

# Crystal structure of (Z)-3-{2-[(Z)-11H-indeno[1,2-b]quinoxalin-11-ylidene]hydrazinyl}-N-phenylbut-2-enamide monohydrate

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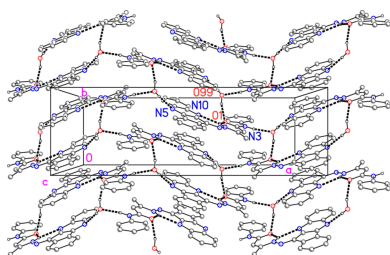
In the title compound, (Z)-3-{2-[(Z)-11H-indeno[1,2-b]quinoxalin-11-ylidene]hydrazinyl}-N-phenylbut-2-enamide monohydrate, C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O·H<sub>2</sub>O, the configurations around the C=N and C=C double bonds adjacent to the hydrazinyl moiety are both Z. Except for the phenyl group, the molecule is almost planar, promoted by the three-centre intramolecular N<sub>hydrazinyl</sub>—H···(O<sub>carbonyl</sub>, N<sub>quinoxaline</sub>) hydrogen bond. The water molecule participates in three hydrogen bonds, as donor towards O<sub>carbonyl</sub> (within the asymmetric unit) and the other N<sub>quinoxaline</sub> (via an inversion operator) and as acceptor from the amide N—H group (via a b-glide operator). The hydrogen bonds combine to form a layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane.

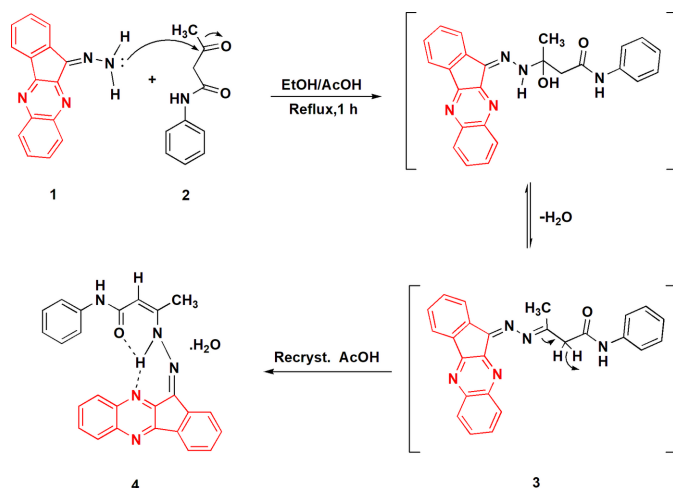
## 1. Chemical context

The pharmaceutical industry has shown great interest in quinoxaline derivatives because they display a wide spectrum of biological properties and can be used against various pathogens and diseases, *e.g.* bacteria, fungi, viruses, leishmania, tuberculosis, malaria or cancer (Deepika *et al.*, 2011; Pereira *et al.*, 2015).

Indenoquinoxaline and its derivatives are an important class of nitrogen-containing heterocycles and are useful intermediates in organic synthesis. They have furthermore been found to have applications in various therapies (Tseng *et al.*, 2016), as organic semiconductors (Sehlstedt *et al.*, 1998; Cheng *et al.*, 2011), antiviral agents (Selvam *et al.*, 2013),  $\alpha$ -glucosidase inhibitors (Khan *et al.*, 2014; Hameed *et al.*, 2024), anti-inflammatory agents (Schepetkin *et al.*, 2019), antimicrobial agents (Kotharkar & Shinde, 2006; Sawant *et al.*, 2025), acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibitors (Akondi *et al.*, 2017), antitumor agents (Tseng *et al.*, 2016; Saravana Mani *et al.*, 2018) or c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK) inhibitors (Schepetkin *et al.*, 2012) and as acid corrosion inhibitors for mild steel surfaces (Obot & Obi-Egbedi, 2010).

Acetoacetanilide is widely utilized in the synthesis of several heterocyclic compounds. Because of its reactivity and structural flexibility, it is a desirable building block for creating bioactive compounds (Singh *et al.*, 2019). The presence of an active methylene group next to a carbonyl and an amide moiety renders it extremely reactive towards primary amines, forming Schiff bases [distinguished by the presence of an imine (—C=N—) functional group] by condensation reactions. These Schiff bases have a wide range of biological





**Figure 1**  
The synthesis of compound 4.

functions; they have shown encouraging antimicrobial (Raman *et al.*, 2001), anticancer (Subin Kumar, 2021) and antifungal (Deepa & Aravindakshan, 2004) properties. Imine-containing heterocyclic compounds display a varied chemical reactivity and often show considerable pharmacological effects, which have been attributed to the polarized C=N group (Kovrizhina *et al.*, 2021). Notable representatives of these compounds are azines, classified as hydrazine derivatives with the general formula  $RR'C=N-N=CR''R'''$ .

