  mm

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)

$T_{\min} = 0.497$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

5734 measured reflections

5734 independent reflections

3079 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.3$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$ °

$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$

$wR(F^2) = 0.066$

$S = 0.78$

5734 reflections

238 parameters

138 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0245P)^2]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.65$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.20$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Au1	0.24893 (4)	0.73071 (4)	0.73650 (4)	0.01420 (10)	
Au2	0.23715 (5)	0.74034 (4)	0.23848 (4)	0.01813 (11)	
Br1	0.45211 (11)	0.53835 (9)	0.74002 (10)	0.0225 (3)	
Br2	0.41979 (11)	0.86153 (10)	0.61615 (10)	0.0213 (3)	

Br3	0.04624 (10)	0.92151 (9)	0.73970 (10)	0.0234 (3)	
Br4	0.07638 (11)	0.59919 (10)	0.85305 (11)	0.0223 (3)	
Br5	0.06760 (11)	0.60600 (10)	0.35068 (11)	0.0244 (3)	
Br6	0.24442 (14)	0.74831 (11)	0.43021 (11)	0.0380 (3)	
Br7	0.41391 (12)	0.86653 (11)	0.12801 (12)	0.0304 (3)	
Br8	0.21872 (11)	0.73903 (11)	0.04725 (10)	0.0279 (3)	
N11	0.2281 (8)	0.3143 (8)	0.7980 (8)	0.024 (2)	
H01	0.217453	0.393332	0.791579	0.029*	
C12	0.2942 (11)	0.2807 (11)	0.6987 (10)	0.024 (3)	
C13	0.3099 (11)	0.1544 (9)	0.7086 (11)	0.026 (3)	
H13	0.355947	0.126238	0.639638	0.032*	
C14	0.2571 (11)	0.0736 (10)	0.8198 (11)	0.030 (3)	
H14	0.269790	-0.012329	0.827954	0.036*	
C15	0.1863 (11)	0.1123 (11)	0.9206 (11)	0.029 (3)	
H15	0.145934	0.055611	0.995838	0.034*	
C16	0.1754 (11)	0.2336 (11)	0.9101 (11)	0.028 (3)	
H16	0.132115	0.261779	0.979082	0.034*	
C17	0.3411 (11)	0.3798 (10)	0.5833 (10)	0.029 (3)	
H17A	0.422009	0.403015	0.590644	0.044*	
H17B	0.256987	0.455836	0.567583	0.044*	
H17C	0.375349	0.346268	0.515320	0.044*	
N21	0.2277 (14)	0.3355 (10)	0.2789 (10)	0.021 (3)	0.811 (11)
H02	0.212366	0.416875	0.267273	0.025*	0.811 (11)
C22	0.3108 (13)	0.2926 (10)	0.1846 (10)	0.020 (3)	0.811 (11)
C23	0.3347 (13)	0.1631 (10)	0.2041 (11)	0.018 (3)	0.811 (11)
H23	0.391882	0.128362	0.140566	0.021*	0.811 (11)
C24	0.2743 (13)	0.0860 (12)	0.3170 (11)	0.025 (3)	0.811 (11)
H24	0.291916	-0.002368	0.330825	0.030*	0.811 (11)
C25	0.1896 (15)	0.1346 (12)	0.4091 (12)	0.029 (3)	0.811 (11)
H25	0.147228	0.080813	0.485535	0.035*	0.811 (11)
C26	0.1664 (12)	0.2623 (11)	0.3900 (11)	0.024 (3)	0.811 (11)
H26	0.109024	0.298001	0.452936	0.028*	0.811 (11)
C27	0.3657 (14)	0.3817 (11)	0.0701 (12)	0.022 (3)	0.811 (11)
H27A	0.407052	0.435266	0.085961	0.033*	0.811 (11)
H27B	0.284258	0.436219	0.027675	0.033*	0.811 (11)
H27C	0.443272	0.334401	0.018778	0.033*	0.811 (11)
N21'	0.237 (5)	0.341 (3)	0.259 (3)	0.022 (9)*	0.189 (11)
H21'	0.192848	0.395390	0.299304	0.026*	0.189 (11)
C22'	0.233 (4)	0.213 (3)	0.317 (2)	0.030 (16)*	0.189 (11)
C23'	0.302 (4)	0.127 (2)	0.254 (3)	0.016 (7)*	0.189 (11)
H23'	0.299368	0.039981	0.293698	0.020*	0.189 (11)
C24'	0.375 (4)	0.168 (3)	0.132 (3)	0.015 (8)*	0.189 (11)
H24'	0.422263	0.108706	0.088376	0.018*	0.189 (11)
C25'	0.379 (3)	0.295 (3)	0.073 (2)	0.010 (11)*	0.189 (11)
H25'	0.428709	0.322950	-0.009882	0.012*	0.189 (11)
C26'	0.310 (4)	0.381 (2)	0.137 (3)	0.009 (10)*	0.189 (11)
H26'	0.312261	0.468470	0.097181	0.011*	0.189 (11)
C27'	0.151 (5)	0.183 (4)	0.442 (3)	0.013 (11)*	0.189 (11)

H27D	0.095052	0.122859	0.457159	0.020*	0.189 (11)
H27E	0.081266	0.261563	0.455908	0.020*	0.189 (11)
H27F	0.219220	0.143833	0.497500	0.020*	0.189 (11)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.0133 (2)	0.0141 (2)	0.0155 (2)	-0.00532 (17)	-0.00297 (17)	-0.00378 (16)
Au2	0.0175 (2)	0.0141 (2)	0.0250 (2)	-0.00302 (17)	-0.00964 (18)	-0.00580 (18)
Br1	0.0174 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0279 (6)	-0.0036 (4)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0057 (5)
Br2	0.0177 (5)	0.0201 (6)	0.0258 (7)	-0.0108 (5)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0049 (5)
Br3	0.0159 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0320 (6)	-0.0034 (4)	-0.0049 (5)	-0.0055 (5)
Br4	0.0181 (6)	0.0190 (6)	0.0287 (7)	-0.0085 (5)	0.0010 (5)	-0.0086 (5)
Br5	0.0207 (6)	0.0242 (6)	0.0289 (7)	-0.0090 (5)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0101 (5)
Br6	0.0582 (8)	0.0353 (7)	0.0310 (7)	-0.0148 (6)	-0.0220 (6)	-0.0092 (6)
Br7	0.0283 (6)	0.0220 (6)	0.0439 (8)	-0.0118 (5)	-0.0177 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
Br8	0.0261 (6)	0.0383 (7)	0.0263 (6)	-0.0123 (5)	-0.0065 (5)	-0.0136 (5)
N11	0.021 (5)	0.029 (5)	0.032 (6)	0.000 (4)	-0.016 (4)	-0.016 (5)
C12	0.012 (5)	0.033 (7)	0.030 (7)	-0.010 (5)	-0.007 (5)	-0.008 (6)
C13	0.027 (6)	0.012 (5)	0.043 (8)	-0.002 (5)	-0.018 (6)	-0.006 (5)
C14	0.023 (6)	0.020 (6)	0.037 (7)	-0.004 (5)	-0.007 (6)	-0.001 (6)
C15	0.022 (6)	0.037 (7)	0.024 (7)	-0.013 (5)	-0.007 (5)	-0.002 (6)
C16	0.019 (6)	0.038 (7)	0.028 (7)	-0.007 (5)	-0.003 (5)	-0.013 (6)
C17	0.037 (7)	0.019 (6)	0.027 (7)	-0.013 (5)	0.001 (6)	-0.006 (5)
N21	0.022 (4)	0.019 (4)	0.023 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.007 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C22	0.022 (5)	0.020 (4)	0.022 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C23	0.018 (4)	0.020 (4)	0.022 (4)	-0.007 (3)	-0.011 (3)	-0.007 (3)
C24	0.023 (5)	0.025 (4)	0.026 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C25	0.026 (5)	0.031 (4)	0.028 (5)	-0.011 (4)	-0.005 (4)	-0.006 (4)
C26	0.018 (5)	0.028 (4)	0.025 (4)	-0.007 (3)	-0.007 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C27	0.026 (6)	0.019 (5)	0.025 (5)	-0.008 (5)	-0.003 (5)	-0.012 (4)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—Br2	2.4157 (12)	C22—C27	1.439 (15)
Au1—Br3	2.4235 (11)	C23—C24	1.383 (13)
Au1—Br1	2.4283 (11)	C23—H23	0.9500
Au1—Br4	2.4290 (12)	C24—C25	1.368 (13)
Au2—Br7	2.4135 (13)	C24—H24	0.9500
Au2—Br6	2.4206 (13)	C25—C26	1.380 (13)
Au2—Br8	2.4215 (12)	C25—H25	0.9500
Au2—Br5	2.4253 (12)	C26—H26	0.9500
N11—C12	1.325 (13)	C27—H27A	0.9800
N11—C16	1.371 (13)	C27—H27B	0.9800
N11—H01	0.8800	C27—H27C	0.9800
C12—C13	1.410 (14)	N21'—C22'	1.3900
C12—C17	1.480 (14)	N21'—C26'	1.3900
C13—C14	1.365 (14)	N21'—H21'	0.8800

C13—H13	0.9500	C22'—C23'	1.3900
C14—C15	1.375 (15)	C22'—C27'	1.43 (2)
C14—H14	0.9500	C23'—C24'	1.3900
C15—C16	1.362 (14)	C23'—H23'	0.9500
C15—H15	0.9500	C24'—C25'	1.3900
C16—H16	0.9500	C24'—H24'	0.9500
C17—H17A	0.9800	C25'—C26'	1.3900
C17—H17B	0.9800	C25'—H25'	0.9500
C17—H17C	0.9800	C26'—H26'	0.9500
N21—C22	1.350 (12)	C27'—H27D	0.9800
N21—C26	1.355 (13)	C27'—H27E	0.9800
N21—H02	0.8800	C27'—H27F	0.9800
C22—C23	1.398 (12)		
Br2—Au1—Br3	90.20 (4)	C24—C23—C22	119.3 (11)
Br2—Au1—Br1	90.21 (4)	C24—C23—H23	120.3
Br3—Au1—Br1	178.16 (5)	C22—C23—H23	120.3
Br2—Au1—Br4	178.64 (5)	C25—C24—C23	121.2 (11)
Br3—Au1—Br4	89.88 (4)	C25—C24—H24	119.4
Br1—Au1—Br4	89.75 (4)	C23—C24—H24	119.4
Br7—Au2—Br6	90.58 (5)	C24—C25—C26	119.5 (12)
Br7—Au2—Br8	90.20 (5)	C24—C25—H25	120.3
Br6—Au2—Br8	177.40 (5)	C26—C25—H25	120.3
Br7—Au2—Br5	177.75 (5)	N21—C26—C25	118.0 (12)
Br6—Au2—Br5	89.33 (4)	N21—C26—H26	121.0
Br8—Au2—Br5	89.98 (4)	C25—C26—H26	121.0
C12—N11—C16	124.1 (10)	C22—C27—H27A	109.5
C12—N11—H01	117.9	C22—C27—H27B	109.5
C16—N11—H01	117.9	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
N11—C12—C13	118.0 (11)	C22—C27—H27C	109.5
N11—C12—C17	117.8 (10)	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
C13—C12—C17	124.2 (11)	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C14—C13—C12	118.2 (11)	C22'—N21'—C26'	120.0
C14—C13—H13	120.9	C22'—N21'—H21'	120.0
C12—C13—H13	120.9	C26'—N21'—H21'	120.0
C13—C14—C15	122.4 (11)	N21'—C22'—C23'	120.0
C13—C14—H14	118.8	N21'—C22'—C27'	115 (2)
C15—C14—H14	118.8	C23'—C22'—C27'	125 (2)
C16—C15—C14	118.5 (11)	C22'—C23'—C24'	120.0
C16—C15—H15	120.7	C22'—C23'—H23'	120.0
C14—C15—H15	120.7	C24'—C23'—H23'	120.0
C15—C16—N11	118.7 (11)	C25'—C24'—C23'	120.0
C15—C16—H16	120.6	C25'—C24'—H24'	120.0
N11—C16—H16	120.6	C23'—C24'—H24'	120.0
C12—C17—H17A	109.5	C24'—C25'—C26'	120.0
C12—C17—H17B	109.5	C24'—C25'—H25'	120.0
H17A—C17—H17B	109.5	C26'—C25'—H25'	120.0
C12—C17—H17C	109.5	C25'—C26'—N21'	120.0

H17A—C17—H17C	109.5	C25'—C26'—H26'	120.0
H17B—C17—H17C	109.5	N21'—C26'—H26'	120.0
C22—N21—C26	124.9 (11)	C22'—C27'—H27D	109.5
C22—N21—H02	117.6	C22'—C27'—H27E	109.5
C26—N21—H02	117.6	H27D—C27'—H27E	109.5
N21—C22—C23	117.1 (10)	C22'—C27'—H27F	109.5
N21—C22—C27	119.1 (11)	H27D—C27'—H27F	109.5
C23—C22—C27	123.8 (11)	H27E—C27'—H27F	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	0.7 (14)	C22—C23—C24—C25	1.1 (18)
C16—N11—C12—C17	178.2 (9)	C23—C24—C25—C26	-1 (2)
N11—C12—C13—C14	-0.4 (14)	C22—N21—C26—C25	0 (2)
C17—C12—C13—C14	-177.7 (9)	C24—C25—C26—N21	0.8 (19)
C12—C13—C14—C15	1.8 (16)	C26'—N21'—C22'—C23'	0.0
C13—C14—C15—C16	-3.4 (16)	C26'—N21'—C22'—C27'	-178 (4)
C14—C15—C16—N11	3.5 (15)	N21'—C22'—C23'—C24'	0.0
C12—N11—C16—C15	-2.3 (15)	C27'—C22'—C23'—C24'	178 (4)
C26—N21—C22—C23	0 (2)	C22'—C23'—C24'—C25'	0.0
C26—N21—C22—C27	178.2 (12)	C23'—C24'—C25'—C26'	0.0
N21—C22—C23—C24	-0.4 (17)	C24'—C25'—C26'—N21'	0.0
C27—C22—C23—C24	-178.6 (12)	C22'—N21'—C26'—C25'	0.0

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N11—H01...Br4	0.88	2.62	3.422 (9)	153
N21—H02...Br5	0.88	2.60	3.369 (10)	147
C13—H13...Br2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.10	3.783 (11)	131
C16—H16...Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.870 (11)	162
C17—H17A...Br1	0.98	3.04	3.800 (11)	136
C17—H17A...Br6 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.11	3.796 (10)	128
C17—H17C...Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.706 (11)	127
C23—H23...Br7 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.11	3.765 (11)	128
C25—H25...Br3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.95	3.894 (13)	171
C26—H26...Br5 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.86	3.811 (13)	177
C27—H27A...Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.08	3.940 (13)	147
C27—H27B...Br4 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.994 (13)	169
C27—H27C...Br8 <sup>vi</sup>	0.98	3.05	3.814 (13)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (ii) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+2; (iii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (iv) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (v) *x*, *y*, *z*-1; (vi) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*.

## Bis(2-picolinium) tetrabromidoaurate(III) bromide (3)

## Crystal data

(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]Br*M<sub>r</sub>* = 784.78Triclinic, *P*1*a* = 8.7050 (2) Å*b* = 9.1257 (4) Å*c* = 13.8767 (6) Å*α* = 77.246 (4)°*β* = 80.023 (3)°*γ* = 61.718 (4)°*V* = 943.79 (7) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$   
 $F(000) = 712$   
 $D_x = 2.762 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 20583 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}30.6^\circ$   
 $\mu = 18.37 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 100 \text{ K}$   
 Block, red  
 $0.20 \times 0.12 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution:  $16.1419 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scan  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.265$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

82101 measured reflections  
 5671 independent reflections  
 4933 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.057$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 31.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$   
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 13$   
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.061$   
 $S = 1.05$   
 5671 reflections  
 191 parameters  
 1 restraint  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: mixed  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0262P)^2 + 2.4868P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.89 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Au1	0.11407 (2)	1.06950 (2)	0.20581 (2)	0.01417 (5)
Br1	0.21739 (5)	0.84140 (5)	0.34354 (3)	0.02118 (9)
Br2	0.35511 (5)	1.12787 (5)	0.21659 (3)	0.02096 (9)
Br3	0.01181 (6)	1.30578 (5)	0.07197 (3)	0.02360 (9)
Br4	-0.11065 (6)	0.99528 (5)	0.18662 (3)	0.02435 (10)
Br5	0.24780 (5)	0.68861 (5)	0.61608 (3)	0.01923 (9)
N11	-0.1116 (4)	0.7454 (4)	0.5435 (3)	0.0158 (7)
H01	-0.029 (6)	0.739 (7)	0.565 (4)	0.042 (17)*
C12	-0.1567 (5)	0.6209 (5)	0.5830 (3)	0.0156 (7)
C13	-0.2966 (5)	0.6254 (5)	0.5453 (3)	0.0202 (8)
H13	-0.333098	0.540384	0.570994	0.024*
C14	-0.3828 (6)	0.7529 (6)	0.4707 (3)	0.0239 (9)
H14	-0.478342	0.754875	0.445198	0.029*
C15	-0.3318 (6)	0.8782 (5)	0.4326 (3)	0.0243 (9)
H15	-0.391066	0.966497	0.381258	0.029*
C16	-0.1926 (6)	0.8710 (5)	0.4713 (3)	0.0214 (8)
H16	-0.154300	0.955054	0.446813	0.026*
C17	-0.0550 (5)	0.4911 (5)	0.6635 (3)	0.0198 (8)
H17A	0.070258	0.445852	0.642561	0.030*
H17B	-0.088797	0.399768	0.678181	0.030*

H17C	-0.079237	0.542101	0.723123	0.030*
N21	0.4354 (5)	0.4647 (4)	0.8123 (3)	0.0203 (7)
H02	0.382 (7)	0.518 (6)	0.764 (4)	0.030 (15)*
C22	0.4293 (5)	0.3250 (5)	0.8640 (3)	0.0194 (8)
C23	0.5459 (6)	0.2340 (5)	0.9360 (3)	0.0234 (9)
H23	0.544285	0.135196	0.975279	0.028*
C24	0.6650 (6)	0.2845 (6)	0.9520 (3)	0.0254 (9)
H24	0.746181	0.219766	1.000858	0.030*
C25	0.6644 (6)	0.4315 (6)	0.8954 (3)	0.0262 (9)
H25	0.744037	0.469295	0.905752	0.031*
C26	0.5479 (6)	0.5197 (5)	0.8252 (3)	0.0233 (9)
H26	0.545834	0.619640	0.785533	0.028*
C27	0.3005 (6)	0.2792 (5)	0.8383 (3)	0.0244 (9)
H27A	0.183763	0.375456	0.840022	0.037*
H27B	0.299568	0.183031	0.886291	0.037*
H27C	0.333344	0.248828	0.771654	0.037*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.01695 (9)	0.01300 (7)	0.01428 (7)	-0.00855 (6)	-0.00288 (5)	-0.00003 (5)
Br1	0.0220 (2)	0.01968 (18)	0.0236 (2)	-0.01275 (16)	-0.00915 (16)	0.00676 (15)
Br2	0.0201 (2)	0.01958 (18)	0.0278 (2)	-0.01295 (16)	-0.00256 (16)	-0.00265 (15)
Br3	0.0277 (2)	0.02139 (19)	0.0202 (2)	-0.01258 (17)	-0.00617 (17)	0.00623 (15)
Br4	0.0284 (2)	0.0291 (2)	0.0239 (2)	-0.02050 (19)	-0.01034 (17)	0.00396 (16)
Br5	0.0188 (2)	0.02026 (18)	0.0213 (2)	-0.01252 (16)	-0.00712 (15)	0.00465 (14)
N11	0.0130 (18)	0.0147 (14)	0.0201 (17)	-0.0066 (13)	-0.0024 (13)	-0.0015 (12)
C12	0.014 (2)	0.0153 (16)	0.0190 (19)	-0.0073 (15)	0.0024 (15)	-0.0059 (14)
C13	0.014 (2)	0.0223 (19)	0.027 (2)	-0.0104 (17)	0.0012 (16)	-0.0079 (16)
C14	0.015 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.027 (2)	-0.0099 (18)	-0.0026 (17)	-0.0088 (18)
C15	0.019 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.023 (2)	-0.0048 (18)	0.0006 (17)	-0.0031 (16)
C16	0.022 (2)	0.0188 (18)	0.021 (2)	-0.0091 (17)	0.0005 (17)	-0.0012 (15)
C17	0.019 (2)	0.0199 (18)	0.020 (2)	-0.0097 (17)	-0.0009 (16)	-0.0009 (15)
N21	0.021 (2)	0.0204 (16)	0.0190 (18)	-0.0096 (15)	-0.0051 (14)	0.0015 (14)
C22	0.021 (2)	0.0168 (18)	0.0174 (19)	-0.0074 (16)	0.0031 (16)	-0.0046 (15)
C23	0.027 (2)	0.0196 (19)	0.020 (2)	-0.0098 (18)	-0.0018 (17)	-0.0002 (16)
C24	0.027 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.0090 (19)	-0.0064 (17)	-0.0007 (16)
C25	0.026 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.024 (2)	-0.018 (2)	-0.0012 (18)	-0.0060 (18)
C26	0.026 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0157 (18)	-0.0023 (18)	-0.0005 (16)
C27	0.026 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.027 (2)	-0.0147 (19)	-0.0026 (18)	-0.0039 (17)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—Br1	2.4206 (4)	C17—H17B	0.9800
Au1—Br4	2.4232 (4)	C17—H17C	0.9800
Au1—Br3	2.4243 (4)	N21—C22	1.338 (5)
Au1—Br2	2.4314 (4)	N21—C26	1.345 (5)
N11—C16	1.337 (5)	N21—H02	0.80 (4)

N11—C12	1.348 (5)	C22—C23	1.380 (6)
N11—H01	0.80 (4)	C22—C27	1.485 (6)
C12—C13	1.386 (5)	C23—C24	1.383 (6)
C12—C17	1.484 (6)	C23—H23	0.9500
C13—C14	1.378 (6)	C24—C25	1.395 (6)
C13—H13	0.9500	C24—H24	0.9500
C14—C15	1.385 (6)	C25—C26	1.359 (6)
C14—H14	0.9500	C25—H25	0.9500
C15—C16	1.377 (6)	C26—H26	0.9500
C15—H15	0.9500	C27—H27A	0.9800
C16—H16	0.9500	C27—H27B	0.9800
C17—H17A	0.9800	C27—H27C	0.9800
Br1—Au1—Br4	90.687 (14)	C12—C17—H17C	109.5
Br1—Au1—Br3	177.503 (16)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
Br4—Au1—Br3	91.130 (15)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.069 (14)	C22—N21—C26	124.5 (4)
Br4—Au1—Br2	175.465 (16)	C22—N21—H02	123 (4)
Br3—Au1—Br2	89.255 (15)	C26—N21—H02	112 (4)
C16—N11—C12	124.4 (4)	N21—C22—C23	116.8 (4)
C16—N11—H01	120 (4)	N21—C22—C27	117.7 (4)
C12—N11—H01	116 (4)	C23—C22—C27	125.5 (4)
N11—C12—C13	117.0 (4)	C22—C23—C24	121.1 (4)
N11—C12—C17	118.0 (3)	C22—C23—H23	119.5
C13—C12—C17	125.0 (4)	C24—C23—H23	119.5
C14—C13—C12	120.2 (4)	C23—C24—C25	119.2 (4)
C14—C13—H13	119.9	C23—C24—H24	120.4
C12—C13—H13	119.9	C25—C24—H24	120.4
C13—C14—C15	120.7 (4)	C26—C25—C24	118.8 (4)
C13—C14—H14	119.6	C26—C25—H25	120.6
C15—C14—H14	119.6	C24—C25—H25	120.6
C16—C15—C14	118.0 (4)	N21—C26—C25	119.7 (4)
C16—C15—H15	121.0	N21—C26—H26	120.2
C14—C15—H15	121.0	C25—C26—H26	120.2
N11—C16—C15	119.7 (4)	C22—C27—H27A	109.5
N11—C16—H16	120.1	C22—C27—H27B	109.5
C15—C16—H16	120.1	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
C12—C17—H17A	109.5	C22—C27—H27C	109.5
C12—C17—H17B	109.5	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
H17A—C17—H17B	109.5	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	0.1 (6)	C26—N21—C22—C23	0.9 (6)
C16—N11—C12—C17	-179.4 (4)	C26—N21—C22—C27	-178.2 (4)
N11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (6)	N21—C22—C23—C24	-1.2 (6)
C17—C12—C13—C14	179.5 (4)	C27—C22—C23—C24	177.7 (4)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.2 (7)	C22—C23—C24—C25	1.2 (7)
C13—C14—C15—C16	0.1 (7)	C23—C24—C25—C26	-0.9 (7)
C12—N11—C16—C15	-0.1 (6)	C22—N21—C26—C25	-0.5 (7)

C14—C15—C16—N11

0.0 (6)

C24—C25—C26—N21

0.5 (7)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N11—H01···Br5	0.80 (4)	2.43 (4)	3.225 (3)	172 (6)
N21—H02···Br5	0.80 (4)	2.39 (4)	3.191 (4)	173 (5)
C13—H13···Br1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.13	3.961 (4)	146
C15—H15···Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	3.07	3.941 (4)	152
C16—H16···Br1	0.95	3.08	3.614 (4)	117
C16—H16···Br5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.91	3.751 (4)	148
C17—H17 <i>B</i> ···Br1 <sup>i</sup>	0.98	2.99	3.932 (4)	162
C17—H17 <i>C</i> ···Br2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.02	3.758 (4)	133
C26—H26···Br2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.81	3.602 (4)	142
C27—H27 <i>A</i> ···Br3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	3.00	3.800 (5)	140

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y+2, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ .

3-Picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III) (4)

Crystal data

(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 610.74

Monoclinic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*c*

*a* = 8.1918 (3) Å

*b* = 9.3458 (3) Å

*c* = 16.1449 (6) Å

$\beta$  = 102.949 (4)°

*V* = 1204.59 (8) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 4

*F*(000) = 1080

*D<sub>x</sub>* = 3.368 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo *K*α radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 4240 reflections

$\theta$  = 2.5–29.2°

$\mu$  = 25.43 mm<sup>-1</sup>

*T* = 100 K

Block, red

0.08 × 0.03 × 0.02 mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)

*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.328, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 1.000

38517 measured reflections

2983 independent reflections

2244 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.079

$\theta_{\max}$  = 28.3°,  $\theta_{\min}$  = 2.5°

*h* = -10→10

*k* = -12→12

*l* = -21→21

Refinement

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>

Least-squares matrix: full

*R*[*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.031

*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.052

*S* = 1.04

2983 reflections

117 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

*w* = 1/[σ<sup>2</sup>(*F<sub>o</sub>*<sup>2</sup>) + (0.0131*P*)<sup>2</sup> + 1.6068*P*]

where *P* = (*F<sub>o</sub>*<sup>2</sup> + 2*F<sub>c</sub>*<sup>2</sup>)/3

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> < 0.001

Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 1.05 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.98 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Au1	0.500000	0.000000	0.500000	0.01472 (8)
Au2	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.01548 (8)
Br1	0.37656 (7)	0.00308 (6)	0.34880 (4)	0.01977 (13)
Br2	0.66401 (7)	0.21010 (6)	0.48320 (4)	0.02255 (14)
Br3	0.08913 (8)	−0.01593 (6)	0.15315 (4)	0.02355 (14)
Br4	0.22342 (8)	0.16900 (7)	−0.00263 (4)	0.02747 (16)
N11	0.3806 (7)	0.3632 (6)	0.3076 (4)	0.0279 (13)
H01	0.417 (7)	0.278 (7)	0.335 (4)	0.032 (19)*
C12	0.2612 (8)	0.3555 (7)	0.2368 (4)	0.0271 (15)
H12	0.224248	0.264649	0.213644	0.033*
C13	0.1909 (7)	0.4771 (7)	0.1971 (4)	0.0255 (14)
C14	0.2465 (8)	0.6064 (7)	0.2351 (4)	0.0287 (16)
H14	0.199190	0.693320	0.210112	0.034*
C15	0.3716 (9)	0.6102 (7)	0.3098 (5)	0.0346 (17)
H15	0.410317	0.699323	0.335028	0.041*
C16	0.4371 (9)	0.4870 (7)	0.3458 (4)	0.0327 (16)
H16	0.521161	0.487523	0.396967	0.039*
C17	0.0584 (8)	0.4692 (8)	0.1181 (5)	0.0411 (19)
H17A	0.110098	0.463148	0.069059	0.062*
H17B	−0.011840	0.555011	0.113177	0.062*
H17C	−0.010741	0.384151	0.119848	0.062*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.01585 (15)	0.01527 (15)	0.01316 (16)	0.00233 (13)	0.00351 (12)	0.00140 (13)
Au2	0.01751 (16)	0.01467 (15)	0.01457 (16)	0.00047 (13)	0.00424 (12)	0.00174 (13)
Br1	0.0257 (3)	0.0191 (3)	0.0131 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0013 (2)	0.0016 (3)
Br2	0.0240 (3)	0.0215 (3)	0.0212 (3)	−0.0038 (3)	0.0030 (3)	0.0038 (3)
Br3	0.0310 (3)	0.0238 (3)	0.0148 (3)	−0.0015 (3)	0.0031 (3)	0.0018 (3)
Br4	0.0283 (3)	0.0277 (3)	0.0267 (4)	−0.0106 (3)	0.0070 (3)	0.0024 (3)
N11	0.040 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.023 (3)	−0.001 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.007 (2)
C12	0.036 (4)	0.022 (3)	0.027 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.005 (3)
C13	0.019 (3)	0.033 (4)	0.026 (4)	−0.002 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.003 (3)
C14	0.037 (4)	0.025 (3)	0.029 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.005 (3)
C15	0.053 (5)	0.026 (4)	0.033 (4)	−0.005 (3)	0.026 (4)	−0.008 (3)
C16	0.044 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.021 (4)	−0.007 (3)	0.006 (3)	−0.004 (3)
C17	0.027 (4)	0.064 (5)	0.031 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.004 (4)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	2.4241 (6)	C12—H12	0.9500
Au1—Br1	2.4241 (6)	C13—C14	1.385 (8)
Au1—Br2	2.4284 (6)	C13—C17	1.480 (9)
Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	2.4285 (6)	C14—C15	1.397 (9)

Au2—Br3 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4206 (6)	C14—H14	0.9500
Au2—Br3	2.4207 (6)	C15—C16	1.346 (9)
Au2—Br4	2.4251 (6)	C15—H15	0.9500
Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4251 (6)	C16—H16	0.9500
N11—C12	1.329 (8)	C17—H17A	0.9800
N11—C16	1.343 (8)	C17—H17B	0.9800
N11—H01	0.93 (6)	C17—H17C	0.9800
C12—C13	1.367 (8)		
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1	180.0	C12—C13—C14	117.1 (6)
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br2	90.32 (2)	C12—C13—C17	120.9 (6)
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.68 (2)	C14—C13—C17	122.0 (6)
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	89.68 (2)	C13—C14—C15	120.6 (6)
Br1—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	90.33 (2)	C13—C14—H14	119.7
Br2—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	C15—C14—H14	119.7
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br3	180.0	C16—C15—C14	119.7 (6)
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br4	89.89 (2)	C16—C15—H15	120.2
Br3—Au2—Br4	90.11 (2)	C14—C15—H15	120.2
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	90.11 (2)	N11—C16—C15	118.4 (7)
Br3—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	89.89 (2)	N11—C16—H16	120.8
Br4—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0	C15—C16—H16	120.8
C12—N11—C16	123.5 (6)	C13—C17—H17A	109.5
C12—N11—H01	118 (4)	C13—C17—H17B	109.5
C16—N11—H01	118 (4)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N11—C12—C13	120.7 (6)	C13—C17—H17C	109.5
N11—C12—H12	119.7	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C13—C12—H12	119.7	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	1.8 (10)	C17—C13—C14—C15	179.9 (6)
N11—C12—C13—C14	-1.7 (9)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.9 (10)
N11—C12—C13—C17	179.7 (6)	C12—N11—C16—C15	-1.3 (11)
C12—C13—C14—C15	1.3 (9)	C14—C15—C16—N11	0.8 (11)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y, -z$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br1	0.93 (6)	2.61 (6)	3.432 (5)	149 (5)
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br2	0.93 (6)	2.84 (6)	3.539 (6)	134 (5)
C12—H12 $\cdots$ Br3	0.95	2.93	3.874 (7)	175
C15—H15 $\cdots$ Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.87	3.724 (7)	151
C16—H16 $\cdots$ Br2	0.95	3.05	3.637 (7)	122
C16—H16 $\cdots$ Br4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.93	3.726 (7)	143

Symmetry codes: (iii)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .

*trans*-Dibromidobis(4-picoline)gold(III) tetrabromidoaurate(III) nitromethane monosolvate (5)

*Crystal data*

[AuBr<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>7</sub>N)<sub>2</sub>](AuBr<sub>4</sub>)·CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>  
*M<sub>r</sub>* = 1120.69  
 Triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$   
*a* = 7.5336 (4) Å  
*b* = 12.49946 (10) Å  
*c* = 12.74241 (10) Å  
 $\alpha$  = 84.400 (6)°  
 $\beta$  = 89.908 (5)°  
 $\gamma$  = 86.012 (5)°  
*V* = 1191.26 (7) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 2  
*F*(000) = 1000  
*D<sub>x</sub>* = 3.124 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å  
 Cell parameters from 9644 reflections  
 $\theta$  = 3.1–27.8°  
 $\mu$  = 22.38 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 101 K  
 Plate, red  
 0.20 × 0.08 × 0.01 mm

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)  
*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.140, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 1.000

6279 measured reflections  
 6279 independent reflections  
 5020 reflections with *I* > 2 $\sigma$ (*I*)  
*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.104  
 $\theta_{\max}$  = 28.3°,  $\theta_{\min}$  = 2.2°  
*h* = -10→10  
*k* = -16→16  
*l* = -16→16

*Refinement*

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>  
 Least-squares matrix: full  
*R*[*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2 $\sigma$ (*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.038  
*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.063  
*S* = 0.94  
 6279 reflections  
 222 parameters  
 84 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0252P)^2]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.003$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.43 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.74 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U<sub>iso</sub></i> */ <i>U<sub>eq</sub></i>
Au1	0.000000	0.500000	0.000000	0.00944 (13)
Au2	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.01041 (13)
Au3	0.77534 (5)	0.79410 (4)	0.20867 (3)	0.01215 (10)
Br1	0.24353 (13)	0.59056 (9)	0.06730 (8)	0.0154 (2)
Br2	0.22259 (13)	0.58165 (9)	0.42403 (8)	0.0158 (2)
Br3	0.84829 (15)	0.93250 (9)	0.31755 (8)	0.0233 (3)
Br4	0.79712 (17)	0.91994 (10)	0.05310 (8)	0.0263 (3)
Br5	0.68233 (13)	0.65824 (9)	0.10090 (8)	0.0148 (2)
Br6	0.77248 (14)	0.66483 (9)	0.36344 (8)	0.0169 (3)
N11	0.0090 (10)	0.3960 (7)	0.1331 (6)	0.0067 (18)
C12	0.0297 (12)	0.2882 (9)	0.1240 (8)	0.013 (2)
H12	0.036614	0.262700	0.056126	0.016*

C13	0.0406 (13)	0.2166 (10)	0.2124 (8)	0.019 (2)
H13	0.062460	0.142055	0.204576	0.023*
C14	0.0208 (13)	0.2492 (9)	0.3144 (8)	0.015 (2)
C15	-0.0010 (13)	0.3615 (9)	0.3170 (8)	0.018 (2)
H15	-0.011695	0.390088	0.383267	0.021*
C16	-0.0074 (12)	0.4314 (8)	0.2261 (7)	0.011 (2)
H16	-0.023901	0.506762	0.231234	0.014*
C17	0.0267 (14)	0.1743 (9)	0.4093 (8)	0.023 (3)
H17A	-0.055374	0.118067	0.401622	0.034*
H17B	-0.008381	0.213182	0.470056	0.034*
H17C	0.147905	0.141219	0.420182	0.034*
N21	0.4855 (10)	0.6030 (7)	0.6127 (6)	0.0060 (18)
C22	0.4823 (13)	0.5669 (9)	0.7143 (8)	0.017 (3)
H22	0.491126	0.491270	0.733175	0.021*
C23	0.4668 (12)	0.6346 (9)	0.7931 (8)	0.011 (2)
H23	0.462877	0.605894	0.864793	0.013*
C24	0.4568 (13)	0.7448 (9)	0.7672 (8)	0.013 (2)
C25	0.4612 (13)	0.7810 (10)	0.6609 (8)	0.020 (3)
H25	0.455491	0.856246	0.640001	0.024*
C26	0.4739 (13)	0.7089 (9)	0.5848 (8)	0.013 (2)
H26	0.474284	0.735097	0.512306	0.016*
C27	0.4375 (14)	0.8215 (9)	0.8526 (8)	0.019 (3)
H27A	0.555048	0.831116	0.881651	0.029*
H27B	0.361279	0.791532	0.908827	0.029*
H27C	0.383740	0.891352	0.822309	0.029*
N1	0.3239 (14)	0.9121 (9)	0.2892 (8)	0.036 (3)*
O1	0.3561 (15)	0.8660 (10)	0.3761 (9)	0.083 (4)*
O2	0.3164 (11)	1.0091 (7)	0.2727 (6)	0.044 (3)*
C1	0.290 (2)	0.8516 (14)	0.2045 (14)	0.079 (5)*
H1A	0.357624	0.877843	0.142668	0.119*
H1B	0.162431	0.859438	0.187551	0.119*
H1C	0.325698	0.775437	0.224327	0.119*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.0104 (3)	0.0106 (3)	0.0074 (3)	-0.0013 (3)	-0.0005 (2)	-0.0011 (3)
Au2	0.0109 (3)	0.0126 (3)	0.0083 (3)	-0.0021 (3)	0.0008 (2)	-0.0025 (3)
Au3	0.0126 (2)	0.0129 (2)	0.01104 (18)	-0.0007 (2)	0.00025 (16)	-0.0020 (2)
Br1	0.0152 (6)	0.0178 (6)	0.0137 (5)	-0.0058 (5)	-0.0038 (4)	-0.0013 (5)
Br2	0.0141 (6)	0.0204 (6)	0.0133 (5)	0.0010 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0044 (5)
Br3	0.0328 (8)	0.0207 (7)	0.0176 (6)	-0.0056 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0051 (5)
Br4	0.0480 (8)	0.0161 (7)	0.0146 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0005 (5)
Br5	0.0154 (6)	0.0161 (6)	0.0137 (5)	-0.0028 (5)	-0.0004 (4)	-0.0041 (5)
Br6	0.0208 (6)	0.0182 (7)	0.0117 (5)	-0.0043 (5)	0.0012 (5)	0.0002 (5)
N11	0.006 (2)	0.007 (3)	0.007 (2)	-0.0008 (18)	-0.0004 (18)	-0.0006 (18)
C12	0.014 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.012 (3)	-0.0006 (19)	0.0008 (19)	-0.0019 (19)
C13	0.020 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.019 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.0011 (19)	-0.0022 (19)

C14	0.015 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.015 (3)	-0.0023 (19)	-0.0012 (19)	-0.0001 (19)
C15	0.019 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.016 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.0006 (19)	-0.0028 (19)
C16	0.012 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.0009 (19)	0.0007 (19)	-0.0011 (19)
C17	0.027 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.017 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)
N21	0.006 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.0012 (18)	0.0012 (18)	0.0009 (18)
C22	0.018 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.0019 (19)	-0.0003 (19)	-0.0018 (19)
C23	0.011 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.0012 (19)	0.0010 (19)	-0.0009 (19)
C24	0.012 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.0000 (19)	-0.0011 (19)	-0.0029 (19)
C25	0.019 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.020 (3)	-0.001 (2)	-0.0007 (19)	-0.002 (2)
C26	0.014 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.012 (3)	-0.0005 (19)	0.0014 (19)	-0.0002 (19)
C27	0.021 (4)	0.016 (4)	0.020 (4)	-0.002 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—N11 <sup>i</sup>	2.032 (8)	C17—H17A	0.9800
Au1—N11	2.032 (8)	C17—H17B	0.9800
Au1—Br1	2.4220 (10)	C17—H17C	0.9800
Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	2.4220 (10)	N21—C22	1.329 (12)
Au2—N21 <sup>ii</sup>	2.019 (8)	N21—C26	1.333 (13)
Au2—N21	2.019 (8)	C22—C23	1.375 (13)
Au2—Br2	2.4214 (11)	C22—H22	0.9500
Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4214 (11)	C23—C24	1.382 (14)
Au3—Br3	2.4130 (12)	C23—H23	0.9500
Au3—Br4	2.4201 (12)	C24—C25	1.386 (14)
Au3—Br6	2.4257 (12)	C24—C27	1.519 (13)
Au3—Br5	2.4258 (12)	C25—C26	1.386 (14)
N11—C16	1.308 (11)	C25—H25	0.9500
N11—C12	1.361 (13)	C26—H26	0.9500
C12—C13	1.368 (14)	C27—H27A	0.9800
C12—H12	0.9500	C27—H27B	0.9800
C13—C14	1.403 (14)	C27—H27C	0.9800
C13—H13	0.9500	N1—O2	1.208 (12)
C14—C15	1.406 (14)	N1—O1	1.213 (14)
C14—C17	1.454 (13)	N1—C1	1.411 (17)
C15—C16	1.380 (13)	C1—H1A	0.9800
C15—H15	0.9500	C1—H1B	0.9800
C16—H16	0.9500	C1—H1C	0.9800
N11 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—N11	180.0	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N11 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1	90.3 (2)	C14—C17—H17C	109.5
N11—Au1—Br1	89.7 (2)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
N11 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	89.7 (2)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
N11—Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	90.3 (2)	C22—N21—C26	119.5 (9)
Br1—Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	C22—N21—Au2	120.9 (7)
N21 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—N21	180.0 (4)	C26—N21—Au2	119.5 (7)
N21 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br2	89.7 (2)	N21—C22—C23	122.6 (10)
N21—Au2—Br2	90.3 (2)	N21—C22—H22	118.7
N21 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	90.3 (2)	C23—C22—H22	118.7

N21—Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	89.7 (2)	C22—C23—C24	119.5 (10)
Br2—Au2—Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0	C22—C23—H23	120.2
Br3—Au3—Br4	89.83 (4)	C24—C23—H23	120.2
Br3—Au3—Br6	90.19 (4)	C23—C24—C25	117.1 (10)
Br4—Au3—Br6	176.54 (5)	C23—C24—C27	120.6 (9)
Br3—Au3—Br5	176.38 (4)	C25—C24—C27	122.3 (10)
Br4—Au3—Br5	90.39 (4)	C26—C25—C24	120.9 (11)
Br6—Au3—Br5	89.81 (4)	C26—C25—H25	119.6
C16—N11—C12	120.3 (9)	C24—C25—H25	119.6
C16—N11—Au1	120.8 (7)	N21—C26—C25	120.5 (10)
C12—N11—Au1	118.9 (6)	N21—C26—H26	119.8
N11—C12—C13	120.0 (10)	C25—C26—H26	119.8
N11—C12—H12	120.0	C24—C27—H27A	109.5
C13—C12—H12	120.0	C24—C27—H27B	109.5
C12—C13—C14	122.5 (11)	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
C12—C13—H13	118.8	C24—C27—H27C	109.5
C14—C13—H13	118.8	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
C13—C14—C15	113.9 (10)	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C13—C14—C17	123.4 (10)	O2—N1—O1	122.1 (12)
C15—C14—C17	122.7 (10)	O2—N1—C1	118.2 (13)
C16—C15—C14	122.0 (10)	O1—N1—C1	119.6 (13)
C16—C15—H15	119.0	N1—C1—H1A	109.5
C14—C15—H15	119.0	N1—C1—H1B	109.5
N11—C16—C15	121.3 (10)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
N11—C16—H16	119.4	N1—C1—H1C	109.5
C15—C16—H16	119.4	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C14—C17—H17A	109.5	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
C14—C17—H17B	109.5		
C16—N11—C12—C13	-2.6 (15)	C26—N21—C22—C23	0.2 (15)
Au1—N11—C12—C13	178.4 (7)	Au2—N21—C22—C23	-177.9 (7)
N11—C12—C13—C14	3.8 (16)	N21—C22—C23—C24	-1.1 (15)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-3.4 (15)	C22—C23—C24—C25	0.7 (15)
C12—C13—C14—C17	178.1 (9)	C22—C23—C24—C27	179.3 (9)
C13—C14—C15—C16	1.9 (15)	C23—C24—C25—C26	0.4 (15)
C17—C14—C15—C16	-179.6 (9)	C27—C24—C25—C26	-178.1 (9)
C12—N11—C16—C15	1.1 (15)	C22—N21—C26—C25	1.0 (14)
Au1—N11—C16—C15	-179.8 (7)	Au2—N21—C26—C25	179.1 (7)
C14—C15—C16—N11	-0.8 (16)	C24—C25—C26—N21	-1.3 (15)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C12—H12 $\cdots$ Br4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.99	3.771 (11)	141
C12—H12 $\cdots$ Br5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	3.06	3.629 (10)	120
C13—H13 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.54	3.240 (15)	131

C15—H15⋯Br2 <sup>v</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.802 (10)	149
C16—H16⋯Br6 <sup>vi</sup>	0.95	3.05	3.826 (10)	140
C22—H22⋯Br5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	3.04	3.766 (11)	135
C23—H23⋯Br1 <sup>vii</sup>	0.95	3.06	3.883 (9)	146
C26—H26⋯Br6	0.95	3.07	3.665 (10)	122
C26—H26⋯O1	0.95	2.39	3.235 (16)	147
C1—H1B⋯Br3 <sup>vi</sup>	0.98	3.03	3.737 (17)	130

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ ; (iv)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (v)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (vi)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (vii)  $x, y, z+1$ .

#### 4-Picolinium tetrabromidoaurate(III) (6)

##### Crystal data

(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]

$M_r = 610.74$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

$a = 7.5701$  (3) Å

$b = 9.5159$  (5) Å

$c = 9.5653$  (5) Å

$\alpha = 112.616$  (5)°

$\beta = 104.788$  (4)°

$\gamma = 96.401$  (4)°

$V = 597.79$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 540$

$D_x = 3.393$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 9482 reflections

$\theta = 2.4$ – $30.5$ °

$\mu = 25.63$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Plate, red

$0.18 \times 0.10 \times 0.01$  mm

##### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)

$T_{\min} = 0.298$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

41754 measured reflections

3555 independent reflections

3064 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

$\theta_{\max} = 30.9$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4$ °

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

##### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$

$wR(F^2) = 0.092$

$S = 1.08$

3555 reflections

117 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.049P)^2 + 1.9196P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.05$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.97$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

##### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Au1	0.500000	1.000000	1.000000	0.01094 (9)
Au2	1.000000	0.500000	1.000000	0.01170 (9)
Br1	0.42459 (9)	0.88962 (8)	0.71154 (7)	0.01804 (14)
Br2	0.31714 (8)	0.75842 (7)	0.97178 (7)	0.01559 (14)

Br3	0.75122 (9)	0.63921 (7)	0.98237 (7)	0.01806 (14)
Br4	0.88137 (9)	0.34545 (7)	0.71095 (7)	0.01707 (14)
N11	0.3623 (10)	0.4027 (9)	0.6697 (8)	0.0318 (15)
H01	0.436 (15)	0.476 (13)	0.768 (12)	0.05 (3)*
C12	0.2662 (12)	0.4402 (9)	0.5560 (9)	0.0315 (17)
H12	0.272508	0.547031	0.577305	0.038*
C13	0.1603 (11)	0.3261 (8)	0.4110 (8)	0.0224 (14)
H13	0.092328	0.352454	0.329997	0.027*
C14	0.1511 (9)	0.1682 (7)	0.3806 (7)	0.0161 (12)
C15	0.2515 (10)	0.1375 (9)	0.5043 (8)	0.0222 (14)
H15	0.245711	0.031775	0.487711	0.027*
C16	0.3574 (10)	0.2537 (9)	0.6478 (8)	0.0255 (15)
H16	0.426737	0.230842	0.731097	0.031*
C17	0.0417 (11)	0.0388 (8)	0.2202 (8)	0.0252 (15)
H17A	0.125374	-0.024973	0.177908	0.038*
H17B	-0.013054	0.083136	0.146867	0.038*
H17C	-0.059019	-0.026879	0.230461	0.038*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.01181 (15)	0.01142 (16)	0.01137 (15)	0.00391 (11)	0.00464 (11)	0.00585 (12)
Au2	0.01234 (16)	0.01162 (16)	0.01106 (15)	0.00256 (11)	0.00378 (12)	0.00487 (12)
Br1	0.0241 (3)	0.0179 (3)	0.0120 (3)	0.0044 (2)	0.0066 (2)	0.0059 (2)
Br2	0.0171 (3)	0.0129 (3)	0.0181 (3)	0.0021 (2)	0.0065 (2)	0.0080 (2)
Br3	0.0158 (3)	0.0169 (3)	0.0174 (3)	0.0062 (2)	0.0026 (2)	0.0042 (2)
Br4	0.0209 (3)	0.0174 (3)	0.0112 (3)	0.0053 (2)	0.0038 (2)	0.0051 (2)
N11	0.028 (3)	0.035 (4)	0.020 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.005 (3)
C12	0.043 (5)	0.024 (4)	0.027 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.010 (3)
C13	0.034 (4)	0.017 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.010 (3)
C14	0.017 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.004 (2)
C15	0.023 (3)	0.024 (4)	0.023 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.011 (3)
C16	0.024 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.014 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.011 (3)
C17	0.027 (4)	0.017 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	2.4240 (6)	C12—H12	0.9500
Au1—Br1	2.4240 (6)	C13—C14	1.406 (9)
Au1—Br2	2.4282 (6)	C13—H13	0.9500
Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	2.4282 (6)	C14—C15	1.386 (9)
Au2—Br3 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4282 (6)	C14—C17	1.493 (9)
Au2—Br3	2.4282 (6)	C15—C16	1.350 (10)
Au2—Br4	2.4340 (6)	C15—H15	0.9500
Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4340 (6)	C16—H16	0.9500
N11—C12	1.339 (10)	C17—H17A	0.9800
N11—C16	1.346 (11)	C17—H17B	0.9800
N11—H01	0.91 (11)	C17—H17C	0.9800

C12—C13	1.351 (10)		
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br1	180.0	C12—C13—C14	119.7 (6)
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br2	90.77 (2)	C12—C13—H13	120.2
Br1—Au1—Br2	89.23 (2)	C14—C13—H13	120.2
Br1 <sup>i</sup> —Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	89.23 (2)	C15—C14—C13	117.4 (6)
Br1—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	90.77 (2)	C15—C14—C17	121.2 (6)
Br2—Au1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	180.0	C13—C14—C17	121.4 (6)
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br3	180.0 (3)	C16—C15—C14	121.8 (7)
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br4	89.79 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.1
Br3—Au2—Br4	90.21 (2)	C14—C15—H15	119.1
Br3 <sup>ii</sup> —Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	90.21 (2)	N11—C16—C15	118.3 (6)
Br3—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	89.79 (2)	N11—C16—H16	120.9
Br4—Au2—Br4 <sup>ii</sup>	180.0	C15—C16—H16	120.9
C12—N11—C16	122.9 (7)	C14—C17—H17A	109.5
C12—N11—H01	123 (7)	C14—C17—H17B	109.5
C16—N11—H01	114 (7)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N11—C12—C13	120.0 (7)	C14—C17—H17C	109.5
N11—C12—H12	120.0	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C13—C12—H12	120.0	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	-0.8 (12)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.3 (10)
N11—C12—C13—C14	0.2 (12)	C17—C14—C15—C16	177.1 (7)
C12—C13—C14—C15	0.8 (11)	C12—N11—C16—C15	0.3 (12)
C12—C13—C14—C17	-177.6 (7)	C14—C15—C16—N11	0.7 (11)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+2$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+2$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br2	0.91 (11)	3.04 (10)	3.628 (7)	124 (8)
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br3	0.91 (11)	2.56 (11)	3.395 (7)	154 (9)
C12—H12 $\cdots$ Br1	0.95	2.96	3.872 (8)	160
C15—H15 $\cdots$ Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	3.07	3.764 (7)	132
C16—H16 $\cdots$ Br2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.890 (7)	166
C17—H17A $\cdots$ Br2 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	3.04	4.001 (7)	167
C17—H17C $\cdots$ Br3 <sup>vi</sup>	0.98	3.04	3.660 (7)	123
C13—H13 $\cdots$ Br4 <sup>vii</sup>	0.95	3.04	3.750 (6)	133

Symmetry codes: (iii)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$ ; (v)  $x, y-1, z-1$ ; (vi)  $x-1, y-1, z-1$ ; (vii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .

#### 2,4-Dimethylpyridinium tetrabromidoaurate(III) (7)

##### Crystal data

(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N)[AuBr<sub>4</sub>]

$M_r = 624.77$

Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$

$a = 8.8797$  (3)  $\text{\AA}$

$b = 9.4081$  (4)  $\text{\AA}$

$c = 15.5202$  (5)  $\text{\AA}$

$V = 1296.57$  (8)  $\text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1112$

$D_x = 3.201$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 8709 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.5\text{--}30.2^\circ$   
 $\mu = 23.63 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$   
 Block, red  
 $0.25 \times 0.25 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed X-ray tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scan  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2020)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.212$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

33591 measured reflections  
 3759 independent reflections  
 3574 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 30.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$   
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$   
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.040$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 3759 reflections  
 125 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0112P)^2]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.67 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 Extinction correction: SHELXL-2019/3  
 (Sheldrick, 2015),  
 $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 Extinction coefficient: 0.00101 (7)  
 Absolute structure: Flack  $x$  determined using  
 1420 quotients  $[(F^-)-(F)]/[(F^+)+(F)]$  (Parsons *et al.*, 2013)  
 Absolute structure parameter:  $-0.024$  (6)

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Au1	0.69472 (2)	0.93066 (3)	0.42645 (2)	0.01312 (6)
Br1	0.48138 (6)	1.07804 (8)	0.38578 (4)	0.01891 (14)
Br2	0.71742 (7)	1.05811 (8)	0.56089 (4)	0.02206 (15)
Br3	0.90010 (7)	0.77649 (8)	0.46964 (4)	0.02138 (16)
Br4	0.68403 (8)	0.81480 (9)	0.28724 (4)	0.02655 (17)
N11	0.3103 (8)	0.8502 (7)	0.2341 (4)	0.0275 (14)
H01	0.388 (8)	0.895 (9)	0.244 (5)	0.04 (3)*
C12	0.2647 (7)	0.8642 (7)	0.1512 (4)	0.0182 (14)
C13	0.1412 (7)	0.7843 (8)	0.1267 (4)	0.0194 (15)
H13	0.104440	0.792167	0.069400	0.023*
C14	0.0695 (7)	0.6926 (7)	0.1841 (4)	0.0205 (15)
C15	0.1230 (8)	0.6858 (9)	0.2668 (4)	0.0292 (18)
H15	0.074949	0.625679	0.307561	0.035*
C16	0.2448 (8)	0.7647 (9)	0.2911 (4)	0.033 (2)
H16	0.282451	0.758529	0.348226	0.040*
C17	0.3522 (8)	0.9567 (9)	0.0929 (5)	0.042 (2)
H17A	0.391704	1.037926	0.125284	0.063*

H17B	0.286751	0.990954	0.046443	0.063*
H17C	0.436017	0.902622	0.068167	0.063*
C18	-0.0593 (8)	0.6032 (8)	0.1557 (5)	0.0339 (19)
H18A	-0.021124	0.516777	0.128041	0.051*
H18B	-0.121009	0.656604	0.114552	0.051*
H18C	-0.120645	0.577321	0.205779	0.051*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.01223 (11)	0.01297 (12)	0.01416 (10)	-0.00105 (10)	-0.00021 (9)	0.00202 (10)
Br1	0.0168 (3)	0.0151 (3)	0.0248 (3)	0.0019 (3)	-0.0044 (2)	0.0016 (3)
Br2	0.0241 (3)	0.0234 (4)	0.0187 (3)	0.0010 (3)	-0.0030 (2)	-0.0035 (3)
Br3	0.0185 (3)	0.0219 (4)	0.0238 (3)	0.0050 (3)	-0.0030 (3)	0.0027 (3)
Br4	0.0249 (4)	0.0356 (4)	0.0192 (3)	0.0077 (4)	-0.0033 (3)	-0.0082 (3)
N11	0.023 (3)	0.027 (4)	0.033 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.007 (3)	-0.012 (3)
C12	0.015 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.027 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.001 (3)
C13	0.016 (3)	0.026 (4)	0.016 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.004 (3)
C14	0.016 (3)	0.014 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C15	0.033 (4)	0.031 (5)	0.023 (4)	0.010 (4)	0.010 (3)	0.007 (3)
C16	0.041 (4)	0.044 (6)	0.015 (3)	0.014 (4)	-0.005 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C17	0.035 (4)	0.023 (5)	0.067 (6)	0.003 (4)	0.015 (4)	0.010 (4)
C18	0.021 (4)	0.021 (4)	0.060 (5)	-0.001 (3)	0.009 (4)	-0.014 (4)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Au1—Br2	2.4151 (7)	C14—C15	1.371 (9)
Au1—Br4	2.4217 (7)	C14—C18	1.486 (9)
Au1—Br3	2.4247 (7)	C15—C16	1.365 (10)
Au1—Br1	2.4310 (7)	C15—H15	0.9500
N11—C16	1.330 (10)	C16—H16	0.9500
N11—C12	1.355 (8)	C17—H17A	0.9800
N11—H01	0.82 (8)	C17—H17B	0.9800
C12—C13	1.383 (9)	C17—H17C	0.9800
C12—C17	1.477 (9)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C13—C14	1.395 (9)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C13—H13	0.9500	C18—H18C	0.9800
Br2—Au1—Br4	175.99 (3)	C16—C15—C14	120.5 (7)
Br2—Au1—Br3	89.73 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.7
Br4—Au1—Br3	90.40 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.7
Br2—Au1—Br1	90.35 (2)	N11—C16—C15	119.5 (7)
Br4—Au1—Br1	89.69 (2)	N11—C16—H16	120.2
Br3—Au1—Br1	177.57 (3)	C15—C16—H16	120.2
C16—N11—C12	124.0 (7)	C12—C17—H17A	109.5
C16—N11—H01	124 (6)	C12—C17—H17B	109.5
C12—N11—H01	112 (6)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N11—C12—C13	116.5 (6)	C12—C17—H17C	109.5

N11—C12—C17	118.8 (7)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C13—C12—C17	124.6 (7)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C12—C13—C14	121.5 (6)	C14—C18—H18A	109.5
C12—C13—H13	119.2	C14—C18—H18B	109.5
C14—C13—H13	119.2	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C15—C14—C13	117.9 (7)	C14—C18—H18C	109.5
C15—C14—C18	121.2 (7)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C13—C14—C18	120.8 (6)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C16—N11—C12—C13	0.7 (10)	C12—C13—C14—C18	-177.5 (6)
C16—N11—C12—C17	-176.6 (7)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.3 (11)
N11—C12—C13—C14	-1.1 (9)	C18—C14—C15—C16	177.6 (7)
C17—C12—C13—C14	176.1 (7)	C12—N11—C16—C15	-0.7 (12)
C12—C13—C14—C15	1.4 (10)	C14—C15—C16—N11	1.0 (11)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br4	0.82 (8)	2.82 (7)	3.435 (7)	134 (7)
N11—H01 $\cdots$ Br1	0.82 (8)	2.92 (8)	3.527 (6)	133 (7)
C15—H15 $\cdots$ Br2 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.96	3.622 (7)	128
C18—H18B $\cdots$ Br2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.94	3.780 (8)	145
C16—H16 $\cdots$ Br3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	3.03	3.981 (7)	177
C18—H18A $\cdots$ Br3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.93	3.903 (7)	174
C17—H17A $\cdots$ Br4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	3.01	3.862 (8)	146

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x+1/2, -y+2, z-1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .