

IUCrData

ISSN 2414-3146

Received 29 October 2015 Accepted 16 November 2015

Edited by M. Weil, Vienna University of Technology, Austria

Keywords: Bifurcated hydogen bond; cyclopentene; C—I···O interaction; crystal structure.

CCDC reference: 1440896

Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

Ethyl 2-(5-bromo-2-iodoanilino)cyclopent-1-ene-1carboxylate

Paul Barnes, John M. D. Storey and William T. A. Harrison*

Department of Chemistry, University of Aberdeen, Meston Walk, Aberdeen AB24 3UE, UK. *Correspondence e-mail: w.harrison@abdn.ac.uk

In the title compound, $C_{14}H_{15}BrINO_2$, the conformation of the $C-O-CH_2-CH_3$ grouping is *anti* [torsion angle = 173.8 (6)°] and the bond-angle sum at the N atom bridging the two rings is 360°. An unusual intramolecular bifurcated N-H···(O,I) hydrogen bond helps to establish the molecular conformation, in which the I atom and the C=O grouping are *syn*. In the crystal, inversion dimers created by pairs of short intermolecular C-I···O interactions [C-I = 2.080 (7) Å; I···O = 3.211 (5) Å; C-I···O = 152.4 (2)°] occur.



Structure description

The essentially planar cyclopentene ring (r.m.s. deviation = 0.012 Å) subtends a dihedral angle of 4.9 (4)° with the benzene ring. The conformation of the C $-O-CH_2-CH_3$ grouping is *anti* [torsion angle = 173.8 (6)°] and the bond-angle sum at the N atom bridging the two rings is 360°. The N $-C_p$ (p = cyclopentene) bond [1.368 (9) Å] is slightly shorter than the N $-C_b$ (b = benzene) bond [1.381 (8) Å]. An unusual intramolecular bifurcated N $-H\cdots$ (O,I) hydrogen bond (Fig. 1, Table 1) helps to establish the molecular conformation, in which the I atom and the C=O grouping are *syn*. In the crystal, inversion dimers created by pairs of short intermolecular C $-I\cdots$ O interactions [C-I = 2.080 (7) Å; I \cdots O = 3.211 (5) Å; C $-I\cdots$ O = 152.4 (2)°] occur (Fig. 2).

Background to C–I···O interactions is discussed by Glidewell *et al.* (2005). van der Waals radius data (Bondi, 1964) indicate an expected O···I contact distance of about 3.50 Å. Another compound containing benzene and cyclopentene rings bridged by an NH group and a discussion of resonance contributers to the structure is given by Huang *et al.* (1997).





Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level. The bifurcated $N-H\cdots(O,I)$ hydrogen bond is indicated by double-dashed lines.



Figure 2

The inversion dimer in (I) arising from a pair of C–I···O interactions (double-dashed lines). All H atoms except H1 omitted for clarity. Symmetry code: (i) -x, 2 - y, 1 - z.

Synthesis and crystallization

For the synthesis, see Barnes & Storey (2015).

Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

Acknowledgements

We thank the EPSRC National Crystallography Service (University of Southampton) for the data collection.

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °	') .

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$N1 - H1 \cdots O1$	0.83 (8)	2.03 (8)	2.733 (7)	143 (7)
$N1 - H1 \cdots I1$	0.83 (8)	2.77 (8)	3.257 (6)	120 (7)

 Table 2

 Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C ₁₄ H ₁₅ BrINO ₂
M _r	436.08
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Temperature (K)	120
a, b, c (Å)	7.3066 (4), 7.9672 (4), 12.8467 (7)
α, β, γ (°)	72.994 (3), 86.500 (3), 87.152 (3)
$V(Å^3)$	713.42 (7)
Z	2
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	5.04
Crystal size (mm)	$0.22\times0.04\times0.02$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.403, 0.906
No. of measured, independent and	14788, 3285, 2527
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R _{int}	0.143
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.652
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.055, 0.133, 1.03
No. of reflections	3285
No. of parameters	177
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained
Λ_{0} Λ_{0} $(e^{\dot{\Lambda}^{-3}})$	1.05 - 1.71
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} (c A)$	1.05, -1.71

Computer programs: COLLECT (Nonius, 1998), HKL DENZO and SCALEPACK (Otwinowski & Minor 1997) and SORTAV (Blessing 1995), SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012).

References

- Barnes, P. & Storey, J. M. D. (2015). To be published.
- Blessing, R. H. (1995). Acta Cryst. A51, 33-38.
- Bondi, A. (1964). J. Phys. Chem. 68, 441-451.
- Farrugia, L. J. (2012). J. Appl. Cryst. 45, 849-854.
- Glidewell, C., Low, J. N., Skakle, J. M. S., Wardell, S. M. S. V. & Wardell, J. L. (2005). *Acta Cryst.* B61, 227–237.
- Huang, K.-S., Stowell, J. G. & Byrn, S. R. (1997). Acta Cryst. C53, 1717–1719.
- Nonius (1998). COLLECT. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter, Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2003). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

full crystallographic data

IUCrData (2016). 1, x152178 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314615021781]

Ethyl 2-(5-bromo-2-iodoanilino)cyclopent-1-ene-1-carboxylate

Paul Barnes, John M. D. Storey and William T. A. Harrison

Ethyl 2-(5-bromo-2-iodoanilino)cyclopent-1-ene-1-carboxylate

Crystal data

C₁₄H₁₅BrINO₂ $M_r = 436.08$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 7.3066 (4) Å b = 7.9672 (4) Å c = 12.8467 (7) Å a = 72.994 (3)° $\beta = 86.500$ (3)° $\gamma = 87.152$ (3)° V = 713.42 (7) Å³

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003) $T_{\min} = 0.403, T_{\max} = 0.906$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ $wR(F^2) = 0.133$ S = 1.033285 reflections 177 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Z = 2 F(000) = 420 $D_x = 2.030 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 14824 reflections $\theta = 2.9-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 5.04 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 120 KNeedle, colourless $0.22 \times 0.04 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

14788 measured reflections 3285 independent reflections 2527 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.143$ $\theta_{max} = 27.6^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 3.2^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0553P)^2 + 2.3708P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.05$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.71$ e Å⁻³ Extinction correction: SHELXL, Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc²\lambda³/sin(2 θ)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.0093 (13)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2$ sigma(F^2) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

 $U_{\rm iso} * / U_{\rm ea}$ х Ζ y C1 0.8087 (5) 0.0201 (14) 0.6550 (9) 0.6004(9)C2 0.6597 (10) 0.8689 (6) 0.0253 (15) 0.5142 (10) H2 0.030* 0.5224 0.6454 0.9446 C3 0.3633 (9) 0.7398 (10) 0.0242 (15) 0.8136(6) 0.029* H3 0.2627 0.7768 0.8529 C4 0.3530(9)0.7681 (9) 0.7028 (6) 0.0204(14)C5 0.4978 (8) 0.7090 (9) 0.6414(5)0.0172 (13) C6 0.6508(9)0.6984(5)0.0220(15) 0.6245 (10) H6 0.7514 0.5840 0.6607 0.026* C7 0.5955(9)0.7049(9)0.4509(5)0.0182(13)C8 0.7856 (8) 0.6187 (9) 0.4674 (5) 0.0190 (14) H8A 0.7792 0.4971 0.5162 0.023* H8B 0.4992 0.023* 0.8650 0.6861 C9 0.8591 (9) 0.6199 (9) 0.3527 (5) 0.0203 (14) H9A 0.8836 0.4982 0.3495 0.024* 0.024* H9B 0.9752 0.6835 0.3342 C10 0.7123 (9) 0.7127 (10) 0.2713(5)0.0212 (14) 0.025* H10A 0.7589 0.8219 0.2193 H10B 0.6732 0.6345 0.2300 0.025* C11 0.5574(8)0.7521 (9) 0.3443(5)0.0180 (14) C12 0.3846(8)0.8408(9)0.3055(5)0.0181 (14) C13 0.2133(9)0.9780 (10) 0.1495 (6) 0.0248 (16) H13A 0.1904 1.0835 0.1748 0.030* H13B 0.9018 0.030* 0.1063 0.1726 C14 0.2436(10)1.0299 (11) 0.0271 (6) 0.0275 (17) 0.041* H14A 0.1353 1.0960 -0.00680.0032 0.041* H14B 0.2641 0.9242 H14C 0.3511 1.1034 0.0055 0.041* N1 0.4806(8)0.7386(8)0.5310(5)0.0197(12)H10.787(11) 0.024* 0.385(11)0.504(7)01 0.2578 (6) 0.8759(7)0.3612(4)0.0260(11)O2 0.3804(6)0.8831 (6) 0.1946(4)0.0205 (10) Br1 0.86744 (10) 0.49046 (11) 0.0289(2)0.88327(6)I1 0.11622 (6) 0.89708 (6) 0.63303 (4) 0.02154 (19)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

data reports

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.020 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.018 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C2	0.027 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.020 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.008(3)
C3	0.022 (3)	0.037 (4)	0.021 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.020 (3)
C4	0.018 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C5	0.012 (3)	0.025 (4)	0.016 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C6	0.021 (3)	0.031 (4)	0.014 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C7	0.017 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.018 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C8	0.015 (3)	0.027 (4)	0.013 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C9	0.018 (3)	0.023 (4)	0.022 (3)	0.007 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C10	0.019 (3)	0.028 (4)	0.019 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.005 (3)	-0.010 (3)
C11	0.013 (3)	0.024 (4)	0.017 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C12	0.015 (3)	0.025 (4)	0.014 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.005 (3)
C13	0.017 (3)	0.026 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.006 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C14	0.019 (3)	0.040 (5)	0.021 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.006 (3)
N1	0.015 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.001 (2)	-0.004 (3)
O1	0.018 (2)	0.040 (3)	0.018 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.0009 (19)	-0.007(2)
O2	0.016 (2)	0.030 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.0049 (19)	-0.0036 (18)	-0.005 (2)
Br1	0.0242 (4)	0.0394 (5)	0.0209 (4)	0.0053 (3)	-0.0086 (3)	-0.0047 (3)
I1	0.0173 (2)	0.0250 (3)	0.0225 (3)	0.00316 (16)	-0.00201 (16)	-0.00777 (19)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.376 (9)	C9—C10	1.548 (9)
C1—C2	1.395 (10)	С9—Н9А	0.9900
C1—Br1	1.910 (7)	С9—Н9В	0.9900
C2—C3	1.374 (10)	C10—C11	1.506 (9)
С2—Н2	0.9500	C10—H10A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.381 (10)	C10—H10B	0.9900
С3—Н3	0.9500	C11—C12	1.458 (9)
C4—C5	1.424 (9)	C12—O1	1.208 (8)
C4—I1	2.080 (7)	C12—O2	1.366 (8)
C5—N1	1.381 (8)	C13—O2	1.462 (8)
C5—C6	1.406 (9)	C13—C14	1.509 (10)
С6—Н6	0.9500	C13—H13A	0.9900
C7—C11	1.352 (9)	C13—H13B	0.9900
C7—N1	1.368 (9)	C14—H14A	0.9800
С7—С8	1.517 (9)	C14—H14B	0.9800
C8—C9	1.534 (9)	C14—H14C	0.9800
C8—H8A	0.9900	N1—H1	0.83 (8)
C8—H8B	0.9900		
C6—C1—C2	123.1 (6)	С10—С9—Н9В	110.1
C6-C1-Br1	119.0 (5)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	108.4
C2-C1-Br1	117.8 (5)	C11—C10—C9	103.0 (5)
C3—C2—C1	116.9 (6)	C11-C10-H10A	111.2

C3—C2—H2	121.6	C9—C10—H10A	111.2
C1—C2—H2	121.6	C11-C10-H10B	111.2
C2—C3—C4	122.2 (6)	C9—C10—H10B	111.2
С2—С3—Н3	118.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.1
С4—С3—Н3	118.9	C7—C11—C12	122.0 (6)
C3—C4—C5	120.8 (6)	C7—C11—C10	113.8 (6)
C3—C4—I1	116.5 (5)	C12—C11—C10	124.2 (6)
C5—C4—I1	122.7 (5)	O1—C12—O2	122.2 (6)
N1—C5—C6	124.3 (6)	O1—C12—C11	126.2 (6)
N1—C5—C4	118.7 (6)	O2—C12—C11	111.6 (5)
C6—C5—C4	117.0 (6)	O2—C13—C14	106.6 (5)
C1—C6—C5	120.0 (6)	02—C13—H13A	110.4
C1—C6—H6	120.0	C14—C13—H13A	110.4
C5—C6—H6	120.0	Ω^2 — $C13$ — $H13B$	110.4
C11 - C7 - N1	124.1 (6)	C14—C13—H13B	110.4
$C_{11} - C_{7} - C_{8}$	110.6 (6)	H13A-C13-H13B	108.6
N1-C7-C8	125.3 (6)	C13 - C14 - H14A	100.0
C7 C8 C9	123.5(0) 104.6(5)	C_{13} C_{14} H_{14} H	109.5
C7 - C8 - H84	110.8	$H_{14} - C_{14} - H_{14}B$	109.5
C_{0} C_{8} H_{8A}	110.8	$C_{13} = C_{14} = H_{14}C$	109.5
C7 C8 H8B	110.8	$H_{14A} = C_{14} = H_{14C}$	109.5
$C_{1} = C_{2} = H_{2}B_{1}$	110.8	$H_{14R} = C_{14} = H_{14C}$	109.5
	10.0	$\frac{1114D}{C7} = 0.14 = 1114C$	109.5
C_{10}^{8}	108.9	C7 N1 H1	132.0 (0)
$C_8 = C_9 = C_{10}$	100.0 (5)	C_{-NI-HI}	109(0)
$C_{0} = C_{0} = H_{0}$	110.1	C_{3} N_{1} H_{1}	118(0)
C_{10} C_{9} H_{9} H_{9}	110.1	02-013	114.7 (3)
Со-С9-Н9В	110.1		
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.4 (11)	N1—C7—C11—C12	-1.7 (11)
Br1—C1—C2—C3	179.5 (5)	C8—C7—C11—C12	-178.8 (6)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.8 (12)	N1—C7—C11—C10	175.4 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	2.3 (12)	C8—C7—C11—C10	-1.7 (9)
C2—C3—C4—I1	-178.4 (6)	C9—C10—C11—C7	2.8 (8)
C3—C4—C5—N1	179.3 (7)	C9-C10-C11-C12	179.8 (6)
I1—C4—C5—N1	0.1 (9)	C7—C11—C12—O1	-2.7 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.1 (11)	C10-C11-C12-O1	-179.4 (7)
I1—C4—C5—C6	179.6 (5)	C7—C11—C12—O2	177.0 (7)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-1.4 (12)	C10-C11-C12-O2	0.3 (10)
Br1-C1-C6-C5	-178.4 (5)	C11—C7—N1—C5	-176.6 (7)
N1-C5-C6-C1	-179.7 (7)	C8—C7—N1—C5	0.1 (12)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.7 (11)	C6—C5—N1—C7	-2.4 (12)
C11—C7—C8—C9	-0.2 (8)	C4—C5—N1—C7	177.1 (7)
N1C7C8C9	-177.2 (7)	O1-C12-O2-C13	1.7 (10)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.9 (7)	C11—C12—O2—C13	-178.0 (6)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-2.7 (8)	C14—C13—O2—C12	173.8 (6)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D····A	<i>D</i> —Н··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1…O1	0.83 (8)	2.03 (8)	2.733 (7)	143 (7)
N1—H1…I1	0.83 (8)	2.77 (8)	3.257 (6)	120 (7)