Continuing our work on the indeno[1,2-*b*]quinoxaline moiety (Eldeken *et al.*, 2022; El-Samahy *et al.*, 2023), we are attempting to synthesize new derivatives as potentially active compounds and to study their biological activities as anti-cancer agents. Treatment (Fig. 1) of 11-hydrazineylidene-11H-indeno[1,2-*b*]quinoxaline (**1**) with the acetoacetanilide analogue 3-oxo-*N*-phenylbutanamide (**2**) in ethanol in the presence of acetic acid led to the formation of (*Z*)-3-{2-[(*Z*)-11H-indeno[1,2-*b*]quinoxalin-11-ylidene]hydrazinyl}-*N*-phenylbut-2-enamide monohydrate (**4**). Compound **4** was formed in good yield *via* a two-step mechanism involving nucleophilic addition of the primary amine to the carbonyl carbon to give the carbinolamine, followed by dehydration to yield the dienehydrazine **3**, containing an (=N–N=) group, followed by tautomerisation to form the mono-ene-hydrazine **4**, containing the (–NH–N=) group. The product was recrystallized from acetic acid.

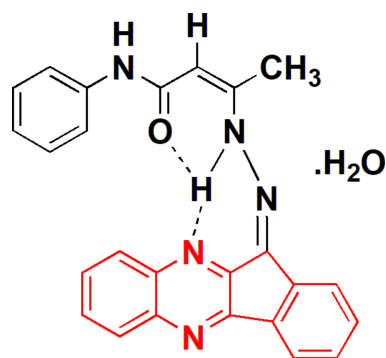
The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **4** revealed the presence of two singlets at  $\delta$  2.33 and 5.27 ppm corresponding to =C–CH<sub>3</sub> and =CH, respectively. The aromatic protons were observed as a multiplet at  $\delta$  7.35–8.06 (13 ArH) ppm and two singlets at  $\delta$  9.88, 15.05 ppm, attributed to OH and NH. The  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of **4** showed signals at  $\delta$  18.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>) and at 96.1 (=CH), beside the Ar–C signals.

In order to establish the chemical structure of the product **4**, its crystal structure was determined and is reported here. The structure was found to be a monohydrate; the water of crystallization probably arose both from the condensation step and also from the acetic acid used for the reaction and the

**Table 1**  
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

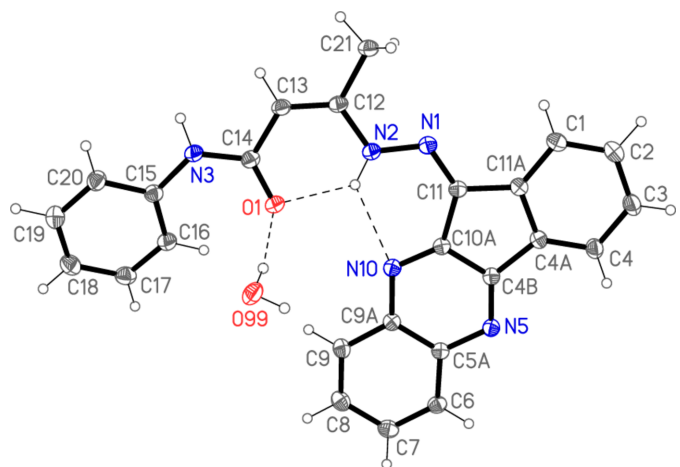
C10A–C11	1.4691 (15)	N2–C12	1.3792 (14)
C11A–C11	1.4678 (15)	N3–C14	1.3602 (15)
N1–C11	1.3004 (14)	C12–C13	1.3570 (15)
N1–N2	1.3458 (13)	C13–C14	1.4597 (15)
C4–C4A–C4B	130.44 (10)	N1–C11–C11A	122.53 (10)
N5–C4B–C4A	128.52 (10)	N1–C11–C10A	131.15 (10)
N10–C10A–C11	128.42 (10)	C11A–C11–C10A	106.32 (9)
C1–C11A–C11	130.32 (10)	C13–C12–N2	121.72 (10)
C11–N1–N2	117.74 (9)	C12–C13–C14	124.36 (10)
N1–N2–C12	118.30 (9)	N3–C14–C13	114.33 (10)
C14–N3–C15	128.53 (10)		
C11–N1–N2–C12	–176.41 (10)	C15–N3–C14–C13	176.42 (11)
N1–N2–C12–C13	–179.84 (10)	C12–C13–C14–N3	174.77 (11)
N2–C12–C13–C14	–0.31 (18)		

recrystallization, but this was not investigated further. Henceforth, the compound number **4** refers to the monohydrate.



## 2. Structural commentary

The structure of compound **4** is shown in Fig. 2, with selected molecular dimensions in Table 1. The configurations around the double bonds C11=N1 and C12=C13 are both *Z*. Except for the phenyl group, the entire molecule is almost planar



**Figure 2**  
The asymmetric unit of compound **4** in the crystal. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds. Ellipsoids correspond to 50% probability levels.

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N2-HO2\cdots N10$	0.905 (18)	2.251 (18)	2.9178 (13)	130.2 (14)
$N2-HO2\cdots O1$	0.905 (18)	2.008 (17)	2.6860 (13)	130.5 (15)
$N3-HO3\cdots O99^i$	0.916 (18)	1.920 (19)	2.8305 (13)	172.7 (17)
$O99-H99B\cdots N5^{ii}$	0.88 (2)	2.04 (2)	2.9032 (14)	168 (2)
$O99-H99A\cdots O1$	0.89 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.7802 (14)	166 (2)
$C16-H16\cdots O1$	0.95	2.32	2.9050 (15)	119

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ .

(Fig. 3), with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.04 Å for non-hydrogen atoms; the atom sequence C15–N3–C14–C13–C12–N2–N1–C11, which connects the two ring systems, is synperiplanar about the bond C12=C13 and antiperiplanar elsewhere. The phenyl group makes an angle of 20.31 (3)° with the main plane. The planarity is associated with the three-centre intramolecular hydrogen bond N2–H02···(O1, N10), and the short intramolecular contact H16···O1 might also be regarded as a ‘weak’ hydrogen bond (Table 2). Other hydrogen bonds are discussed in *Supramolecular features*. Bond lengths and angles in and around the hydrazide group correspond reasonably well with the formal bond orders (see *Database survey*); some delocalization of multiple bonding would be expected, and the coordination at N2 is planar [it lies only 0.021 (8) Å out of the plane of its substituents H02, N1 and C12]. The fusing of five- and six-membered rings leads to the usual widening of the corresponding exocyclic bond angles, which are all > 128° and thus appreciably greater than the standard value for  $sp^2$  carbon atoms. In the five-membered ring, the angle at C11 [106.32 (9)°] is narrow, whereas N1–C11–C10A [131.15 (10)°] is extremely wide and the formal single bonds at C11 are, at *ca.* 1.47 Å, indeed appreciably longer than the other bonds.

We have recently published the related hydrazide structure (*E*)-2-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2-yl)-*N'*-[1-(4-bromophenyl)ethylidene]acetohydrazide (Elboshi *et al.*, 2026), which also contains the atom sequence C( $sp^2$ )–NH–N=C, but with a C=O rather than a C=C double bond at the first atom. The bond lengths, in this order, are 1.3543 (15), 1.3764 (15) and 1.2942 (15) Å, compared to 1.3792 (14), 1.3458 (13) and 1.3004 (13) Å in **4** (see also *Database survey*).

### 3. Supramolecular features

The water molecule participates in three hydrogen bonds, as donor towards O1 (within the asymmetric unit, Fig. 2) and N5 (*via* inversion), and as acceptor from the amide group N3–H (*via* a *b* glide plane). The classical hydrogen bonds (Table 2) combine to form a layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane (Fig. 4).

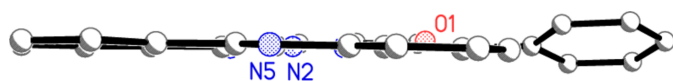


Figure 3  
Side view of compound **4** (water molecule and H atoms omitted).

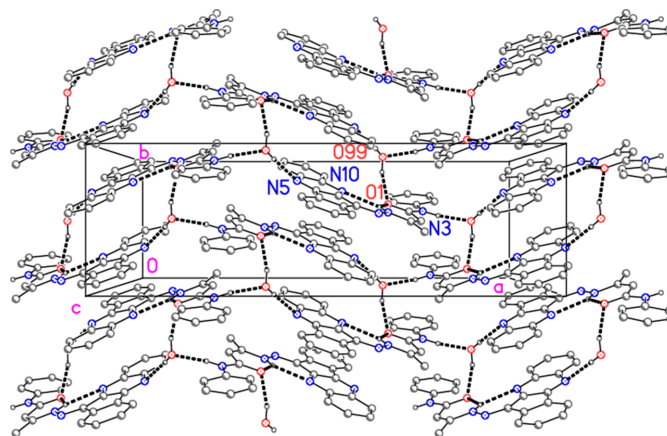


Figure 4

Packing of compound **4** showing the formation of a layer structure parallel to the *ab* plane. The view direction is parallel to the *c* axis in the region  $z \approx 0.5$ . Thick dashed lines indicate classical hydrogen bonds. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted. Atom labels correspond to the asymmetric unit.

### 4. Database survey

Searches were conducted using CSD Version 6.00 (update August 2025; Groom *et al.*, 2016) and the ConQuest routine (Bruno *et al.*, 2002), Version 2025.2.0.

A search for the substituted hydrazine moiety (C,C)–C<sup>3</sup>–N<sup>3</sup>(H)–N<sup>2</sup>–C<sup>3</sup>–(C,C) was conducted, where the superscripts refer to coordination numbers. Disordered structures and those involving metals were excluded; C–C and C–N bond types were restricted to ‘acyclic’, but no explicit restrictions were placed on bond orders. This led to 1244 hits. The 1472 values for the N–N bond length gave a mean value of 1.340 (36) Å, corresponding well to the value of 1.3458 (13) Å in **4**; similarly, the 1472 values for the N<sup>2</sup>=C<sup>3</sup> bond length gave a mean value of 1.305 (21) Å, *cf.* 1.3004 (13) Å in **4**.

Extending the search fragment to phenyl–NH–C(=O)–C<sup>3</sup>–N<sup>3</sup>(H)–N<sup>2</sup>–C<sup>3</sup>–(C,C), as in **4**, gave one hit, namely 2-[2-(2,6-dioxocyclohexylidene)hydrazinyl-*N*-phenylbenzamide] chloroform solvate (refcode GUCBAL; Bao *et al.*, 2024), in which, however, the central C–C<sup>3</sup> bond forms part of a phenyl ring.

### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of 11-hydrazineylidene-11*H*-indeno[1,2-*b*]quinoxaline **1** (0.01 mol) and 3-oxo-*N*-phenylbutanamide **2** (0.01 mol) in ethanol (20 ml) and acetic acid (10 ml) was refluxed for 1 h at 353 K. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the solid precipitate thus formed was filtered off and recrystallized from acetic acid. Orange solid; yield 90%; m.p. 501 K; IR (KBr, cm<sup>−1</sup>):  $\nu$  3551, 3055, 1627 (C=N) cm<sup>−1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  2.33 (*s*, 3 H, =C–CH<sub>3</sub>), 5.27 (=H), 7.35–8.06 (*m*, 13 ArH), 9.88, 15.05 (2*s*, OH, NH) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  18.9 (=C–CH<sub>3</sub>), 96.1 (=CH), 119.3, 120.8, 122.6, 123.1, 129.3, 129.7, 129.9, 130.1, 130.9, 132.3, 134.3, 135.4, 141.2, 153.4 and 166.8 ppm; ESI-MS

**Table 3**  
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O·H <sub>2</sub> O
<i>M</i> <sub>r</sub>	423.47
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>
Temperature (K)	100
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	23.0033 (6), 7.3011 (2), 24.3621 (6)
<i>V</i> (Å <sup>3</sup> )	4091.58 (18)
<i>Z</i>	8
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.09
Crystal size (mm)	0.2 × 0.05 × 0.05
Data collection	
Diffractionmeter	XtaLAB Synergy
Absorption correction	Multi-scan ( <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2024)
<i>T</i> <sub>min</sub> , <i>T</i> <sub>max</sub>	0.766, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed [ <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )] reflections	141178, 6816, 5392
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub>	0.050
$\theta$ values (°)	$\theta_{\max} = 31.5$ , $\theta_{\min} = 2.4$
(sin $\theta/\lambda$ ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.735
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [ <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> > 2σ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> )], <i>wR</i> ( <i>F</i> <sup>2</sup> ), <i>S</i>	0.044, 0.129, 1.05
No. of reflections	6816
No. of parameters	306
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ , $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.45, -0.25

Computer programs: *CrysAlis PRO* (Rigaku OD, 2024), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2019/3* (Sheldrick, 2015b) and *XP* (Bruker, 1998), *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

*m/z* (%) 406 (*M*<sup>+</sup> + 1, 100%); Analysis calculated for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O (405.46): C 74.06, H 4.72, N 17.27; found C 74.12, H 4.79, N 17.19%.

## 6. Refinement

Details of data collection and structure refinement are summarized in Table 3. The hydrogen atoms of the NH groups and the water molecule were refined freely. The methyl group was refined as an idealized rigid group with C–H = 0.98 Å, H–C–H = 109.5°, allowed to rotate but not tip (AFIX 137). Other hydrogen atoms were included using a riding model starting from calculated positions with C(*sp*<sup>2</sup>)–H = 0.95 Å. The *U*<sub>iso</sub>(H) values were fixed at 1.5 × *U*<sub>eq</sub> of the parent carbon atoms for the methyl group and 1.2 × *U*<sub>eq</sub> for the other C-bound hydrogen atoms.

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## supporting information

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### Computing details

(Z)-3-{2-[(Z)-11H-Indeno[1,2-b]quinoxalin-11-ylidene]hydrazinyl}-N-phenylbut-2-enamide monohydrate

#### Crystal data

$C_{25}H_{19}N_5O \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 423.47$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

$a = 23.0033$  (6) Å

$b = 7.3011$  (2) Å

$c = 24.3621$  (6) Å

$V = 4091.58$  (18) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1776$

$D_x = 1.375$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo *K*α radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 51739 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}34.3^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Prism, orange

$0.2 \times 0.05 \times 0.05$  mm

#### Data collection

XtaLAB Synergy  
diffractometer

Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray  
tube, PhotonJet (Mo) X-ray Source

Mirror monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.0000 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2024)

$T_{\min} = 0.766$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

141178 measured reflections

6816 independent reflections

5392 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$

$\theta_{\max} = 31.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -33 \rightarrow 33$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -35 \rightarrow 35$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$

$wR(F^2) = 0.129$

$S = 1.05$

6816 reflections

306 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: dual

Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0614P)^2 + 2.0644P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Special details

**Refinement.** Hydrogen atoms of the NH groups and the water molecule were refined freely.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.55926 (5)	0.53628 (16)	0.67892 (5)	0.0219 (2)
H1	0.597628	0.491157	0.683959	0.026*
C2	0.52021 (6)	0.54307 (18)	0.72255 (5)	0.0258 (2)
H2	0.532377	0.503694	0.757899	0.031*
C3	0.46343 (6)	0.60678 (19)	0.71526 (5)	0.0267 (2)
H3	0.437545	0.608780	0.745636	0.032*
C4	0.44426 (5)	0.66720 (17)	0.66434 (5)	0.0228 (2)
H4	0.405626	0.710036	0.659337	0.027*
C4A	0.48347 (5)	0.66295 (15)	0.62092 (4)	0.0179 (2)
C4B	0.47645 (5)	0.71801 (15)	0.56372 (4)	0.01679 (19)
N5	0.43117 (4)	0.79265 (13)	0.54008 (4)	0.01806 (18)
C5A	0.43816 (5)	0.83076 (15)	0.48502 (4)	0.01676 (19)
C6	0.39134 (5)	0.91033 (16)	0.45643 (5)	0.0203 (2)
H6	0.355943	0.935279	0.475080	0.024*
C7	0.39666 (5)	0.95207 (17)	0.40158 (5)	0.0224 (2)
H7	0.364926	1.005411	0.382419	0.027*
C8	0.44915 (5)	0.91578 (17)	0.37380 (5)	0.0226 (2)
H8	0.452567	0.946315	0.336031	0.027*
C9	0.49542 (5)	0.83703 (16)	0.40042 (5)	0.0204 (2)
H9	0.530381	0.812397	0.381017	0.024*
C9A	0.49099 (5)	0.79269 (15)	0.45668 (4)	0.01694 (19)
N10	0.53842 (4)	0.71632 (13)	0.48283 (4)	0.01743 (18)
C10A	0.53009 (5)	0.68124 (14)	0.53508 (4)	0.01624 (19)
C11A	0.54060 (5)	0.59738 (15)	0.62769 (4)	0.0175 (2)
N1	0.62469 (4)	0.54870 (13)	0.56921 (4)	0.01817 (18)
N2	0.64825 (4)	0.55622 (14)	0.51869 (4)	0.01852 (18)
H02	0.6285 (7)	0.598 (3)	0.4891 (7)	0.032 (4)*
N3	0.74054 (4)	0.56738 (15)	0.36773 (4)	0.02049 (19)
H03	0.7780 (8)	0.533 (3)	0.3750 (7)	0.036 (5)*
O1	0.65281 (4)	0.61976 (13)	0.41018 (4)	0.02395 (18)
C11	0.57135 (5)	0.60445 (15)	0.57494 (4)	0.01708 (19)
C12	0.70363 (5)	0.48796 (15)	0.51146 (5)	0.0181 (2)
C13	0.73033 (5)	0.49112 (16)	0.46180 (5)	0.0194 (2)
H13	0.768566	0.442609	0.459439	0.023*
C14	0.70420 (5)	0.56409 (16)	0.41176 (5)	0.0196 (2)
C15	0.72818 (5)	0.62003 (16)	0.31326 (5)	0.0194 (2)
C16	0.67195 (5)	0.63792 (17)	0.29244 (5)	0.0227 (2)
H16	0.639271	0.619806	0.315658	0.027*
C17	0.66414 (6)	0.68253 (18)	0.23735 (5)	0.0256 (2)
H17	0.625836	0.692895	0.223104	0.031*
C18	0.71115 (6)	0.71209 (18)	0.20294 (5)	0.0264 (2)
H18	0.705214	0.744109	0.165558	0.032*
C19	0.76714 (6)	0.69432 (18)	0.22378 (5)	0.0266 (2)
H19	0.799672	0.714469	0.200533	0.032*
C20	0.77573 (5)	0.64738 (18)	0.27830 (5)	0.0235 (2)

H20	0.814132	0.633652	0.292055	0.028*
C21	0.73298 (5)	0.41143 (16)	0.56135 (5)	0.0203 (2)
H21A	0.737643	0.508452	0.588802	0.031*
H21B	0.771258	0.363308	0.551179	0.031*
H21C	0.709222	0.312495	0.576713	0.031*
O99	0.64052 (4)	0.99027 (14)	0.38653 (4)	0.02674 (19)
H99A	0.6381 (9)	0.871 (3)	0.3938 (9)	0.055 (6)*
H99B	0.6224 (10)	1.052 (3)	0.4124 (9)	0.059 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0225 (5)	0.0222 (5)	0.0211 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0039 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C2	0.0302 (6)	0.0282 (6)	0.0191 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	-0.0021 (4)	0.0035 (4)
C3	0.0277 (6)	0.0335 (6)	0.0189 (5)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0036 (5)
C4	0.0219 (5)	0.0277 (6)	0.0188 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0024 (4)	0.0018 (4)
C4A	0.0185 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0173 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	0.0003 (4)
C4B	0.0154 (4)	0.0172 (5)	0.0178 (4)	-0.0024 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
N5	0.0170 (4)	0.0194 (4)	0.0178 (4)	-0.0005 (3)	-0.0001 (3)	-0.0011 (3)
C5A	0.0162 (4)	0.0164 (4)	0.0177 (4)	-0.0017 (4)	-0.0019 (3)	-0.0012 (4)
C6	0.0170 (5)	0.0217 (5)	0.0222 (5)	0.0005 (4)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C7	0.0211 (5)	0.0235 (5)	0.0227 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0065 (4)	0.0000 (4)
C8	0.0240 (5)	0.0252 (6)	0.0185 (5)	-0.0042 (4)	-0.0042 (4)	0.0005 (4)
C9	0.0199 (5)	0.0236 (5)	0.0176 (5)	-0.0036 (4)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
C9A	0.0153 (4)	0.0175 (5)	0.0180 (4)	-0.0027 (4)	-0.0022 (3)	-0.0012 (4)
N10	0.0156 (4)	0.0189 (4)	0.0178 (4)	-0.0016 (3)	-0.0012 (3)	-0.0015 (3)
C10A	0.0154 (4)	0.0156 (4)	0.0177 (5)	-0.0014 (4)	-0.0014 (3)	-0.0010 (3)
C11A	0.0187 (5)	0.0161 (5)	0.0177 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0010 (4)	-0.0001 (4)
N1	0.0172 (4)	0.0177 (4)	0.0196 (4)	-0.0006 (3)	-0.0006 (3)	-0.0002 (3)
N2	0.0151 (4)	0.0211 (4)	0.0193 (4)	0.0012 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	0.0003 (3)
N3	0.0152 (4)	0.0263 (5)	0.0199 (4)	0.0024 (4)	-0.0017 (3)	0.0006 (4)
O1	0.0178 (4)	0.0305 (4)	0.0235 (4)	0.0056 (3)	0.0002 (3)	0.0023 (3)
C11	0.0163 (4)	0.0165 (4)	0.0185 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	-0.0018 (3)	-0.0005 (4)
C12	0.0151 (4)	0.0176 (5)	0.0217 (5)	-0.0001 (4)	-0.0022 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C13	0.0155 (4)	0.0210 (5)	0.0218 (5)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	0.0010 (4)
C14	0.0174 (5)	0.0206 (5)	0.0209 (5)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C15	0.0195 (5)	0.0196 (5)	0.0192 (5)	0.0008 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0011 (4)
C16	0.0190 (5)	0.0262 (6)	0.0230 (5)	0.0019 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C17	0.0243 (6)	0.0274 (6)	0.0251 (6)	0.0029 (5)	-0.0046 (4)	0.0008 (4)
C18	0.0327 (6)	0.0252 (6)	0.0214 (5)	0.0006 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0005 (4)
C19	0.0274 (6)	0.0293 (6)	0.0231 (5)	-0.0014 (5)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0004 (5)
C20	0.0195 (5)	0.0278 (6)	0.0234 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0005 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
C21	0.0168 (5)	0.0212 (5)	0.0230 (5)	0.0012 (4)	-0.0033 (4)	0.0023 (4)
O99	0.0195 (4)	0.0281 (5)	0.0326 (5)	0.0016 (3)	0.0068 (3)	-0.0011 (4)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C1—C2	1.3925 (17)	C13—C14	1.4597 (15)
C1—C11A	1.3932 (15)	C15—C16	1.3953 (16)
C2—C3	1.3978 (18)	C15—C20	1.4007 (16)
C3—C4	1.3885 (16)	C16—C17	1.3927 (17)
C4—C4A	1.3905 (16)	C17—C18	1.3853 (18)
C4A—C11A	1.4084 (15)	C18—C19	1.3905 (19)
C4A—C4B	1.4593 (15)	C19—C20	1.3859 (17)
C4B—N5	1.3091 (14)	C1—H1	0.9500
C4B—C10A	1.4428 (15)	C2—H2	0.9500
N5—C5A	1.3793 (14)	C3—H3	0.9500
C5A—C6	1.4081 (15)	C4—H4	0.9500
C5A—C9A	1.4251 (15)	C6—H6	0.9500
C6—C7	1.3761 (16)	C7—H7	0.9500
C7—C8	1.4093 (17)	C8—H8	0.9500
C8—C9	1.3725 (16)	C9—H9	0.9500
C9—C9A	1.4120 (15)	N2—H02	0.905 (18)
C9A—N10	1.3809 (14)	N3—H03	0.916 (18)
N10—C10A	1.3125 (14)	C13—H13	0.9500
C10A—C11	1.4691 (15)	C16—H16	0.9500
C11A—C11	1.4678 (15)	C17—H17	0.9500
N1—C11	1.3004 (14)	C18—H18	0.9500
N1—N2	1.3458 (13)	C19—H19	0.9500
N2—C12	1.3792 (14)	C20—H20	0.9500
N3—C14	1.3602 (15)	C21—H21A	0.9800
N3—C15	1.4106 (14)	C21—H21B	0.9800
O1—C14	1.2507 (14)	C21—H21C	0.9800
C12—C13	1.3570 (15)	O99—H99A	0.89 (3)
C12—C21	1.4985 (15)	O99—H99B	0.88 (2)
C2—C1—C11A	118.27 (11)	C17—C16—C15	119.46 (11)
C1—C2—C3	121.17 (11)	C18—C17—C16	121.26 (12)
C4—C3—C2	121.07 (11)	C17—C18—C19	119.17 (12)
C3—C4—C4A	117.81 (11)	C20—C19—C18	120.35 (12)
C4—C4A—C11A	121.58 (10)	C19—C20—C15	120.43 (11)
C4—C4A—C4B	130.44 (10)	C2—C1—H1	120.9
C11A—C4A—C4B	107.98 (9)	C11A—C1—H1	120.9
N5—C4B—C10A	123.03 (10)	C1—C2—H2	119.4
N5—C4B—C4A	128.52 (10)	C3—C2—H2	119.4
C10A—C4B—C4A	108.42 (9)	C4—C3—H3	119.5
C4B—N5—C5A	114.77 (9)	C2—C3—H3	119.5
N5—C5A—C6	118.36 (10)	C3—C4—H4	121.1
N5—C5A—C9A	122.09 (10)	C4A—C4—H4	121.1
C6—C5A—C9A	119.54 (10)	C7—C6—H6	119.9
C7—C6—C5A	120.24 (11)	C5A—C6—H6	119.9
C6—C7—C8	120.06 (11)	C6—C7—H7	120.0
C9—C8—C7	121.08 (11)	C8—C7—H7	120.0

C8—C9—C9A	119.91 (11)	C9—C8—H8	119.5
N10—C9A—C9	118.90 (10)	C7—C8—H8	119.5
N10—C9A—C5A	121.93 (10)	C8—C9—H9	120.0
C9—C9A—C5A	119.16 (10)	C9A—C9—H9	120.0
C10A—N10—C9A	114.26 (9)	N1—N2—H02	122.7 (11)
N10—C10A—C4B	123.89 (10)	C12—N2—H02	118.9 (11)
N10—C10A—C11	128.42 (10)	C14—N3—H03	114.9 (11)
C4B—C10A—C11	107.68 (9)	C15—N3—H03	116.6 (12)
C1—C11A—C4A	120.08 (10)	C12—C13—H13	117.8
C1—C11A—C11	130.32 (10)	C14—C13—H13	117.8
C4A—C11A—C11	109.58 (9)	C17—C16—H16	120.3
C11—N1—N2	117.74 (9)	C15—C16—H16	120.3
N1—N2—C12	118.30 (9)	C18—C17—H17	119.4
C14—N3—C15	128.53 (10)	C16—C17—H17	119.4
N1—C11—C11A	122.53 (10)	C17—C18—H18	120.4
N1—C11—C10A	131.15 (10)	C19—C18—H18	120.4
C11A—C11—C10A	106.32 (9)	C20—C19—H19	119.8
C13—C12—N2	121.72 (10)	C18—C19—H19	119.8
C13—C12—C21	121.71 (10)	C19—C20—H20	119.8
N2—C12—C21	116.57 (10)	C15—C20—H20	119.8
C12—C13—C14	124.36 (10)	C12—C21—H21A	109.5
O1—C14—N3	123.42 (11)	C12—C21—H21B	109.5
O1—C14—C13	122.24 (10)	H21A—C21—H21B	109.5
N3—C14—C13	114.33 (10)	C12—C21—H21C	109.5
C16—C15—C20	119.32 (11)	H21A—C21—H21C	109.5
C16—C15—N3	123.66 (10)	H21B—C21—H21C	109.5
C20—C15—N3	116.96 (10)	H99A—O99—H99B	109 (2)
C11A—C1—C2—C3	0.94 (19)	C4—C4A—C11A—C1	-0.60 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (2)	C4B—C4A—C11A—C1	179.61 (10)
C2—C3—C4—C4A	-0.3 (2)	C4—C4A—C11A—C11	178.48 (11)
C3—C4—C4A—C11A	0.89 (18)	C4B—C4A—C11A—C11	-1.31 (12)
C3—C4—C4A—C4B	-179.38 (12)	C11—N1—N2—C12	-176.41 (10)
C4—C4A—C4B—N5	3.0 (2)	N2—N1—C11—C11A	178.10 (10)
C11A—C4A—C4B—N5	-177.20 (11)	N2—N1—C11—C10A	-1.40 (18)
C4—C4A—C4B—C10A	-178.52 (12)	C1—C11A—C11—N1	0.22 (19)
C11A—C4A—C4B—C10A	1.24 (12)	C4A—C11A—C11—N1	-178.73 (10)
C10A—C4B—N5—C5A	1.18 (15)	C1—C11A—C11—C10A	179.83 (11)
C4A—C4B—N5—C5A	179.42 (10)	C4A—C11A—C11—C10A	0.87 (12)
C4B—N5—C5A—C6	179.66 (10)	N10—C10A—C11—N1	-1.8 (2)
C4B—N5—C5A—C9A	-0.54 (15)	C4B—C10A—C11—N1	179.47 (11)
N5—C5A—C6—C7	179.41 (11)	N10—C10A—C11—C11A	178.67 (11)
C9A—C5A—C6—C7	-0.39 (17)	C4B—C10A—C11—C11A	-0.09 (12)
C5A—C6—C7—C8	-0.19 (18)	N1—N2—C12—C13	-179.84 (10)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.69 (18)	N1—N2—C12—C21	-0.30 (15)
C7—C8—C9—C9A	-0.59 (18)	N2—C12—C13—C14	-0.31 (18)
C8—C9—C9A—N10	-178.95 (10)	C21—C12—C13—C14	-179.83 (11)
C8—C9—C9A—C5A	0.00 (17)	C15—N3—C14—O1	-4.1 (2)

N5—C5A—C9A—N10	-0.39 (16)	C15—N3—C14—C13	176.42 (11)
C6—C5A—C9A—N10	179.41 (10)	C12—C13—C14—O1	-4.71 (19)
N5—C5A—C9A—C9	-179.31 (10)	C12—C13—C14—N3	174.77 (11)
C6—C5A—C9A—C9	0.49 (16)	C14—N3—C15—C16	-15.78 (19)
C9—C9A—N10—C10A	179.56 (10)	C14—N3—C15—C20	167.07 (12)
C5A—C9A—N10—C10A	0.64 (15)	C20—C15—C16—C17	0.02 (18)
C9A—N10—C10A—C4B	-0.02 (15)	N3—C15—C16—C17	-177.07 (11)
C9A—N10—C10A—C11	-178.59 (10)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-0.9 (2)
N5—C4B—C10A—N10	-0.97 (17)	C16—C17—C18—C19	0.9 (2)
C4A—C4B—C10A—N10	-179.52 (10)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.1 (2)
N5—C4B—C10A—C11	177.85 (10)	C18—C19—C20—C15	-1.0 (2)
C4A—C4B—C10A—C11	-0.69 (12)	C16—C15—C20—C19	0.93 (19)
C2—C1—C11A—C4A	-0.33 (17)	N3—C15—C20—C19	178.21 (12)
C2—C1—C11A—C11	-179.19 (11)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N2—H02...N10	0.905 (18)	2.251 (18)	2.9178 (13)	130.2 (14)
N2—H02...O1	0.905 (18)	2.008 (17)	2.6860 (13)	130.5 (15)
N3—H03...O99 <sup>i</sup>	0.916 (18)	1.920 (19)	2.8305 (13)	172.7 (17)
O99—H99B...N5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88 (2)	2.04 (2)	2.9032 (14)	168 (2)
O99—H99A...O1	0.89 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.7802 (14)	166 (2)
C16—H16...O1	0.95	2.32	2.9050 (15)	119

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ .